

```

1 /*****
2 *
3 * Software License Agreement (BSD License)
4 *
5 * Copyright (c) 2009, Willow Garage, Inc.
6 * All rights reserved.
7 *
8 * Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
9 * modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions
10 * are met:
11 *
12 *   * Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright
13 *     notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
14 *   * Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above
15 *     copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following
16 *     disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided
17 *     with the distribution.
18 *   * Neither the name of Willow Garage, Inc. nor the names of its
19 *     contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived
20 *     from this software without specific prior written permission.
21 *
22 * THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS
23 * "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
24 * LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS
25 * FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
26 * COPYRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT,
27 * INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING,
28 * BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES;
29 * LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER
30 * CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT
31 * LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN
32 * ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE
33 * POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
34 *
35 * Author: Eitan Marder-Eppstein
36 *****/
37 #include <ros/ros.h>
38 #include <tf/transform_broadcaster.h>
39 #include <nav_msgs/Odometry.h>
40 #include "std_msgs/Int32.h"
41 #include "deadreckon.h"
42 #define ticksPerRev 210.461538 //ticks per rev is a double to the possibility of non
   whole number gear ratios due to how the encoders are coupled
43 #define pi 3.141592
44 #define tau 2*pi
45 #define bad -2147483648
46 double baseWidth;
47 double wheelRadius;
48 int rightCount=bad, leftCount=bad;
49 void rin(const std_msgs::Int32ConstPtr &msg){
50     rightCount = msg->data;
51 }
52
53 void lin(const std_msgs::Int32ConstPtr &msg){
54     leftCount = msg->data;
55 }
56
57 int main(int argc, char** argv){
58     ros::init(argc, argv, "odometry_publisher");
59     ros::NodeHandle n;

```

```

60  n.getParam("baseWidth", baseWidth);
61  n.getParam("wheelRadius", wheelRadius);
62  ros::Publisher odom_pub = n.advertise<nav_msgs::Odometry>("fuck/odom", 1);
63  ros::Subscriber lsub = n.subscribe<std_msgs::Int32>("lwheel", 1, lin);
64  ros::Subscriber rsub = n.subscribe<std_msgs::Int32>("rwheel", 1, rin);
65  // tf::TransformBroadcaster odom_broadcaster;
66
67  odomIntegral odomI(baseWidth, wheelRadius); //base and radius in meters. TODO get
accurate values here
68
69
70  ros::Time current_time, last_time;
71  while(rightCount == bad || leftCount == bad){
72  ros::spinOnce();
73  }
74  int lastValueR=rightCount, lastValueL=leftCount, curValueR, curValueL;
75  ros::Rate r(120);
76  last_time = ros::Time::now();
77  while(n.ok()){
78  ros::spinOnce();
79  current_time = ros::Time::now();
80  //compute odometry in a typical way given the velocities of the robot
81  double dt = (current_time - last_time).toSec();
82  if(dt != 0){
83  curValueR = rightCount;
84  curValueL = leftCount;
85  // std::cout << curValueR << " " << curValueL << std::endl;
86  double diffR = curValueR - lastValueR;
87  double diffL = curValueL - lastValueL;
88  double wR = (tau*diffR)/(ticksPerRev*dt); //revolution speed of the right
wheel in radians per second. This is computed as an instantaneous measurement since
the last time we updated
89  double wL = (tau*diffL)/(ticksPerRev*dt);
90  odomI.proc(wL, wR, dt); //this performs all the integration
91  lastValueR = curValueR;
92  lastValueL = curValueL;
93  //since all odometry is 6DOF we'll need a quaternion created from yaw
94  geometry_msgs::Quaternion odom_quat =
tf::createQuaternionMsgFromYaw(odomI.theta);
95
96  //first, we'll publish the transform over tf
97  /*geometry_msgs::TransformStamped odom_trans;
98  odom_trans.header.stamp = current_time;
99  odom_trans.header.frame_id = "fuck/odom";
100  odom_trans.child_frame_id = "base_footprint";
101
102  odom_trans.transform.translation.x = odomI.x;
103  odom_trans.transform.translation.y = odomI.y;
104  odom_trans.transform.translation.z = 0.0;
105  odom_trans.transform.rotation = odom_quat;
106
107  //send the transform
108  odom_broadcaster.sendTransform(odom_trans);
109  */
110  //next, we'll publish the odometry message over ROS
111  nav_msgs::Odometry odom;
112  odom.header.stamp = current_time;
113  odom.header.frame_id = "odom";
114  odom.child_frame_id = "odom_footprint";
115

```

```
116 //set the position
117 odom.pose.pose.position.x = odomI.x;
118 odom.pose.pose.position.y = odomI.y;
119 odom.pose.pose.position.z = 0.0;
120 odom.pose.pose.orientation = odom_quat;
121 odom.pose.covariance[0] = 1e-3;
122 odom.pose.covariance[7] = 1e-3;
123 odom.pose.covariance[35] = 1e-3;
124
125 //set the velocity
126 odom.twist.twist.linear.x = odomI.xdot;
127 odom.twist.twist.linear.y = odomI.ydot;
128 odom.twist.twist.angular.z = odomI.thetadot;
129 odom.twist.covariance[0] = 1e-3;
130 odom.twist.covariance[7] = 1e-3;
131 odom.twist.covariance[35] = 1e-3;
132
133 //publish the message
134 odom_pub.publish(odom);
135 }
136 last_time = current_time;
137 // std::cout << "x:" << odomI.x << " y:" << odomI.y << " t:" << odomI.theta <<
std::endl;
138 r.sleep();
139 }
140 }
141
```