

IBE Simplified (CPA-Secure)

Setup

$$H_1: \{0, 1\}^n \rightarrow G_1$$

$$H_2: G_T \rightarrow \{0, 1\}^n$$

$$\hat{e}: G_1 \times G_2 \rightarrow G_T$$

$$|G_1| = |G_2| = |G_T|$$

$$= p$$

(prime)

'n': size of
- message
(no. of bits)

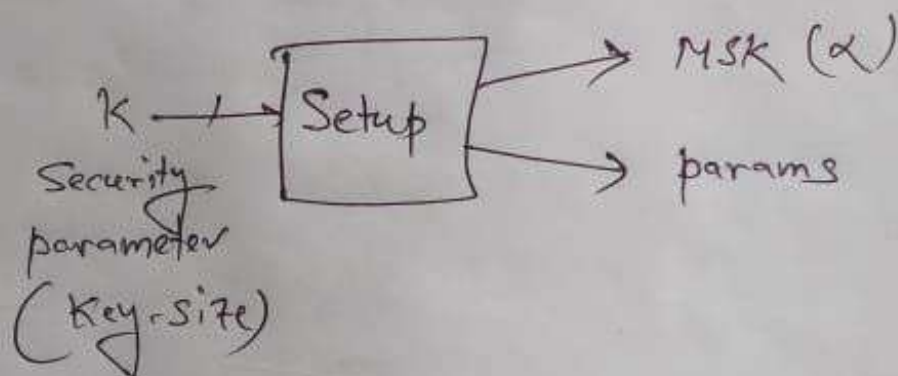
$$1. g \xleftarrow{R} G_2$$

$$2. \alpha \xleftarrow{R} \mathbb{Z}_p^*$$

$$3. g_1 \leftarrow g^\alpha$$

outputs

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{params} = \langle G_1, G_2, G_T, \hat{e}, H_1, H_2, p, g, g_1 \rangle \\ \text{MSK} = \langle \alpha \rangle \end{array} \right.$$

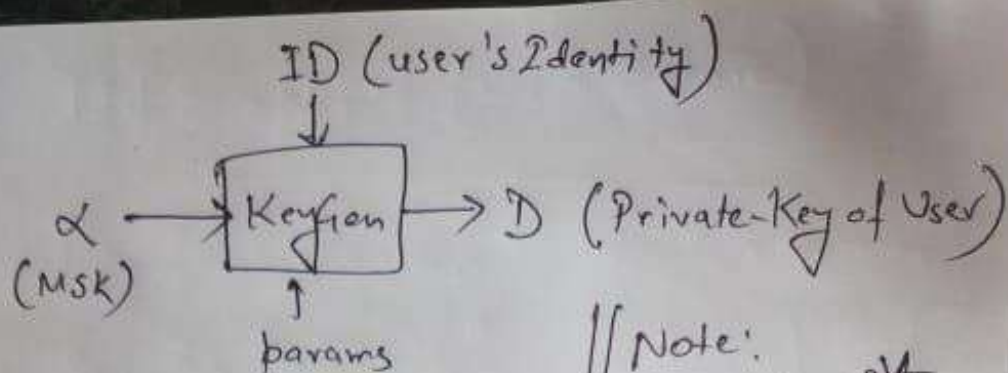


Executed by 'Admin'

MSK given to the KGC

'params' " " All

KeyGen



// Note:
 $ID \in \{0, 1\}^n$

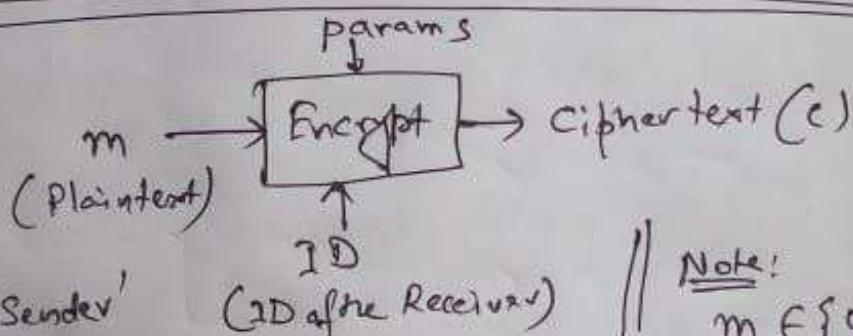
1. $Q \leftarrow H_1(ID)$

2. $D \leftarrow Q^\alpha$

Executed by 'KAC'

Private Key (D) given to the User

Encryption



Executed by any 'Sender'

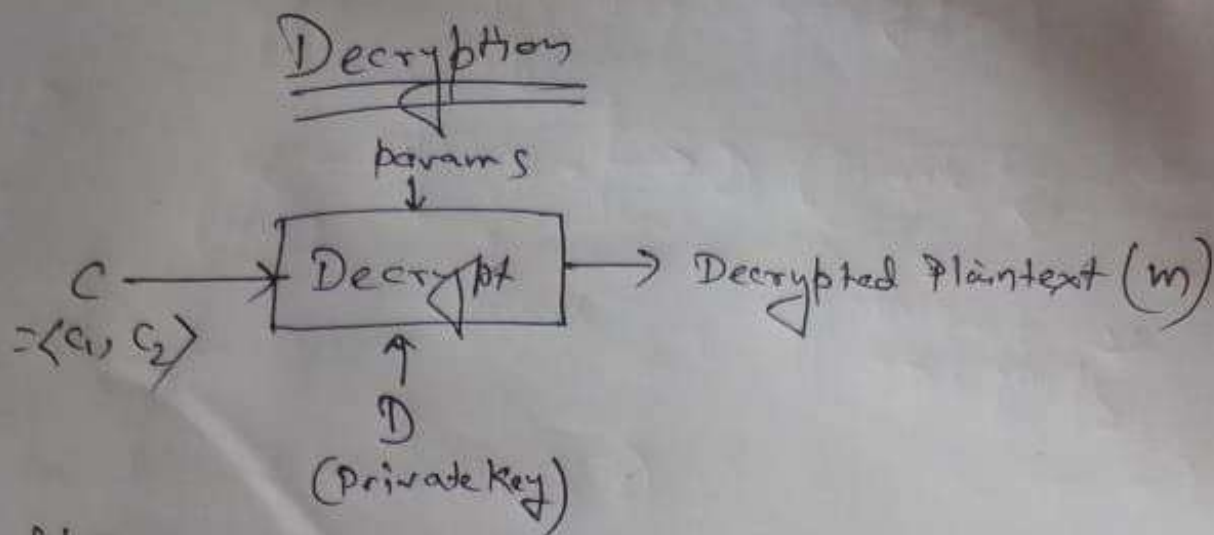
// Note:
 $m \in \{0, 1\}^n$

1. $r \xleftarrow{R} \mathbb{Z}_p^*$

2. $C_1 \leftarrow g^r$

3. $C_2 \leftarrow m \oplus H_2(\tilde{e}(Q, g_1)^r)$
where $Q = H_1(ID)$

4. $C = \langle C_1, C_2 \rangle$



Executed by
Receiver

$$C_2 \oplus H_2(\hat{e}(D, C_1)) \Rightarrow m$$

Correctness Proof:-

$$C_2 \oplus H_2(\hat{e}(D, C_1)) = C_2 \oplus H_2(\hat{e}(g^x, g^r))$$

$$= C_2 \oplus H_2(\hat{e}(g, g^x)^r)$$

$$= C_2 \oplus H_2(\hat{e}(g, g_1)^r)$$

$$= m \oplus H_2(\hat{e}(g, g_1)^r) \oplus H_2(\hat{e}(g, g_1)^r)$$

$$= m$$

Proved

Important Observation, -

Essentially there is a Key Establishment betⁿ
Sender & Receiver.

Sender Calculates $K_1 = e(a, g_1)^r$

Receiver " $K_2 = e(D, c_1)$

$$\underline{\text{And, } K_1 = K_2}$$

Now, we calculate the ssn. key by $H_2(K_1)$
or $H_2(K_2)$

And XOR it with the Data (m)
or the Ciphertext (c_2)