Subdivision Table of Implementation Regulations

Section 1: General Provisions

Article	Content	Subdivision article
38	"The motor vehicle signal lamps and non-motor vehicle	Article_38.1:
	signal lamps may give signals by:	Green light means that vehicles are allowed to proceed;
	(1) green light, which means that vehicles are allowed to	Yellow light means that vehicles across the stop line may
	proceed, but the making-a-turn vehicles shall not	keep on driving; Red light means that vehicles are
	interfere with the movement of the straight-moving	prohibited from passing.
	vehicles and pedestrians that are allowed to pass;	Article_38.2:
	(2) yellow light, which means that the vehicles across the	Vehicles shall try to follow the best theoretical route when
	stop line may keep on driving;	passing through intersection.
	(3) red light, which means that vehicles are prohibited	Article_38.3:
	from passing.	The making-a-turn vehicles shall not interfere with the
	With regard to a cross without non-motor-vehicle signal	straight-moving vehicles and pedestrians that are allowed to
	lamps and pedestrian crosswalk signal limps, the non-	pass; At the red light, the right-turn vehicles may proceed
	motor vehicles and pedestrians shall pass the cross by	without interfering with other vehicles and pedestrians that
	following the motor vehicle signal light.	are allowed to pass.
	At red light, the right-turn vehicles may proceed without	•
	interfering with the movement of the vehicles and	
	pedestrians that are allowed to pass."	
40	The driveway signal lamps may give signals by:	Not subdivided.
	(1) green arrow, which means the vehicles along this lane	
	are allowed to proceed in the direction of the arrow;	
	(2 red crossing light or red arrow, which means the	
	vehicles along this lane are prohibited from proceeding.	
41	The arrows of signal lamps in the direction of left,	Article 41.1:
	upward or right refer to turning left, going straightly or	The arrows of signal lamps in the direction of left refer to
	turning right.	turning left.
		Article 41.2:
		The arrows of signal lamps in the direction of upward refer
		to going straightly.
		Article 41.3:
		The arrows of signal lamps in the direction of right refer to
		turning right.
42	Where the flash alarm signal lamps give a signal by	Not subdivided.
12	continuous flashing yellow light, it hints that the vehicles	Tot subdivided.
	and pedestrians shall look out and may pass after	
	confirming it is safe.	
43	Where there are two red alarm lamps flashing alternately	Not subdivided.
-1 3	or a red lamp is shown at a road-railway level crossing,	TWO SUBMITTEEN.
	the vehicles and pedestrians are not allowed to pass; if	
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	the red lamp is turned off, the vehicles and pedestrians	
	are allowed to pass. Section 2. Provisions on Passage of	
	Motor Vehicles.	

Section 2: Provisions on Passage of Motor Vehicles

44	Where there are 2 or more motor-vehicle lanes in the same direction on a road, the left one is fast driveway, the right one is slow driveway. The vehicles along the fast driveway shall run at a speed according to the provisions on fast driveway speed, if a vehicle fails to run at such a speed, it shall turn to the slow driveway. Motorcycles shall be driven along the furthest right lane. Where there is traffic sign indicating the driving speed, the motor vehicles shall be driven by following the said speed. Where a motor vehicle passes a motor vehicle ahead of it, it may use the fast driveway.	Article_44.1: Where there are 2 or more motor vehicle lanes in the same direction on a road, the motor vehicles changing lanes shall not affect the motor vehicles driving normally along the corresponding lanes. Notes: The relevant descriptions of vehicle speed in this Article are placed in Article 45 and 78, which are described in more detail later.
	Where there are 2 or more motor vehicle lanes in the same direction on a road, the motor vehicles changing lanes shall not affect the motor vehicles driving normally along the corresponding lanes.	
45	No motor vehicle running on a road may exceed the speed as indicated on the speed limitation sign or line. On a road without speed limitation sign or line, no motor vehicle may exceed the following top speeds: (1) With regard to a road without midline, city road 30 km / hour, highway 40 km / hour; (2) With regard to a road with only one driveway, city road 35 km / hour, highway 70 km / hour.	Article_45.1: No motor vehicle running on a road may exceed the speed as indicated on the speed limitation sign or line. Article_45.2: On a road without speed limitation sign or line, with regard to a road without midline, city road 30 km / hour. Article_45.3: On a road without speed limitation sign or line, with regard to a road without midline, highway 40 km / hour. Article_45.4: On a road without speed limitation sign or line, with regard to a road without speed limitation sign or line, with regard to a road with only one driveway, city road 30 km / hour. Article_45.5: On a road without speed limitation sign or line, with regard to a road without speed limitation sign or line, with regard to a road without speed limitation sign or line, with regard to a road with only one driveway, highway 70 km / hour.
46	Where a running motor vehicle is under any of the following circumstances, its top speed shall not exceed 30 km / hour; moreover, a tractor, storage battery car or special wheeled mechanical vehicle shall not exceed 15 km / hour: (1) Entering or exiting a non-motor vehicle lane, passing a railway crossing, blind bend, narrow road or narrow bridge; (2) Turning around, left or right, or running down a steep slope; (3) In case of such weather conditions as fog, rain, snow, dust or hailstorm, the visibility is less than 50 meters; (4) Driving on an icy, snowy or muddy road; (5) Towing a motor vehicle that doesn't work.	Article_46.1: When entering or exiting a non-motor vehicle lane, its top speed shall not exceed 30 km / hour. Article_46.2: When passing a railway crossing, its top speed shall not exceed 30 km / hour. Article_46.3: When passing a blind bend, its top speed shall not exceed 30 km / hour. Article_46.4: When passing a narrow section, its top speed shall not exceed 30 km / hour. Article_46.5: When running down a steep slope, its top speed shall not exceed 30 km / hour. Article_46.5: When running down a steep slope, its top speed shall not exceed 30 km / hour. Article_46.6:

		When the visibility is 1 then 50 may 20 4 1 1 11
		When the visibility is less than 50 meters, its top speed shall
		not exceed 30 km / hour.
		Article_46.7:
		When driving on an icy, snowy or muddy road, its top speed
		shall not exceed 30 km / hour.
		Article_46.8:
		When turning around, its top speed shall not exceed 30 km
		/ hour.
		Article_46.9:
		When turning left or right, its top speed shall not exceed 30
		km / hour.
		Article_46.10:
		When Towing a motor vehicle that doesn't work, its top
		speed shall not exceed 30 km / hour.
47	When a motor vehicle overtakes another one, it shall turn	Article 47.1:
	on left turn light, use the high-beam and low-beam	When a motor vehicle overtakes another one, it shall turn
	headlight alternately or sound the horn. When driving on	on left turn light, use the high-beam and low-beam headlight
	a road without midline or with only one driveway of	alternately or sound the horn.
	same direction, if a motor vehicle is given a overtaking	Article 47.2:
	signal by a motor vehicle approaching from behind, it	When driving on a road without midline or with only one
	shall slow down its speed and yield to the right where	driveway of same direction, if a motor vehicle is given a
	possible. After confirming there is a sufficient safe	overtaking signal by a motor vehicle approaching from
	distance, the latter shall overtake the vehicle mentioned	behind, it shall slow down its speed and yield to the right
	first from its left side, and after there is a second	where possible.
	necessary safe distance between them, the overtaking	Article 47.3:
	_	After confirming there is a sufficient safe distance, the latter
	vehicle shall turn on right turn light and return to the	_
	original lane.	shall overtake the vehicle mentioned first from its left side,
		and after there is a second necessary safe distance between
		them, the overtaking vehicle shall turn on right turn light
		and return to the original lane.
48	On a road without central segregation facilities or	On a road without central segregation facilities or midline,
	midline, when any motor vehicles face motor vehicles	when any motor vehicles face motor vehicles approaching
	approaching from the opposite direction, it shall abide by	from the opposite direction:
	the following provisions:	Article_48.1:
	(1) Each shall slow down its speed and keep a necessary	Each shall slow down its speed and keep to the right.
	safe distance from other vehicles and pedestrians;	Article_48.2:
	(2) At a road section with barriers, the motor vehicles	Each shall keep a necessary safe distance from other
	facing no barrier shall go first; but if those facing barriers	vehicles and pedestrians.
	have entered into the section with barriers and the motor	Article_48.3:
	vehicles facing no barrier haven't yet, those facing	At a road section with barriers, the motor vehicles facing no
	barriers shall go first;	barrier shall go first; but if those facing barriers have entered
	(3) At a narrow slope, those climbing the slope shall go	into the section with barriers and the motor vehicles facing
	first; but when the going-down vehicles have been in the	no barrier haven't yet, those facing barriers shall go first.
	midway and the climbing vehicles haven't started to	Article_48.4:
	climb, the going-down vehicles shall go first;	At a narrow slope, those climbing the slope shall go
	(4) On a narrow mountain road, the vehicles rather than	first; but when the going-down vehicles have been in the
	those driving on the side by the mountain shall go first;	midway and the climbing vehicles haven't started to climb,
	(5) When driving at night, a motor vehicle shall use low-	the going-down vehicles shall go first.
	beam light at a distance of more than 150 meters from	Article_48.5:
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	any motor vehicle approaching from the opposite direction. On a narrow road or bridge, a motor vehicle shall use low-beam light when meeting non-motor vehicles.	On a narrow mountain road, the vehicles rather than those driving on the side by the mountain shall go first. Article_48.6: When driving at night, a motor vehicle shall use low-beam
	Temples.	light at a distance of more than 150 meters from any motor vehicle approaching from the opposite direction. On a narrow road or bridge, a motor vehicle shall use low-beam
49	No motor vehicle may turn around at a place where there	light when meeting non-motor vehicles. Article 49.1:
	is a sign or line prohibiting U-turns or left turns, or at a railway crossing, crosswalk, bridge, blind bend, steep slope, tunnel or a dangerous road section.	No motor vehicle may turn around at a place where there is a sign or line prohibiting U-turns or left turns. Article 49.2:
	The motor vehicles may turn around at a place where there is no sign or line prohibiting U-turns or left turns, but shall not interfere with the normal movement of other	No motor vehicle may turn around at a railway crossing, crosswalk, bridge, blind bend, steep slope, tunnel or a dangerous road section.
	vehicles and pedestrians.	Article_49.3: When turning around, the motor vehicle shall not interfere with the normal movement of other vehicles and pedestrians.
50	Before moving backward, a motor vehicle shall pay attention to the situation behind it. It may move backward after making sure it is safe to do so. No motor vehicle may move backward at a railway crossing,	Article_50.1: Before moving backward, a motor vehicle shall pay attention to the situation behind it. It may move backward after making sure it is safe to do so.
	crosswalk, bridge, blind bend, steep slope, tunnel or a dangerous road section.	Article_50.2: No motor vehicle may move backward at a railway crossing, crosswalk, bridge, blind bend, steep slope, tunnel or a dangerous road section.
51	When passing an intersection with traffic signal light, the motor vehicle shall follow the following requirements: (1) At the junction with directional lanes, they shall drive into the one it needs by following the direction as	Article_51.1: At the junction with directional lanes, they shall drive into the one it needs by following the direction as indicated. Article 51.2:
	indicated; (2) If they prepare to enter into a round road, they shall let those who have been entered into the road go first;	When they prepare to turn left, they shall make a turn from the left side of the central point at the intersection. Article 51.3:
	(3) When they prepare to turn left, they shall make a turn from the left side of the central point at the intersection. When making a turn, they shall turn on the turn light, and	If they prepare to enter into a round road, they shall let those who have been entered into the road go first. Article 51.4:
	shall turn on the low-beam light at night; (4) When facing a movement signal, they shall proceed	When facing a movement signal, they shall proceed in turn; Article_51.5:
	in turn; (5) When facing a stop signal, they shall stop beyond the stop line in turn. If there is no stop line, they shall stop	When facing a stop signal, they shall stop beyond the stop line in turn. If there is no stop line, they shall stop beyond the intersection.
	beyond the intersection; (6) When the motor vehicles ahead of those along the same lane who prepare to turn right are waiting for movement signal, all of them shall stop to wait;	Article_51.6: When making a turn, they shall turn on the turn light, and shall turn on the low-beam light at night.
	(7) At an intersection without directional signal lamp, the motor vehicles prepare to make a turn shall allow the straight-moving vehicles and pedestrians go first. The	Notes: (7) belongs to the right of way rules related to intersections. Put it in article 38 and 52.

	right-turn motor vehicles shall allow the oncoming left-	
	turn motor vehicles go first.	
52	The motor vehicles at a intersection without traffic signal	Article_52.1:
	light and traffic police shall follow the following	When the motor vehicles at a intersection without traffic
	provisions besides those in Article 51 (2) and (3):	signal light and traffic police, if there are traffic signs or
	(1) If there are traffic signs or lines, the vehicles with	lines, the vehicles with passage priority shall be allowed to
	passage priority shall be allowed to go first;	go first.
	(2) If there is no traffic sign or line at the intersection, a	Article_52.2:
	motor vehicle shall stop to look out before entering into	When the motor vehicles at a intersection without traffic
	the intersection and let the oncoming vehicles from the	signal light and traffic police, if there is no traffic signs or
	right road go first;	lines, the vehicles shall stop to look out before entering into
	(3) The making-a-turn motor-vehicles shall let the	the intersection and let the oncoming vehicles from the right
	straight moving ones go first; and	road go first; The making-a-turn motor-vehicles shall let the
	(4) The right-turn ones shall let the oncoming left-turn	straight moving ones go first; The right-turn ones shall let
	motor vehicles go first.	the oncoming left-turn motor vehicles go first.
53	Where any motor vehicles find that there is a traffic jam	Article 53.1:
	at the intersection ahead of them, they shall wait in the	Where any motor vehicles find that there is a traffic jam at
	queue beyond the intersection, shall not enter into this	the intersection ahead of them, they shall wait in the queue
	intersection.	beyond the intersection, shall not enter into this intersection.
	Where any motor vehicles find that the vehicles ahead	Article 53.2:
	are waiting in a queue or are moving slowly, they shall	At a road junction or at a road section where the driveways
	queue in turn, shall not pass the vehicles ahead from both	become less, if any motor vehicles find that the motor
	sides or overtake them or occupy the driveway on the	vehicles ahead are waiting in a queue or are moving slowly,
	other side, nor may they park to wait at the crosswalk or	they shall enter into the said road junction or road section
	within the area of reticulation lines.	alternatively in turn.
	At a road junction or at a road section where the	Article_53.3: Where any motor vehicles find that the vehicles ahead are
	driveways become less, if any motor vehicles find that	
	the motor vehicles ahead are waiting in a queue or are	waiting in a queue or are moving slowly, they shall queue
	moving slowly, they shall enter into the said road	in turn, shall not pass the vehicles ahead from both sides or
	junction or road section alternatively in turn.	overtake them or occupy the driveway on the other side.
		N-4 Post 65 41
		Notes: Put "nor may they park to wait at the crosswalk or
(2)		within the area of reticulation lines." into Article 63.
63	Temporary parking of motor vehicles on roads shall	Article_63.1:
	abide with the following provisions:	No parking is allowed in sections with no stop signs and
	(1) No parking is allowed in sections with no stop signs	markings.
	and markings, sections with isolation facilities between	Article_63.2:
	motorways and non-motor vehicle lane, crosswalks and	No parking is allowed on the crosswalk.
	construction sections;	Article_63.3:
	(2) No parking is allowed at intersections, railway	No parking is allowed in sections with isolation facilities
	crossings, sharp turns, narrow roads, bridges, steep	between motorways and non-motor vehicle lane.
	slopes, tunnels with a width of less than 4 meters, and	Article_63.4:
	sections within 50 meters from the above locations;	No parking is allowed at intersections, railway crossings,
	(3) No parking is allowed in front of bus stops, first aid	sharp turns, narrow roads, bridges, steep slopes, tunnels
	stations, gas stations, fire hydrants or fire brigades	with a width of less than 4 meters, and sections within 50
	(stations) and in sections within 30 meters from the	meters from the above locations.
	above places, except for those using the above facilities;	Article_63.5:
	(4) Before the vehicle stops stably, it is not allowed to	No parking is allowed in front of bus stops, first aid stations,
	open the door and let people get on and off. Opening and	gas stations, fire hydrants or fire brigades (stations) and in
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	closing the door shall not hinder the passage of other	sections within 30 meters from the above places, except for
	vehicles and pedestrians;	those using the above facilities.
	(5) The roadside parking shall be close to the right side	Article_63.6:
	of the road, and the motor vehicle driver shall not leave	The roadside parking shall be close to the right side of the
	the vehicle. After getting on and off the vehicle or	road. Before the vehicle stops stably, it is not allowed to
	loading and unloading articles, the driver shall	open the door and let people get on and off. Opening and
	immediately leave;	closing the door shall not hinder the passage of other
	(6) City buses are not allowed to stop at sections outside	vehicles and pedestrians;
	the stops to get on and off passengers.	
64	When a motor vehicle passes over an overflow road or	Not subdivided.
	bridge, it shall stop to check the water situation and pass	
	at a low speed after confirming safety.	
65	Where a motor vehicle carries out of gauge goods	Article_65.1:
	passing through a railway crossing, it shall pass at the	Where a motor vehicle carries out of gauge goods passing
	railway crossing and at the time designated by the local	through a railway crossing, it shall pass at the railway
	railway department.	crossing and at the time designated by the local railway
	Motor vehicles passing through the ferry shall obey the	department.
	command of the ferry administrator and wait for the ferry	Article_65.1:
	according to the designated place. When getting on or off	Motor vehicles passing through the ferry shall obey the
	the ferry, the motor vehicle shall slow down.	command of the ferry administrator and wait for the ferry
		according to the designated place. When getting on or off
		the ferry, the motor vehicle shall slow down.
67	In unit yards and residential areas, motor vehicles shall	Not subdivided.
	drive at low speeds to avoid pedestrians; If there is a	
	speed limit sign, drive according to the speed limit sign.	

Section 1: Special Provisions for Highway

78	Driving speeds for different vehicle lanes of an	Article_78.1:
	expressway shall be indicated, the maximum speed shall	Driving speeds for different vehicle lanes of an expressway
	not exceed 120 kilometers per hour while the minimum	shall be indicated, the maximum speed shall not exceed 120
	speed shall not be lower than 60 kilometers per hour.	kilometers per hour while the minimum speed shall not be
	Where there are two vehicle lanes in the same direction,	lower than 60 kilometers per hour.
	the minimum speed for the left lane is 100 kilometers per	Article_78.2:
	hour; and where there are three vehicle lanes or more in	Where there are two vehicle lanes in the same direction, the
	the same direction, the minimum speed for the farthest	minimum speed for the left lane is 100 kilometers per hour.
	left lane is 110 kilometers per hour, and 90 kilometers per	Article_78.3:
	hour for the middle lane. Where there is any discrepancy	Where there are three vehicle lanes or more in the same
	between the speed indicated by a speed limit sign put up	direction, the minimum speed for the farthest left lane is 110
	on a road and the driving speeds mentioned above, a	kilometers per hour, and 90 kilometers per hour for the
	motor vehicle shall be driven at the speed indicated by	middle lane.
	the speed limit sign on the road.	Article_78.4:
		Where there is any discrepancy between the speed indicated
		by a speed limit sign put up on a road and the driving speeds
		mentioned above, a motor vehicle shall be driven at the
		speed indicated by the speed limit sign on the road.
79	When driving from the ramp into expressway, the motor	Article_79.1:
	vehicle driver shall turn on the left-turn indicator light	When driving from the ramp into expressway, the motor
	and drive into the vehicle lane on condition that the	vehicle driver shall turn on the left-turn indicator light.

Article 79.2: vehicles normally running on the expressway are not obstructed. When driving from the ramp into expressway, the motor vehicle driver shall drive into the vehicle lane on condition When driving away from expressway, the driver shall turn on the right-turn indicator light, drive into the that the vehicles normally running on the expressway are deceleration lane and leave the expressway after not obstructed. Article 79.3: reducing the speed. When driving away from expressway, the driver shall turn on the right-turn indicator light. Article 79.4: When driving away from expressway, the driver shall drive into the deceleration lane and leave the expressway after reducing the speed. 80 Where a motor vehicle is running on expressway at a Article 80.1: speed which exceeds 100 kilometers per hour, a distance Where a motor vehicle is running on expressway at a speed of 100 meters or more shall be maintained from the which exceeds 100 kilometers per hour, a distance of 100 vehicle in front in the same vehicle lane; and when the meters or more shall be maintained from the vehicle in front speed is lower than 100 kilometers per hour, the distance in the same vehicle lane. from the vehicle in front may be narrowed appropriately, Article 80.2: but the minimum distance may not be less than 50 Where a motor vehicle is running on expressway at a speed which lower than 50 kilometers per hour, a distance of 50 meters. meters or more shall be maintained from the vehicle in front in the same vehicle lane. When a motor vehicle is running on expressway in fog, 81 Article 81.1: rain, snow, sand-dust, hailstone, or under other When a motor vehicle is running on expressway and the meteorological conditions of low visibility, the driver visibility is less than 200 meters, he shall turn on the fog shall observe the following provisions: lights, low beam headlights, sidelights, front and rear lights. (1) when the visibility is less than 200 meters, he shall Article 81.2: When a motor vehicle is running on expressway and the turn on the fog lights, low beam headlights, sidelights, visibility is less than 100 meters, he shall turn on the fog front and rear lights, drive at a speed not exceeding 60 kilometers per hour, and maintain a distance of more than lights, low beam headlights, sidelights, front and rear lights, and danger warning flashing lights. 100 meters from the vehicle running in front in the same vehicle lane; Article 81.3: (2) when the visibility is less than 100 meters, he shall When a motor vehicle is running on expressway and the turn on the fog lights, low beam headlights, sidelights, visibility is less than 200 meters, the speed shall not exceed front and rear lights, and danger warning flashing lights, 60 kilometers per hour. drive at a speed not exceeding 40 kilometers per hour, Article 81.4: and maintain a distance of more than 50 meters from the When a motor vehicle is running on expressway and the vehicle running in front in the same vehicle lane; and visibility is less than 100 meters, the speed shall not exceed (3) when the visibility is less than 50 meters, he shall turn 40 kilometers per hour. on the fog lights, low beam headlights, sidelights, front Article 81.5: and rear lights, and danger warning flashing lights, drive When a motor vehicle is running on expressway and the at a speed not exceeding 20 kilometers per hour, and visibility is less than 50 meters, the speed shall not exceed leave the expressway from the nearest exit as soon as 20 kilometers per hour. possible. Under any of the circumstances specified in the Article 81.6: preceding paragraph, the expressway administration When a motor vehicle is running on expressway and the department shall, by using a screen or by any other visibility is less than 200 meters, he shall maintain a means, release such guidance information as the speed distance of more than 100 meters from the vehicle running limit or the distance to be maintained between vehicles. in front in the same vehicle lane. Article 81.7:

		When a motor vehicle is running on expressway and the
		visibility is less than 100 meters, he shall maintain a
		distance of more than 50 meters from the vehicle running in
		front in the same vehicle lane.
82	When driving a motor vehicle on expressway, the driver	Article_82.1:
	shall not commit any of the following acts:	When a motor vehicle is running on expressway, it shall not
	(1) backing the vehicle, driving in a direction not allowed	back the vehicle.
	by traffic regulations, making a U-turn across the central	Article_82.2:
	reservation or stopping in the vehicle lane;	When a motor vehicle is running on expressway, it shall not
	(2) overtaking another vehicle in the ramp, acceleration	make a U-turn across the central reservation.
	lane or deceleration lane;	Article_82.3:
	(3) driving over or on the dividing line of vehicle lanes	When a motor vehicle is running on expressway, it shall not
	or on the shoulder;	drive in a direction not allowed by traffic regulations.
	(4) driving or stopping in the emergency lane under non-	Article_82.4:
	emergency circumstances;	When a motor vehicle is running on expressway, it shall not
		stop in the vehicle lane.
		Article_82.5:
		The motor vehicle shall not overtake another vehicle in the
		ramp, acceleration lane or deceleration lane.
		Article_82.6:
		When a motor vehicle is running on expressway, it shall not
		drive over or on the dividing line of vehicle lanes or on the
		shoulder.
		Article_82.7:
		When a motor vehicle is running on expressway, it shall not
		drive or stop in the emergency lane under non-emergency
		circumstances.
84	When passing the construction section, motor vehicles	Not subdivided.
	shall pay attention to the warning signs and slow down.	
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Statistics: There are 48 articles in *The Regulation on the Implementation of the Law of the People's Republic of China on Road Traffic Safety – Chapter 4, Provision on Road Passage*, 25 of which are related to driving.