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import java.io.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.util.*;

class Job {
    char job_id;
    int deadline, profit;
    Job(char job_id, int deadline, int profit) {
        this.deadline = deadline;
        this.job_id = job_id;
        this.profit = profit;
    }
}

class PrimsMST {
    private int V, graph[][];

    PrimsMST(int V, int graph[][]) {
        this.V = V;
        this.graph = graph;
    }

    int minKey(int key[], Boolean mstSet[]) {
        int min = Integer.MAX_VALUE, min_index = -1;
        for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
            if (mstSet[v] == false && key[v] < min) {
                min = key[v];
                min_index = v;
            }
        return min_index;
    }

    void primMST() {
        int parent[] = new int[V];
        int key[] = new int[V];
        Boolean mstSet[] = new Boolean[V];

        for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) {
            key[i] = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
            mstSet[i] = false;
        }

        key[0] = 0;
        parent[0] = -1;

        for (int count = 0; count < V - 1; count++) {
            int u = minKey(key, mstSet);
            mstSet[u] = true;

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        for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
            if (graph[u][v] != 0 && mstSet[v] == false && graph[u][v] < key[v]) {
                parent[v] = u;
                key[v] = graph[u][v];
            }
    }

    System.out.println("\n\nPrim's Minimum Spanning Tree:\nEdge \tWeight");
    int minimumCost = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < V; i++){
        System.out.printf("%d -- %d == %d\n", parent[i], i, graph[i][parent[i]]);
        minimumCost += graph[i][parent[i]];
    }
    System.out.printf("Minimum Cost: %d", minimumCost);
}
}

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class KruskalsMST {
    class Edge implements Comparable<Edge> {
        int src, dest, weight;
        public int compareTo(Edge compareEdge) {
            return this.weight - compareEdge.weight;
        }
    };

    class subset {
        int parent, rank;
    };

    private int V, E;
    private Edge edge[];

    KruskalsMST(int v, int e, int graph[][]){
        this.V = v;
        this.E = e;
        this.edge = new Edge[E];
        int i = -1;
        for (int x = 0; x < v; x++)
            for (int y = x; y < v; y++)
                if (graph[x][y] != 0) {
                    edge[++i] = new Edge();
                    edge[i].src = x;
                    edge[i].dest = y;
                    edge[i].weight = graph[x][y];
                }
    }

    int find(subset subsets[], int i) {

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    if (subsets[i].parent != i)
        subsets[i].parent = find(subsets, subsets[i].parent);
    return subsets[i].parent;
}

void Union(subset subsets[], int x, int y) {
    int xroot = find(subsets, x);
    int yroot = find(subsets, y);

    if (subsets[xroot].rank < subsets[yroot].rank)
        subsets[xroot].parent = yroot;
    else if (subsets[xroot].rank > subsets[yroot].rank)
        subsets[yroot].parent = xroot;
    else {
        subsets[yroot].parent = xroot;
        subsets[xroot].rank++;
    }
}

void KruskalMST() {
    Edge result[] = new Edge[V];
    int e = 0, i = 0;

    for (i = 0; i < V; ++i)
        result[i] = new Edge();
    Arrays.sort(edge);

    subset subsets[] = new subset[V];
    for (i = 0; i < V; ++i)
        subsets[i] = new subset();

    for (int v = 0; v < V; ++v) {
        subsets[v].parent = v;
        subsets[v].rank = 0;
    }

    i = 0;

    while (e < V - 1) {
        Edge next_edge = edge[i++];

        int x = find(subsets, next_edge.src);
        int y = find(subsets, next_edge.dest);

        if (x != y) {
            result[e++] = next_edge;
            Union(subsets, x, y);
        }
    }
}

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        System.out.println("\n\nKruskal's Minimum Spanning Tree:\nEdge \tWeight");
        int minimumCost = 0;
        for (i = 0; i < e; ++i) {
            System.out.printf("%d -- %d == %d\n", result[i].src, result[i].dest,
result[i].weight);
            minimumCost += result[i].weight;
        }
        System.out.printf("Minimum Cost: %d", minimumCost);
    }
}

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class GreedySearchAlgorithms {

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    static void selectionSort(int[] A) {
        int[] U = A.clone();
        int n = A.length;
        for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
            int min_idx = i;
            for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
                if (A[j] < A[min_idx]) {
                    min_idx = j;
                }
            }
            int tmp = A[i];
            A[i] = A[min_idx];
            A[min_idx] = tmp;
        }
    }

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        System.out.printf("Selection Sort: \nUnsorted array: %s\nSorted array: %s",
Arrays.toString(U), Arrays.toString(A));
    }

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    static void jobScheduling(ArrayList<Job> arr) {
        int n = arr.size();
        Collections.sort(arr, (a, b) -> {
            return a.deadline - b.deadline;
        });
    }

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    ArrayList<Job> result = new ArrayList<>();
    PriorityQueue<Job> maxHeap = new PriorityQueue<>((a, b) -> {
        return b.profit - a.profit;
    });

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    for (int i = n - 1; i > -1; i--) {
        int slot_available;
        if (i == 0)
            slot_available = arr.get(i).deadline;
        else
            slot_available = arr.get(i).deadline - arr.get(i - 1).deadline;
    }

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        maxHeap.add(arr.get(i));

        while (slot_available > 0 && maxHeap.size() > 0) {
            Job job = maxHeap.remove();
            slot_available--;
            result.add(job);
        }
    }

    Collections.sort(result, (a, b) -> {
        return a.deadline - b.deadline;
    });

    System.out.print("\n\nJob Scheduling Problem: \nFollowing is maximum profit sequence
of jobs: \n");
    for (Job job : result) {
        System.out.printf("[%s, %d, %d] -> ", job.job_id, job.deadline, + job.profit);
    }
    System.out.print("Finish");
}

static int minDistance(int[] dist, boolean[] visited) {
    int min = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
    int min_index = -1;

    for (int i = 0; i < dist.length; i++) {
        if (visited[i] == false && dist[i] <= min) {
            min = dist[i];
            min_index = i;
        }
    }
    return min_index;
}

static void dijkstra(int[][] graph, int src, int dest) {
    int n = graph.length;
    int[] dist = new int[n];
    boolean[] visited = new boolean[n];
    HashMap<Integer, ArrayList<Integer>> parent = new HashMap<>();
    List<Integer> path = new ArrayList<>();
    path.add(dest);

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        dist[i] = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
        visited[i] = false;
    }

    dist[src] = 0;
    parent.put(src, new ArrayList<>());

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for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
    int u = minDistance(dist, visited);
    visited[u] = true;

    for (int v = 0; v < n; v++) {
        if (
            !visited[v] && graph[u][v] != 0 &&
            dist[u] != Integer.MAX_VALUE &&
            dist[u] + graph[u][v] < dist[v]
        ) {
            dist[v] = dist[u] + graph[u][v];

            if (!parent.containsKey(v))
                parent.put(v, new ArrayList<Integer>());
            parent.get(v).add(u);
        }
    }
}

int key = dest;
while (parent.get(key).size() > 0) {
    int elem = parent.get(key).get(parent.get(key).size() - 1);
    path.add(elem);
    key = elem;
}
Collections.reverse(path);

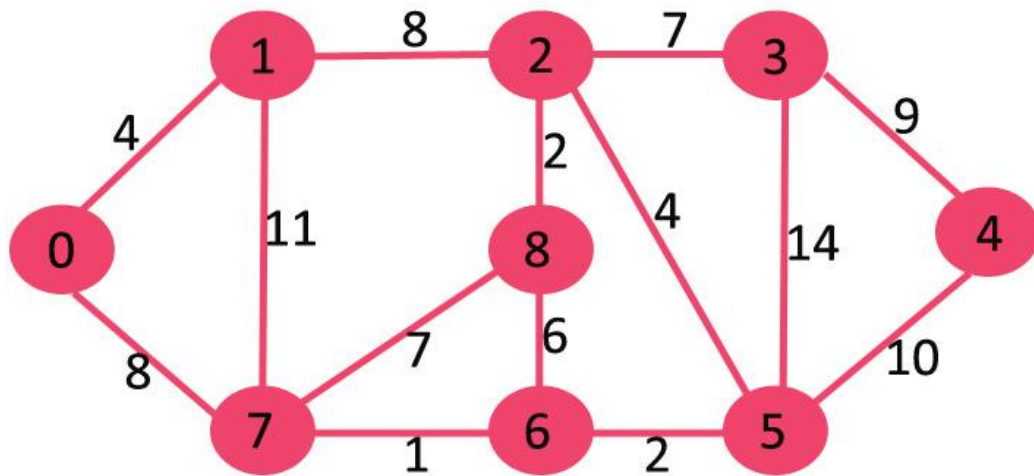
System.out.printf("\n\nDijkstra Single-Source Shortest Path::\nPath: %s\nMinimum
Cost: %d", path.toString(), dist[dest]);
}

public static void main(String args[]) {

    selectionSort(new int[]{64, 25, 12, 22, 11});

    jobScheduling(new ArrayList<Job>(Arrays.asList(
        new Job('A', 2, 100),
        new Job('B', 1, 19),
        new Job('C', 2, 27),
        new Job('D', 1, 25),
        new Job('E', 3, 15)
    )));
}

```



```

int graph[][] = new int[][] {
    { 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 8, 0},
    { 4, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 11},
    { 0, 8, 0, 7, 0, 4, 0, 0, 2},
    { 0, 0, 7, 0, 9, 14, 0, 0, 0},
    { 0, 0, 0, 9, 0, 10, 0, 0, 0},
    { 0, 0, 4, 14, 10, 0, 2, 0, 0},
    { 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 6},
    { 8, 11, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 7},
    { 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 6, 7, 0}
};

PrimsMST primsMST = new PrimsMST(9, graph);
primsMST.primMST();

KruskalsMST kruskalsMST = new KruskalsMST(9, 14, graph);
kruskalsMST.KruskalMST();

dijkstra(graph, 0, 4);
}
}

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OUTPUT:

Selection Sort:

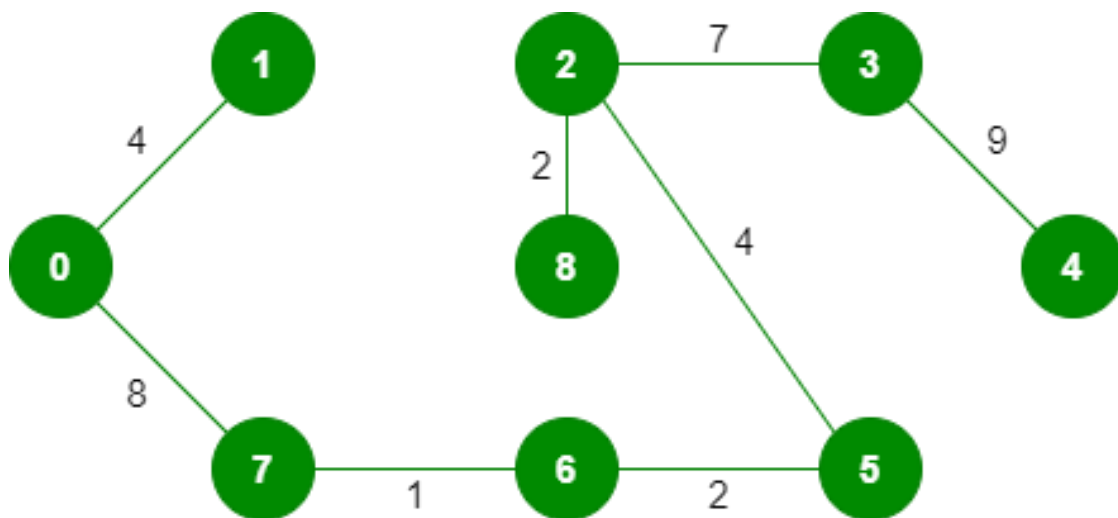
Unsorted array: [64, 25, 12, 22, 11]

Sorted array: [11, 12, 22, 25, 64]

Job Scheduling Problem:

Following is maximum profit sequence of jobs:

[A, 2, 100] -> [C, 2, 27] -> [E, 3, 15] -> Finish



Prim's Minimum Spanning Tree:

Edge Weight

0 -- 1 == 4

1 -- 2 == 8

2 -- 3 == 7

3 -- 4 == 9

2 -- 5 == 4

5 -- 6 == 2

6 -- 7 == 1

2 -- 8 == 2

Minimum Cost: 37

Kruskal's *Minimum Spanning Tree*:

Edge Weight

6 -- 7 == 1

2 -- 8 == 2

5 -- 6 == 2

0 -- 1 == 4

2 -- 5 == 4

2 -- 3 == 7

0 -- 7 == 8

3 -- 4 == 9

Minimum Cost: 37

Dijkstra Single-Source Shortest Path::

Path: [0, 7, 6, 5, 4]

Minimum Cost: 21