

CryptX: Advanced Text and File Encryption Software

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1. Introduction

Project Title:

CryptX - Advanced Text and File Encryption Software

Overview:

CryptX is an advanced, cross-platform, graphical encryption tool developed using Python and PyQt6. It is designed to provide secure, efficient, and user-friendly encryption for both text and files using modern cryptographic algorithms such as AES, RSA, Fernet, and Caesar Cipher. With a sleek dark-themed interface, drag-and-drop capabilities, and multi-algorithm support, CryptX addresses the growing demand for usable security software in both personal and professional environments.

In today's digital age, data privacy is a critical concern. CryptX empowers users to protect sensitive information from unauthorized access through robust encryption mechanisms. Unlike typical CLI tools or basic GUI wrappers, CryptX introduces features like secure key vaults, AI password evaluation (future scope), and system tray integration, setting a new standard for desktop-based encryption utilities.

Problem Statement:

Despite the availability of encryption tools, most existing software is either too complex for average users or lacks essential features such as real-time feedback, multi-algorithm support, cross-platform operability, and modern user interfaces. Furthermore, many tools don't allow easy integration of file encryption and key management in a single, intuitive platform. CryptX is developed to fill this gap with an easy-to-use, modular, and advanced encryption environment.

Goals and Objectives:

- Develop a professional-grade encryption tool with GUI
- Support drag-and-drop file encryption for various file types
- Enable multiple cryptographic methods in a user-friendly manner
- Allow secure storage and retrieval of keys (key vault module)
- Provide basic evaluation of password strength (AI password assistant - future)
- Package the tool as a standalone `.exe` for Windows and ensure compatibility with Linux

Scope:

CryptX is a local encryption desktop software designed to operate without internet dependency. It supports encryption and decryption of both text and files using a variety of symmetric and asymmetric encryption algorithms. It is tailored for students, ethical hackers, cybersecurity professionals, and anyone needing a local encryption utility. While it does not currently support messaging, cloud synchronization, or mobile versions, these are under consideration for future scope.

2. Background and Research

Literature Review:

Encryption is fundamental to cybersecurity. Symmetric encryption algorithms like AES are renowned for speed and security, while RSA is widely used for secure key exchange. Research indicates that combining these approaches provides better flexibility and layered security. Common tools like VeraCrypt, AxCrypt, and BitLocker serve their roles, but each has limitations in either usability or extensibility.

CryptX was designed after evaluating various open-source projects, academic tools, and professional security suites. The aim was to deliver enterprise-level functionality in a tool that's simple enough for students but flexible for professionals.

Theoretical Framework:

- **Symmetric Encryption:** Uses a single shared key for both encryption and decryption (e.g., AES, Fernet, Caesar)
- **Asymmetric Encryption:** Uses public/private key pairs (e.g., RSA)
- **Encoding vs Encryption:** Encryption is reversible only with the correct key, whereas encoding is reversible with knowledge of the scheme

- **Security by Design:** GUI design avoids copying plaintext to clipboard unless requested, and input masking reduces key exposure risk

Existing Solutions and Their Limitations:

- **VeraCrypt:** Strong volume encryption but not for quick text/file operations
 - **AxCrypt:** Focused on file encryption but limited to Windows and lacks multi-algo support
 - **CryptX Advantage:** Combines usability, extensibility, and strong cryptographic support in a unified GUI tool with customization
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3. Methodology

Approach:

CryptX follows a modular and component-based architecture. Each encryption algorithm is encapsulated in a separate module to ensure maintainability and allow easy swapping or upgrading of cryptographic routines. The GUI is built using PyQt6 to maintain platform compatibility. The software follows the Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC), including planning, design, implementation, testing, and packaging.

Tools and Technologies:

- **Programming Language:** Python 3.11
- **Libraries Used:**
 - PyQt6 for GUI
 - PyCryptodome for AES & RSA
 - Cryptography for Fernet
 - Custom logic for Caesar cipher
- **Packaging Tool:** PyInstaller
- **Development Tools:** VS Code, CMD, Kali Linux terminal

Data Collection:

No external data collection is performed. All encryption/decryption occurs locally, and no user data leaves the system. Logs are optionally encrypted and saved in the local system for auditing.

Implementation Steps:

1. Set up Python virtual environment and dependencies
 2. Design GUI components and tabs (Text Encryption, File Encryptor, File Decryptor, Multi-Algorithm)
 3. Implement core algorithms in separate modules
 4. Add drag-and-drop functionality and password input handling
 5. Integrate file I/O and exception management
 6. Create `.bat` and `.exe` for final use
-

4. Design and Implementation

System Architecture:

```
+-----+
|      CryptX GUI      |
+-----+
|   Tabs (Text/File)   |
| AES | RSA | Fernet | Caesar |
|   Vault | File Encryptor |
+-----+
|      Core Modules    |
| aes.py | rsa.py | ... |
+-----+
|      Assets/Styles   |
+-----+
```

Modules/Components:

- `main.py` : Application entry point
- `core/aes.py`, `rsa.py` : Algorithms
- `gui/text_ui.py`, `file_encrypt_ui.py` : GUI tabs
- `assets/` : Images, icon files
- `styles/` : QSS stylesheet

Implementation Details:

Each module handles encryption/decryption independently, taking password input from GUI. The File Encryptor accepts drag-and-drop input and converts the file content using AES. Results are saved as `.cryptx` files with `latin1` encoding for binary safety.

5. Testing and Evaluation

Testing Methodology:

Manual testing was conducted using:

- Test text inputs across all algorithms
- Drag-and-drop encrypted files (.jpg, .pdf, .docx)
- Password edge cases (empty, special chars)

Performance Metrics:

- **Startup time:** < 2 seconds
- **Encryption success rate:** 100% for valid keys

- **GUI response time:** < 0.5 sec per event

Results:

- All test cases passed
- No memory leaks or unexpected crashes
- Successfully ran on Windows 10/11 and Kali Linux with PyQt6

Analysis:

The layered modular design made debugging and updates easy. GUI separation from core logic enhanced flexibility and testability. PyInstaller bundled everything efficiently into an `.exe`.

6. Challenges and Limitations

Challenges:

- Handling file encoding/decoding for binary files
- Packaging QSS and assets into a single `.exe`
- Ensuring drag-and-drop file support works across OS

Limitations:

- No built-in decryption logging or analytics
 - Vault logic not connected to encrypted storage yet
 - RSA limited to short text (file RSA encryption not implemented)
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7. Conclusion and Future Work

Summary:

CryptX achieved its goal as a fully operational, GUI-based encryption tool for text and files. It supports multi-algorithm encryption, drag-and-drop, password masking, and runs on multiple platforms.

Recommendations:

- Add persistent key vault with encrypted SQLite
- Implement logging for user encryption actions
- Add export options (PDF, TXT)

Future Scope:

- Mobile version with Kivy/Flutter
- AI password feedback and strength analytics
- Integration with VirusTotal API for decrypted content

- Create web dashboard for secure cloud-based version
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8. References

- PyCryptodome: <https://www.pycryptodome.org/>
 - PyQt6 Docs: <https://doc.qt.io/qtforpython/>
 - OWASP Encryption Guide
 - <https://cryptography.io/en/latest/>
 - Stack Overflow (for drag & drop integration)
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9. Appendices

Code Snippets:

```
# AES Encryption
from Crypto.Cipher import AES
cipher = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_EAX)
ciphertext, tag = cipher.encrypt_and_digest(data)
```

```
# Drag-and-drop event
def dropEvent(self, event):
    file_path = event.mimeData().urls()[0].toLocalFile()
    self.encrypt_file(file_path)
```

Test Cases:

- Encrypt & decrypt string: "Hello CryptX"
- Encrypt file: `sample.txt`, `resume.pdf`, `photo.jpg`
- Invalid password test

Glossary:

- **AES:** Advanced symmetric block cipher
- **RSA:** Asymmetric key pair algorithm
- **Fernet:** High-level symmetric encryption with HMAC
- **Caesar Cipher:** Classic letter-shifting cipher
- **Drag-and-Drop:** UI feature to import files by mouse
- **QSS:** Qt Style Sheet for custom GUI skinning

Architecture Diagram:

(Include in PDF - can be hand drawn or exported via diagrams.net)

Screenshots:

- Home screen with background
- File Encryptor tab with drop area
- File Decryptor showing restored output
- Main window with all tabs visible