```
1 #include "Vision3D.h"
 2 #include <cmath>
 4 #include "ros/ros.h"
 6 using namespace std;
 7 using namespace cv;
9 //Old robot
10 //const cv::Matx33d Vision3D::cameraMatrix = {512.983, 0.0, 307.130,
       //0, 513.019, 253.954,
12
       //0, 0, 1};
13 //const cv::Matx<double, 1, 5> Vision3D::distortionCoefficients = {.20803238,
   -.352899, .012604, -.0033081, .090205};
14
15 //New robot
16 const cv::Matx33d Vision3D::cameraMatrix = {502.564, 0.0, 309.1057,
       0.0, 502.666, 248.452,
       0.0, 0.0, 1.0};
18
19 const cv::Matx<double, 1, 5> Vision3D::distortionCoefficients = {.1402, -.2818,
   .01328, .00042, .1597};
20
21 Point2d Vision3D::getPosIfHeight(Point imagePos, double height) {
    vector<Point2d> initial{{(double) imagePos.x, (double) imagePos.y}};
    vector<Point2d> undistorted;
     undistortPoints(initial, undistorted, cameraMatrix, distortionCoefficients,
  noArray(), cameraMatrix); //I was unsure how to use this without it normalizing and
   denormalizing the values using the camera matrix
     //ROS_INFO("Before: %f, %f, Undistorted: %f, %f", initial[0].x, initial[0].y,
25
  undistorted[0].x, undistorted[0].y);
26
    Matx33d rotationMat = \{1, 0, 0, 0, 1\}
27
28
                0, cos(CameraAngle), sin(CameraAngle),
29
                0, -sin(CameraAngle), cos(CameraAngle)};
                                                           //Rotate clockwise about the
  x if the positive x axis is facing you
     Point3d dir = rotationMat * (cameraMatrix.inv() * Point3d(undistorted[0].x,
30
  undistorted[0].y, 1));
     double t = (-height + CameraHeight) / dir.y;
31
     Point2d output;
32
33
     output.x = t * dir.z + 0.1143;
     output.y = - t * dir.x;
34
35
     return output;
36 }
37
```

localhost:4649/?mode=clike 1/1