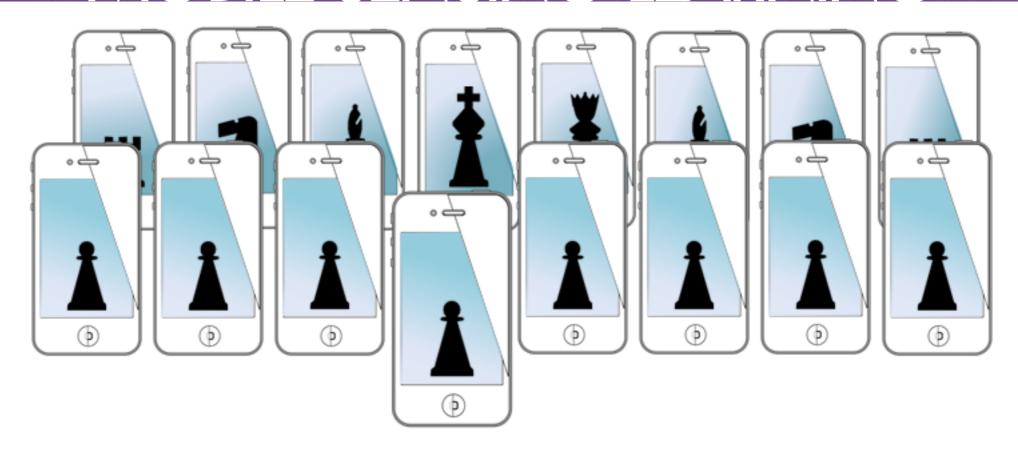
MOBILE SENSING LEARNING



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Mobile Sensing and Learning

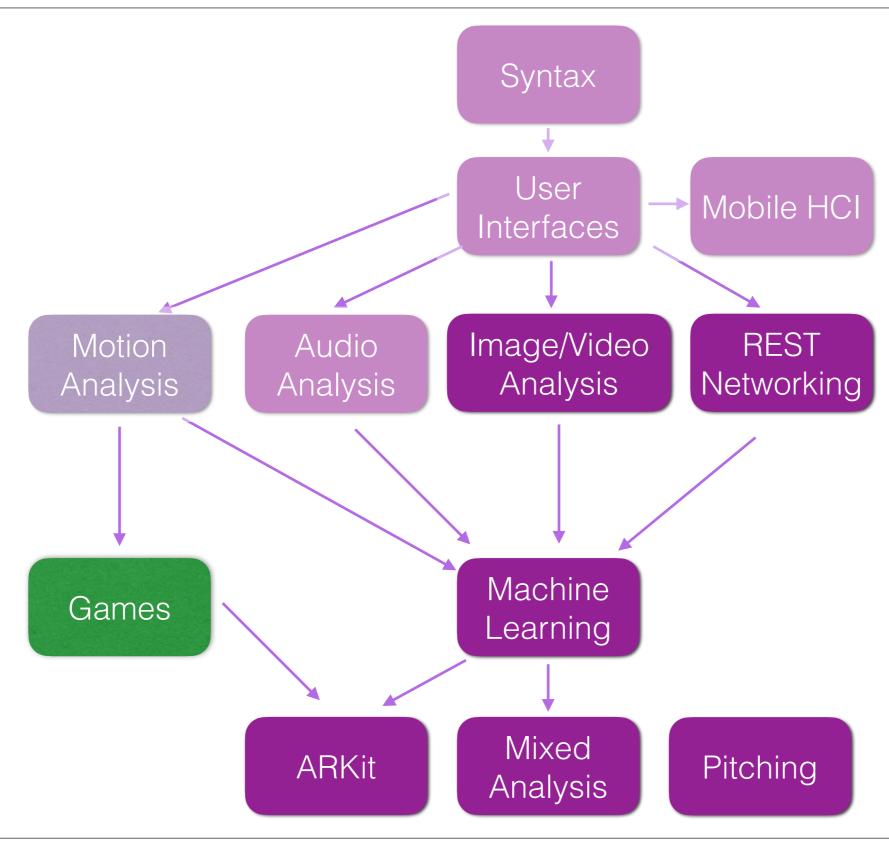
SceneKit and 3D Games

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logistics and agenda

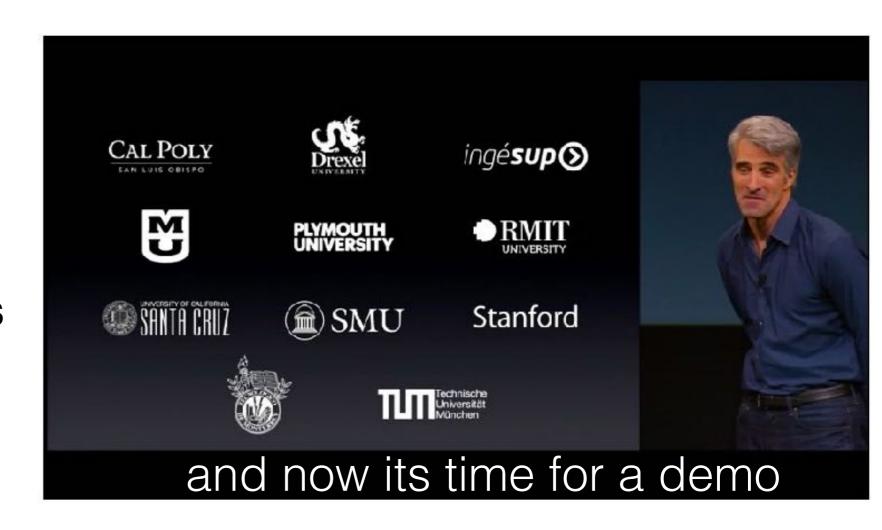
- Logistics:
 - grading update
- agenda:
 - SpriteKit Review
 - SceneKit

class overview



device motion game demo

- lemon lime bounce
- pre-made demo
- Let's add buttons to the game

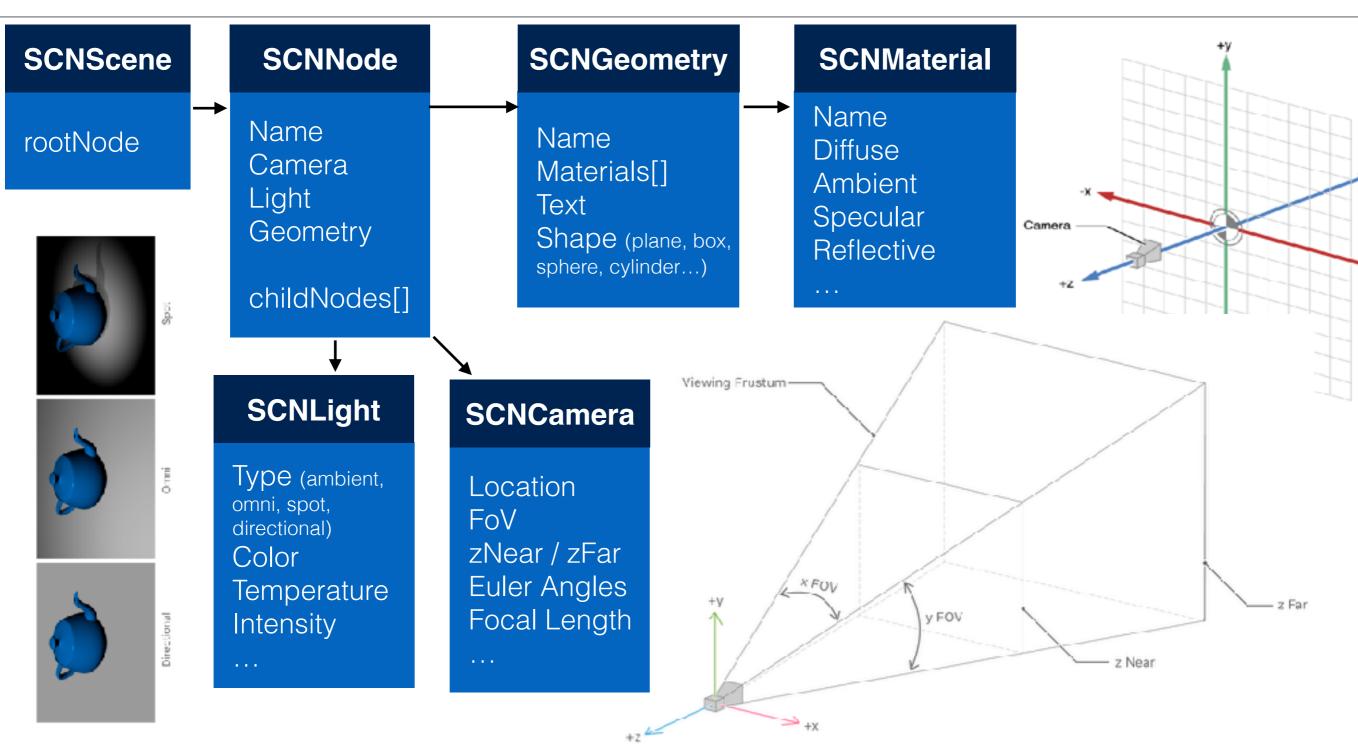


SceneKit: 3D scenes

- SceneKit allows you to create a 3D world and add physics, nodes, lighting, etc.
 - very powerful
- basic workflow:
 - setup world
 - add nodes



work flow in 3D scenes



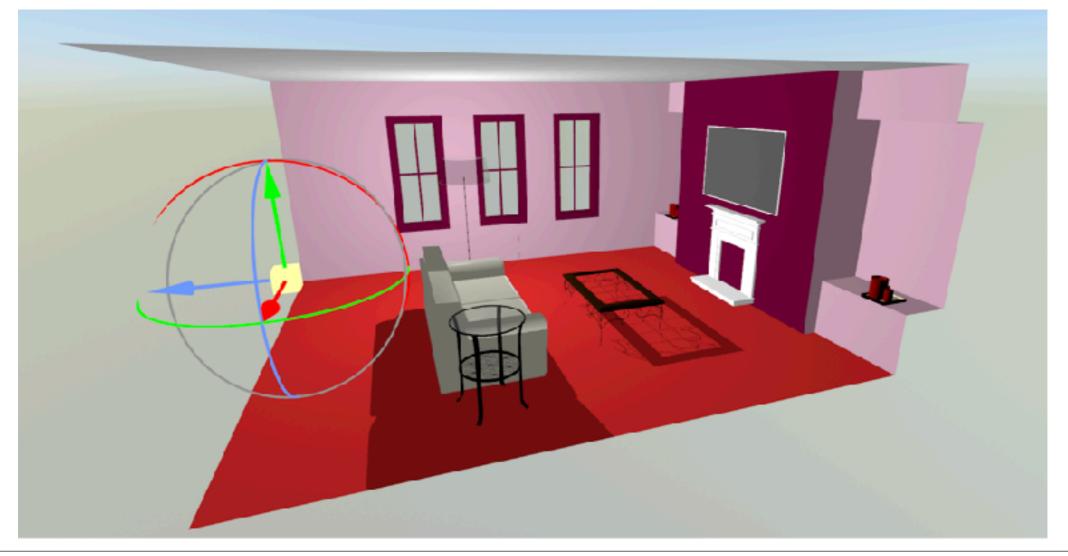
SCNNode is the base for nearly everything in simulation env.

example: setting up a world

```
// Setup scene
                                            create empty scene
scene = SCNScene()
scene.physicsWorld.speed = 1
// Setup camera position
cameraNode = SCNNode()
                                                                   add camera
cameraNode.camera = SCNCamera()
cameraNode.position = SCNVector3(x: 0, y: 0, z: 30)
scene.rootNode.addChildNode(cameraNode)
// add a plane to the view that users must bounce the ball on
                                                                 setup geometry,
//setup the geometry of node (as a plane)
let wall = SCNPlane(width: 10.0, height: 10.0)
                                                                   and material
wall.firstMaterial?.doubleSided = true
wall.firstMaterial?.diffuse.contents = UIColor.whiteColor() // m
// add the plane to the world as a static body (no dynamic physics)
wallNode = SCNNode()
                                                                      create node,
wallNode.geometry = wall
wallNode.physicsBody = SCNPhysicsBody.staticBody()
                                                                     set geometry
wallNode.position = SCNVector3(x: 0.0, y: 0.0, z: -5)
scene.rootNode.addChildNode(wallNode)
// Setup view
let view = self.view as SCNView
view.scene = scene
                                                   make this scene the world
```

making a scene

- many software allow export to .scn files (blender, sketchup, maya, etc.)
- many other exports can be imported by Xcode (like .dae file)
- once imported, Xcode allows manipulation of nodes



adding custom node to world

```
make geometry
func addBall() {
       // add a sphere to the world
       let ballGeometry = SCNSphere(radius: 1.0)
                                                             make material
       // make it have texture
        let ballMaterial = SCNMaterial()
        ballMaterial.diffuse.contents = UIImage(named: "texture")
       // adjust physics to make it slightly highly bound
                                                              make node
        let ball = SCNNode(geometry: ballGeometry)
       ball.geometry?.firstMaterial = ballMaterial;
        ball_position = SCNVector3(x: 0, y: 0, z: 0)
       ball.physicsBody = SCNPhysicsBody.dynamicBody()
                                                              adjust physics
       ball.physicsBody?.restitution = 2.5
        scene.rootNode.addChildNode(ball)
                                                              add to world
```

Physics Body Types

Static bodies are unaffected by forces and collisions and cannot move.

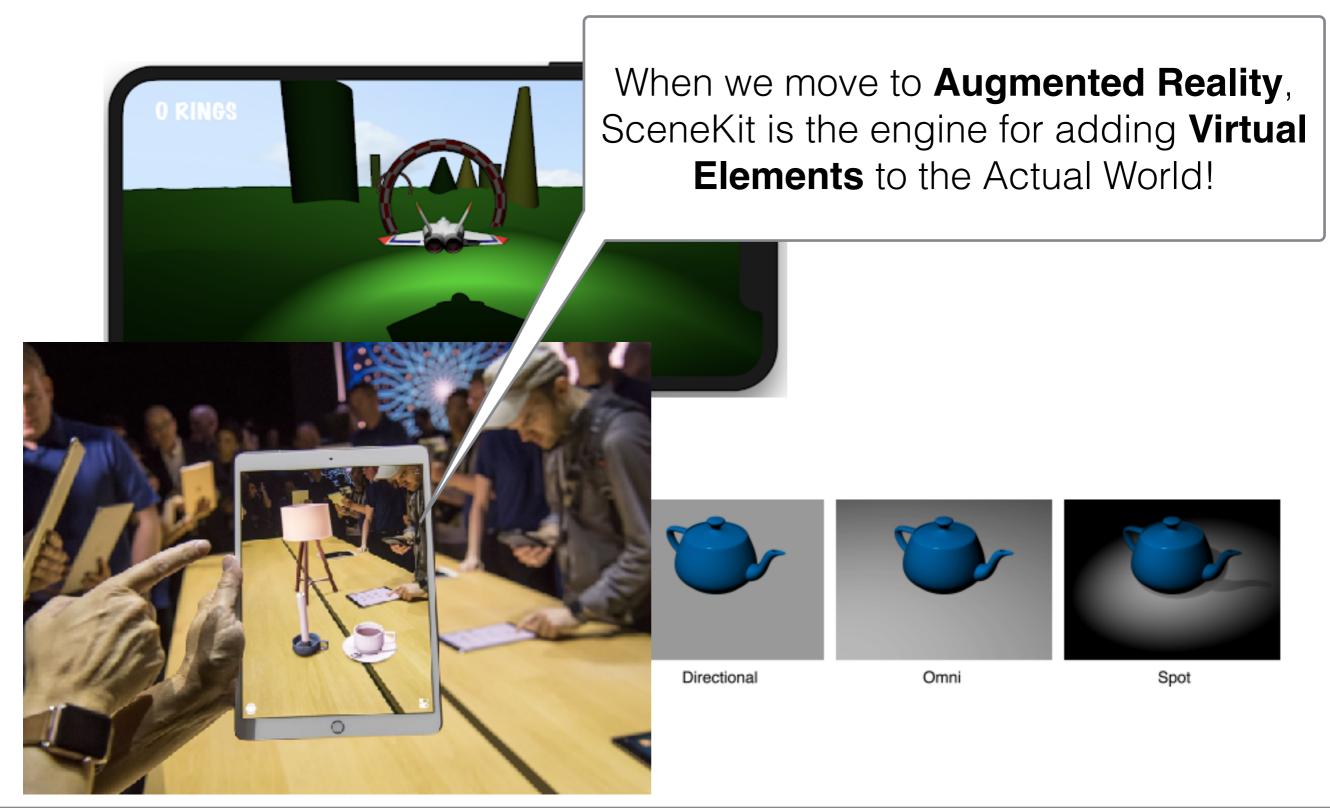
Dynamic bodies are affected by forces and collisions with other body types.

world physics, motion

```
similar to SpriteKit
```

Physics in a Scene

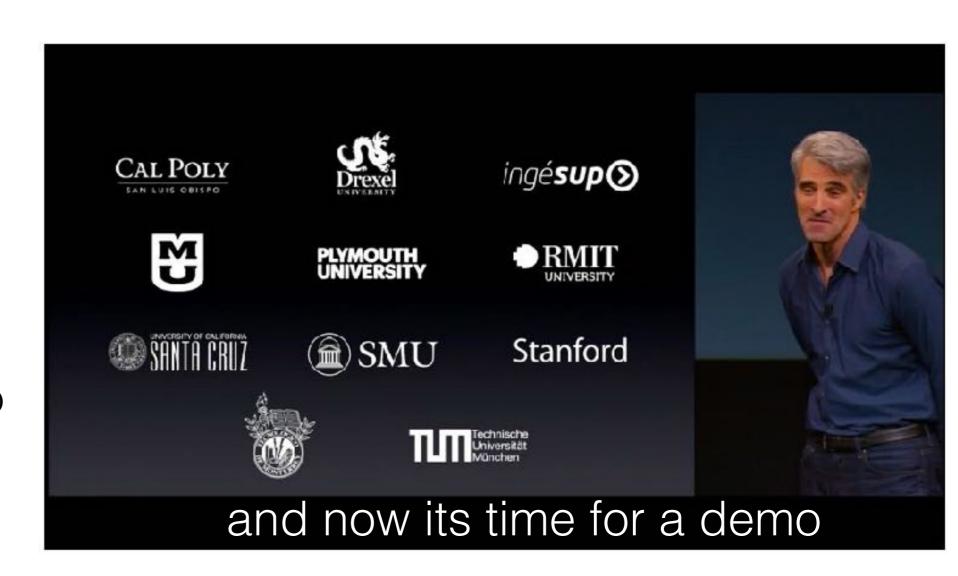
- class SCNPhysicsWorld
 - The global simulation of collisions, gravity, joints, and other physics effects in a scene.
- class SCNPhysicsField
 - An object that applies forces, such as gravitation, electromagnetism, and turbulence, to physics bodies within a certain area of effect.
- class SCNPhysicsBehavior
 - The abstract superclass for joints, vehicle simulations, and other high-level behaviors that incorporate multiple physics bodies.



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device motion demo 3

- SceneKit VR
 - intro to 3D
- hockey
 - formative demo



... and the explanation of lab 3!

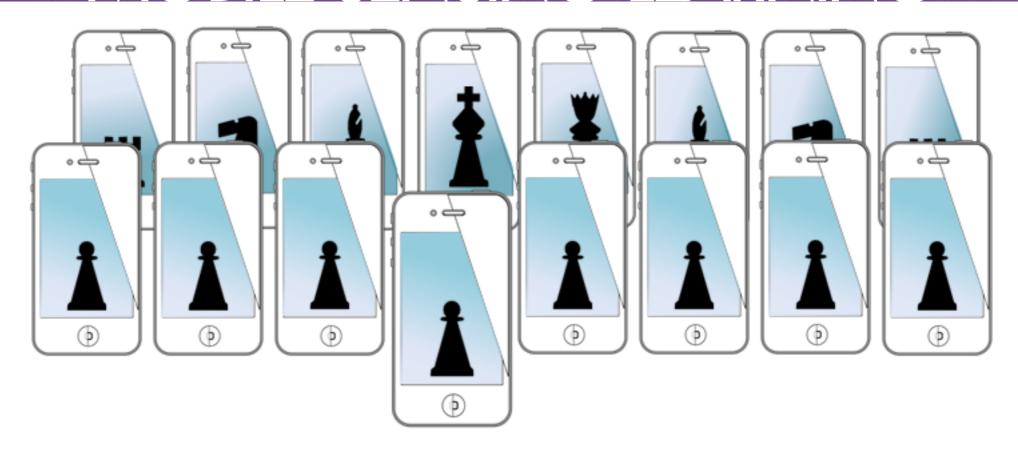
the end of motion...

- before moving on...
- assignment posted

for next time...

Image processing!

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activity, pedometers, and motion sensing

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