

1. Write a program to imitate the calculator. Use *switch case* statement.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main (){
    char op;
    int num1;
    int num2;

    cout << "Enter an Operator (+,-,*,/): ";
    cin >> op;

    cout << "Enter two operands: ";
    cin >> num1 >> num2;

    switch (op){
        case '+':
            cout << num1 << "+" << num2 << "=" << num1+num2<<endl;
            break;

        case '-':
            cout << num1 << "-" << num2 << "=" << num1-num2<<endl;
            break;

        case '*':
            cout << num1 << "*" << num2 << "=" << num1*num2<<endl;
            break;

        case '/':
            cout << num1 << "/" << num2 << "=" << num1/num2<<endl;
            break;

        default:
            cout << "Invalid operator"<<endl;
            break;
    }
}
```

Execution Output:

```
C:\Users\muhda\Desktop\Lab 1 (Part 2)\Q1.exe
Enter an Operator (+,-,*,/): +
Enter two operands: 10 20
10+20=30

-----
Process exited after 16.76 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

2. Write a program to produce the following pattern. Use nested loops.

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  int main ()
5  {
6      //use nested loops
7
8      for (int i =1; i <6; i++){
9
10         for (int j=1; j<=i; j++){
11             cout << j << " ";
12         }
13         cout << endl;
14     }
15
16     return 0;
17 }
```

Execution Output:

```
C:\Users\muhda\Desktop\Lab 1 (Part 2)\Q2.exe
1
1 2
1 2 3
1 2 3 4
1 2 3 4 5

-----
Process exited after 0.04949 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

3. A class of five students took a quiz. Write a program that will prompt the user to enter five student's marks and calculate the average quiz marks. Use while loops to prompt all the five marks.

The screenshot shows a C++ program in a code editor and its execution in a terminal window. The code uses a while loop to prompt the user for five marks, calculates the sum, and then computes the average. The terminal output shows the user entering marks 56, 88, 95, 45, and 78, resulting in an average of 72.

```

1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main (){
5
6     int mark[5], sum = 0, i = 0;
7
8     while (i<5){
9         cout << "Enter mark: " ;
10        cin >> mark[i];
11        sum = sum + mark[i];
12        i++;
13    }
14
15    double avg = sum / 5;
16    cout << "Mark average is: "<<avg<<endl;
17    return 0;
18 }

```

```

C:\Users\muhda\Desktop\Lab 1 (Part 2)\Q3.exe
Enter mark: 56
Enter mark: 88
Enter mark: 95
Enter mark: 45
Enter mark: 78
Mark average is: 72

-----
Process exited after 14.99 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

4. Prompt user to key in five integer values and store the values in an array. Pass the array to a function name Sum() that will calculate and display the sum of all the elements.

The screenshot shows a C++ program in a code editor and its execution in a terminal window. The program defines a Sum function that takes an array and its size, calculates the sum, and displays it. The main function prompts the user for five integers, stores them in an array, and calls the Sum function. The terminal output shows the user entering numbers 1, 6, 4, 3, and 3, resulting in a sum of 17.

```

1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 void Sum (int arr[], int size){
5     int sum=0;
6     //Loop sum of the number
7     for (int i=0; i<size; i++){
8         sum += arr[i];
9     }
10    cout << "Sum of the numbers entered is : "<<sum<<endl;
11 }
12
13 int main ()
14 {
15     int arr[5];
16
17     cout << "Enter five numbers and the program will calculate su
18     for (int i =0; i<5; i++){
19         cout << "Enter number "<<i+1 <<" : ";
20         cin >> arr[i];
21     }
22
23     cout <<"You have entered: ";
24     for (int i = 0; i<5; i++){
25         cout << arr[i];
26         if (i<4){
27             cout << ", ";
28         }
29     }
30
31     cout << endl;
32     Sum(arr, 5);
33
34     return 0;
35 }

```

```

C:\Users\muhda\Desktop\Lab 1 (Part 2)\Q4.exe
Enter five numbers and the program will calculate sum of the number.
Enter number 1 : 1
Enter number 2 : 6
Enter number 3 : 4
Enter number 4 : 3
Enter number 5 : 3
You have entered: 1, 6, 4, 3, 3
Sum of the numbers entered is : 17

-----
Process exited after 3.622 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

Submissive Question

Create a struct called employee. Members of the struct will be first_name type string, last_name type string, emp_num type string, and age type int. Create an instance of the structure called record to access the members of type employee.

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <string.h>
3  using namespace std;
4
5  struct employee{
6      string first_name;
7      string last_name;
8      string emp_num;
9      int age;
10 }
11
12
13 int main (){
14     employee record;
15
16     cout << "First name: ";
17     getline (cin, record.first_name);
18
19     cout << "Last name: ";
20     getline (cin, record.last_name);
21
22     cout << "Employee number: ";
23     getline (cin, record.emp_num);
24
25     cout << "Age: ";
26     cin >> record.age;
27
28     cout << endl;
29
30     cout << "Hello " << record.first_name << endl;
31     cout << "Your Employee number " << record.emp_num << endl;
32     cout << "You are " << record.age << " years old" << endl;
33
34     return 0;
35 }
```

C:\Users\muhda\Desktop\Lab 1 (Part 2)\Q5.exe

First name: Megan
Last name: Bright
Employee number: x001
Age: 23

Hello Megan
Your Employee number x001
You are 23 years old

Process exited after 5.986 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .