20 - ADVANCED QUESTIONS:
Question: What is the main difference between a list and a tuple in Python?
A) A tuple is ordered, while a list is not.B) A tuple can contain duplicate items, while a list cannot.C) A tuple is immutable, while a list is mutable.
Answer: C
Question: What does the @staticmethod decorator mean in a class definition?
A) It means the method can alter the state of the object.B) It means the method can be called on the class itself, without creating an instance.C) It means the method requires an instance to be executed.
Answer: B
Question: Which one is not a valid way to create an empty set in Python?
A) set() B) {} C) set{}
Answer: C
Question: What will print(2 * 3 ** 3 * 2) display?
A) 216 B) 108 C) 54
Answer: A
Question: In Python's NumPy, which of the following would you use to compute the dot product of two vectors a and b?
A) a.dot(b) B) a * b C) dot(a, b)
Answer: A

Question: What is the purpose of theslots attribute in a Python class?
A) To specify which attributes are allowed in an instance of the class.B) To speed up attribute access.C) To define private attributes.
Answer: A
Question: What is the main use case of Python's contextlib module?
A) Managing resources like files or network connections.B) Providing utilities for common math operations.C) Handling multi-threading and concurrency.
Answer: A
Question: How would you define a metaclass in Python?
A) A class that subclasses from another class.B) A class that defines the behavior of other classes.C) A class that can't be instantiated.
Answer: B
Question: What does the map function do in Python?
A) Maps a function over an iterable. B) Searches for an element in a list. C) Converts one data type into another.
Answer: A
Question: What does the term "duck typing" refer to in Python?
A) Checking the type of a variable before performing operations on it.B) A technique where the type or the class of an object is less important than the methods it defines.C) Using comments to define variable types.
Answer: B

Question: What will print(all([True, 1, {3}])) display?
A) True B) False C) Error
Answer: A
Question: In Python's Pandas, how do you drop all missing values from a DataFrame df?
A) df.dropna() B) df.drop_all() C) df.delete()
Answer: A
Question: How can you prevent a Python script from being run when it is imported as a module in another script?
A) By using thename == "main" construct. B) By renaming the script. C) By using the @module decorator.
Answer: A
Question: What is the GIL in the context of Python?
A) Global Interpreter Library B) General Inline Lexer C) Global Interpreter Lock
Answer: C
Question: In a Python class, how would you define a method that should not be overridden by subclasses?
A) Mark the method as final.B) Prefix the method name with a single underscore.C) Use the @staticmethod decorator.
Answer: B

Question: In Python's Flask, which decorator is commonly used to route URL patterns to functions?
A) @route('/') B) @url('/') C) @path('/')
Answer: A
Question: What is the main characteristic of a decorator in Python?
A) It's a type of function that takes another function or class and extends or modifies its behavior.B) It's a special syntax for declaring variables.C) It's a construct used to document code.
Answer: A
Question: What is a descriptor in Python?
A) A string that describes an object.B) A comment added for documentation purposes.C) An object attribute with "binding behavior", one whose attribute access has been overridden by methods in the descriptor protocol.
Answer: C
Question: In the asyncio module, what is the main purpose of the await keyword?
A) To start a new thread.B) To pause the execution of a coroutine and wait for a result.C) To declare a variable as asynchronous.
Answer: B
Question: What will the expression [1, 2, 3] * 2 produce in Python?
A) [1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3] B) [2, 4, 6] C) Error
Answer: A