INTEL 80x86 ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE OPCODES

The following table provides a list of x86-Assembler mnemonics, that is not complete. Most of them can be found, for others see at www.intel.com

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50. JB/JNAE - Jump Below / Jump Not Above or Equal
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53. JCXZ/JECXZ - Jump if Register (E)CX is Zero
54. JE/JZ - Jump Equal / Jump Zero
55. JG/JNLE - Jump Greater / Jump Not Less or Equal
56. JGE/JNL - Jump Greater or Equal / Jump Not Less
57. JL/JNGE - Jump Less / Jump Not Greater or Equal
58. JLE/JNG - Jump Less or Equal / Jump Not Greater
59. JMP - Unconditional Jump
60. JNC - Jump Not Carry
61. JNE/JNZ - Jump Not Equal / Jump Not Zero
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10/20/22, 8:25 PM 62. JNO - Jump Not Overflow 63. JNS - Jump Not Signed 64. JNP/JPO - Jump Not Parity / Jump Parity Odd 65. JO - Jump on Overflow 66. JP/JPE - Jump on Parity / Jump on Parity Even 67. JS - Jump Signed 68. LAHF - Load Register AH From Flags 69. LAR - Load Access Rights 70. LDS - Load Pointer Using DS 71. LEA - Load Effective Address 72. LEAVE - Restore Stack for Procedure Exit 73. LES - Load Pointer Using ES 74. LFS - Load Pointer Using FS 75. **LGDT** - Load Global Descriptor Table 76. LIDT - Load Interrupt Descriptor Table 77. LGS - Load Pointer Using GS 78. LLDT - Load Local Descriptor Table 79. LMSW - Load Machine Status Word 80. LOCK - Lock Bus 81. LODS - Load String 82. LOOP - Decrement CX and Loop if CX Not Zero 83. LOOPE/LOOPZ - Loop While Equal / Loop While Zero 84. LOOPNZ/LOOPNE - Loop While Not Zero / Loop While Not Equal 85. LSL - Load Segment Limit 86. LSS - Load Pointer Using SS 87. LTR - Load Task Register 88. MOV - Move Byte or Word 89. MOVS - Move String 90. MOVSX - Move with Sign Extend 91. MOVZX - Move with Zero Extend 92. MUL - Unsigned Multiply 93. **NEG** - Two's Complement Negation 94. NOP - No Operation 95. NOT - One's Compliment Negation 96. OR - Inclusive Logical OR 97. OUT - Output Data to Port 98. **OUTS** - Output String to Port 99. POP - Pop Word off Stack 100. POPA/POPAD - Pop All Registers onto Stack 101. POPF/POPFD - Pop Flags off Stack 102. PUSH - Push Word onto Stack 103. PUSHA/PUSHAD - Push All Registers onto Stack 104. PUSHF/PUSHFD - Push Flags onto Stack 105. RCL - Rotate Through Carry Left 106. RCR - Rotate Through Carry Right 107. REP - Repeat String Operation 108. REPE/REPZ - Repeat Equal / Repeat Zero 109. REPNE/REPNZ - Repeat Not Equal / Repeat Not Zero 110. RET/RETF - Return From Procedure 111. ROL - Rotate Left 112. ROR - Rotate Right 113. SAHF - Store AH Register into FLAGS 114. SAL/SHL - Shift Arithmetic Left / Shift Logical Left 115. SAR - Shift Arithmetic Right 116. SBB - Subtract with Borrow 117. SCAS - Scan String 118. SETAE/SETNB - Set if Above or Equal / Set if Not Below 119. SETB/SETNAE - Set if Below / Set if Not Above or Equal 120. SETBE/SETNA - Set if Below or Equal / Set if Not Above 121. SETE/SETZ - Set if Equal / Set if Zero 122. SETNE/SETNZ - Set if Not Equal / Set if Not Zero 123. SETL/SETNGE - Set if Less / Set if Not Greater or Equal 124. SETGE/SETNL - Set if Greater or Equal / Set if Not Less 125. SETLE/SETNG - Set if Less or Equal / Set if Not greater or Equal 126. SETG/SETNLE - Set if Greater / Set if Not Less or Equal 127. SETS - Set if Signed 128. SETNS - Set if Not Signed 129. **SETC** - Set if Carry 130. **SETNC** - Set if Not Carry

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131. SETO - Set if Overflow
132. SETNO - Set if Not Overflow
133. SETP/SETPE - Set if Parity / Set if Parity Even
134. SETNP/SETPO - Set if No Parity / Set if Parity Odd
135. SGDT - Store Global Descriptor Table
136. SIDT - Store Interrupt Descriptor Table
137. SHR - Shift Logical Right
138. SHLD/SHRD - Double Precision Shift
139. SLDT - Store Local Descriptor Table
140. SMSW - Store Machine Status Word
141. STC - Set Carry
142. STD - Set Direction Flag
143. STI - Set Interrupt Flag
144. STOS - Store String
145. STR - Store Task Register
146. SUB - Subtract
147. TEST - Test For Bit Pattern
148. VERR - Verify Read
149. VERW - Verify Write
150. WAIT/FWAIT - Event Wait
151. WBINVD - Write-Back and Invalidate Cache
152. XCHG - Exchange
153. XLAT/XLATB - Translate
154. XOR - Exclusive OR
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NOTATIONS AND FORMAT USED IN THIS DOCUMENT

Notation

```
mnemonics
      Instruction syntax
op
      Instruction OpCode
XX
      Additional Code bytes
S
      Sign Bit
            E: Sign-extended 8-bit immediate data
            N: Non
W
      Word/byte Bit
            W: 16-bit operanrs
            B: 8-bit operanrs
len
      Instruction length
flags
             ----c - Carry flag
            ----p- - Parity flag
            ----a-- - Auxiliary flag
            ----z--- Zero flag
            ---s---- Sign flag
            ---t----- Trap flag
            --i----- Interrupt flag
            -d---- Direction flag
            o----- Overflow flag
mr
      Addressing mode Byte = MODRM(mod-reg-r/m)
/0~7
      2nd or 3rd Opcode (MODRM bits 5,4,3 from reg field)
d0 d1
      Displacement [Low-byte High-byte]
i0 i1
      Immediate word value
```

o0 o1

Offset value

s0 s1

Segment value

r0

Relative Short Displacement to label 'sl' (-128/+127 bytes)

r0 r1

Relative Long Displacement to label 'II' (-32768/+32767 bytes)

Mnemonic Notation

mb mw md mq	memory byte memory word memory double word memory quad word	rb rw rd	register byte register word register double word	rmb rmw	register or memory byte register or memory word
sl ll np fp	short label long label near pointer far pointer	ib iw	immediate byte immediate word	mwr mdr mqr mtr	memory word real memory double word real memory quad word real memory ten byte real
cr	control register	-	debug register truction General Form		test register

AAA - Ascii Adjust for Addition

mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
AAA	37							1	a-

Usage

AAA

Modifies flags

AF CF (OF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Changes contents of AL to valid unpacked decimal. The high order nibble is zeroed.

AAD - Ascii Adjust for Division

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	SW	len	flags
AAD	D5	0A						2	sz-p

Usage

AAD

Modifies flags

SF ZF PF (AF,CF,OF undefined)

Used before dividing unpacked decimal numbers.

Multiplies AH by 10 and the adds result into AL. Sets AH to zero.

This instruction is also known to have an undocumented behavior.

AAM - Ascii Adjust for Multiplication

mnemonics	ор	хх	хx	хх	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
AAM	D4	0A						2	sz-p

Usage

AAM

Modifies flags

PF SF ZF (AF,CF,OF undefined)

Used after multiplication of two unpacked decimal numbers, this instruction adjusts an unpacked decimal number. The high order nibble of each byte must be zeroed before using this instruction. This instruction is also known to have an undocumented behavior.

AAS - Ascii Adjust for Subtraction

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
AAS	3F							1	a-

Usage

AAS

Modifies flags

AF CF (OF, PF, SF, ZF undefined)

Corrects result of a previous unpacked decimal subtraction in AL. High order nibble is zeroed.

ADC - Add With Carry

mnen	nonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	SW	len	flags
ADC	AL,ib	14	i0					В	2	oszap
ADC	AX,iw	15	i0	i1				W	3	oszap
ADC	rb,rmb	12	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
ADC	rw,rmw	13	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap
ADC	rmb,ib	80	/2	d0	d1	i0		NB	3~5	oszap
ADC	rmw,iw	81	/2	d0	d1	i0	i1	NW	4~6	oszap
ADC	rmw,ib	83	/2	d0	d1	i0		EW	3~5	oszap
ADC	rmb,rb	10	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
ADC	rmw,rw	11	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

ADC de

dest,src

Modifies flags

AF CF OF SF PF ZF

Sums two binary operands placing the result in the destination. If CF is set, a 1 is added to the destination.

ADD - Arithmetic Addition

mnem	onics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
ADD	AL,ib	04	i0					В	2	oszap
ADD	AX,iw	05	i0	i1				W	3	oszap
ADD	rb,rmb	02	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
ADD	rw,rmw	03	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap
ADD	rmb,ib	80	/0	d0	d1	i0		NB	3~5	oszap

ADD	rmw,iw	81	/0	d0	d1	i0	i1	NW	4~6	oszap
ADD	rmw,ib	83	/0	d0	d1	i0		EW	3~5	oszap
ADD	rmb,rb	00	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
ADD	rmw,rw	01	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

ADD dest, src

Modifies flags

AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Adds "src" to "dest" and replacing the original contents of "dest". Both operands are binary.

AND - Logical And

mnem	onics	ор	хх	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
AND	AL,ib	24	i0					В	2	0sz-p
AND	AX,iw	25	i0	i1				W	3	0sz-p
AND	rb,rmb	22	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	0sz-p
AND	rw,rmw	23	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	0sz-p
AND	rmb,ib	80	/4	d0	d1	i0		NB	3~5	0sz-p
AND	rmw,iw	81	/4	d0	d1	i0	i 1	NW	4~6	0sz-p
AND	rmw,ib	83	/4	d0	d1	i0		EW	3~5	0sz-p
AND	rmb,rb	20	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	0sz-p
AND	rmw,rw	21	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	0sz-p

Usage

AND dest,src

Modifies flags

CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Performs a logical AND of the two operands replacing the destination with the result.

ARPL - Adjusted Requested Privilege Level of Selector (286+ protected mode)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хх	хх	SW	len	flags
ARPL	rmw,rw	[286]	63	mr	d0	d1				2~4	Z

Usage

ARPL dest, src

Modifies flags

ZF

Compares the RPL bits of "dest" against "src". If the RPL bits of "dest" are less than "src", the destination RPL bits are set equal to the source RPL bits and the Zero Flag is set. Otherwise the Zero Flag is cleared.

BOUND - Array Index Bound Check (80188+)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
BOUND	rw,rmw	[186]	62	mr	d0	d1				2~4	

Usage

BOUND src, limit

Modifies flags

None

Array index in source register is checked against upper and lower bounds in memory source. The first word located at "limit" is the lower boundary and the word at "limit+2" is the upper array bound. Interrupt 5 occurs if the source value is less than or higher than the source.

BSF - Bit Scan Forward (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
BSF	rw,rmw	[386]	0F	ВС	mr	d0	d1			3~5	Z

Usage

BSF dest,src

Modifies flags

ZF

Scans source operand for first bit set. Sets ZF if a bit is found set and loads the destination with an index to first set bit. Clears ZF is no bits are found set. BSF scans forward across bit pattern (0-n) while BSR scans in reverse (n-0).

BSR - Bit Scan Reverse (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
BSR	rw,rmw	[386]	0F	BD	mr	d0	d1			3~5	Z

Usage

BSR dest, src

Modifies flags

ZF

Scans source operand for first bit set. Sets ZF if a bit is found set and loads the destination with an index to first set bit. Clears ZF is no bits are found set. BSF scans forward across bit pattern (0-n) while BSR scans in reverse (n-0).

BSWAP - Byte Swap (486+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хх	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
BSWAP	eax	[486]	0F	C8						2	
BSWAP	ecx	[486]	0F	C 9						2	
BSWAP	edx	[486]	0F	CA						2	
BSWAP	ebx	[486]	0F	СВ						2	
BSWAP	esp	[486]	0F	CC						2	
BSWAP	ebp	[486]	0F	CD						2	
BSWAP	esi	[486]	0F	CE						2	
BSWAP	edi	[486]	0F	CF						2	

Usage

BSWAP reg32

Modifies flags

none

Changes the byte order of a 32 bit register from big endian to little endian or vice versa. Result left in destination register is undefined if the operand is a 16 bit register.

BT - Bit Test (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
ВТ	rmw,ib	[386]	0F	ВА	/4	d0	d1	i0		4~6	
ВТ	rmw,rw	[386]	0F	A3	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

BT dest,src

Modifies flags

CF

The destination bit indexed by the source value is copied into the Carry Flag.

BTC - Bit Test with Compliment (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хх	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
ВТС	rmw,ib	[386]	0F	ВА	/7	d0	d1	i0		4~6	
ВТС	rmw,rw	[386]	0F	ВВ	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

BTC dest,src

Modifies flags

CF

The destination bit indexed by the source value is copied into the Carry Flag after being complimented (inverted).

BTR - Bit Test with Reset (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
BTR	rmw,ib	[386]	0F	ВА	/6	d0	d1	i0		4~6	
BTR	rmw,rw	[386]	0F	В3	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

BTR dest,src

Modifies flags

CF

The destination bit indexed by the source value is copied into the Carry Flag and then cleared in the destination.

BTS - Bit Test and Set (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
BTS	rmw,ib	[386]	0F	ВА	/5	d0	d1	i0		4~6	
BTS	rmw,rw	[386]	0F	AB	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

BTS dest,src

Modifies flags

CF

The destination bit indexed by the source value is copied into the Carry Flag and then set in the destination.

CALL - Procedure Call

	mnemonics	ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	хx	SW	len	flags
CALL	np	E8	00	o1					3	
CALL	rw	FF	/2	d0	d1			W	2~4	
CALL	DWORD PTR[rw]	FF	/3	d0	d1			W	2~4	
CALL	FAR PTR fp	9A	00	о1	sl	sh			5	

Usage

CALL destination

Modifies flags

None

Pushes Instruction Pointer (and Code Segment for far calls) onto stack and loads Instruction Pointer with the address of proc-name. Code continues with execution at CS:IP.

CBW - Convert Byte to Word

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags

CBW 98	1
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CBW

Modifies flags

None

Converts byte in AL to word Value in AX by extending sign of AL throughout register AH.

CDQ - Convert Double to Quad (386+ only)

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
CDQ	[32bit]	66	99)					1+1	

Usage

CDQ

Modifies flags

None

Converts signed DWORD in EAX to a signed quad word in EDX:EAX by extending the high order bit of EAX throughout EDX

CLC - Clear Carry

mnemonics	ор	хx	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
CLC	F8							1	

Usage

CLC

Modifies flags

CF

Clears the Carry Flag.

CLD - Clear Direction Flag

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
CLD	FC							1	-0

Usage

CLD

Modifies flags

DF

Clears the Direction Flag causing string instructions to increment the SI and DI index registers.

CLI - Clear Interrupt Flag (Disable Interrupts)

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	SW	len	flags
CLI	FA							1	0

Usage

CLI

Modifies flags

IF

Disables the maskable hardware interrupts by clearing the Interrupt flag. NMI's and software interrupts are not inhibited.

CLTS - Clear Task Switched Flag (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics	o	p	хх	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
CLTS		[286] 0	F	06						2	

Usage CLTS

Modifies flags

None

Clears the Task Switched Flag in the Machine Status Register. This is a privileged operation and is generally used only by operating system code.

CMC - Complement Carry Flag

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хx	хх	ХX	sw	len	flags
CMC	F5							1	

Usage

CMC

Modifies flags

CF

Toggles (inverts) the Carry Flag

CMP - Compare

mner	nonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хх	SW	len	flags
CMP	AL,ib	3C	i0					В	2	oszap
CMP	AX,iw	3D	i0	i1				W	3	oszap
CMP	rb,rmb	ЗА	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
CMP	rw,rmw	3B	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap
CMP	rmb,ib	80	/7	d0	d1	i0		NB	3~5	oszap
CMP	rmw,iw	81	/7	d0	d1	i0	i1	NW	4~6	oszap
CMP	rmw,ib	83	/7	d0	d1	i0		EW	3~5	oszap
CMP	rmb,rb	38	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
CMP	rmw,rw	39	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

CMP dest,src

Modifies flags

AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Subtracts source from destination and updates the flags but does not save result. Flags can subsequently be checked for conditions.

CMPS - Compare String (Byte, Word or Doubleword)

mne	emonics	ор	хх	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
CMPSB		А6						В	1	odszap
CMPSW		Α7						W	1	odszap
CMPSD	[32bit]	66	ΑZ	7				D	1+1	odszap

Usage

CMPS dest,src

CMPSB CMPSW

CMPSD (386+ only)

Modifies flags

AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Subtracts destination value from source without saving results. Updates flags based on the subtraction and the index registers (E)SI and (E)DI are incremented or decremented depending on the state of the Direction Flag. CMPSB inc/decrements the index registers by 1, CMPSW inc/decrements by 2, while CMPSD increments or decrements by 4. The REP prefixes can be used to process entire data items.

CMPXCHG/CMPXCHG8B - Compare and Exchange

mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
CMPXCHG rmb,rb	[486]	0F	А6	mr	d0	d1		В	3~5	oszap
CMPXCHG rmw,rw	[486]	0F	Α7	mr	d0	d1		W	3~5	oszap
CMPXCHG rmb,rb	[486]	0F	В0	mr	d0	d1		В	3~5	oszap
CMPXCHG rmw,rw	[486]	0F	В1	mr	d0	d1		W	3~5	oszap
CMPXCHG8B rmq,rd	[P5]	0F	C 7	mr	d0	d1			3~5	Z

Usage

CMPXCHG dest, src (486+) CMPXCHG8B dest, src (P5+)

Modifies flags

AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Compares the accumulator (8-32 bits) with "dest". If equal the "dest" is loaded with "src", otherwise the accumulator is loaded with "dest".

CWD - Convert Word to Doubleword

mnemonics	ор	хх	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
CWD	99							1	

Usage

CWD

Modifies flags

None

Extends sign of word in register AX throughout register DX forming a doubleword quantity in DX:AX.

CWDE - Convert Word to Extended Doubleword (386+ only)

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
CWDE	[32bit]	66	98	3					1+1	

Usage

CWDE

Modifies flags

None

Converts a signed word in AX to a signed doubleword in EAX by extending the sign bit of AX throughout EAX.

DAA - Decimal Adjust for Addition

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
DAA	27							1	szap

Usage

DAA

Modifies flags

AF CF PF SF ZF (OF undefined)

Corrects result (in AL) of a previous BCD addition operation. Contents of AL are changed to a pair of packed decimal digits.

DAS - Decimal Adjust for Subtraction

mnemonics	ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
DAS	2F							1	szap

DAS

Modifies flags

AF CF PF SF ZF (OF undefined)

Corrects result (in AL) of a previous BCD subtraction operation. Contents of AL are changed to a pair of packed decimal digits.

DEC - Decrement

mnemon	ics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	sw	len	flags
DEC	AX	48							1	oszap
DEC	BP	4C							1	oszap
DEC	ВХ	4A							1	oszap
DEC	CX	49							1	oszap
DEC	DI	4F							1	oszap
DEC	DX	49							1	oszap
DEC	rmb	FE	/1	d0	d1				2~4	oszap
DEC	rmw	FF	/1	d0	d1				2~4	oszap
DEC	SI	4D							1	oszap
DEC	SP	4B							1	oszap

Usage

DEC dest

Modifies flags

AF OF PF SF ZF

Unsigned binary subtraction of one from the destination.

DIV - Divide

mnem	onics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
DIV	rmb	F6	/6	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
DIV	rmw	F7	/6	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

DIV src

Modifies flags

(AF,CF,OF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Unsigned binary division of accumulator by source. If the source divisor is a byte value then AX is divided by "src" and the quotient is placed in AL and the remainder in AH. If source operand is a word value, then DX:AX is divided by "src" and the quotient is stored in AX and the remainder in DX.

ENTER - Make Stack Frame (80188+)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
ENTER	iw,ib	[186]	C8	i0	i1	i0				4	

Usage

ENTER locals, level

Modifies flags

None

Modifies stack for entry to procedure for high level language. Operand "locals" specifies the amount of storage to be allocated on the stack. "Level" specifies the nesting level of the routine. Paired with the LEAVE instruction, this is an efficient method of entry and exit to procedures.

A description of the floating point instructions is not available at yet.

The following table has been provided for op-codes:

THE IOII	owing table has bee		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		_	
	mnemonics	<u> </u>		ХХ	XX	ХХ	ХХ	SW	len	flags
F2XM1			F0						2	
FABS			E1						2	
FADD		-	C1						2	
FADD	mdr		/0					_	2~4	
FADD	mqr	DC	/0	d0	d1			Q	2~4	
FADD	st(i),st	DC	C0-	-i					2	
FADD	st,st(i)	D8	C0-	-i					2	
FADDP	st(i),st	DE	C0+	-i					2	
FBLD	mtr	DF	/4	d0	d1				2~4	
FBSTP	mtr	DF	/6	d0	d1				2~4	
FCHS		D9	E0						2	
FCLEX		9В	DB	E2					3	
FCOM		D8	D1						2	z-p
FCOM	mdr	D8	/2	d0	d1			D	2~4	z-p
FCOM	mqr	DC	/2	d0	d1			_		z-p
FCOM	st(i)		D0+					Ť	2	z-p
FCOMP	, ,		D9						2	z-p
FCOMP	mdr		/3	d0	d1			D		z-p
FCOMP	mqr	_	/3					_	-	z-p
FCOMP	st(i)	_	D8+					-	2	z-p
FCOMPP	30(2)	_	D9	_					2	z-p
FCOS	[387]		FF						2	P
FDECSTP	[307]	_	F6					\vdash	2	
FDISI		_	DB	F1					3	
FDIV	mdr	_	/6		d1			<u> </u>	2~4	
FDIV			/6					_		
FDIV	mqr st(i),st		F8+		uı			Ų	2~4 2	
FDIV	st,st(i)		F0+						2	
FDIVP	51,51(1)	_	F9	-1					2	
	a+/÷\ a+	-		<u>.</u>					2	
	st(i),st	_	F8+		41			_		
FDIVR	mdr		/7					_	2~4	
FDIVR	mqr	_	/7		aт			Ų	2~4	
FDIVR	st(i),st		F0+						2	
FDIVR	st,st(i)	_	F8+	-1					2	
FDIVRP			F1					\vdash	2	
FDIVRP	st(i),st		F0-						2	
FENI		_	DB						3	
FFREE	st(i)		C0-						2	
FIADD	mw		/0						2~4	
FIADD	md	_	/0						2~4	
FICOM	mdr		/2							z-p
FICOM	mqr	DA	/2	d0	d1			Q	2~4	z-p
FICOMP	md	DE	/3	d0	d1			D	2~4	z-p
FICOMP	mq	DA	/3	d0	d1			Q	2~4	z-p
FIDIV	mw	DE	/6	d0	d1			W	2~4	
FIDIV	md	DĀ	/6	d0	d1			D	2~4	
FIDIVR	mw	DE	/7	d0	d1			W	2~4	
FIDIVR	md	DA	/7	d0	d1			D	2~4	
FILD	mw	DF	/0	d0	d1			W	2~4	
FILD	md	DB	/0	d0	d1			D	2~4	
FILD	mq	DF	/5	d0	d1			Q	2~4	
FIMUL	mw	_	/1					_	2~4	
FIMUL	md		/1					-	2~4	
			<u> </u>							1

//Z0/ZZ, 0.Z3	1 101	'	IIICI	OUXU	7 A33CITIDITY L
FINCSTP		D9 F7		2	
FINIT		9B DB E3		3	
FIST	mw	DF /2 d0 d1	W	2~4	
FIST	md	DB /2 d0 d1	D	2~4	
FISTP	mw	DF /3 d0 d1	W	2~4	
FISTP	md	DB /3 d0 d1	D	2~4	
FISTP	mq	DF /7 d0 d1	0	2~4	
FISUB	mw	DE /4 d0 d1	_	2~4	
FISUB	md	DA /4 d0 d1		2~4	
FISUBR	mw	DE /5 d0 d1	_		
FISUBR	md	DA /5 d0 d1	_	2~4	
FLD	mdr	D9 /0 d0 d1	_		
FLD	mqr	DD /0 d0 d1	_	2~4	
FLD	mtr	DB /5 d0 d1		2~4	
FLD	st(i)	D9 C0+i	H	2	
FLD1	30(1)	D9 E8		2	
FLDCW	mw	D9 /5 d0 d1	141		
		D9 /4 d0 d1	W	2~4	
_	m14				
FLDL2E		D9 EA D9 E9	\vdash	2	
FLDL2T		1		2	
FLDLG2		D9 EC		2	
FLDLN2		D9 ED		2	
FLDPI		D9 EB		2	
FLDZ		D9 EE		2	
FMUL		DE C9		2	
FMUL	mdr	D8 /1 d0 d1	_	2~4	
FMUL	mqr	DC /1 d0 d1	Q	2~4	
FMUL	st(i),st	DC C8+i		2	
FMUL	st,st(i)	D8 C8+i		2	
FMULP	st(i),st	DE C8+i		2	
FNCLEX		DB E2		2	
FNDISI		DB E1		2	
FNENI		DB E0		2	
FNINIT		DB E3		2	
FNOP		D9 D0		2	
FNSAVE	m94	DD /6 d0 d1		2~4	
FNSTCW	mw	D9 /7 d0 d1	W	2~4	
FNSTENV	m14	D9 /6 d0 d1		2~4	
FNSTSW	ax	DF E0		2	
FNSTSW	mw	DD /7 d0 d1	W	2~4	
FPATAN		D9 F3		2	
FPREM		D9 F8		2	
FPREM1	[387]	D9 F5		2	
FPTAN		D9 F2		2	
FRNDINT		D9 FC		2	
FRSTOR	m94	DD /4 d0 d1		2~4	
FSAVE	m94	9B DD /6 d0 d1		3~5	
FSCALE		D9 FD		2	
FSETPM		DB E4		2	
FSIN	[387]	D9 FE		2	
FSINCOS	[387]	D9 FB		2	
FSQRT		D9 FA		2	
FST	mdr	D9 /2 d0 d1	D	2~4	
FST	mqr	DD /2 d0 d1	Q	2~4	
FST	st(i)	DD D0+i		2	
_					

120122, 0.20								OUNO	ASSCITION L
FSTCW	mw		9В	D9 /7	d0	d1	W	3~5	
FSTENV	m14		9В	D9 /6	d0	d1		3~5	
FSTP	mdr		D9	/3 d0	d1		D	2~4	
FSTP	mqr		DD	/3 d0	d1		Q	2~4	
FSTP	mtr		DB	/7 d0	d1		Т	2~4	
FSTP	st(i)		DD	D8+i				2	
FSTSW	ax		9В	DF E0				3	
FSTSW	mw		9В	DD /7	d0	d1	W	3~5	
FSUB	mdr		D8	/4 d0	d1		D	2~4	
FSUB	mqr		DC	/4 d0	d1		Q	2~4	
FSUB	st(i),st		DC	E8+i				2	
FSUB	st,st(i)		D8	E0+i				2	
FSUBP			DE	E9				2	
FSUBP	st(i),st		DE	E8+i				2	
FSUBR			DE	E1				2	
FSUBR	mdr		D8	/5 d0	d1		D	2~4	
FSUBR	mqr		DC	/5 d0	d1		Q	2~4	
FSUBR	st(i),st		DC	E0+i				2	
FSUBR	st,st(i)		D8	E8+i				2	
FSUBRP	st(i),st		DE	E0+i				2	
FTST			D9	E4				2	
FUCOM		[387]	DD	E1				2	z-p
FUCOM	st(i)	[387]	DD	E0+i				2	z-p
FUCOMP	st(i)	[387]	DD	E8+i				2	z-p
FUCOMPP		[387]	DA	E9				2	z-p
FXAM			D9	E5				2	
FXCH			D9	C9				2	
FXCH	st(i)		D9	C8+i				2	
FXTRACT			D9	F4				2	
FYL2X			D9	F1				2	
FYL2XP1			D9	F9				2	

ESC - Escape

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	ХX	хх	ХX	sw	len	flags
ESC	?							2	

Usage

ESC immed,src

Modifies flags

None

Provides access to the data bus for other resident processors. The CPU treats it as a NOP but places memory operand on bus.

HLT - Halt CPU

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
HLT	F4							1	

Usage

HLT

Modifies flags

None

Halts CPU until RESET line is activated, NMI or maskable interrupt received. The CPU becomes dormant but retains the current CS:IP for later restart.

IDIV - Signed Integer Division

mnemo	nics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
IDIV	rmb	F6	/7	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
IDIV	rmw	F7	/7	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

IDIV src

Modifies flags

(AF,CF,OF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Signed binary division of accumulator by source. If source is a byte value, AX is divided by "src" and the quotient is stored in AL and the remainder in AH. If source is a word value, DX:AX is divided by "src", and the quotient is stored in AL and the remainder in DX.

IMUL - Signed Multiply

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
IMUL	rb,rmb	[386]	0F	AF	mr	d0	d1		В	3~5	oszap
IMUL	rd,ib		6B	mr	i0				W	3	oszap
IMUL	rd,id		69	mr	i0	i 1	i 2	i 3	W	6	oszap
IMUL	rd,rmd,ib		6B	mr	d0	d1	i0		W	3~5	oszap
IMUL	rd,rmd,id		69	mr	d0	d1	i0	√i3	W	6~8	oszap
IMUL	rmb		F6	/5	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
IMUL	rmw		F7	/5	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap
IMUL	rw,ib		6B	mr	i0				В	3	oszap
IMUL	rw,iw		69	mr	i0	i1			В	4	oszap
IMUL	rw,rmw	[386]	0F	AF	mr	d0	d1		W	3~5	oszap
IMUL	rw,rmw,ib		6B	mr	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	oszap
IMUL	rw,rmw,iw		69	mr	d0	d1	i0	i1	В	4~6	oszap

Usage

IMUL src

IMUL src, immed (286+ only)

IMUL dest,src,immed8 (286+ only)

IMUL dest,src (386+ only)

Modifies flags

CF OF (AF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Signed multiplication of accumulator by "src" with result placed in the accumulator. If the source operand is a byte value, it is multiplied by AL and the result stored in AX. If the source operand is a word value it is multiplied by AX and the result is stored in DX:AX. Other variations of this instruction allow specification of source and destination registers as well as a third immediate factor.

IN - Input Byte or Word From Port

mne	emonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
IN	AL,ib	E4	i0					В	2	
IN	AL,DX	EC						В	1	
IN	AX,ib	E5	i0					W	2	
IN	AX,DX	ED						W	1	

Usage

IN accum,port

Modifies flags

None

A byte, word or dword is read from "port" and placed in AL, AX or EAX respectively. If the port number is in the range of 0-255 it can be specified as an immediate, otherwise the port number must be specified in DX. Valid port ranges on the PC are 0-1024, though values through 65535 may be specified and recognized by third party vendors and PS/2's.

INC - Increment

mnemon:	ics	ор	хx	хх	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
INC	AX	40							1	oszap
INC	CX	41							1	oszap
INC	DX	42							1	oszap
INC	ВХ	43							1	oszap
INC	SP	44							1	oszap
INC	BP	45							1	oszap
INC	SI	46							1	oszap
INC	DI	47							1	oszap
INC	rmb	FE	/0	d0	d1				2~4	oszap
INC	rmw	FF	/0	d0	d1				2~4	oszap

Usage

INC dest

Modifies flags

AF OF PF SF ZF

Adds one to destination unsigned binary operand.

INS - Input String from Port (80188+)

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
INSB	[186]	6C						В	1	
INSW	[186]	6D						W	1	
INSD	[32bit]	66	6[)				D	1+1	

Usage

INS dest,port

INSB

INSW

INSD (386+ only)

Modifies flags

None

Loads data from port to the destination ES:(E)DI (even if a destination operand is supplied). (E)DI is adjusted by the size of the operand and increased if the Direction Flag is cleared and decreased if the Direction Flag is set. For INSB, INSW, INSD no operands are allowed and the size is determined by the mnemonic.

INT - Interrupt

mnemoni	.cs	ор	хх	хх	хх	ХX	хx	sw	len	flags
INT	3	cc							1	00
INT	ib	CD	i0						2	00

Usage

INT num

Modifies flags

TF IF

Initiates a software interrupt by pushing the flags, clearing the Trap and Interrupt Flags, pushing CS followed by IP and loading

CS:IP with the value found in the interrupt vector table. Execution then begins at the location addressed by the new CS:IP

INTO - Interrupt on Overflow

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	ХX	хх	ХX	sw	len	flags
INTO	CE							1	00

Usage

INTO

Modifies flags

IF TF

If the Overflow Flag is set this instruction generates an INT 4 which causes the code addressed by 0000:0010 to be executed.

INVD - Invalidate Cache (486+ only)

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
INVD	[486]	0F	08						2	

Usage

INVD

Modifies flags

none

Flushes CPU internal cache. Issues special function bus cycle which indicates to flush external caches. Data in write-back external caches is lost.

INVLPG - Invalidate Translation Look-Aside Buffer Entry (486+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	XX	XX	XX	XX	ХX	sw	len	flags
INVLPG	m	[486]	0F	01	/7					3	

Usage

INVLPG

Modifies flags

none

Invalidates a single page table entry in the Translation Look-Aside Buffer. Intel warns that this instruction may be implemented differently on future processors.

IRET/IRETD - Interrupt Return

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
IRET		CF							1	oditszap
IRETD	[32bit]	66	CF	=					1+1	oditszap

Usage

IRET

IRETD (386+ only)

Modifies flags

AF CF DF IF PF SF TF ZF

Returns control to point of interruption by popping IP, CS and then the Flags from the stack and continues execution at this location. CPU exception interrupts will return to the instruction that cause the exception because the CS:IP placed on the stack during the interrupt is the address of the offending instruction.

JA/JNBE - Jump Above / Jump Not Below or Equal

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хх	SW	len	flags
JA	11	[386]	0F	87	r0	r1				4	
JA	sl		77	r0						2	

JA label **JNBE** label

Modifies flags None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Carry Flag and Zero Flag are both clear. Unsigned comparison.

JAE/JNB - Jump Above or Equal / Jump on Not Below

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
JAE	11	[386]	0F	83	r0	r1				4	
JAE	sl		73	r0						2	

Usage

JAE label JNB label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Carry Flag is clear. Functionally similar to JNC. Unsigned comparison.

JB/JNAE - Jump Below / Jump Not Above or Equal

	mnemonics		ор	хх	ХX	хх	ХX	хx	sw	len	flags
ЈВ	11	[386]	0F	82	r0	r1				4	
ЈВ	sl		72	r0						2	

Usage

JB label **JNAE** label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Carry Flag is set. Functionally similar to JC. Unsigned comparison.

JBE/JNA - Jump Below or Equal / Jump Not Above

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
JBE	11	[386]	0F	86	r0	r1				4	
JBE	sl		76	r0						2	

Usage

JBE label JNA label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Carry Flag or the Zero Flag is set. Unsigned comparison.

^{*)} JA/JNBE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} JAE/JNB are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} JB/JNAE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

*) JBE/JNA are different mnemonics for the same instruction

JC - Jump on Carry

	mnemonics	ор	ХX	ХX	хx	ХX	хx	sw	len	flags
JC	11 [386]	0F	82	r0	r1				4	
JC	sl	72	r0						2	

Usage

JC label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Carry Flag is set. Functionally similar to JB and JNAE. Unsigned comparison.

JCXZ/JECXZ - Jump if Register (E)CX is Zero

	mnemo	nics	ор	хх	хх	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
JCXZ	sl		E3	r0						2	
JECXZ	sl	[32bit]	67	E3	re)				1+2	

Usage

JCXZ label

JECXZ label (386+ only)

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if register CX is zero. Uses unsigned comparison.

JE/JZ - Jump Equal / Jump Zero

	mn	emonics	ор	хх	хх	хx	XX	хх	SW	len	flags
[]	E 11	[386]	0F	84	r0	r1				4	
[]	E sl		74	r0						2	

Usage

JE label

JZ label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Zero Flag is set. Uses unsigned comparison.

JG/JNLE - Jump Greater / Jump Not Less or Equal

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
JG	11	[386]	0F	8F	r0	r1				4	
JG	sl		7F	r0						4	

Usage

JG label

JNLE label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Zero Flag is clear or the Sign Flag equals the Overflow Flag. Signed comparison.

^{*)} JE/JZ are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} JG/JNLE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

JGE/JNL - Jump Greater or Equal / Jump Not Less

	mnemonics		ор	хх	хх	хх	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
JGE	11	[386]	0F	8D	r0	r1				4	
JGE	sl		7D	r0						4	

Usage

JGE label

Modifies flags None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Sign Flag equals the Overflow Flag. Signed comparison.

JL/JNGE - Jump Less / Jump Not Greater or Equal

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
JL	11	[386]	0F	8C	r0	r1				4	
JL	sl		7C	r0						2	

Usage

JL label JNGE label

Modifies flags None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Sign Flag is not equal to Overflow Flag. Unsigned comparison.

JLE/JNG - Jump Less or Equal / Jump Not Greater

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
JLE	11	[386]	0F	8E	r0	r1				4	
JLE	sl		7E	r0						2	

Usage

JLE label JNG label

Modifies flags None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Zero Flag is set or the Sign Flag is not equal to the Overflow Flag. Signed comparison.

JMP - Unconditional Jump

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
JMP	SHORT sl	ЕВ	r0						2	
JMP	np	E9	00	o1					3	
JMP	rmw	FF	/4	d0	d1				2~4	
JMP	DWORD PTR [rmw]	FF	/5	d0	d1				2~4	
JMP	FAR PTR fp	EΑ	00	01	s0	s1			5	

Usage

JMP target

Modifies flags

^{*)} JGE/JNL are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} JL/JNGE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} JLE/JNG are different mnemonics for the same instruction

None

Unconditionally transfers control to "label". Jumps by default are within -32768 to 32767 bytes from the instruction following the jump. NEAR and SHORT jumps cause the IP to be updated while FAR jumps cause CS and IP to be updated.

JNC - Jump Not Carry

	mnemonics		ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	ХX	sw	len	flags
JNC	11	[386]	0F	83	r0	r1				4	
JNC	sl		73	r0						2	

Usage

JNC label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Carry Flag is clear. Functionally similar to JAE or JNB. Unsigned comparison.

JNE/JNZ - Jump Not Equal / Jump Not Zero

	mnemonics		ор	хx	ХX	хх	ХX	хx	sw	len	flags
JNE	11	[386]	0F	85	r0	r1				4	
JNE	sl		75	r0						2	

Usage

JNE label

JNZ label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Zero Flag is clear. Unsigned comparison.

JNO - Jump Not Overflow

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
JNO	11	[386]	0F	81	r0	r1				4	
JNO	sl		71	r0						2	

Usage

JNO label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Overflow Flag is clear. Signed comparison.

JNS - Jump Not Signed

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	ХX	хх	хx	sw	len	flags
JNS	11	[386]	0F	89	r0	r1				4	
JNS	sl		79	r0						2	

Usage

JNS label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Sign Flag is clear. Signed comparison.

^{*)} JNE/JNZ are different mnemonics for the same instruction

JNP/JPO - Jump Not Parity / Jump Parity Odd

	mnemonics		ор	хх	хx	хх	хх	хх	SW	len	flags
JNP	11	[386]	0F	8B	r0	r1				4	
JNP	sl		7В	r0						2	

Usage

JNP label

Modifies flags None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Parity Flag is clear. Unsigned comparison.

JO - Jump on Overflow

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
JO	11	[386]	0F	80	r0	r1				4	
JO	sl		70	r0						2	

Usage

JO label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Overflow Flag is set. Signed comparison.

JP/JPE - Jump on Parity / Jump on Parity Even

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
JP	11	[386]	0F	8A	r0	r1				4	
JP	sl		7A	r0						2	

Usage

JP label JPE label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Parity Flag is set. Unsigned comparison.

JS - Jump Signed

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
JS	11	[386]	0F	88	r0	r1				4	
JS	sl	·	78	r0						2	

Usage

JS label

Modifies flags

None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if the Sign Flag is set. Signed comparison.

LAHF - Load Register AH From Flags

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хx	хх	хx	sw	len	flags
LAHF	9F							1	

^{*)} JNE/JPO are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} JP/JPE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

LAHF

Modifies flags

None

Copies bits 0-7 of the flags register into AH. This includes flags AF, CF, PF, SF and ZF other bits are undefined.

LAR - Load Access Rights (286+ protected)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	ХX	ХX	хx	ХX	sw	len	flags
LAR	rw,rmw	[286]	0F	02	mr	d0	d1			3~5	Z

Usage

LAR dest, src

Modifies flags

ZF

The high byte of the of the destination register is overwritten by the value of the access rights byte and the low order byte is zeroed depending on the selection in the source operand. The Zero Flag is set if the load operation is successful.

LDS - Load Pointer Using DS

mnemo	nics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
LDS	rw,md	C5	mr	d0	d1				2~4	

Usage

LDS dest,src

Modifies flags

None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and DS. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in DS. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

LEA - Load Effective Address

mnemonics	ор	хх	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
LEA rw,mw	8D	mr	d0	d1				2~4	

Usage

LEA dest,src

Modifies flags

None

Transfers offset address of "src" to the destination register.

LEAVE - Restore Stack for Procedure Exit (80188+)

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
LEAVE	[186]	C9							1	

Usage

LEAVE

Modifies flags

None

Releases the local variables created by the previous ENTER instruction by restoring SP and BP to their condition before the procedure stack frame was initialized.

LES - Load Pointer Using ES

mnemonics	ор	XX	ХX	ХX	ХX	хx	sw	len	flags
LES rw,	nd C4	mr	d0	d1				2~4	

Usage

LES dest,src

Modifies flags

None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and ES. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in ES. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

LFS - Load Pointer Using FS (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
LFS	rw,md	[386]	0F	В4	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

LFS dest, src

Modifies flags

None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and FS. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in FS. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

LGDT - Load Global Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
LGDT	mw	[286]	0F	01	/2	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

LGDT src

Modifies flags

None

Loads a value from an operand into the Global Descriptor Table (GDT) register.

LIDT - Load Interrupt Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
LIDT	mw	[286]	0F	01	/3	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

LIDT src

Modifies flags

None

Loads a value from an operand into the Interrupt Descriptor Table (IDT) register.

LGS - Load Pointer Using GS (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
LGS	rw,md	[386]	0F	В5	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

LGS dest,src Modifies flags None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and GS. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in GS. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

LLDT - Load Local Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	ХX	SW	len	flags
LLDT	rmw	[286]	0F	00	/2	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

LLDT src

Modifies flags

None

Loads a value from an operand into the Local Descriptor Table Register (LDTR).

LMSW - Load Machine Status Word (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	ХX	хx	ХX	SW	len	flags
LMSW	rmw	[286]	0F	01	/6	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

LMSW src

Modifies flags

None

Loads the Machine Status Word (MSW) from data found at "src"

LOCK - Lock Bus

mnemo	onics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
LOCK		F0							1	

Usage

LOCK

LOCK: (386+ prefix)

Modifies flags

None

This instruction is a prefix that causes the CPU assert bus lock signal during the execution of the next instruction. Used to avoid two processors from updating the same data location. The 286 always asserts lock during an XCHG with memory operands. This should only be used to lock the bus prior to XCHG, MOV, IN and OUT instructions.

LODS - Load String (Byte, Word or Double)

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
LODSB		AC						В	1	
LODSW		AD						W	1	
LODSD	[32bit]	66	ΑI)				D	1+1	

Usage

LODS src

LODSB

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LODSW LODSD (386+ only) Modifies flags None

Transfers string element addressed by DS:SI (even if an operand is supplied) to the accumulator. SI is incremented based on the size of the operand or based on the instruction used. If the Direction Flag is set SI is decremented, if the Direction Flag is clear SI is incremented. Use with REP prefixes.

LOOP - Decrement CX and Loop if CX Not Zero

mnemonic	S	ор	хх	хх	хх	ХX	хx	SW	len	flags
LOOP :	s1	E2	r0						2	

Usage

LOOP label

Modifies flags

None

Decrements CX by 1 and transfers control to "label" if CX is not Zero. The "label" operand must be within -128 or 127 bytes of the instruction following the loop instruction

LOOPE/LOOPZ - Loop While Equal / Loop While Zero

mnemoni	cs	ор	хх	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
L00PE	sl	E1	r0						2	

Usage

LOOPE label

Modifies flags

None

Decrements CX by 1 (without modifying the flags) and transfers control to "label" if CX != 0 and the Zero Flag is set. The "label" operand must be within -128 or 127 bytes of the instruction following the loop instruction.

LOOPNZ/LOOPNE - Loop While Not Zero / Loop While Not Equal

mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
LOOPNZ s	. E0	r0						2	

Usage

LOOPNZ label

Modifies flags

None

Decrements CX by 1 (without modifying the flags) and transfers control to "label" if CX != 0 and the Zero Flag is clear. The "label" operand must be within -128 or 127 bytes of the instruction following the loop instruction.

LSL - Load Segment Limit (286+ protected)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	ХX	хx	хx	ХX	sw	len	flags
LSL	rw,rmw	[286]	0F	03	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

^{*)} LOOPE/LOOPZ are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} LOOPNZ/LOOPNE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

LSL dest, src

Modifies flags ZF

Loads the segment limit of a selector into the destination register if the selector is valid and visible at the current privilege level. If loading is successful the Zero Flag is set, otherwise it is cleared.

LSS - Load Pointer Using SS (386+ only)

mnemonics	ор	ХX	ХX	хx	ХX	хx	SW	len	flags
LSS rw,md [386] 0F	В2	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

LSS dest, src

Modifies flags

None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and SS. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in SS. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

LTR - Load Task Register (286+ privileged)

Ì	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
	LTR rmw	[286]	0F	00	/3	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

LTR src

Modifies flags

None

Loads the current task register with the value specified in "src".

MOV - Move Byte or Word

	mnemonics	[6	ор	хx	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
MOV	AL,rmb	,	A0	d0	d1				В	3	
MOV	AX,rmw	,	41	d0	d1				W	3	
MOV	AL,ib	I	В0	i0					В	2	
MOV	AH,ib	Į.	В4	i0					В	2	
MOV	AX,iw	I	В8	i0	i1				W	3	
MOV	CL,ib	I	B1	i0					В	2	
MOV	CH,ib	I	B5	i0					В	2	
MOV	CX,iw	I	В9	i0	i1				W	3	
MOV	DL,ib	I	В2	i0					В	2	
MOV	DH,ib	I	В6	i0					В	2	
MOV	DX,iw	I	ВА	i0	i1				W	3	
MOV	BL,ib	I	В3	i0					В	2	
MOV	BH,ib	I	В7	i0					В	2	
MOV	BX,iw	I	ВВ	i0	i1				W	3	
MOV	SP,iw	I	ВС	i0	i1				W	3	
MOV	BP,iw	I	BD	i0	i1				W	3	
MOV	SI,iw		BE	i0	i1				W	3	
MOV	DI,iw		BF	i0	i1				W	3	
MOV	cr,rd	[386]	0F	22	mr					3	

MOV	rd,cr	[386]	0F	20	mr					3	
MOV	dr,rd	[386]	0F	23	mr					3	
MOV	rd,dr	[386]	0F	21	mr					3	
MOV	tr,rd	[386]	0F	26	mr					2	
MOV	rd,tr	[386]	0F	24	mr					3	
MOV	rb,rmb		8A	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	
MOV	rmb,rb		88	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	
MOV	rmb,AL		Α2	d0	d1				В	3	
MOV	rmw,AX		А3	d0	d1				W	3	
MOV	rmb,ib		C6	mr	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	
MOV	rmw,iw		C7	mr	d0	d1	i0	i1	W	4~6	
MOV	rmw,rw		89	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	
MOV	rw,rmw		8B	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	
MOV	rmw,sr		8C	mr	d0	d1				2~4	
MOV	sr,rmw		8E	mr	d0	d1				2~4	

MOV dest, src

Modifies flags

None

Copies byte or word from the source operand to the destination operand. If the destination is SS interrupts are disabled except on early buggy 808x CPUs. Some CPUs disable interrupts if the destination is any of the segment registers

MOVS - Move String (Byte or Word)

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
MOVSB		Α4						В	1	
MOVSW		Α5						W	1	
MOVSD	[32bit]	66	A:	5				D	1+1	

Usage

MOVS dest, src

MOVSB

MOVSW

MOVSD (386+ only)

Modifies flags

None

Copies data from addressed by DS:SI (even if operands are given) to the location ES:DI destination and updates SI and DI based on the size of the operand or instruction used. SI and DI are incremented when the Direction Flag is cleared and decremented when the Direction Flag is Set. Use with REP prefixes.

MOVSX - Move with Sign Extend (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хх	хx	хx	ХX	хx	SW	len	flags
MOVSX	rw,rmb	[386]	0F	BE	mr	d0	d1		В	3~5	
MOVSX	rd,rmw	[386]	0F	BF	mr	d0	d1		W	3~5	

Usage

MOVSX dest,src

Modifies flags

None

Copies the value of the source operand to the destination register with the sign extended.

MOVZX - Move with Zero Extend (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
MOVZX	rw,rmb	[386]	0F	В6	mr	d0	d1		В	3~5	
MOVZX	rd,rmw	[386]	0F	В7	mr	d0	d1		В	3~5	

MOVZX dest,src

Modifies flags

None

Copies the value of the source operand to the destination register with the zeroes extended.

MUL - Unsigned Multiply

mnemoi	nics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
MUL	rmb	F6	/4	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
MUL	rmw	F7	/4	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

MUL src

Modifies flags

CF OF (AF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Unsigned multiply of the accumulator by the source. If "src" is a byte value, then AL is used as the other multiplicand and the result is placed in AX. If "src" is a word value, then AX is multiplied by "src" and DX:AX receives the result. If "src" is a double word value, then EAX is multiplied by "src" and EDX:EAX receives the result. The 386+ uses an early out algorithm which makes multiplying any size value in EAX as fast as in the 8 or 16 bit registers.

NEG - Two's Complement Negation

mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	ХX	sw	len	flags
NEG	rmb	F6	/3	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
NEG	rmw	F7	/3	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

NEG dest

Modifies flags

AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Subtracts the destination from 0 and saves the 2s complement of "dest" back into "dest".

NOP - No Operation

mnemonics	ор	ХX	хx	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
NOP	90							1	

Usage

NOP

Modifies flags

None

This is a do nothing instruction. It results in occupation of both space and time and is most useful for patching :-) code [segments].

NOT - One's Compliment Negation (Logical NOT)

mnemo	onics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
NOT	rmb	F6	/2	d0	d1			В	2~4	

NOT rmw F7 /2 d0 d1 | W 2~4 -----

Usage

NOT dest

Modifies flags

None

Inverts the bits of the "dest" operand forming the 1s complement.

OR - Inclusive Logical OR

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
OR	AL,ib	0C	i0					В	2	oszap
OR	AX,iw	0D	i0	i 1				W	3	oszap
OR	rb,rmb	0A	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
OR	rw,rmw	0В	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap
OR	rmb,ib	80	/1	d0	d1	i0		NB	3~5	oszap
OR	rmw,iw	81	/1	d0	d1	i0	i1	NW	4~6	oszap
OR	rmw,ib	83	/1	d0	d1	i0		EW	3~5	oszap
OR	rmb,rb	08	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
OR	rmw,rw	09	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

OR dest,src

Modifies flags

CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Logical inclusive OR of the two operands returning the result in the destination. Any bit set in either operand will be set in the destination.

OUT - Output Data to Port

mne	monics	ор	хх	хх	хх	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
OUT	DX,AL	EE						В	1	
OUT	DX,AX	EF						W	1	
OUT	ib,AL	E6	i0					В	2	
OUT	ib,AX	E7	i0					W	2	

Usage

OUT port, accum

Modifies flags

None

Transfers byte in AL,word in AX or dword in EAX to the specified hardware port address. If the port number is in the range of 0-255 it can be specified as an immediate. If greater than 255 then the port number must be specified in DX. Since the PC only decodes 10 bits of the port address, values over 1023 can only be decoded by third party vendor equipment and also map to the port range 0-1023.

OUTS - Output String to Port (80188+ only)

	mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
OUTSB	[186]	6E						В	1	
OUTSW	[186]	6F						W	1	
OUTSD	[32bit]	66	61	=				D	1+1	

Usage

OUTS port, src

OUTSB

```
OUTSW
OUTSD (386+ only)
Modifies flags
None
```

Transfers a byte, word or doubleword from "src" to the hardware port specified in DX. For instructions with no operands the "src" is located at DS:SI and SI is incremented or decremented by the size of the operand or the size dictated by the instruction format. When the Direction Flag is set SI is decremented, when clear, SI is incremented. If the port number is in the range of 0-255 it can be specified as an immediate. If greater than 255 then the port number must be specified in DX. Since the PC only decodes 10 bits of the port address, values over 1023 can only be decoded by third party vendor equipment and also map to the port range 0-1023.

POP - Pop Word off Stack

	mnemonics		ор	хх	хх	хх	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
POP	AX		58							1	
POP	CX		59							1	
POP	DX		5A							1	
POP	BX		5B							1	
POP	SP		5C							1	
POP	ВР		5D							1	
POP	SI		5E							1	
POP	DI		5F							1	
POP	ES		07							1	
POP	SS		17							1	
POP	DS		1F							1	
POP	FS [38	86]	0F	A1						2	
POP	GS [38	86]	0F	Α9						2	
POP	rmw		8F	mr	d0	d1				2~4	

Usage

POP dest

Modifies flags

None

Transfers word at the current stack top (SS:SP) to the destination then increments SP by two to point to the new stack top. CS is not a valid destination.

POPA/POPAD - Pop All Registers onto Stack (80188+ only)

	mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
POPA	[186]	61							1	
POPAD	[32bit]	66	61	L					1+1	

Usage

POPA

POPAD (386+ only)

Modifies flags

None

Pops the top 8 words off the stack into the 8 general purpose 16/32 bit registers. Registers are popped in the following order: (E)DI, (E)SI, (E)BP, (E)SP, (E)DX, (E)CX and (E)AX. The (E)SP value popped from the stack is actually discarded.

POPF/POPFD - Pop Flags off Stack

mnemonics	op xx xx xx xx xx sw len flags

P	OPF		9D		1	oditszap
P	OPFD	[32bit]	66	9D	1+1	oditszap

```
Usage
POPF
POPFD (386+ only)
Modifies flags
all flags
```

Pops word/doubleword from stack into the Flags Register and then increments SP by 2 (for POPF) or 4 (for POPFD).

PUSH - Push Word onto Stack

	mnemonics	0	р	хх	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
PUSH	AX	5	0							1	
PUSH	CX	5	1							1	
PUSH	DX	5	2							1	
PUSH	BX	5	3							1	
PUSH	SP	5	4							1	
PUSH	BP	5	5							1	
PUSH	SI	5	6							1	
PUSH	DI	5	7							1	
PUSH	ES	0	6							1	
PUSH	CS	0	E							1	
PUSH	SS	1	6							1	
PUSH	DS	1	E							1	
PUSH	FS [386] 0	F	Α0						2	
PUSH	GS [386] 0	F	Α8						2	
PUSH	ib [186] 6	Α	i0					E	2	
PUSH	iw [186] 6	8	i0	i1				N	3	
PUSH	rmw	F	F	/6	d0	d1				2~4	

Usage

PUSH src PUSH immed (80188+ only) Modifies flags

None

Decrements SP by the size of the operand (two or four, byte values are sign extended) and transfers one word from source to the stack top (SS:SP).

PUSHA/PUSHAD - Push All Registers onto Stack (80188+ only)

	mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
PUSHA	[186]	60							1	
PUSHAD	[32bit]	66	66)					1+1	

Usage

None

PUSHA PUSHAD (386+ only) Modifies flags

Pushes all general purpose registers onto the stack in the following order: (E)AX, (E)CX, (E)DX, (E)BX, (E)SP, (E)BP, (E)SI, (E)DI. The value of SP is the value before the actual push of SP.

PUSHF/PUSHFD - Push Flags onto Stack

	mnemonics	ор	хx	ХX	хx	ХX	хx	SW	len	flags
PUSHF		9C							1	
PUSHFD	[32bit]	66	90	2					1+1	

PUSHF

PUSHFD (386+ only)

Modifies flags

None

Transfers the Flags Register onto the stack. PUSHF saves a 16 bit value while PUSHFD saves a 32 bit value.

RCL - Rotate Through Carry Left

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
RCL	rmb,1		DØ	/2	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
RCL	rmb,CL		D2	/2	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
RCL	rmb,ib	[186]	C0	/2	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	0
RCL	rmw,1		D1	/2	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
RCL	rmw,CL		D3	/2	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
RCL	rmw,ib	[186]	C1	/2	d0	d1	i0		W	3~5	0

Usage

RCL dest, count

Modifies flags

CF OF

Rotates the bits in the destination to the left "count" times with all data pushed out the left side re-entering on the right. The Carry Flag holds the last bit rotated out.

RCR - Rotate Through Carry Right

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
RCR	rmb,1		DØ	/3	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
RCR	rmb,CL		D2	/3	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
RCR	rmb,ib	[186]	C0	/3	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	0
RCR	rmw,1		D1	/3	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
RCR	rmw,CL		D3	/3	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
RCR	rmw,ib	[186]	C1	/3	d0	d1	i0		W	3~5	0

Usage

RCR dest, count

Modifies flags

CF OF

Rotates the bits in the destination to the right "count" times with all data pushed out the right side re-entering on the left. The Carry Flag holds the last bit rotated out.

REP - Repeat String Operation

mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
REP	F3							1	z

Usage

REP

Modifies flags

None

Repeats execution of string instructions while CX != 0. After each string operation, CX is decremented and the Zero Flag is

tested. The combination of a repeat prefix and a segment override on CPU's before the 386 may result in errors if an interrupt occurs before CX=0. The following code shows code that is susceptible to this and how to avoid it:

again: rep movs byte ptr ES:[DI],ES:[SI]; vulnerable instr.

jcxz next ; continue if REP successful loop again ; interrupt goofed count

next:

REPE/REPZ - Repeat Equal / Repeat Zero

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	ХX	SW	len	flags
REPE	F3							1	

Usage

REPE

REPZ

Modifies flags

None

Repeats execution of string instructions while CX != 0 and the Zero Flag is set. CX is decremented and the Zero Flag tested after each string operation. The combination of a repeat prefix and a segment override on processors other than the 386 may result in errors if an interrupt occurs before CX=0.

REPNE/REPNZ - Repeat Not Equal / Repeat Not Zero

mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
REPNE	F2							1	Z

Usage

REPNE

REPNZ

Modifies flags

None

Repeats execution of string instructions while CX != 0 and the Zero Flag is clear. CX is decremented and the Zero Flag tested after each string operation. The combination of a repeat prefix and a segment override on processors other than the 386 may result in errors if an interrupt occurs before CX=0.

RET/RETF - Return From Procedure

mnemonics	ор	хх	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
RET	С3							1	
RET iw	C2	i0	i 1					3	
RETF	СВ							1	
RETF iw	CA	i0	i1					3	

Usage

RET nBytes RETF nBytes RETN nBytes

Modifies flags

None

Transfers control from a procedure back to the instruction address saved on the stack. "n bytes" is an optional number of bytes to

^{*)} REPE/REPZ are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} REPNE/REPNZ are different mnemonics for the same instruction

release. Far returns pop the IP followed by the CS, while near returns pop only the IP register.

ROL - Rotate Left

	mnemonics		ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	SW	len	flags
ROL	rmb,1		DØ	/0	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
ROL	rmb,CL		D2	/0	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
ROL	rmb,ib	[186]	C0	/0	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	0
ROL	rmw,1		D1	/0	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
ROL	rmw,CL		D3	/0	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
ROL	rmw,ib	[186]	C1	/0	d0	d1	i0		W	3~5	0

Usage

ROL dest, count

Modifies flags

CF OF

Rotates the bits in the destination to the left "count" times with all data pushed out the left side re-entering on the right. The Carry Flag will contain the value of the last bit rotated out.

ROR - Rotate Right

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
ROR	rmb,1		DØ	/1	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
ROR	rmb,CL		D2	/1	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
ROR	rmb,ib	[186]	C0	/1	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	0
ROR	rmw,1		D1	/1	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
ROR	rmw,CL		D3	/1	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
ROR	rmw,ib	[186]	C1	/1	d0	d1	i0		W	3~5	0

Usage

ROR dest, count

Modifies flags

CF OF

Rotates the bits in the destination to the right "count" times with all data pushed out the right side re-entering on the left. The Carry Flag will contain the value of the last bit rotated out.

SAHF - Store AH Register into FLAGS

mnemonics	ор	хх	хх	хx	хх	хх	SW	len	flags
SAHF	9E							1	szap

Usage

SAHF

Modifies flags

AF CF PF SF ZF

Transfers bits 0-7 of AH into the Flags Register. This includes AF, CF, PF, SF and ZF.

SAL/SHL - Shift Arithmetic Left / Shift Logical Left

	mnemonics		ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
SAL	rmb,1		DØ	/4	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
SAL	rmb,CL		D2	/4	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
SAL	rmb,ib	[186]	C0	/4	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	0
SAL	rmw,1		D1	/4	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
SAL	rmw,CL		D3	/4	d0	d1			W	2~4	0

SAL	rmw,ib	[186]	C1 /4 d0 d1 i0	W	3~5 o
SHL	rmb,1		D0 /4 d0 d1	В	2~4 0
SHL	rmb,CL		D2 /4 d0 d1	В	2~4 0
SHL	rmb,ib	[186]	C0 /4 d0 d1 i0	В	3~5 o
SHL	rmw,1		D1 /4 d0 d1	W	2~4 0
SHL	rmw,CL		D3 /4 d0 d1	W	2~4 0
SHL	rmw,ib	[186]	C1 /4 d0 d1 i0	W	3~5 o

SAL dest, count SHL dest, count

Modifies flags

CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Shifts the destination left by "count" bits with zeroes shifted in on right. The Carry Flag contains the last bit shifted out.

SAR - Shift Arithmetic Right

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SAR	rmb,CL		D2	/7	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
SAR	rmb,ib	[186]	C0	/7	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	0
SAR	rmw,1		D1	/7	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
SAR	rmw,CL		D3	/7	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
SAR	rmw,ib	[186]	C1	/7	d0	d1	i0		W	3~5	0

Usage

SAR dest,count

Modifies flags

CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Shifts the destination right by "count" bits with the current sign bit replicated in the leftmost bit. The Carry Flag contains the last bit shifted out.

SBB - Subtract with Borrow

mnem	onics	ор	хх	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
SBB	AL,ib	1C	i0					В	2	oszap
SBB	AX,iw	1D	i0	i 1				W	3	oszap
SBB	rb,rmb	1A	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
SBB	rw,rmw	1B	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap
SBB	rmb,ib	80	/3	d0	d1	i0		NB	3~5	oszap
SBB	rmw,iw	81	/3	d0	d1	i0	i 1	NW	4~6	oszap
SBB	rmw,ib	83	/3	d0	d1	i0		EW	3~5	oszap
SBB	rmb,rb	18	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
SBB	rmw,rw	19	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

SBB dest,src

Modifies flags

AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Subtracts the source from the destination, and subtracts 1 extra if the Carry Flag is set. Results are returned in "dest".

SCAS - Scan String (Byte, Word or Doubleword)

mnemonics	ор хх хх хх хх	XX	SW	len	flags
SCASB	AE		В	1	oszap
SCASW	AF		W	1	oszap

Usage

SCAS string

SCASB

SCASW

SCASD (386+ only)

Modifies flags

AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Compares value at ES:DI (even if operand is specified) from the accumulator and sets the flags similar to a subtraction. DI is incremented/decremented based on the instruction format (or operand size) and the state of the Direction Flag. Use with REP prefixes.

SETAE/SETNB - Set if Above or Equal / Set if Not Below (unsigned, 386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SETAE	rmb	[386]	0F	93	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETAE dest SETNB dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag is clear otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETB/SETNAE - Set if Below / Set if Not Above or Equal (unsigned, 386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	ХX	ХX	хx	ХX	sw	len	flags
SETB	rmb	[386]	0F	92	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETB dest SETNAE dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag is set otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETBE/SETNA - Set if Below or Equal / Set if Not Above (unsigned, 386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хх	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SETBE	rmb	[386]	0F	96	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETBE dest SETNA dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag or the Zero Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETE/SETZ - Set if Equal / Set if Zero (386+ only)

^{*)} SETAE/SETNB are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} SETB/SETAE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} SETBE/SETNA are different mnemonics for the same instruction

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SETZ	rmb	[386]	0F	94	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

SETE dest SETZ dest

Modifies flags none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Zero Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETNE/SETNZ - Set if Not Equal / Set if Not Zero (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хх	хх	ХX	SW	len	flags
SETNE	rmb	[386]	0F	95	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETNE dest SETNZ dest

Modifies flags none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Zero Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETL/SETNGE - Set if Less / Set if Not Greater or Equal (signed, 386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хх	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
SETL	rmb	[386]	0F	9C	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETL dest SETNGE dest

Modifies flags none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Sign Flag is not equal to the Overflow Flag, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETGE/SETNL - Set if Greater or Equal / Set if Not Less (signed, 386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SETGE	rmb	[386]	0F	9D	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETGE dest SETNL dest Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Sign Flag equals the Overflow Flag, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETLE/SETNG - Set if Less or Equal / Set if Not greater or Equal (signed, 386+ only)

^{*)} SETE/SETZ are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} SETNE/SETNZ are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} SETL/SETNGE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} SETGE/SETNL are different mnemonics for the same instruction

	mnemonics		ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
SETLE	rmb	[386]	0F	9E	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

SETLE dest SETNG dest

Modifies flags none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Zero Flag is set or the Sign Flag is not equal to the Overflow Flag, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETG/SETNLE - Set if Greater / Set if Not Less or Equal (signed, 386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	sw	len	flags
SETG	rmb	[386]	0F	9F	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETG dest SETNLE dest

Modifies flags none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Zero Flag is clear or the Sign Flag equals to the Overflow Flag, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETS - Set if Signed (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
SETS	rmb	[386]	0F	98	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETS dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Sign Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETNS - Set if Not Signed (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SETNS	rmb	[386]	0F	99	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETNS dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Sign Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETC - Set if Carry (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SETC	rmb	[386]	0F	92	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETC dest

^{*)} SETLE/SETNG are different mnemonics for the same instruction

^{*)} SETG/SETNLE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

Modifies flags none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETNC - Set if Not Carry (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
SETNC	rmb	[386]	0F	93	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETNC dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETO - Set if Overflow (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SET0	rmb	[386]	0F	90	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETO dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Overflow Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETNO - Set if Not Overflow (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SETNO	rmb	[386]	0F	91	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETNO dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Overflow Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETP/SETPE - Set if Parity / Set if Parity Even (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
SETP	rmb	[386]	0F	9A	mr	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SETP dest SETPE dest

Modifies flags

none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Parity Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SETNP/SETPO - Set if No Parity / Set if Parity Odd (386+ only)

	mnemonics	op xx xx xx xx xx sw	len flags
--	-----------	----------------------	-----------

^{*)} SETP/SETE are different mnemonics for the same instruction

|SETNP rmb [386]|0F 9B mr d0 d1 | |3~5|------

Usage

SETNP dest SETPO dest

Modifies flags none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Parity Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

SGDT - Store Global Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
SGDT	m6	[286]	0F	01	/0	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SGDT dest

Modifies flags

none

Stores the Global Descriptor Table (GDT) Register into the specified operand.

SIDT - Store Interrupt Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хx	ХX	sw	len	flags
SIDT	m6	[286]	0F	01	/1	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SIDT dest

Modifies flags

none

Stores the Interrupt Descriptor Table (IDT) Register into the specified operand.

SHR - Shift Logical Right

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хх	хx	SW	len	flags
SHR	rmb,1		DØ	/5	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
SHR	rmb,CL		D2	/5	d0	d1			В	2~4	0
SHR	rmb,ib	[186]	C0	/5	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	0
SHR	rmw,1		D1	/5	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
SHR	rmw,CL		D3	/5	d0	d1			W	2~4	0
SHR	rmw,ib	[186]	C1	/5	d0	d1	i0		W	3~5	0

Usage

SHR dest,count

Modifies flags

CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Shifts the destination right by "count" bits with zeroes shifted in on the left. The Carry Flag contains the last bit shifted out.

SHLD/SHRD - Double Precision Shift (386+ only)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
SHLD	rmw,rw,CL	[386]	0F	Α5	mr	d0	d1			3~5	oszap
SHLD	rmw,rw,ib	[386]	0F	Α4	mr	d0	d1	i0		4~6	oszap
SHRD	rmw,rw,CL	[386]	0F	AD	mr	d0	d1			3~5	oszap

^{*)} SETNP/SETPO are different mnemonics for the same instruction

SHRD rmw,rw,ib	[386] 0F AC mr	d0 d1 i0	4~6 oszap
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SHLD dest,src,count SHRD dest,src,count

Modifies flags

CF PF SF ZF (OF,AF undefined)

SHLD shifts "dest" to the left "count" times and the bit positions opened are filled with the most significant bits of "src". SHRD shifts "dest" to the right "count" times and the bit positions opened are filled with the least significant bits of the second operand. Only the 5 lower bits of "count" are used.

SLDT - Store Local Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
SLDT	mw	[286]	0F	00	/0	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SLDT dest

Modifies flags

none

Stores the Local Descriptor Table (LDT) Register into the specified operand.

SMSW - Store Machine Status Word (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	ХX	ХX	хx	ХX	sw	len	flags
SMSW	rmw	[286]	0F	01	/4	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

SMSW dest

Modifies flags

none

Store Machine Status Word (MSW) into "dest".

STC - Set Carry

mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хх	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
STC	F9							1	

Usage

STC

Modifies flags

CF

Sets the Carry Flag to 1.

STD - Set Direction Flag

mnemonics	ор	хх	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
STD	FD							1	-1

Usage

STD

Modifies flags

DF

Sets the Direction Flag to 1 causing string instructions to auto-decrement SI and DI instead of auto-increment.

STI - Set Interrupt Flag (Enable Interrupts)

mnemonics	ор	хх	хx	хх	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
STI	FΒ		, and the second		, and the second			1	1

Usage

STI

Modifies flags

IF

Sets the Interrupt Flag to 1, enabling recognition of all CPU hardware interrupts.

STOS - Store String (Byte, Word or Doubleword)

	mnemonics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
STOSB		ΑА						В	1	
STOSW		ΑВ						W	1	
STOSD	[32bit]	66	Al	3				D	1+1	

Usage

STOS dest

STOSB

STOSW

STOSD (386+ only)

Modifies flags

None

Stores value in accumulator to location at ES:(E)DI (even if operand is given). (E)DI is incremented/decremented based on the size of the operand (or instruction format) and the state of the Direction Flag. Use with REP prefixes.

STR - Store Task Register (286+ privileged)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
STR	rmw	[286]	0F	01	/1	d0	d1			3~5	

Usage

STR dest

Modifies flags

None

Stores the current Task Register to the specified operand.

SUB - Subtract

mnen	nonics	ор	хх	хх	хх	хх	ХX	SW	len	flags
SUB	AL,ib	2C	i0					В	2	oszap
SUB	AX,iw	2D	i0	i1				W	3	oszap
SUB	rb,rmb	2A	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
SUB	rw,rmw	2В	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap
SUB	rmb,ib	80	/5	d0	d1	i0		NB	3~5	oszap
SUB	rmw,iw	81	/5	d0	d1	i0	i1	NW	4~6	oszap
SUB	rmw,ib	83	/5	d0	d1	i0		EW	3~5	oszap
SUB	rmb,rb	28	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	oszap
SUB	rmw,rw	29	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	oszap

Usage

SUB dest, src

Modifies flags

AF CF OF PF SF ZF

The source is subtracted from the destination and the result is stored in the destination.

TEST - Test For Bit Pattern

mner	monics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
TEST	AL,ib	Α8	i0					В	2	0szap
TEST	AX,iw	Α9	i0	i 1				W	3	0szap
TEST	rmb,ib	F6	/0	d0	d1	i0		В	3~5	0szap
TEST	rmw,iw	F7	/0	d0	d1	i0	i1	W	4~6	0szap
TEST	rmb,rmb	84	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	0szap
TEST	rmw,rmw	85	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	0szap

Usage

TEST dest, src

Modifies flags

CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Performs a logical AND of the two operands updating the flags register without saving the result.

VERR - Verify Read (286+ protected)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
VERR	rmw	[286]	0F	00	/4	d0	d1			3~5	Z

Usage

VERR src

Modifies flags

ZF

Verifies the specified segment selector is valid and is readable at the current privilege level. If the segment is readable, the Zero Flag is set, otherwise it is cleared.

VERW - Verify Write (286+ protected)

	mnemonics		ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
VERW	rmw	[286]	0F	00	/5	d0	d1			3~5	z

Usage

VERW src

Modifies flags

ZF

Verifies the specified segment selector is valid and is ratable at the current privilege level. If the segment is writable, the Zero Flag is set, otherwise it is cleared.

WAIT/FWAIT - Event Wait

mnemonics	ор	хх	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
WAIT	9В							1	

Usage

WAIT

FWAIT

Modifies flags

None

CPU enters wait state until the coprocessor signals it has finished it's operation. This instruction is used to prevent the CPU from

accessing memory that may be temporarily in use by the coprocessor. WAIT and FWAIT are identical.

WBINVD - Write-Back and Invalidate Cache

	mnemonics	ор	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	sw	len	flags
WBINVD	[486]	0F	09						2	

Usage

WBINVD

Modifies flags

None

Flushes internal cache, then signals the external cache to write back current data followed by a signal to flush the external cache.

XCHG - Exchange

mnem	onics	ор	хx	хx	хx	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
XCHG	AX,CX	91							1	
XCHG	AX,DX	92							1	
XCHG	AX,BX	93							1	
XCHG	AX,SP	94							1	
XCHG	AX,BP	95							1	
XCHG	AX,SI	96							1	
XCHG	AX,DI	97							1	
XCHG	rb,rmb	86	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	
XCHG	rmb,rb	86	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	
XCHG	rmw,rw	87	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	
XCHG	rw,rmw	87	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	

Usage

XCHG dest, src

Modifies flags

None

Exchanges contents of source and destination.

XLAT/XLATB - Translate

mnemonics	ор	хх	хx	хx	хx	хx	SW	len	flags
XLAT	D7							1	

Usage

XLAT translation-table

XLATB (masm 5.x)

Modifies flags

None

Replaces the byte in AL with byte from a user table addressed by BX. The original value of AL is the index into the translate table.

XOR - Exclusive OR

mnemonics		ор	хx	хх	хх	хx	хх	SW	len	flags
XOR	AL,ib	34	i0					В	2	0szap
XOR	AX,iw	35	i0	i 1				W	3	0szap
XOR	rb,rmb	32	mr	d0	d1			В	2~4	0szap
XOR	rw,rmw	33	mr	d0	d1			W	2~4	0szap
XOR	rmb,ib	80	/6	d0	d1	i0		NB	3~5	0szap
XOR	rmw,iw	81	/6	d0	d1	i0	i1	NW	4~6	0szap

XOR	rmw,ib	83	/6	d0	d1	i0	EW	3~5	0szap
XOR	rmb,rb	30	mr	d0	d1		В	2~4	0szap
XOR	rmw,rw	31	mr	d0	d1		W	2~4	0szap

XOR dest,src

Modifies flags
CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Performs a bitwise exclusive OR of the operands and returns the result in the destination.