

# Appendix

## Data-driven Mutation Testing: LuxSpace Case Study

This Appendix describe the procedures adopted to execute data-driven mutation testing on the LuxSpace case study system. Section 1 provide a detailed overview of the case study and the function targeted by data-driven mutation testing. Section 2 describes the fault models defined for the case study. Section 3 describes the integration of mutation probes into ADCS\_IF\_SW.

### 1. Overview of the case study

In the case of LXS, data-driven mutation testing is applied to assess the quality of the test cases that exercise the ADCS software interface of the ESAIL system (hereafter, ADCS\_IF\_SW). In ESAIL, the ADCS\_IF\_SW is used to manage and collect data from hardware devices (e.g., sensors). Detailed specifications for the ADCS interface appear in the document *ESAIL-LXS-ICD-P-0184 ADCS IF SW External ICD*.

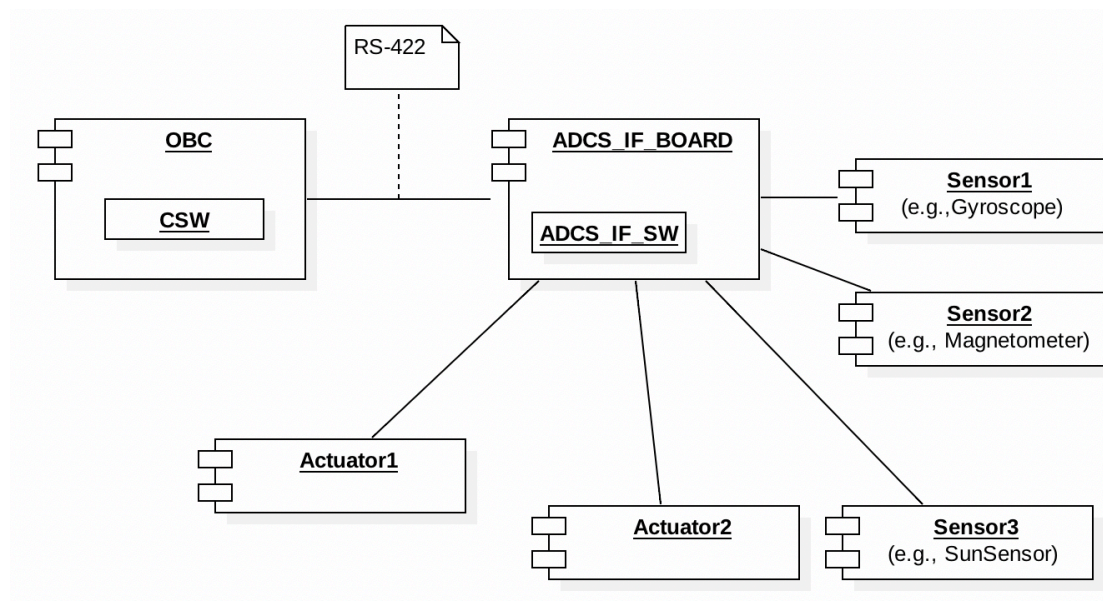


Figure 1: OBC-ADCS integration in ESAIL

Figure 1 provides an overview of the integration between ESAIL OBC and the ADCS board. ESAIL CSW (central software) runs on an onboard controller (OBC) with a Leon 3 microprocessor. The OBC is connected to ADCS interface boards (ADCS\_IF\_BOARD) through RS-422. The ADCS\_IF\_BOARD runs its own controller (ADCS\_IF\_SW). Each board processes data received from sensors and controls actuators. The ADCS\_IF\_SW is the

target of data-driven mutation testing and is the software layer where mutation probes are installed.

The ADCS\_IF\_SW implements functions used by the OBC to send data to devices (i.e., set their configuration) and functions that send devices data to the OBC. Since the functions that send data to the devices are typically tested with hardware in the loop, in the context of FAQAS, we will apply data-driven mutation testing only to verify the functions used by the ADCS to send data to the OBC.

The function of the ADCS\_IF\_SW that manages the communication between the ADCS and the OBC, i.e., *ObcRecvBlockCb*. The function is implemented in file *AdcsIf.c*.

The implementation of function *ObcRecvBlockCb* is shown in Section 1.1. It mainly consists of a switch command (line 138) that generates a response for the OBC after invoking a *data generation method* selected according to the request received on the data link. For example, Line 146 invokes method *GetIfStatus*, which prepares a response packet containing the information about the ADCS status.

Each *data generation method* receive as input an object of type *std::vector* (i.e., the object *newBlock*) that will be used to store the data to be sent to the OBC. The vector *newBlock* acts as a buffer; it contains elements of type *UInt8*, the length of the vector matches the size of the response message indicated in *ESAIL-LXS-ICD-P-0184* (*one element per byte*). Table 1 reports, for each feature targeted by data-driven mutation testing, the page in *ESAIL-LXS-ICD-P-0184* that describes the data format, the ADCS\_IF\_SW function that fill the content of message, and the size of the response message (i.e., the length of *std::vector*).

Table 2: Features targeted by data-driven mutation testing and message size

ADCS Feature	Page	ADCS_IF_SW function	Message size (bytes)
ADCS IF Status	19	GetIfStatus	6
ADCS IF HK	22	GetIfHk	37
GYTM - Gyroscope TM	34	GetGyroTm	21
MMTX - Magnetometer TX	41	GetMgtmTm	2
Sun Sensor TM	42	GetSsTm	48
SSTP - Sun Sensor Temperature	45	GetSsTemp	12
Reaction Wheel TX	50	GetRwTm	2
SpaceCraft HK	60	GetIfScHk	18
Magnetorquer Set PWM RSP	57	GetMgtqTm	39

Each invocation of a *data generation method* generates a response (i.e., the vector *newBlock*) that may either contain the desired result or an error code. The response generated in the first case is referred to as *nominal response message*, the response generated in the second case is an *error response message*. The response message is sent to the OBC through the invocation of function *SendResponse* (Lines 298 and 312). When an error code is generated, the data generation method returns *CR\_Failure*. The response code is read by function *ObcRecvBlockCb* to determine if it is necessary to trim the buffer before sending back to OBC; this behaviour is handled by the parameter *true* passed to *SendResponse* (Line 312).

## 1.1 Function ObcRecvBlockCb

```

90 // --OPENING ELEMENT--AdcsIf::ObcRecvBlockCb--
91 /// Function that is called when a block of data is received from the data link layer.
92 /// @param block The received data block.
93 void AdcsIf::ObcRecvBlockCb(const std::vector<Smp::UInt8>& block)
94 {
95     // MARKER: OPERATION BODY: START
96     Trace(4, "Received command: 0x%s", OhbCommon::ByteUtils::BinToHex(block));
97
98     if(!CheckRxEnabled())
99     {
100         return;
101     }
102
103     std::vector<Smp::UInt8> newBlock(block);
104
105     Smp::UInt8 cmdId = block[0];
106     Smp::UInt8 subcmdId = block[1];
107
108     if(forcedResponse && (forcedResponseCmdId == cmdId || forcedResponseCmdId < 0)
109        && (forcedResponseSubcmdId == subcmdId || forcedResponseSubcmdId < 0))
110     {
111         newBlock.resize(2);
112
113         if(forcedResponseErrorCode >= 0)
114         {
115             // Generate forced error response
116             Trace(2, "Generating forced response message with error code 0x%02X", forcedResponseErrorCode);
117             newBlock.push_back(forcedResponseErrorCode);
118             SendResponse(newBlock, true);
119         }
120         else
121         {
122             // Generate forced valid response
123             Trace(2, "Generating forced response message with data 0x%s", forcedResponseData.c_str());
124             for(unsigned int i = 0; i < forcedResponseData.length(); i += 2)
125             {
126                 std::string byteString = forcedResponseData.substr(i, 2);
127                 newBlock.push_back(strtol(byteString.c_str(), NULL, 16));
128             }
129             SendResponse(newBlock, false);
130         }
131         return;
132     }
133
134     bool processed = true;
135     CommandResult cr = CR_Failure;
136
137     if(Status->ADRDR || ((cmdId == 1) && (subcmdId < 3)))
138     {
139         switch(cmdId)
140         {
141             case 1:
142             {
143                 switch(subcmdId)
144                 {
145                     case 0:
146                     {
147                         cr = GetIfStatus(newBlock);
148                         break;
149                     }
150                     case 1:
151                     {
152                         cr = GetIfHk(newBlock);
153                         break;
154                     }
155                     case 2:
156                     {
157                         cr = SetIfPower(newBlock);
158                         break;
159                     }
160                     case 3:
161                     {
162                         cr = SetUnitStatus(newBlock);
163                         break;
164                     }
165                     case 4:
166                     {
167                         cr = SetConfiguration(newBlock);
168                         break;
169                     }
170                     case 5:
171                     {
172                         cr = LclRetrigger(newBlock);
173                         break;
174                     }
175                 }
176             }
177         }
178     }
179 }

```

```

174         default:
175             Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Warning, "Sub-command %u not implemented", subcmdId);
176             processed = false;
177         }
178     }
179     break;
180 case 4:
181     {
182         switch(subcmdId)
183         {
184             case 0:
185             {
186                 cr = GetGyroTm(newBlock);
187             }
188             break;
189             default:
190                 Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Warning, "Sub-command %u not implemented", subcmdId);
191                 processed = false;
192             }
193         }
194     }
195     break;
196 case 5:
197     {
198         switch(subcmdId)
199         {
200             case 0:
201             {
202                 cr = GetMgtmTm(newBlock);
203             }
204             break;
205             default:
206                 Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Warning, "Sub-command %u not implemented", subcmdId);
207                 processed = false;
208             }
209         }
210     }
211     break;
212 case 6:
213     {
214         switch(subcmdId)
215         {
216             case 0:
217             {
218                 cr = GetSsTm(newBlock);
219             }
220             break;
221             case 1:
222             {
223                 cr = GetSsTemp(newBlock);
224             }
225             break;
226         }
227     }
228 }

```

```

224         default:
225             Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Warning, "Sub-command %u not implemented", subcmdId);
226             processed = false;
227         }
228     }
229     break;
230     case 7:
231     {
232         switch(subcmdId)
233         {
234             case 0:
235             {
236                 cr = GetRwTm(newBlock);
237             }
238             break;
239             default:
240                 Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Warning, "Sub-command %u not implemented", subcmdId);
241                 processed = false;
242             }
243         }
244         break;
245         case 8:
246         {
247             switch(subcmdId)
248             {
249                 case 0:
250                 {
251                     cr = SetMgtqPwm(newBlock);
252                     if(cr == CR_Success)
253                     {
254                         if(newBlock[2] == 0x55)
255                         {
256                             // Bypass Magnetometer response
257                             newBlock.resize(2);
258                             cr = GetMgtqTm(newBlock);
259                         }
260                         else
261                         {
262                             cr = BuildMgtmDataRequestCmd(newBlock);
263                             cr = GetMgtmTm(newBlock);
264                         }
265                     }
266                 }
267                 break;
268                 default:
269                     Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Warning, "Sub-command %u not implemented", subcmdId);
270                     processed = false;
271             }
272         }

```

```

274     case 9:
275     {
276         switch(subcmdId)
277         {
278             case 0:
279             {
280                 cr = GetIfScHk(newBlock);
281             }
282             break;
283             default:
284                 Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Warning, "Sub-command %u not implemented", subcmdId);
285                 processed = false;
286             }
287         }
288         break;
289         default:
290             Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Warning, "Command %u not implemented", cmdId);
291             processed = false;
292         }
293     }
294     switch(cr)
295     {
296     case CR_Success:
297     {
298         SendResponse(newBlock, false);
299     }
300     break;
301     case CR_InProgress:
302     {
303         Trace(5, "Operation in progress");
304     }
305     break;
306     case CR_Failure:
307     {
308         if(!processed)
309         {
310             newBlock.push_back(0x56);
311         }
312         SendResponse(newBlock, true);
313     }
314     break;
315     default:
316         Log(Smp::Services::LMK_Error, "Command result %u not supported", cr);
317     }
318     // MARKER: OPERATION BODY: END
319 }
320 // --CLOSING ELEMENT--AdcsIf::ObcRecvBlockCb--

```

## 2. Fault Model

In the case of ADCS\_IF\_SW we have defined a total of 18 fault models, two for each feature listed in Table 1. For each feature, one fault model captures the fault that might affect a nominal response message, one fault model captures the faults that might affect an error response message.

In the following sections we describe the fault models by providing for each byte of the response message (column *Byte*), the relevant bits (column *Bit*), a description of the information that is supposed to be transmitted by the byte (column *Description*), the type of data written on the byte (column *Type*), the fault classes that might affect the byte (column *Fault class*). We do not report the span of the item since it can be deducted from the table; indeed, descriptions that span over multiple rows correspond to data types that, to be loaded, require the readin of multiple data items. For each fault class, we indicate the value of the parameters required to configure the corresponding mutation operator (see Table 2.1 of D2). The label NONE indicates that we are not interested into performing data-driven mutation testing for that specific byte. Columns *Byte*, *Bit*, and *Description* match the columns of corresponding tables in *ESAIL-LXS-ICD-P-0184*.

### 2.1 ADCS IF Status

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	2..0	Reset Source Provides information about last reset. The bit is cleared after the first read of the status 0 = No reset 1 = Power-on Reset 2 = External Reset (released by JTAG adapter) 3 = Watchdog Reset 4 = Brown-out Reset 5 = JTAG AVR Reset (logic reset by JTAG) 6 = Not used 7 = Not used	BIN	BF(MIN=3;MAX=3) BF(MIN=4;MAX=4) BF(MIN=5;MAX=7)
	3	ADCS IF ready This bit is set when ADCS is ready to read/write to units. In the boot of the ADCS IF shall be a time to initialize all modules and units. After initialization of the ADCS IF, modules and units, shall go to a ready state. While ADCS IF is not ready, the available commands are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ASST</li> <li>ASHK</li> <li>ASCT</li> </ul>		

	4	OBC communication error This bit is set if a communication error between OBC and ADCS IF occurred in the last command. The bit is cleared after the first reading of the status 0 = No error 1 = Communication error		
	7..5	Unit communication error This bit is set if a communication error between ADCS IF and ADCS unit occurred. The bit is cleared after the first read of the status 0 = No error 1 = Communication error		
2	7..0	Unit in error Provides a list of units in error. 0 = No error 1 = Unit error  Each bit is assigned to one unit: Bit 0 = Gyroscope unit Bit 1 = Reaction Wheel Bit 2 = Magnetorquer Bit 3 = Magnetometer Bit 4 = Sun Sensor	BIN	BF(MIN=0;MAX=4)
3	7..0	Watchdog Reset Counter Watchdog Reset counter value. Increment in every watchdog reset. Value is stored in non-volatile memory To clear watchdog reset counter, shall be used the ASCF command.	INT	None: ESAIL OBC does not deal with anomalous values of reset counters. Thus we do not expect ESAIL test suite to fail in case of a high reset counter..
4	7..0	Overall Reset Counter Overall reset counter value. Increment in every device reset. Value is stored in non-volatile memory To clear overall reset counter, shall be used the ASCF command.	INT	None: same as above.
5	1..0	Gyroscope enable Enable/Disable status of nominal or redundant bus transceiver. 0 = Disabled both transceivers 1 = Enabled nominal transceiver only 2 = Enabled redundant transceiver only	BIN	BF(MIN=0;MAX=2) BF(MIN=2;MAX=4) BF(MIN=5;MAX=7)



		3 = not existing (reserved for future needs)		
	4..2	Reaction Wheel enable Enabled/Disabled status of bus transceiver. 0 = Disabled transceiver 1 = Enabled transceiver 7..2 = not existing (reserved for future needs)		
	7..5	3 axis Magnetorquer enable General Enable/Disable status of the Magnetorquer Driver for all three axis. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled  Bit assignement: Bit 0 = Enabled/Disabled Driver Bit 1 = 0 not used (reserved for future needs) Bit 2 = 0 not used (reserved for future needs)		
6	1..0	Magnetometer enable Enable/Disable status of nominal or redundant bus transceiver. 0 = Disabled both transceivers 1 = Enabled nominal transceiver only 2 = Enabled redundant transceiver only 3 = not existing (reserved for future needs)	BIN	BF(MIN=0;MAX=1) BF(MIN=2;MAX=7)
	7..2	Sun Sensor board ADC enable Enabled/Disabled Sun Sensor board ADC, see Note 3) 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled  Each bit is assigned to one ADC: Bit 0 = Enabled/Disabled ADC2 Bit 1 = Enabled/Disabled ADC3 Bit 2 = Enabled/Disabled ADC4 Bit 3 = Enabled/Disabled ADC5 Bit 4 = Enabled/Disabled ADC6 Bit 5 = Enabled/Disabled ADC7		

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error! Reference source not found..</b>	HEX	IV(VALUE=0x51) IV(VALUE=0x52) IV(VALUE=0x53) IV(VALUE=0x54) IV(VALUE=0x55)

				IV(VALUE=0x57) IV(VALUE=0x58) IV(VALUE=0x59) IV(VALUE=0x5A) IV(VALUE=0x5B) IV(VALUE=0x5C)
--	--	--	--	--

## 2.2 ASHK - ADCS IF HK

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	VCC1N	Double?	VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
2	7..0	OBC Nominal transceiver circuit voltage		
3	7..0	VCC1R		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
4	7..0	OBC Redundant transceiver circuit voltage		
5	7..0	VCC2		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
6	7..0	Gyroscope transceiver/UART circuit voltage		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
7	7..0	VCC3		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
8	7..0	Magnetometer transceiver/UART circuit voltage		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
9	7..0	VCC4		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
10	7..0	Reaction Wheel transceiver/UART circuit voltage		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
11	7..0	VCCa		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
12	7..0	Internal power supply (5.5V), measured with ADC0		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
13	7..0	VCCb		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
14	7..0	Internal power supply (5.5V), measured with ADC1		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
15	7..0	VBUS		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
16	7..0	Unit input bus voltage		
17	7..0	VCC5		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
18	7..0	Supply voltage for ADC2, ADC3, ADC4 and VCCB1. Sun-sensor PCB		
19	7..0	VCC6		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
20	7..0	Supply voltage for ADC5, ADC6, ADC7 and VCCB2. Sun-sensor PCB		
21	7..0	VCC5_IN		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
22	7..0	LDO input voltage for ADC2, ADC3, ADC4 and VCCB1. Sun-sensor PCB		
23	7..0	VCC6_IN		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
24	7..0	LDO input voltage for ADC5, ADC6, ADC7 and VCCB2. Sun-sensor PCB		
25	7..0	VCC_SW1 SSB internal switched power supply, measured by ADC3		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
26	7..0	Remark: the voltage VCC_SW is measured 2 times with two different ADC. This allows to compare the results and conclude for a drift in the ADC's.		
27	7..0	VCC_SW2		VAT(T=XX;D=XX)

28	7..0	SSB internal switched power supply, measured by ADC6 Remark: the voltage VCC_SW is measured 2 times with two different ADC. This allows to compare the results and conclude for a drift in the ADC's.		NONE
29	7..0	T_PCB_TEMP1 Main Board PCB Temperature, sensor 1		VOR(MIN=XX; MAX=XX;D=XX)
30	7..0	Temperature of VCC DC/DC regulator. Remark: 1/2 is measured on the same place, it's to compare the values to discover a measurement failure		
31	7..0	T_PCB_TEMP2 Main Board PCB Temperature, sensor 2		VOR(MIN=XX; MAX=XX;D=XX)
32	7..0	Temperature of VCC DC/DC regulator. Remark: 1/2 is measured on the same place, it's to compare the values to discover a measurement failure		
33	7..0	T_PCB_TEMP3a Sun Sensor Board PCB Temperature, sensor 3a.		VOR(MIN=XX; MAX=XX;D=XX)
34	7..0	Temperature of VCC5 LDO regulator. Remark: 3a/b is measured on the same place, it's to compare the values to discover a measurement failure		
35	7..0	T_PCB_TEMP3b Sun Sensor Board PCB Temperature, sensor 3b.		VOR(MIN=XX; MAX=XX;D=XX)
36	7..0	Temperature of VCC5 LDO regulator. Remark: 3a/b is measured on the same place, it's to compare the values to discover a measurement failure		
37	7..0	T_PCB_TEMP4 Sun Sensor Board PCB Temperature, sensor 4. Temperature of VCC6 LDO regulator.		VOR(MIN=XX; MAX=XX;D=XX)

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>	HEX	IV(VALUE=0x51) IV(VALUE=0x52) IV(VALUE=0x53) IV(VALUE=0x54) IV(VALUE=0x55) IV(VALUE=0x57) IV(VALUE=0x58) IV(VALUE=0x59) IV(VALUE=0x5A) IV(VALUE=0x5B) IV(VALUE=0x5C)

## 2.3 GYTM - Gyroscope TM

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Unit identifier Identification of the unit that addresses the message 0 = Nominal 1 = Redundant	Int	BF(MIN=0,MAX=0)
21..2	7..0	Gyroscope Telemetry All telemetry data from Gyroscope. Message is the same sent from Gyroscope unit without adding/removing data	HEX	NONE?

Byte	Bit	Description		
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error! Reference source not found..</b>	Hex	IV(VALUE=0x51) IV(VALUE=0x52) IV(VALUE=0x53) IV(VALUE=0x54) IV(VALUE=0x56)

## 2.4 MMTX - Magnetometer TX

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Unit identifier Identification of the unit that addresses the message 0 = Nominal 1 = Redundant	BIN	BF(MIN=0;MAX=0)
2	7..0	Self Test Result 0 = no error 1 = error detected during TX self test 2-255 = reserved	BIN	BF(MIN=0;MAX=0;STATE=0) BF(MIN=1;MAX=7), it simulates reporting a failure for another unit.

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error! Reference source not found..</b>	HEX	IV(VALUE=0x51) IV(VALUE=0x52) IV(VALUE=0x53) IV(VALUE=0x54) IV(VALUE=0x56) IV(VALUE=0x5D)

## 2.5 Sun Sensor TM

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Photodiode Q1	Double?	VAT(T=XX;D=XX)
2	7..0	current ADC #3		
3	7..0	Photodiode Q2		
4	7..0	current ADC #3		
5	7..0	Photodiode Q3		
6	7..0	current ADC #3		
7	7..0	Photodiode Q4		
8	7..0	current ADC #3		
9	7..0	Photodiode Q1		
10	7..0	current ADC #2		
11	7..0	Photodiode Q2		
12	7..0	current ADC #2		
13	7..0	Photodiode Q3		
14	7..0	current ADC #2		
15	7..0	Photodiode Q4		
16	7..0	current ADC #2		
17	7..0	Photodiode Q1		
18	7..0	current ADC #6		
19	7..0	Photodiode Q2		
20	7..0	current ADC #6		
21	7..0	Photodiode Q3		
22	7..0	current ADC #6		
23	7..0	Photodiode Q4		
24	7..0	current ADC #6		
25	7..0	Photodiode Q1		
26	7..0	current ADC #5		
27	7..0	Photodiode Q2		
28	7..0	current ADC #5		
29	7..0	Photodiode Q3		
30	7..0	current ADC #5		
31	7..0	Photodiode Q4		
32	7..0	current ADC #5		
33	7..0	Photodiode Q1		
34	7..0	current ADC #4		
35	7..0			

36	7..0	Photodiode Q2 current ADC #4		
37	7..0	Photodiode Q3 current ADC #4		
38	7..0			
39	7..0	Photodiode Q4 current ADC #4		
40	7..0			
41	7..0	Photodiode Q1 current ADC #7		
42	7..0			
43	7..0	Photodiode Q2 current ADC #7		
44	7..0			
45	7..0	Photodiode Q3 current ADC #7		
46	7..0			
47	7..0	Photodiode Q4 current ADC #7		
48	7..0			

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error!</b> <b>Reference source not found..</b>	Hex	IV(VALUE=0x51) IV(VALUE=0x54) IV(VALUE=0x56)



## 2.6 SSTP - Sun Sensor Temperature

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Temperature reading from ADC #3	Double?	VOR(MIN=?;MAX=?;D=?)
2	7..0			
3	7..0	Temperature reading from ADC #2		
4	7..0			
5	7..0	Temperature reading from ADC #6		
6	7..0			
7	7..0	Temperature reading from ADC #5		
8	7..0			
9	7..0	Temperature reading from ADC #4		
10	7..0			
11	7..0	Temperature reading from ADC #7		
12	7..0			

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error! Reference source not found..</b>	Hex	IV(VALUE=0x51) IV(VALUE=0x54) IV(VALUE=0x56)

## 2.7 Reaction Wheel TX

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Unit identifier Identification of the unit that addresses the message 0 = Nominal 1 = Redundant	BIN	BF(MIN=0,MAX=0)
2	7..0	Self Test Result 0 = no error 1 = error detected during TX self test 2-255 = reserved	BIN	BF(MIN=0,MAX=0)

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error! Reference source not found..</b>	Hex	IV(VALUE=0x51) IV(VALUE=0x52) IV(VALUE=0x53) IV(VALUE=0x54) IV(VALUE=0x56) IV(VALUE=0x5D)

## 2.8 SpaceCraft HK

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	TMTC_SW1 Identifies the switching position of the TMTC switch 1: the voltage is ~1.1V for position A and 2.2V for position B. 0V or 3.3V will indicate a short or an interruption.	?Double	VAT(T=3.3;D=0) VBT(T=0;D=0)
2	7..0			
3	7..0	TMTC_SW2 Identifies the switching position of the TMTC switch 2: the voltage is ~1.1V for position A and 2.2V for position B. 0V or 3.3V will indicate a short or an interruption.		
4	7..0			
5	7..0	SC_TEMP1 Temperature SC-TEMP1 of a sensor in the S/C structure	?	VOR(MIN=x;MAX=X; D=X)
6	7..0			
7	7..0	SC_TEMP2 Temperature SC-TEMP2 of a sensor in the S/C structure		
8	7..0			
9	7..0	SC_TEMP3 Temperature SC-TEMP3 of a sensor in the S/C structure		
10	7..0			
11	7..0	SC_TEMP4 Temperature SC-TEMP4 of a sensor in the S/C structure		
12	7..0			
13	7..0	SC_TEMP5 Temperature SC-TEMP5 of a sensor in the S/C structure		
14	7..0			
15	7..0	SC_TEMP6 Temperature SC-TEMP6 of a sensor in the S/C structure		
16	7..0			
17	7..0	SC_TEMP7 Temperature SC-TEMP7 of a sensor in the S/C structure		
18	7..0			

Byte	Bit	Description		
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error! Reference source not found..</b>	Hex	IV(VALUE=0x56)

## 2.9 Magnetorquer Set PWM RSP

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Unit identifier Magnetometer Identification of the Magnetometer unit that addresses the message 0 = Nominal 1 = Redundant		BF(MIN=0;MAX=0)
2	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte1 Sync(LSB) (Note 1)		?
3	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte2 Sync(MSB) (Note 1)		
4	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte3 RAdr (Note 1)		
5	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte4 Sadr (Note 1)		
6	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte5 ReplyMsg (Note 1)		
7	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte6 Bx Low (Note 1)		
8	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte7 Bx Middle		
9	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte8 CS error + Average + pos Clip X + neg Clip X + BX High (Note 1)		
10	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte9 By Low (Note 1)		
11	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte10 By Middle (Note 1)		
12	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte11 spare + pos Clip Y + neg Clip Y + BY High (Note 1)		
13	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte12 Bz Low (Note 1)		
14	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte13 Bz Middle (Note 1)		
15	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte14 spare + pos Clip Z + neg Clip Z + BZ High (Note 1)		
16	7..0	Magnetometer Data request reply Byte15 CS (Note 1)		
17	7..0	Magnetorquer nX Current - on Current MTXA_N when powered		
18	7..0			
19	7..0	Magnetorquer nX Current - off Current MTXA_N when unpowered		
20	7..0			
21	7..0	Magnetorquer pX Current - on		

22	7..0	Current MTXA_P when powered		
23	7..0	Magnetorquer pX Current - off		
24	7..0	Current MTXA_P when unpowered		
25	7..0	Magnetorquer nY Current - on		
26	7..0	Current MTYA_N when powered		
27	7..0	Magnetorquer nY Current - off		
28	7..0	Current MTYA_N when unpowered		
29	7..0	Magnetorquer pY Current - on		
30	7..0	Current MTYA_P when powered		
31	7..0	Magnetorquer pY Current - off		
32	7..0	Current MTYA_P when unpowered		
33	7..0	Magnetorquer nZ Current - on		
34	7..0	Current MTZA_N when powered		
35	7..0	Magnetorquer nZ Current - off		
36	7..0	Current MTZA_N when unpowered		
37	7..0	Magnetorquer pZ Current - on		
38	7..0	Current MTZA_P when powered		
39	7..0	Magnetorquer pZ Current - off Current MTZA_P when unpowered		

Byte	Bit	Description	Type	Fault class
1	7..0	Error type The possible errors are described in the <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>	Hex	IV(VALUE=0x51) IV(VALUE=0x52) IV(VALUE=0x53) IV(VALUE=0x54) IV(VALUE=0x56) IV(VALUE=0x5D) IV(VALUE=0x5E)

### 3. Mutation Probes

Mutation probes are manually integrated into the source code of function *ObcRecvBlockCb*. Figure 2 shows an example of how we integrate mutation probes. All the probes are integrated following the same pattern; more precisely, for each data generation function we manually insert two invocations to the FAQAS mutation probe API, one to perform mutation of the nominal response message (Line 154, in Figure 2) the other one to mutate an error response message (Line 149). The choice of the data model to pass to the FAQAS mutation probe API is based on the value of *cr*, the variable that captures the return status of the specific data generation function invoked (function *GetIfHk* in Figure 2).

The function `_FAQAS_mutate` takes as input the fault model to be used to drive the mutation. Fault models are automatically generated from template files matching to the tables reported in Section 2.

```
144:     case 0:
145:     {
146:         cr = GetIfStatus(newBlock);
147:         if ( cr == CR_Failure ){
148:             FaultModel *dm = _FAQAS_GetIfStatus_FM_Error ()
149:             _FAQAS_mutate( newBlock, dm );
150:             _FAQAS_delete_DM( dm )
151:         } else {
152:             FaultModel *dm = _FAQAS_GetIfStatus_FM ()
153:             _FAQAS_mutate( newBlock, dm);
154:             _FAQAS_delete_DM( dm )
155:         }
156:     }
```

Figure 2: Mutation probe for *GetIfStatus*