

Lab 5: Linked list

1. Write a program where you have to create a linked list with 6 nodes.
 - a. Get 6 integers from user and insert it into the linked list.
 - b. Then display the list.
 - c. After displaying the original list, delete the first node and display the list again.
 - d. Prompt the user to enter a data to search in the list. If the data is in the list, display the message ***“DATA FOUND!”***. If not, display the message ***“DATA NOT FOUND!”*** Below is the sample screen of the output: -

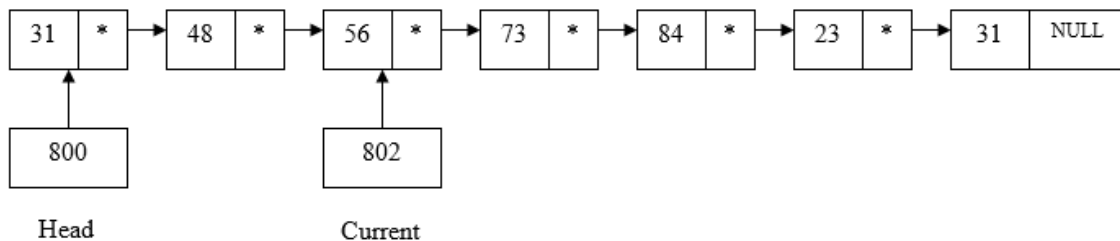
Sample Output:

```
Enter data 1:99
Enter data 2:66
Enter data 3:44
Enter data 4:55
Enter data 5:77
The Current List:
99 66 44 55 77

Deleting the first node
The list after deletion:
66 44 55 77
Enter a data to search:44
DATA FOUND!
```

ANS: REFER CODE Lab 5 Q1

2. Refer to figure below:



Complete the table below by writing the value for each of the following statements:

	Value
Head	800
Head→Next	801
Head→Next→Next→Next→Data	84
Current→Next→Data	84
Current→Next→Next→Next→Next	805
Current→Next→Next→Data	23
Current→Next→Next→Next→Next→Data	31

3. Table below represents an array implementation of a linked list.

Index	Data	Link
0	65	2
1	78	4
2	33	5
3	44	99
4	55	3
5	39	6
6	52	1

- i) Taking 0 as the start of the list and 99 as a dummy representing the end of the file, fill in the link for all the elements in table to maintain a list of the following order.

65 33 39 52 78 55 44

Solution

- Index 0 contains 65, link to 33 (2), so move to index **2**.
- Index 2 contains 33, link to 39 (5), so move to index **5**.
- Index 5 contains 39, link to 52 (6), so move to index **6**.
- Index 6 contains 52, link to 78 (1), so move to index **1**.
- Index 1 contains 78, link to 55 (4), so move to index **4**.
- Index 4 contains 55, linked to 44(3), so move to index **3**.
- Index 3 contains 44, linked to **99**, it's the end of the order.

- ii) Based on the answer in question b (i), draw an updated table after data 40 is added between data 39 and 52.

Index	Data	Link
0	65	2
1	78	4
2	33	5
3	44	99
4	55	3
5	39	7
6	52	1
7	40	6

65 33 39 **40(added)** 52 78 55 44

Solution

- Index 0 contains 65, link to 33 (2), so move to index **2**.
- Index 2 contains 33, link to 39 (5), so move to index **5**.
- Index 5 contains 39, link to 40 (7), so move to index 7.
- Index 8 contains 40, link to 52(6), so move to index 6.
- Index 6 contains 52, link to 78 (1), so move to index 1.
- Index 1 contains 78, link to 55(4), so move to index 4.
- Index 4 contains 55, link to 44(3), so move to index 3.
- Index 3 contains 44, linked to **99**, it's the end of the order.

- iii) Based on answers in question b(ii), draw an updated table after data **78** is deleted.

Index	Data	Link
0	65	2
1	78	[DELETED]
2	33	5
3	44	99
4	55	3
5	39	7
6	52	4
7	40	6

65 33 39 40 52 55 44

Solution

- Index 0 contains 65, link to 33 (2), so move to index **2**.
- Index 2 contains 33, link to 39 (5), so move to index **5**.
- Index 5 contains 39, link to 40 (7), so move to index 7.
- Index 7 contains 40, link to 52(6), so move to index 6.
- Index 6 contains 52, link to 55 (3), so move to index 4.
- Index 4 contains 55, link to 44(3), so move to index 3.
- Index 3 contains 44, linked to **99**, it's the end of the order.
- Index 1 is deleted at 78 is deleted

Submission question

Show and draw the trace diagram from the following C++ codes. Assume that the node consists of two members, data and next with the data of the type int (list and ptr are pointers of the type node).

```
i)    ptr=new node;
      - ptr --> [ |NULL]

ii)   ptr->data=28;
      - ptr --> [28 |NULL]

iii)  ptr->next=NULL;
      - ptr --> [28 | NULL]

iv)   list = new node;
      - ptr --> [28 | NULL]
      - list --> [ |NULL]

v)    list->data=56;
      - ptr --> [28 | NULL]
      - list --> [56 | NULL]

vi)   list->next=ptr;
      - ptr --> [28 | NULL]
      - list --> [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]

vii)  ptr=new node;
      - ptr --> [ |NULL ]
      - list --> [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
```

```
viii) ptr->data=68;
      - ptr - - > [ 68 | NULL]
      - list - - > [56 | ptr] -- > [28 | NULL]
      -
ix)   ptr->next=list;
      - ptr --> [68 | list] --> [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]

x)    list=ptr;
      - ptr --> [62 | NULL]
      - list --> [68 | list] --> [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]

xi)   ptr=new node;

      - ptr --> [62 | ptr->next] --> [68 | list] --> [56 |
        ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
      - list --> [62 | ptr->next] --> [68 | list] --> [56 |
        ptr] --> [28 | NULL]

xii)  ptr->data=62;
      - ptr --> [62 | ptr->next] --> [68 | list] --> [56 |
        ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
      - list --> [62 | ptr->next] --> [68 | list] --> [56 |
        ptr] --> [28 | NULL]

xiii) ptr->next=list->next;
      - ptr --> [70 | NULL]
      - list --> [62 | ptr->next] --> [68 | list] --> [56 |
        ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
```

xiv) list->next=ptr;

```
- ptr --> [70 | NULL] --> [62 | ptr->next->next] -->
  [68 | list] --> [56 | ptr]
```

xv) ptr=list;

```
- ptr --> [70 | ptr->next] --> [62 | ptr->next->next]
  --> [68 | list] --> [56 | ptr]
```

xvi) ptr=new node;

```
- ptr --> [62 | ptr->next->next] --> [68 | list] -->
  [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
- list --> [62 | ptr->next->next] --> [68 | list] -->
  [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
```

xvii) ptr->data=70;

```
- ptr --> [70 | ptr->next] --> [62 | ptr->next->next]
  --> [68 | list] --> [56 | ptr]
```

xviii) ptr->next=list->next;

```
- ptr --> [70 | ptr->next] --> [62 | ptr->next->next]
  --> [68 | list] --> [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
- list --> [62 | ptr->next->next] --> [68 | list] -->
  [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
```

xix) list->next=ptr;

```
- ptr --> [62 | ptr->next->next] --> [68 | list] -->
  [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
- list --> [62 | ptr->next->next] --> [68 | list] -->
  [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]

xx)   ptr=list;
- ptr --> [62 | ptr->next->next] --> [68 | list] -->
  [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]
- list --> [62 | ptr->next->next] --> [68 | list] -->
  [56 | ptr] --> [28 | NULL]

xxi)  while(ptr!=NULL)
      {
        cout<<ptr->data<<endl;
        ptr=ptr->next;
      }
- 62
- 68
- 56
- 28
```