

Image-Transformation

' AIM:

To perform image transformation such as Translation, Scaling, Shearing, Reflection, Rotation and Cropping using OpenCV and Python.

' SOFTWARE REQUIRED:

Anaconda - Python 3.7

' ALGORITHM:

' Step 1:

Import the necessary libraries and read the original image and save it as a image variable.

' Step 2:

Translate the image using $M = \text{np.float32}([[1,0,20],[0,1,50],[0,0,1]])$
`translated_img=cv2.warpPerspective(input_img,M,(cols,rows))`

' Step 3:

Scale the image using $M = \text{np.float32}([[1.5,0,0],[0,2,0],[0,0,1]])$
`scaled_img=cv2.warpPerspective(input_img,M,(cols,rows))`

' Step 4:

Shear the image using $M_x = \text{np.float32}([[1,0.2,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,1]])$
`sheared_img_xaxis=cv2.warpPerspective(input_img,M_x,(cols,rows))`

' Step 5:

Reflection of image can be achieved through the code $M_x = \text{np.float32}([[1,0,0],[0,-1,rows],[0,0,1]])$
`reflected_img_xaxis=cv2.warpPerspective(input_img,M_x,(cols,rows))`

' Step 6:

Rotate the image using $\text{angle} = \text{np.radians}(45)$ $M = \text{np.float32}([[np.cos(\text{angle}),-(np.sin(\text{angle}))], [np.sin(\text{angle}),np.cos(\text{angle})], [0,0,1]])$ `rotated_img=cv2.warpPerspective(input_img,M,(cols,rows))`

' Step 7:

Crop the image using `cropped_img=input_img[20:150,60:230]`

' Step 8:

Display all the Transformed images.

' PROGRAM:

Developed By: R.SOMEASVAR
Register Number: 212221230103

' i)Image Translation:

```
import numpy as np
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
input_image = cv2.imread("4.jfif")
input_image = cv2.cvtColor(input_image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
plt.axis("off")
plt.imshow(input_image)
plt.show()
rows, cols, dim = input_image.shape
M= np. float32([[1, 0, 100],
                [0, 1, 200],
                [0, 0, 1]])
translated_image = cv2.warpPerspective (input_image, M, (cols, rows))
plt.imshow (translated_image)
plt.show()
```

' ii) Image Scaling:

```
import numpy as np
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
input_image = cv2.imread("4.jfif")
input_image = cv2.cvtColor(input_image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
plt.axis("off")
plt.imshow(input_image)
plt.show()
#Transformation matrix for Scaling
```

```

rows, cols, dim = input_image.shape
M = np.float32 ([[1.5, 0, 0],
                 [0, 1.8, 0],
                 [0, 0, 1]])
scaled_img = cv2.warpPerspective (input_image, M, (cols*2, rows*2))
plt.imshow (scaled_img)
plt.show()

```

' iii)Image shearing:

```

import numpy as np
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
input_image = cv2.imread("car.png")
input_image = cv2.cvtColor(input_image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
plt.axis("off")
plt.imshow(input_image)
plt.show()
M_x = np.float32([[1, 0.5, 0],
                  [0, 1, 0],
                  [0, 0, 1]])
M_y = np.float32([[1, 0, 0],
                  [0.5, 1, 0],
                  [0, 0, 1]])
sheared_img_xaxis = cv2.warpPerspective (input_image, M_x, (int(cols *1.5), int (rows
*1.5)))
sheared_img_yaxis = cv2.warpPerspective (input_image, M_y, (int (cols *1.5), int (rows
*1.5)))
plt.imshow (sheared_img_xaxis)
plt.show()
plt.imshow (sheared_img_yaxis)
plt.show()

```

' iv)Image Reflection:

```

import numpy as np
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
input_image=cv2.imread("car.png")
input_image=cv2.cvtColor(input_image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
plt.axis("off")
plt.imshow(input_image)
plt.show()
rows, cols, dim = input_image.shape

```

```

M_x=np.float32([[1,0,0],
                [0,-1,rows],
                [0,0,1]])
M_y=np.float32([[-1,0,cols],
                [0,1,0],
                [0,0,1]])
reflected_img_xaxis=cv2.warpPerspective(input_image,M_x,(cols,rows))
reflected_img_yaxis=cv2.warpPerspective(input_image,M_y,(cols,rows))
plt.imshow(reflected_img_yaxis)
plt.show()

```

' v)Image Rotation:

```

angle=np.radians(45)
M=np.float32([[np.cos(angle),-(np.sin(angle)),0],
              [np.sin(angle),np.cos(angle),0],
              [0,0,1]])
rotated_img=cv2.warpPerspective(input_image,M,(cols,rows))
plt.axis('off')
plt.imshow(rotated_img)
plt.show()

```

' vi)Image Cropping:

```

cropped_img=input_image[20:150,60:230]
plt.axis('off')
plt.imshow(cropped_img)
plt.show()

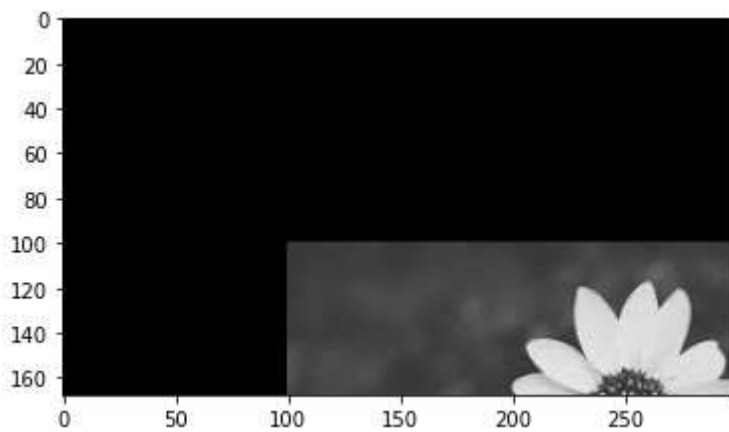
```

' Output:

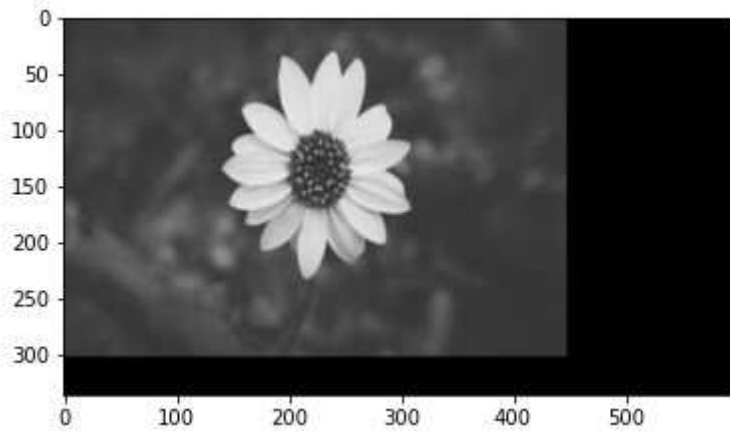
' Original Image:



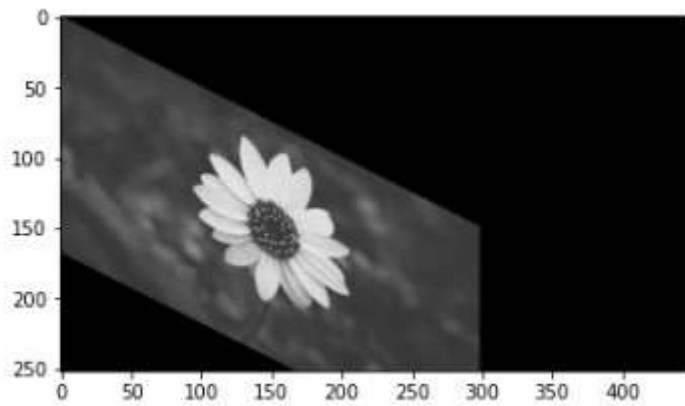
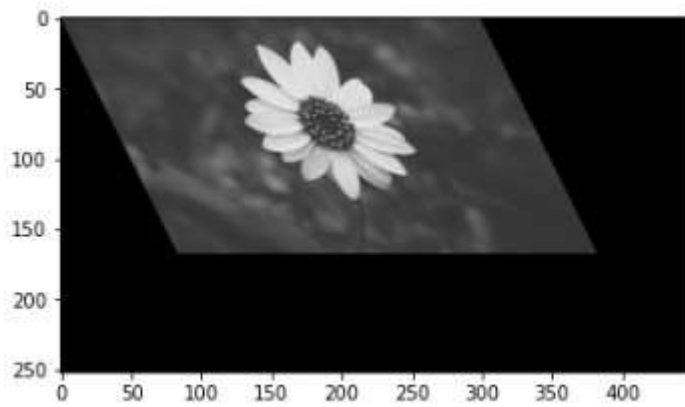
i) Image Translation:



ii) Image Scaling:



’ iii)Image shearing:



iv) Image Reflection:



v)Image Rotation:



vi)Image Cropping:



' **Result:**

Thus the different image transformations such as Translation, Scaling, Shearing, Reflection, Rotation and Cropping are done using OpenCV and python programming.