```
############################
### PM25_USA_EPA_NEI ###
############################
# Question 3: Of the four types of sources indicated by the type (point, nonpoint, onroad, nonroad)
variable.
# which of these four sources have seen decreases in emissions from 1999-2008 for Baltimore City?
# Which have seen increases in emissions from 1999-2008?
# Use the ggplot2 plotting system to make a plot answer this question.
############################
### Resources
                   ###
############################
# EPA Government references
# Reference 1. 2011 National Emissions Inventory, version 1 Technical Support Document November
2013 - DRAFT
# http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/net/2008neiv3/2008_neiv3_tsd_draft.pdf
# Reference 2. 2008 National Emissions Inventory, version 3 Technical Support Document September
2013 - DRAFT
# http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/net/2011nei/2011_neiv1_tsd_draft.pdf
# STATE Government references
# Reference 3. Methodologies for U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions Projections: Non-CO2 and Non-
Energy CO2 Sources DECEMBER, 2013
# http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/219472.pdf
# reshape2
# 1. CRAN - http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/reshape2/index.html
# 2. Sean C. Anderson Blog - An Introduction to reshape2 - http://seananderson.ca/2013/10/19/
reshape.html
# applot2
# http://docs.ggplot2.org
############################
### plot3 R code ###
############################
# Create a function called plot3_TotalEmissionsPM2.5_BALTIMORE_Source_1999_to_2008() to do
the requested plot
plot3 TotalEmissionsPM2.5 BALTIMORE Source 1999 to 2008 = function()
 library(reshape2) # use reshape2 to clean and prepare the data
 library(gaplot2) # use gaplot2 to plot
 library(scales) # use scale functions to modify aesthetics to legend's plot
 # Set the working directory on my local machine
 setwd("~/Desktop/Data Science Specialization/Exploratory Data Analysis/Course project 2")
 # Read the PM2.5 Emissions Data in summarySCC PM25.rds file with readRDS() function
```

NEI <- readRDS("summarySCC PM25.rds")

```
# Read the Source Classification Code Table in Source Classification Code.rds file with readRDS()
function
 SCC <- readRDS("Source_Classification_Code.rds")
 # Define the Baltimore dataset
 # Subset of PM2.5 Emissions Data with NEI$fips == "24510"
 NEI Baltimore <- subset(NEI, fips == "24510")
 # Split the PM2.5 emissions in Baltimore dataset into two column frame year and type, with melt()
function
 NEI Baltimore Year Type <- melt(NEI Baltimore, id.vars = c("year", "type"),
measure.vars="Emissions")
 # Sum the PM2.5 emmmissions in Baltimore resulting dataset by year and type variable with dcast()
function
 NEI baltimore Year Type Sum <- dcast(NEI Baltimore Year Type, year + type ~ variable,
fun.aggregate = sum, na.rm = TRUE)
 # Create a function g with ggplot() function with NEI_baltimore_Year_Type_Sum dataset
 g <- ggplot(data = NEI_baltimore_Year_Type_Sum, aes(x = year, y = Emissions, color = type))
 # Add line
 g <- g + geom_line()
 # Add points
 g <- g + geom_point(aes(colour = type), size = 4, alpha = 1/2)
 # separate in a four facets plots per type
 g <- g + facet grid(.~ type)
 # Add a title to the plot
 g <- g + ggtitle("PM2.5 Emissions by Source Type in Baltimore (USA)")
 # Use scale function to modify legend title "Type" by "Source Type"
 g <- g + scale_color_discrete(name = "Source Type")
 # Add a legend on x with "Year"
 g <- g + xlab("Year")
 # Add a legend on y with "PM2.5 Emissions (Tons)
 g <- g + ylab("PM2.5 Emissions (Tons)")
 # Modify themes of the plot
 g <- g + theme bw(base family = "Times", base size = 10)
 # print the plot()
 print(g)
 # Save png file in working directory
 dev.copy(png, filename = "plot3.png", height = 600, width = 800, unit = "px", bg = "transparent")
 # Release screen
 dev.off()
plot3_TotalEmissionsPM2.5_BALTIMORE_Source_1999_to_2008()
# Answer 3:
# PM2.5 Total Emissions in Baltimore from NON-ROAD, NONPOINT and ON-ROAD sources
decreased between 1999 and 2008.
```

# PM2.5 Total Emissions in Baltimore from POINT source increased between 1999 and 2008.