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# Yacc

Yacc (Yet Another Compiler-Compiler) is a computer program for the Unix operating system developed by Stephen C. Johnson. It is a Look Ahead Left-to-Right (LALR) parser generator, generating a LALR parser (the part of a compiler that tries to make syntactic sense of the source code) based on an formal grammar, written in a notation similar to Backus–Naur Form (BNF). Yacc is supplied as a standard utility on BSD and AT&T Unix. On a forward-compatible Yacc replacement.

racc	
Original author(s)	Stephen C. Johnson
Repository	www.tuhs.org/cgi-bin/utree.pl?
	file=V6%2Fusr%2Fsource%2Fyacc
	(https://www.tuhs.org/cgi-bin/utree.
	pl?file=V6/usr/source/yacc)
	<u>/</u>
Operating system	Unix, Unix-like, Plan 9, Inferno
Platform	Cross-platform
Туре	Command

Vacc

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## History

In the early 1970s, <u>Stephen C. Johnson</u>, a computer scientist at <u>Bell Labs</u> / <u>AT&T</u>, developed Yacc because he wanted to insert an <u>exclusive or</u> operator into a <u>B language</u> compiler (developed using <u>McIlroy</u>'s <u>TMG</u> compiler-compiler<sup>[4]</sup>), but it turned out to be a hard task. As a result, he was directed by Bell Labs colleague <u>Al Aho</u> to <u>Donald Knuth</u>'s work on <u>LR parsing</u>, which served as the basis for Yacc.<sup>[5]</sup> Yacc was influenced by <u>Important to the parsing</u> of the parsing to the parsing that the

Yacc was originally written in the <u>B programming language</u>, but was soon rewritten in  $\underline{C}$ . It appeared as part of Version 3 Unix, [8] and a full description of Yacc was published in 1975. [6]

Johnson used Yacc to create the <u>Portable C Compiler</u>. Bjarne Stroustrup, on the other hand, attempted to use Yacc for his initial work on  $C^{++}$ , but "was defeated by C's syntax" (for example, having both prefix and postfix declaration operators). 9

In a 2008 interview, Johnson reflected that "the contribution Yacc made to the spread of  $\underline{\text{Unix}}$  and  $\underline{\text{C}}$  is what I'm proudest of". [10]

# **Description**

The input to Yacc is a grammar with snippets of  $\underline{C}$  code (called "actions") attached to its rules. Its output is a <u>shift-reduce parser</u> in C that executes the C snippets associated with each rule as soon as the rule is recognized. Typical actions involve the construction of <u>parse trees</u>. Using an example from Johnson, if the call node(label, left, right) constructs a binary parse tree node with the specified label and children, then the rule

```
expr : expr '+' expr { $$ = node('+', $1, $3); }
```

recognizes summation expressions and constructs nodes for them. The special identifiers \$\$, \$1 and \$3 refer to items on the parser's stack. [6]

Yacc produces only a parser (phrase analyzer); for full syntactic analysis this requires an external <u>lexical</u> analyzer to perform the first tokenization stage (word analysis), which is then followed by the parsing stage proper. <u>[6]</u> Lexical analyzer generators, such as <u>Lex</u> or <u>Flex</u>, are widely available. The <u>IEEE POSIX P1003.2</u> standard defines the functionality and requirements for both Lex and Yacc. [11]

Some versions of AT&T Yacc have become <u>open source</u>. For example, <u>source code</u> is available with the standard distributions of Plan  $9.^{[12]}$ 

# **Impact**

Yacc and similar programs (largely reimplementations) have been very popular. Yacc itself used to be available as the default parser generator on most Unix systems, though it has since been supplanted by more recent, largely compatible, programs such as Berkeley Yacc, GNU Bison, MKS Yacc, and Abraxas PCYACC. An updated version of the original AT&T version is included as part of Sun's OpenSolaris project. Each offers slight improvements and additional features over the original Yacc, but the concept and basic syntax have remained the same. [13]

Among the languages that were first implemented with Yacc are  $\underline{AWK}$ ,  $\underline{eqn}$  and  $\underline{Pic}$ . Yacc was also used on Unix to implement the Portable C Compiler, as well as parsers for such programming languages as FORTRAN 77, Ratfor, APL, bc, m4, etc. [8][15]

Yacc has also been rewritten for other languages, including  $\underline{OCaml}$ ,  $\underline{^{[16]}}$   $\underline{Ratfor}$ ,  $\underline{ML}$ ,  $\underline{Ada}$ ,  $\underline{Pascal}$ ,  $\underline{Java}$ , Python, Ruby, Go,  $\underline{^{[17]}}$ , Common Lisp $\underline{^{[18]}}$  and Erlang.  $\underline{^{[19]}}$ 

- <u>Berkeley Yacc</u>: The Berkeley implementation of Yacc quickly became more popular than AT&T Yacc itself because of its performance and lack of reuse restrictions. [20]
- LALR parser: The underlying parsing algorithm in Yacc-generated parsers.
- Bison: The GNU version of Yacc.
- Lex (and Flex lexical analyser), a token parser commonly used in conjunction with Yacc (and Bison).
- <u>BNF</u> is a <u>metasyntax</u> used to express <u>context-free grammars</u>: that is a formal way to describe context-free languages.
- PLY (Python Lex-Yacc) is an alternative implementation of Lex and Yacc in Python.

### See also

- Compiler-compiler
- hoc (programming language)

### References

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## **External links**

- yacc (https://www.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/9699919799/utilities/yacc.html) Commands & Utilities Reference, <u>The Single UNIX Specification</u>, Issue 7 from <u>The Open Group</u>
- yacc(1) (http://man.cat-v.org/plan\_9/1/yacc) Plan 9 Programmer's Manual, Volume 1
- yacc(1) (http://man.cat-v.org/inferno/1/yacc) Inferno General commands Manual

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