

Selbst-organisierende, adaptive Systeme

Übung 2 - Aufgabe 1

Gruppe 13

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Veranschaulichen Sie sich das Verhalten von chaotischen Systemen am **Beispiel des logistischen Modells** bzw. der logistischen Abbildung. [...]

- a) Vervollständigen Sie dazu das **User-Interface** [mit **Slidern** für **y_0** und **R**]
- b) Platzieren Sie **Monitore** [für **y -current** und **y -new**]
- c) Vervollständigen Sie den **Code** [...]
- d) Testen Sie Ihre Implementierung mit verschiedenen Parametern von R . Können Sie **Bifurkationen** beobachten? [...]



Netlogo Code

```
;; the initialization makes sure y-current and y-new are  
;; set to y(0) and y(1), respectively  
;; PRE: none  
;; POST: y-current equals y(0); y-new equals y(1)  
to initialize  
  set y-current y0  
  set y-new logisticMap R y-current  
end
```

```
;; The transformation function performs exactly  
;; one step in the logistic map  
;; PRE: y-current equals  $y(t)$ ; y-new equals  $y(t+1)$   
;; POST: y-current equals  $y(t+1)$ ; y-new equals  $y(t+2)$   
to transformFunc  
  set y-current y-new  
  set y-new logisticMap R y-current  
end
```

```
;; PRE R_ in [0, 4.0), y in [0, 1]
;; POST Result of logistic map
to-report logisticMap [R_ y]
  report R_ * y * (1 - y)
end
```

```
;; PRE R_ in [0, 4.0), y in [0, 1]
;; POST Result of logistic map
to-report logisticMap [R_ y]
  report R_ * y * (1 - y)
end
```

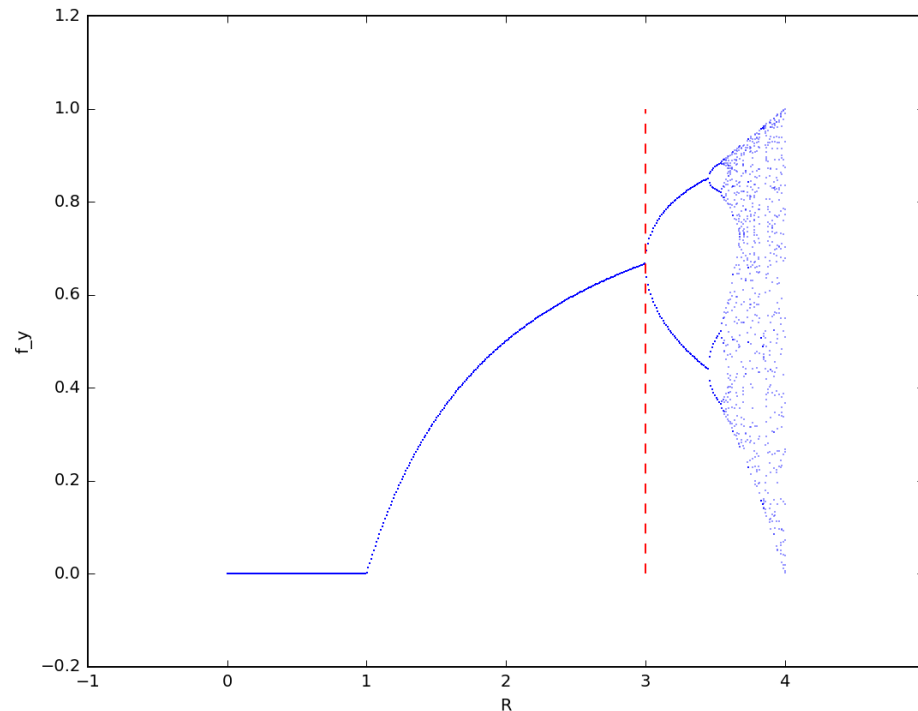
Note: Value 4.0 is excluded by the precondition! (However, this is not a mathematically illegal value.)

- Clamp R to [0,4.0) in method calls (leads to inconsistency!)
- Fail explicitly if R = 4 (is frustrating!)
- Limit the GUI slider to the last value before 4.0 according to the increment (boring!)
- “Adjust” precondition to [0,4] (what we did!)

Demonstration

Behavior of Logistic Map for Different Values of R

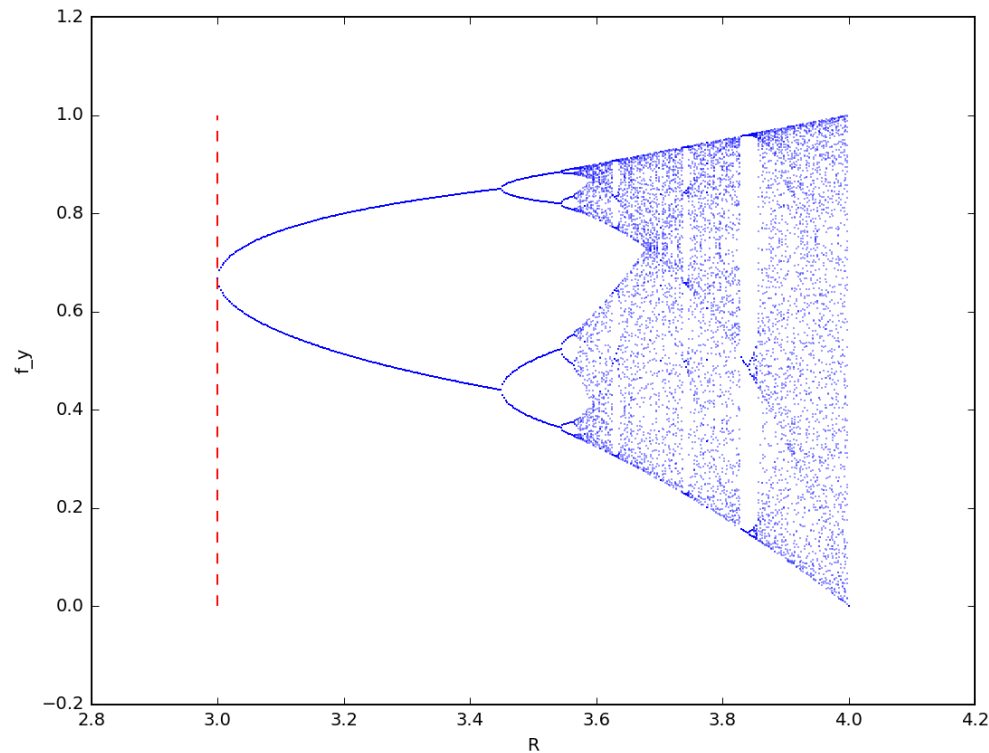
Behavior for Different Values of R



- Single fixpoint for $R < 3$
 - $f_y = 0$ for $R < 1$
- Speed of convergence
 - Quick for $0 < R < 2$
 - Quick with slight fluctuation for $2 < R < 3$

Behavior for Different Values of R

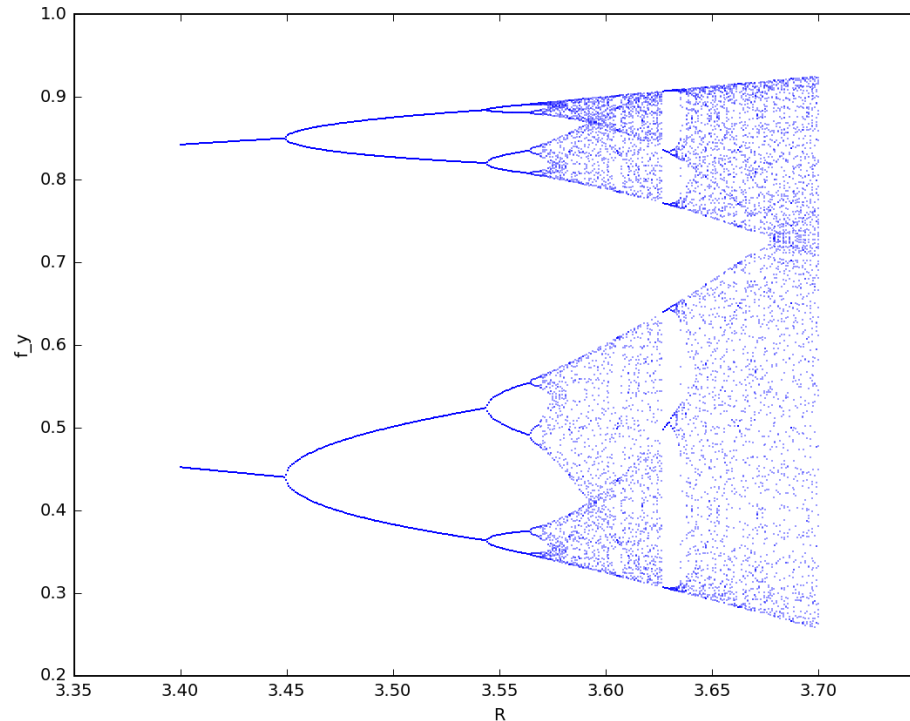
$3 < R < 4$



- For $R = 3$, y converges „dramatically slow”
- Bifurcation Appears for $R > 3$

Behavior for Different Values of R

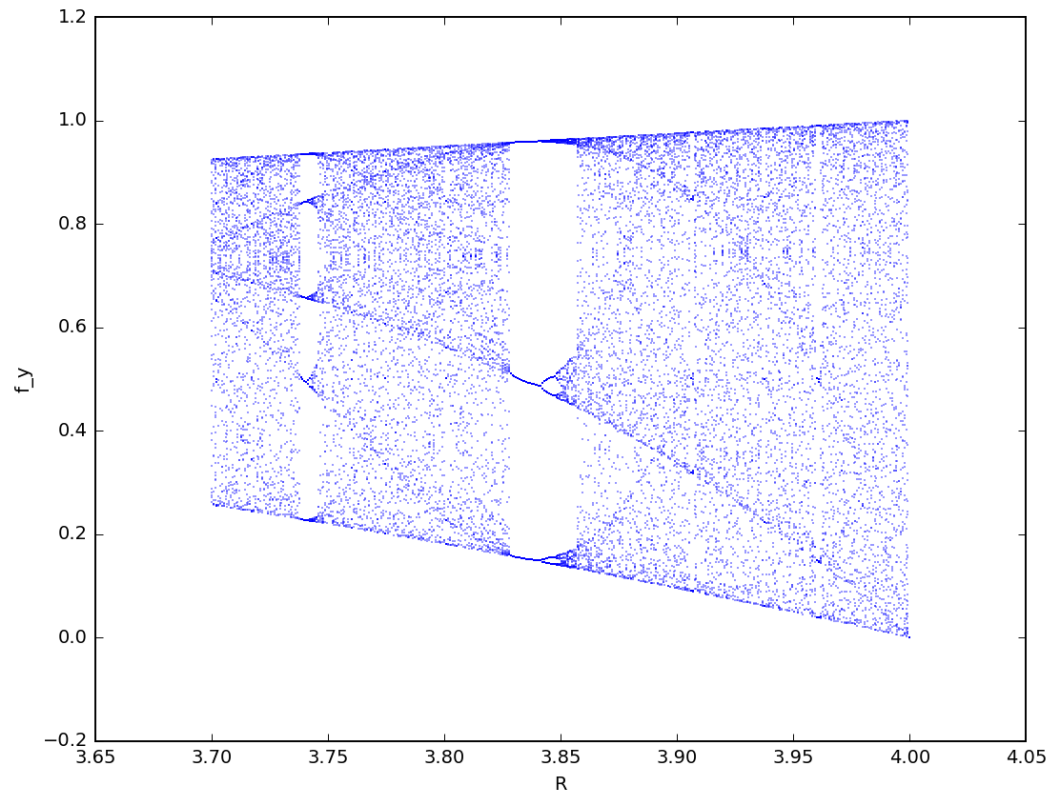
$3.4 < R < 3.7$



- 2, 4, 8, 16... oscillation points
- Chaotic behavior starts to appear
- Fun Fact: Parts of the plot are self-similar

Behavior for Different Values of R

$3.7 < R < 4$



- Certain „Islands of Stability“



Behavior for Different Values of R

$R > 4$

- For $R > 4$, y will exceed $[0,1]$ quickly (no plotting possible)