```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Arrays;
class NQueens {
   public static void main(String args[]) {
       int N = 8;
       NQBranchAndBond NQBaB = new NQBranchAndBond(N);
       NQBaB.solveNQ();
       NQBacktracking NQBt = new NQBacktracking(N);
       NQBt.solveNQ();
   }
}
class NQBranchAndBond {
   private int N;
   NQBranchAndBond(int N) {
       this.N = N;
   }
   void printSolution(int board[][]) {
       System.out.println("N Queen Branch And Bound Solution:");
       for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
           for(int j = 0; j < N; j++)
               System.out.printf("%2d ", board[i][j]);
           System.out.printf("\n");
       }
   }
   static boolean isSafe (
      int row, int col,
       int slashCode[][],
      int backslashCode[][],
      boolean rowLookup[],
       boolean slashCodeLookup[],
       boolean backslashCodeLookup[]
   ) {
       return !(
           slashCodeLookup[slashCode[row][col]] ||
           backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[row][col]] ||
           rowLookup[row]
       );
   }
   // A recursive utility function to solve N Queen problem
   boolean solveNQUtil(
       int board[][], int col, int slashCode[][],
       int backslashCode[][], boolean rowLookup[],
```

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boolean slashCodeLookup[], boolean backslashCodeLookup[]
) {
    // base case: If all queens are placed then return True
    if (col >= N)
        return true;
    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
        if (isSafe(
            i, col, slashCode,
            backslashCode, rowLookup,
            slashCodeLookup, backslashCodeLookup
        )) {
            // Place this queen in board[i][col]
            board[i][col] = 1;
            rowLookup[i] = true;
            slashCodeLookup[slashCode[i][col]] = true;
            backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[i][col]] = true;
            // recur to place rest of the queens
            if (solveNQUtil(
                board, col + 1, slashCode,
                backslashCode, rowLookup,
                slashCodeLookup,
                backslashCodeLookup
            ))
                return true;
            // If placing queen in board[i][col] doesn't
            // lead to a solution, then backtrack
            // Remove queen from board[i][col]
            board[i][col] = 0;
            rowLookup[i] = false;
            slashCodeLookup[slashCode[i][col]] = false;
            backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[i][col]] = false;
        }
    }
    // If queen can not be place in any row
    // in this column col then return false
   return false;
}
* This function solves the N Queen problem using Branch and Bound.
* It mainly uses solveNQUtil() to solve the problem.
* It returns false if queens cannot be placed, otherwise return
* true and prints placement of queens in the form of 1s.
* This function prints one of the feasible solutions.
```

```
*/
  boolean solveNQ() {
       int board[][] = new int[N][N];
       // Helper matrices
       int slashCode[][] = new int[N][N];
       int backslashCode[][] = new int[N][N];
       // Arrays to tell us which rows are occupied
      boolean[] rowLookup = new boolean[N];
       // Keep two arrays to tell us which diagonals are occupied
       boolean slashCodeLookup[] = new boolean[2 * N - 1];
      boolean backslashCodeLookup[] = new boolean[2 * N - 1];
       // Initialize helper matrices
       for(int r = 0; r < N; r++)
           for(int c = 0; c < N; c++)  {
               slashCode[r][c] = r + c;
               backslashCode[r][c] = r - c + N - 1;
           }
       if (solveNQUtil(
           board, 0, slashCode,
           backslashCode, rowLookup,
           slashCodeLookup,
           backslashCodeLookup
       ) == false) {
           System.out.printf("Solution does not exist");
           return false;
       }
       // Solution found
      printSolution(board);
      return true;
  }
class NQBacktracking {
  private int N;
  NQBacktracking(int N) {
       this.N = N;
  }
  /* ld is an array where its indices indicate row-col+N-1 (N-1)
  is for shifting the difference to store negative indices */
  static int []ld = new int[30];
```

}

```
/* rd is an array where its indices indicate row+col and used to
check whether a queen can be placed on right diagonal or not */
static int []rd = new int[30];
/*column array where its indices indicates column and used
to check whether a queen can be placed in that row or not*/
static int []cl = new int[30];
/* A utility function to print solution */
void printSolution(int board[][]) {
    System.out.println("\n\nN Queen Backtracking Solution:");
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            System.out.printf("%2d ", board[i][j]);
        System.out.printf("\n");
    }
}
/* A recursive utility function to solve N Queen problem */
boolean solveNQUtil(int board[][], int col) {
    /* base case: If all queens are placed then return true */
    if (col >= N)
        return true;
    /* Consider this column and try placing
    this queen in all rows one by one */
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
        /* Check if the queen can be placed on board[i][col]
        A check if a queen can be placed on board[row][col]
       .We just need to check ld[row-col+n-1] and rd[row+coln]
        where 1d and rd are for left and right diagonal respectively */
        if ((ld[i - col + N - 1] != 1 &&
            rd[i + col] != 1) && cl[i] != 1) {
            /* Place this queen in board[i][col] */
            board[i][col] = 1;
            ld[i - col + N - 1] =
            rd[i + col] = cl[i] = 1;
            /* recur to place rest of the queens */
            if (solveNQUtil(board, col + 1))
                return true;
            /* If placing queen in board[i][col] doesn't lead to
            a solution, then remove queen from board[i][col] */
            board[i][col] = 0; // BACKTRACK
            ld[i - col + N - 1] =
            rd[i + col] = cl[i] = 0;
```

```
}
       }
       /* If the queen cannot be placed in any row in
           this column col then return false */
       return false;
  }
  /* This function solves the N Queen problem using Backtracking. It mainly
   * uses solveNQUtil() to solve the problem. It returns false if queens
   * cannot be placed, otherwise, return true and prints placement of queens
   * in the form of 1s. This function prints one of the feasible solutions.
  boolean solveNQ() {
       int board[][] = new int[N][N];
       if (solveNQUtil(board, 0) == false) {
           System.out.printf("Solution does not exist");
           return false;
       }
      printSolution(board);
       return true;
  }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
N Queen Backtracking Solution:
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
```

N Queen Branch And Bound Solution:

1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0