

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT
on

MACHINE LEARNING **(20CS6PCMAL)**

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

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Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled “**MACHINE LEARNING**” carried out by **NISARGA S(1BM20CS412)**, who is bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **Machine Learning - (20CS6PCMAL)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT FIND S ALGORITHM

```

In [28]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

In [29]: data=pd.read_csv('file.csv')

In [30]: print(data)

   SKY  AIRTEMP  HUMIDITY  WIND  WATER  FORECAST  ENJOYSPORT
0  Sunny    Warm   Normal  Strong  Warm    Same        Yes
1  Sunny    Warm   High   Strong  Warm    Same        Yes
2  Rainy    Cold   High   Strong  Warm  Change        No
3  Sunny    Warm   High   Strong  Cool  Change        Yes

In [31]: d=np.array(data)[:,-1]

In [32]: print(d)

[['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
 ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
 ['Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change']
 ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change']]

In [33]: target=np.array(data)[:,-1]

In [34]: print(target)

['Yes' 'Yes' 'No' 'Yes']

In [35]: h=[]

In [36]: for i in range(len(target)):
if(target[i]=='Yes'):
    h=d[i]
    break

In [37]: print(h)

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

In [42]: for i in range(len(d)):
if(target[i]=='Yes'):
    for j in range(len(d[i])):
        if(d[i][j].strip()!=h[j]):
            pass
        else:
            h[j]='?'

print(h)

['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' '?' '?']

```

PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ALGORITHM

```
In [121]_ import numpy as np
```

```
In [122]_ data=pd.read_csv('file.csv')
```

```
In [123]_ print(data)
```

	SKY	AIRTEMP	HUMIDITY	WIND	WATER	FORECAST	ENJOYSPORT
0	Sunny	Warm	Normal	Strong	Warm	Same	Yes
1	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Warm	Same	Yes
2	Rainy	Cold	High	Strong	Warm	Change	No
3	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Cool	Change	Yes

```
In [124]_ d=np.array(data)[:,-1]
```

```
In [125]_ print(d)
```

```
[[ 'Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same' ]
 [ 'Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same' ]
 [ 'Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change' ]
 [ 'Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change' ]]
```

```
In [126]_ target=np.array(data)[:,-1]
```

```
In [127]_ print(target)
```

```
['Yes' 'Yes' 'No' 'Yes']
```

```
In [128]_ for i in range(len(target)):
          if target[i].strip()=='Yes':
              specific_h=d[i].copy();
              break
```

```
In [129]_ generic_h=['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'],
```

```
In [130]_ for i in range(len(target)):
          if target[i].strip()=='Yes':
              print('INSTANCE IS POSITIVE')
              for j in range(len(d[i])):
                  if specific_h[j].strip() != d[i][j].strip():
                      specific_h[j]='?'
                      generic_h[j][j]='?'
              print('After Iteration ' + str(i+1) + ' Specific Hypothesis ' + str(specific_h))
              print('After Iteration ' + str(i+1) + ' Generic Hypothesis ' + str(generic_h))
          else:
              print('Instance is negative')
              for j in range(len(d[i])):
                  if specific_h[j].strip() != d[i][j].strip():
                      generic_h[j][j]=specific_h[j].strip()
                  else:
                      generic_h[j][j]='?'
              print('After Iteration ' + str(i+1) + ' Specific Hypothesis ' + str(specific_h))
              print('After Iteration ' + str(i+1) + ' Generic Hypothesis ' + str(generic_h))
```

```
ind=[i for i,v in enumerate(generic_h) if v==['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
```

```
for i in ind:
    generic_h.remove(['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'])
```

```
print('FINAL SPECIFIC HYPOTHESIS ' + str(specific_h))
print('GENERAL HYPOTHESIS ' + str(generic_h))
```

```
print('FINAL SPECIFIC HYPOTHESIS ' + str(specific_h))
print('GENERAL HYPOTHESIS '+ str(generic_h))
```

```
INSTANCE IS POSITIVE
After Iteration 1 Specific Hypothesis ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
After Iteration 1 Generic Hypothesis [['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'],
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
INSTANCE IS POSITIVE
After Iteration 2 Specific Hypothesis ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
After Iteration 2 Generic Hypothesis [['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'],
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
Instance is negative
After Iteration 3 Specific Hypothesis ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
After Iteration 3 Generic Hypothesis [['Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'],
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', 'Same']]
INSTANCE IS POSITIVE
After Iteration 4 Specific Hypothesis ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' '?' '?']
After Iteration 4 Generic Hypothesis [['Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'],
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
FINAL SPECIFIC HYPOTHESIS ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' '?' '?']
GENERAL HYPOTHESIS [['Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
```

```
]:
]:
```

PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT ID-3 ALGORITHM

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier # Import Decision Tree Classifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split # Import train_test_split function
from sklearn import metrics #Import scikit-learn metrics module for accuracy calculation
```

```
In [4]: col_names = ['pregnant', 'glucose', 'bp', 'skin', 'insulin', 'bmi', 'pedigree', 'age', 'label']
pima = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/diabetes.csv", header=None, names=col_names)
```

```
In [5]: pima.head()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	pregnant	glucose	bp	skin	insulin	bmi	pedigree	age	label
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1

```
In [6]: feature_cols = ['pregnant', 'insulin', 'bmi', 'age', 'glucose', 'bp', 'pedigree']
X = pima[feature_cols] # Features
y = pima.label # Target variable
```

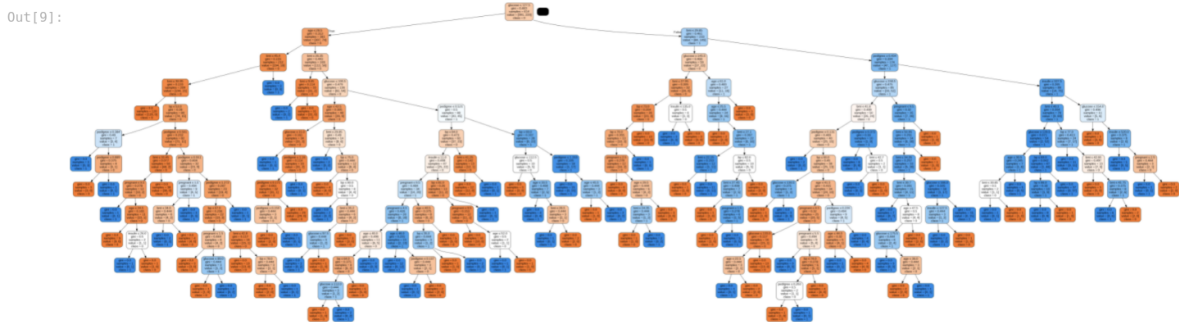
```
In [7]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=2)
```

```
In [8]: clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()
clf = clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
print("Accuracy:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
Accuracy: 0.7467532467532467
```

```
In [9]: from sklearn.tree import export_graphviz
from six import StringIO
from IPython.display import Image
import pydotplus

dot_data = StringIO()
export_graphviz(clf, out_file=dot_data,
               filled=True, rounded=True,
               special_characters=True, feature_names = feature_cols, class_names=['0', '1'])
graph = pydotplus.graph_from_dot_data(dot_data.getvalue())
graph.write_png('diabetes.png')
Image(graph.create_png())
```



```
In [ ]:
```

PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT LINEAR REGRESSION

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [28]: dataset = pd.read_csv('Salary_Data.csv')
dataset.head()
```

```
Out[28]:
```

	YearsExperience	Salary
0	1.1	39343.0
1	1.3	46205.0
2	1.5	37731.0
3	2.0	43525.0
4	2.2	39891.0

```
In [19]: X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
print(X)
```

```
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
```

```
In [6]: y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
```

```
In [10]: dataset.head()
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	YearsExperience	Salary
0	1.1	39343.0
1	1.3	46205.0
2	1.5	37731.0
3	2.0	43525.0
4	2.2	39891.0

```
In [11]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [12]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 1/3, random_state = 0)
```

```
In [14]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
regressor = LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[14]: LinearRegression(copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, n_jobs=None, normalize=False)
```

```
In [15]: y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.show()
```

```
In [16]: pd.DataFrame(data={'Actuals': y_test, 'Predictions': y_pred})
```

```
Out[16]:
```

	Actuals	Predictions
0	37731.0	40835.105909
1	122391.0	123079.399408
2	57081.0	65134.556261
3	63218.0	63265.367772
4	116969.0	115602.645454
5	109431.0	108125.891499
6	112635.0	116537.239698
7	55794.0	64199.962017
8	83088.0	76349.687193

row setup...

7	55794.0	64199.962017
8	83088.0	76349.687193
9	101302.0	100649.137545

```
In [17]: plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color = 'red')
plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.show()
```



In []:

PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT NAIVE BAYES

m/shreehankulkarni907/MACHINE-LEARNING-SEM-6-blob/main/Naive%20Bayes/Gaussian%20Naive%20Bayes/Naive_Bayes.ipynb

to Setup... Error Upd

```
In [99]: import csv
import random
import math
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [100]: def loadcsv(filename):
dataset=pd.read_csv(filename)
n=len(dataset['Pregnancies'].values)
dataframe=[]
for i in range (n):
    dataframe.append(dataset.iloc[i].values.tolist())

return dataframe
```

```
In [101]: def splitdataset(dataset, splitratio):
#67% training size
trainsize = int(len(dataset) * splitratio);
trainset = []
copy = list(dataset);
while len(trainset) < trainsize:
#generate indices for the dataset list randomly to pick training data
    index = random.randrange(len(copy));
    trainset.append(copy.pop(index))
return [trainset, copy]
```

```
In [102]: def separatebyclass(dataset):
separated = {}
for i in range(len(dataset)):
    vector = dataset[i]
    if (vector[-1] not in separated):
        separated[vector[-1]] = []
    separated[vector[-1]].append(vector)
return separated
```

```
In [103]: def mean(numbers):
return sum(numbers)/float(len(numbers))
```

```
def stdev(numbers):
    avg = mean(numbers)
    variance = sum([pow(x-avg,2) for x in numbers])/float(len(numbers)-1)
    return math.sqrt(variance)
```

```
In [104]: def summarize(dataset): #creates a dictionary of classes
summaries = [(mean(attribute), stdev(attribute)) for attribute in zip(*dataset)];
del summaries[-1]#excluding labels +ve or -ve
print(summaries[-1])
return summaries
```

```
In [105]: def summarizebyclass(dataset):
separated = separatebyclass(dataset);
# print(separated)
summaries = {}
for classvalue, instances in separated.items():
    summaries[classvalue] = summarize(instances) #summarize is used to cal to mean and std
return summaries
```

```
In [106]: def calculateprobability(x, mean, stdev):
exponent = math.exp(-(math.pow(x-mean,2)/(2*math.pow(stdev,2))))
return (1 / (math.sqrt(2*math.pi) * stdev)) * exponent
```

```
In [107]: def calculateclassprobabilities(summaries, inputvector):
probabilities = {} # probabilities contains the all prob of all class of test data
for classvalue, classsummaries in summaries.items():#class and attribute information as mean and sd
    probabilities[classvalue] = 1
    for i in range(len(classsummaries)):
        mean, stdev = classsummaries[i] #take mean and sd of every attribute for class 0 and 1 sepraelly
        x = inputvector[i] #testvector's first attribute
        probabilities[classvalue] *= calculateprobability(x, mean, stdev);#use normal dist
return probabilities
```

```
In [108]: def predict(summaries, inputvector): #training and test data is passed
# probabilities = calculateclassprobabilities(summaries, inputvector)
print(probabilities)
bestLabel, bestProb = None, -1
```

ow to Setup...

```
        if bestLabel is None or probability > bestProb:
            bestProb = probability
            bestLabel = classvalue
    return bestLabel
```

```
In [109]: def getpredictions(summaries, testset):
           predictions = []
           for i in range(len(testset)):
               result = predict(summaries, testset[i])
               predictions.append(result)
           # print(result)
           return predictions
```

```
In [110]: def getaccuracy(testset, predictions):
           correct = 0
           for i in range(len(testset)):
               if testset[i][-1] == predictions[i]:
                   correct += 1
           return (correct/float(len(testset))) * 100.0
```

```
In [111]: def main():
           filename = 'bayes.csv'
           splitratio = 0.67
           dataset = loadcsv(filename);

           trainingset, testset = splitdataset(dataset, splitratio)
           print('Split {0} rows into train={1} and test={2} rows'.format(len(dataset), len(trainingset), len(testset)))
           # prepare model
           summaries = summarizebyclass(trainingset);
           #print(summaries)
           # test model
           predictions = getpredictions(summaries, testset) #find the predictions of test data with the training data
           accuracy = getaccuracy(testset, predictions)
           print('Accuracy of the classifier is : {0}%'.format(accuracy))
```

```
In [112]: main()
```

Split 767 rows into train=513 and test=254 rows

o Setup...

```
In [110]: def getaccuracy(testset, predictions):
           correct = 0
           for i in range(len(testset)):
               if testset[i][-1] == predictions[i]:
                   correct += 1
           return (correct/float(len(testset))) * 100.0
```

```
In [111]: def main():
           filename = 'bayes.csv'
           splitratio = 0.67
           dataset = loadcsv(filename);

           trainingset, testset = splitdataset(dataset, splitratio)
           print('Split {0} rows into train={1} and test={2} rows'.format(len(dataset), len(trainingset), len(testset)))
           # prepare model
           summaries = summarizebyclass(trainingset);
           #print(summaries)
           # test model
           predictions = getpredictions(summaries, testset) #find the predictions of test data with the training data
           accuracy = getaccuracy(testset, predictions)
           print('Accuracy of the classifier is : {0}%'.format(accuracy))
```

```
In [112]: main()
```

Split 767 rows into train=513 and test=254 rows
(37.30107526881721, 10.837657018394614)
(31.38532110091743, 11.32474481914113)
Accuracy of the classifier is : 76.37795275590551%

```
In [ ] :
```

```
cqlsh:Employee> BEGIN BATCH
```

```
    ... INSERT INTO  
employee_info(Emp_Id,Emp_Name,Designation,Date_Of_join
```

```
ing,Salary,Dept_Name) VALUES(121,'Rose','Software  
Developer','2021-03-16',80000,'IT')
```

```
... INSERT INTO  
employee_info(Emp_Id,Emp_Name,Designation,Date_Of_join  
ing,Salary,Dept_Name) VALUES(122,'Jane','Software  
Tester','2020-04-16',70000,'IT')
```

```
... INSERT INTO  
employee_info(Emp_Id,Emp_Name,Designation,Date_Of_join  
ing,Salary,Dept_Name)  
VALUES(123,'John','Manager','2020-05-25',65000,'Sales'  
)
```

```
... APPLY BATCH;
```

```
cqlsh:Employee> SELECT * FROM employee_info;
```