### 1. NUMBER SYSTEM

Q.) Create a menu driven program to convert a decimal number to it's binary, octal, and hexagonal equivalents.

### **INPUT**

```
def D t B():
     a=int( input('Enter Decimal Number: ') )
     q=a
     1=[]
     s=' '
     while q>0:
          (q,r)=(q//2,q%2)
          1.append(r)
     1.reverse()
     for i in range(len(l)):
          s=s+str(l[i])
     return f'\t\t ({a}) \{chr(0x2081)\} \{chr(0x2080)\} = ({s}) \{chr(0x2082)\} \n'
def D t O():
     a=int( input('Enter Decimal Number: ') )
     1=[]
     s=11
     while q>0:
           (q,r)=(q//8,q%8)
          1.append(r)
     1.reverse()
     for i in range(len(1)):
          s += str(l[i])
     return f'\t\t ({a}) \{chr(0x2081)\} \{chr(0x2080)\} = ({s}) \{chr(0x2088)\} \n'
def D t H():
     a=int( input('Enter Decimal Number: ') )
     q=a
     1=[]
     s=' '
     while q>0:
          (q,r)=(q//16,q%16)
          1.append(r)
     1.reverse()
```

```
d={10:'A',11:'B',12:'C',13:'D',14:'E',15:'F'}
    for i in range(len(1)):
         if 1[i]>9:
              s += str(d[l[i]])
         else:
              s += str(l[i])
    return f'\t\t ({a}) \{chr(0x2081)\} \{chr(0x2080)\} = ({s}) \{chr(0x2081)\} \{chr(0x2086)\} \n'
def Menu():
    while True:
         print('\t\t\ -----')
         print('\t\t\ DATA REPRESENTATION')
         print('\t\t\ -----')
         print('\t\t\t SELECT A OPTION:')
         print('\t\t\ -----')
         print('\t\t 1.Convert Decimal to Binary')
         print('\t\t\t 2.Convert Decimal to Octal')
         print('\t\t\ 3.Convert Decimal to Hexal')
         print('\t\t\t 4.Exit')
         z=int(input('Enter choice: ') )
         print()
         if z == 1:
              print( D t B() )
         elif z == 2:
             print( D t O() )
         elif z == 3:
             print( D t H() )
         else:
              exit()
Menu()
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
DATA REPRESENTATION
                          SELECT A OPTION:
                        1.Convert Decimal to Binary
                        2.Convert Decimal to Octal
                        3.Convert Decimal to Hexal
                        4.Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter Decimal Number: 344
                        (344)_{10} = (101011000)_{2}
                         DATA REPRESENTATION
                          SELECT A OPTION:
                        _____
                        1.Convert Decimal to Binary
                        2.Convert Decimal to Octal
                        3.Convert Decimal to Hexal
                        4.Exit
Enter choice: 2
Enter Decimal Number: 55
                        (55)_{10} = (67)_{8}
                         DATA REPRESENTATION
                          SELECT A OPTION:
                        _____
                        1.Convert Decimal to Binary
                        2.Convert Decimal to Octal
                        3.Convert Decimal to Hexal
                        4.Exit
Enter choice: 3
Enter Decimal Number: 29
                        (29)_{10} = (1D)_{16}
                         DATA REPRESENTATION
                        _____
                          SELECT A OPTION:
                        1.Convert Decimal to Binary
                        2.Convert Decimal to Octal
                        3.Convert Decimal to Hexal
                        4.Exit
```

Enter choice: 4

### 2. SEARCHING

Q.) Create a menu driven program to search an element in a sorted list.

### **INPUT**

```
def Bin asc():
    x=input('Enter Sorted List: ').split()
    #to input elements with spaces in between
    s=input('Enter Element to be Searched: ')
    print()
    1=0
    u=len(x)-1
    while 1 <= u:
        m = (1+u)//2
        if s == x[m]:
            print(f'Element {s} is present at index {m} of list')
            break
        elif s > x[m]:
            1 = m+1
        else:
            u = m-1
    else:
        print('Element not in list')
    print()
def Bin desc():
    x=input('Enter Sorted List: ').split()
    #to input elements with spaces in between
    s=input('Enter Element to be Searched: ')
    print()
    1=0
    u=len(x)-1
    while l \le u:
        m = (1+u)//2
        if s == x[m]:
            print(f'Element {s} is present at index {m} of list')
            break
        elif s > x[m]:
            u = m-1
```

```
else:
            1 = m+1
    else:
        print('Element not in list')
   print()
def Binary Search():
   print('\t\t\t BINARY SEARCH')
   print('\t\t\t 1.Data in Ascending Order')
   print('\t\t\t 2.Data in Descending Order')
    a=int( input('Enter Choice: ') )
   print()
   if a==1:
        Bin asc()
        print()
    elif a==2:
        Bin desc()
        print()
def Linear Search():
    x=input('Enter Sorted List: ').split()
    #to input elements with spaces in between
    s=input('Enter Element to be Searched: ')
   print()
    l=len(x)
    c=0
   y=[]
    if s in x:
        for i in range(1):
            if x[i] == s:
                c += 1
                y.append( str(i) )
        z=','.join(y)
        print(f'Element {s} is present {c} time(s) at index {z} of list')
    else:
        print('Element not in list')
    print()
def Menu():
    while True:
        print('\t\t\t SEARCHING')
        print('\t\t\t 1.Binary Search')
        print('\t\t\t 2.Linear Search')
        print('\t\t\t 3.Exit')
        z=int( input('Enter Choice: ') )
```

```
print()
if z==1:
    Binary_Search()
    print()
elif z==2:
    Linear_Search()
    print()
else:
    exit()
Menu()
```

```
SEARCHING
                         1.Binary Search
                         2.Linear Search
                         3.Exit
Enter Choice: 1
                         BINARY SEARCH
                         1.Data in Ascending Order
                         2.Data in Descending Order
Enter Choice: 1
Enter Sorted List: 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7
Enter Element to be Searched: 2
Element 2 is present at index 2 of list
                         SEARCHING
                         1.Binary Search
                         2.Linear Search
                         3.Exit
Enter Choice: 1
                         BINARY SEARCH
                         1.Data in Ascending Order
                         2.Data in Descending Order
Enter Choice: 2
Enter Sorted List: 5 5 5 4 4 3 3 3 2 2 1 1 1
Enter Element to be Searched: 1
```

#### Element 1 is present at index 11 of list

#### SEARCHING

1.Binary Search

2.Linear Search

3.Exit

Enter Choice: 2

Enter Sorted List: 1 3 4 5 2 3 6 7 9 5 3 7

Enter Element to be Searched: 3

Element 3 is present 3 time(s) at index 1,5,10 of list

#### SEARCHING

1.Binary Search
2.Linear Search

3.Exit

Enter Choice: 3

>>>

### 3. SORTING

Q.) Create a menu driven program to sort the elements of a given list using different algorithms.

#### **INPUT**

```
def Bubble():
   print('\t\t\t BUBBLE SORT')
   print('\t\t\t 1.Ascending Order')
   print('\t\t\t 2.Descending Order')
    a=int( input('Enter Choice: ') )
   print()
   x=[int(el) for el in input('Enter List: ').split()]
   print()
   l=len(x)
    for j in range(1-1):
        for i in range(l-1-j):
            if a == 1:
                if x[i] > x[i+1]:
                    x[i], x[i+1] = x[i+1], x[i]
            else:
                if x[i] < x[i+1]:
                    x[i], x[i+1] = x[i+1], x[i]
   print('Sorted List:', x)
def Insertion():
   print('\t\t\t INSERTION SORT')
   print('\t\t\t 1.Ascending Order')
   print('\t\t\t 2.Descending Order')
    a=int( input('Enter Choice: ') )
   print()
   x=[int(el) for el in input('Enter List: ').split()]
   print()
   l=len(x)
    for i in range(1, 1):
        t = x[i]
        j = i-1
        if a == 1:
```

```
while j \ge 0 and t < x[j]:
                x[j+1] = x[j]
                j=j-1
        else:
            while j \ge 0 and t > x[j]:
                x[j+1] = x[j]
                j=j-1
        x[j+1]=t
    print('Sorted List:', x)
def Selection():
   print('\t\t\t SELECTION SORT')
    print('\t\t\t 1.Ascending Order')
    print('\t\t\t 2.Descending Order')
    a=int( input('Enter Choice: ') )
   print()
    x=[int(el) for el in input('Enter List: ').split()]
    print()
    l=len(x)
    for i in range(1-1):
        for j in range(i+1, 1):
            if a == 1:
                if x[i] > x[j]:
                    x[i], x[j] = x[j], x[i]
            else:
                if x[i] < x[j]:
                    x[i], x[j] = x[j], x[i]
    print('Sorted List:', x)
def Merge():
    print('\t\t\t MERGE SORT')
    print()
    x=eval(input('Enter List 1: '))
    y=eval(input('Enter List 2: '))
    z=[]
    j=0
    for i in range(len(x)):
         while y[j] < x[i]:
              z.append(y[j])
              j=j+1
         z.append(x[i])
    z.extend(y[j:])
    print('Sorted List in Descending Order:', z)
```

```
def Menu():
    while True:
        print('\t\t\t SORTING')
        print('\t\t\t 1.Bubble Sort')
        print('\t\t 2.Insertion Sort')
        print('\t\t\t 3.Selection Sort')
        print('\t\t\t 4.Merge Sort')
        print('\t\t\t 5.Exit')
        z=int( input('Enter Choice: ') )
        print()
        if z == 1:
            Bubble()
            print()
        elif z == 2:
            Insertion()
            print()
        elif z == 3:
            Selection()
            print()
        elif z == 4:
            Merge()
            print()
        else:
            exit()
Menu()
```

#### **OUTPUT**

SORTING 1.Bubble Sort 2.Insertion Sort 3.Selection Sort 4.Merge Sort 5.Exit Enter Choice: 1 BUBBLE SORT 1.Ascending Order 2.Descending Order Enter Choice: 1 Enter List: 1 2 6 4 3 6 2 Sorted List: [1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 6, 6] SORTING 1.Bubble Sort 2.Insertion Sort 3.Selection Sort 4.Merge Sort 5.Exit Enter Choice: 1 BUBBLE SORT 1.Ascending Order 2.Descending Order Enter Choice: 2 Enter List: 2 8 4 2 1 5 3 Sorted List: [8, 5, 4, 3, 2, 2, 1] SORTING 1.Bubble Sort 2.Insertion Sort 3.Selection Sort 4.Merge Sort 5.Exit Enter Choice: 2 INSERTION SORT 1.Ascending Order 2.Descending Order Enter Choice: 1

Enter List: 1 3 6 2 4 7 4

Sorted List: [1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 6, 7]

SORTING

1.Bubble Sort

2.Insertion Sort

3.Selection Sort

4.Merge Sort

5.Exit

Enter Choice: 2

INSERTION SORT

1.Ascending Order

2.Descending Order

Enter Choice: 2

Enter List: 2 3 9 1 5 7 8

Sorted List: [9, 8, 7, 5, 3, 2, 1]

SORTING

1.Bubble Sort

2.Insertion Sort

3.Selection Sort

4.Merge Sort

5.Exit

Enter Choice: 3

SELECTION SORT

1.Ascending Order

2.Descending Order

Enter Choice: 1

Enter List: 5 6 8 3 9 10 22

Sorted List: [3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 22]

SORTING

1.Bubble Sort

2.Insertion Sort

3.Selection Sort

4.Merge Sort

5.Exit

Enter Choice: 4

#### MERGE SORT

Enter List 1: [1,2,3,4] Enter List 2: [3,4,5,6,7]

Sorted List in Descending Order: [1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 6, 7]

#### SORTING

1.Bubble Sort 2.Insertion Sort 3.Selection Sort 4.Merge Sort

5.Exit

Enter Choice: 5

>>>

### 4. STRING HANDLING

Q.) Write a program that inputs and reads a string and performs various inbuilt python string manipulation methods.

#### **INPUT**

```
s=str(input('enter a string:'))
l=len(s)
print('original string is',s)
#capitalizing alternate elements in a string
s2=''
for i in range(0,1,2):
    s2=s2+s[i]
    if i<(1-1):
        s2=s2+s[i+1].upper()
print('alternatively capitalized string is',s2)
#split a string on a specific characters
print(s.split(' '))
#reverse a string
print(''.join(reversed(s)))
#string slicing
string='python is a great language.'
print(string)
print(string[:6])
print(string[7:13])
print(string[0:-1:2])
```

```
enter a string:'python is a computer language'
original string is 'python is a computer language'
alternatively capitalized string is 'PyThOn iS A CoMpUtEr lAnGuAgE'
["'python", 'is', 'a', 'computer', "language'"]
'egaugnal retupmoc a si nohtyp'
python is a great language.
python
is a g
pto sagetlnug
>>>
```

### 5. LIST HANDLING

Q.) Write a program that inputs and reads a list and performs various inbuilt python list manipulation methods.

### **INPUT**

```
[2, 3, 4, 5, 5, 6, 87, 73, 3, 3, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 321, 234, 432, 345, 543, 456] >>>
```

### 6. TUPLE HANDLING

Q.) Write a program that inputs and reads a tuple and performs various inbuilt python tuple manipulation methods.

### **INPUT**

```
l=eval(input('Enter a list to convert into tuple: '))
t=tuple(1)

tl=len(t)
print('Length of tuple', tl)

tmax=max(t)
tmin=min(t)
print('Maximum value of tuple: ',tmax)
print('Miniimum value of tuple: ',tmin)

n=int(input('Enter number to be counted from tuple: '))
tc=t.count(n)
print('The number ',n ,'has occured ',tc , 'no. of times')
```

```
Enter a list to convert into tuple: [1,3,5,7,6,6,9,33]
Length of tuple 8
Maximum value of tuple: 33
Miniimum value of tuple: 1
Enter number to be counted from tuple: 6
The number 6 has occured 2 no. of times
>>>
```

### 7. DICTIONARY HANDLING

Q.) Write a program that inputs and reads a dictionary and performs various inbuilt python dictionary manipulation methods.

#### **INPUT**

```
n=int(input('Enter number of entries: '))
d={}
for i in range (n):
    key=int(input('Enter key: '))
    value=input('Enter value: ')
    d[key]=value
print('The dictionary is: ',d)

print('Length of dictionary is: ',len(d))
print(d.keys())
print(d.values())

d[4]='d'
print('New dictionary is: ',d)
```

```
Enter number of entries: 3
Enter key: 1
Enter value: a
Enter key: 2
Enter value: b
Enter key: 3
Enter value: c
The dictionary is: {1: 'a', 2: 'b', 3: 'c'}
Length of dictionary is: 3
dict_keys([1, 2, 3])
dict_values(['a', 'b', 'c'])
New dictionary is: {1: 'a', 2: 'b', 3: 'c', 4: 'd'}
>>>
```

# 8. LOGIC BASED PROGRAM ON STRING/LIST/TUPLE/DICTIONARY

### 9. FLOOR DIVISION / MODULUS

### 10. OPERATORS IN PYTHON

### 11. RANDOM

#### **INPUT**

```
import random

numbers = range(11)
string = 'testString'
alpha_numeric = ''
for i in range(random.randint(0,20)):
        alpha_numeric += str(random.choice(numbers))
        if random.choice([True,False]):
            alpha_numeric += random.choice(string)

print(alpha_numeric)
```

### **OUTPUT**

6S3g5n10g

### 12. FILE HANDLING (TEXT MODE)

### --> removing all empty lines

#### **INPUT**

```
with open('abc.txt','r') as f:
    s = f.read().split('\n')
    while '' in s:
        s.remove('')
    for i in range(len(s)):
        s[i]+='\n'

with open('abc.txt','w') as f:
    f.writelines(s)
```

### **OUTPUT**

Initially:

file

handling

text

Finally:

file handling text

### 13. FILE HANDLING (BINARY MODE)

#### **INPUT**

```
bye
hello
how are you?
where are you?
bye
End of file reached
>>> |
```

### 14. FILE HANDLING (CSV)

### **INPUT**

```
import csv
with open('abc.csv','r') as f:
    reader = csv.reader(f,delimiter = ',')
    for row in reader:
        for item in row:
            print(item,end = ' ')
        print()
```

```
Name Class
Someone 12
Nobody 11
>>>
```

### 15. USER DEFINED FUNCTION

### 16. MYSQL QUERIES

**Program 1:** Write a SQL program to create a table with suitable fields

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE jobs (
JOB_ID integer NOT NULL UNIQUE PRIMARY KEY,
JOB_TITLE varchar(35) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',
MIN_SALARY decimal(6,0) DEFAULT 8000,
MAX_SALARY decimal(6,0) DEFAULT NULL
);
```

Output:

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE jobs (
    -> JOB_ID integer NOT NULL UNIQUE PRIMARY KEY,
    -> JOB_TITLE char(10) NOT NULL DEFAULT ' ',
    -> MIN_SALARY decimal(6,0) DEFAULT 8000,
    -> MAX_SALARY decimal(6,0) DEFAULT NULL
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.92 sec)
```

**Program 2:** Write a MySQL program to enter three records at once.

Code:

insert into jobs values(281, 'Engineer', 24435, 291198), (991, 'Engineer', 246645, 291198), (721, 'Engineer', 287645, 291348);

Output:

# Consider the table empl given below and run the following Queries.

empno	!	enmae	!	job	!	mgr	!	hiredate	!	sal	!	comm	1	deptno
8369	i	SMITH	i	CLERK	i	8902	i	1991-12-18	i	800	i	NULL	i	20
8499	1	ANYA	1	SALESMAN	1	8698	1	1991-02-20	1	1600	1	300	1	30
8521	1	SETH	1	SALESMAN	1	8698	1	1991-02-22	1	1250	1	500	1	30
8566	1	MAHADEUAN	1	MANAGER	1	8839	1	1991-04-02	1	2985	1	NULL	1	20
8654	1	MOMIN	1	SALESMAN	1	8698	1	1991-09-28	1	1250	1	1400	1	30
8882	1	SHIAUNSH	1	MANAGER	1	8839	1	1991-06-09	1	2450	1	NULL	1	10
8698	1	BINA	1	MANAGER	1	8339	1	1991-05-10	1	2850	1	NULL	1	30
8888	1	SCOTT	1	ANALYST	1	8566	1	1992-12-09	1	3000	1	NULL	1	20
8839	1	AMIR	1	PRESIDENT	1	NULL	1	1991-11-18	1	5000	1	NULL	1	10
8844	1	KULDEEP	1	SALESMAN	1	8698	1	1991-09-08	1	1500	1	0	1	30
8886	1	ANOOP	1	CLERK	1	8888	1	1993-01-12	1	110000	1	NULL	1	20
8900	1	JATIN	1	CLERK	1	8698	1	1991-12-03	1	950	1	NULL	1	30
8902	1	FAKIR	1	ANALYST	1	8566	1	1991-12-03	1	3000	1	NULL	1	20
8934	1	MITA	1	CLERK	1	8882	1	1992-01-23	1	1300	1	NULL	1	10

1. List the details of those employees whose annual salary is between 25000 and 40000.

### SELECT \* FROM empl where sal BETWEEN 2500 AND 4000;

!							-		hiredate						
i						-			1991-04-02						
ı	8698	1	BINA	1	MANAGER	1	8339	1	1991-05-10	1	2850	1	NULL	1	30
ı	8888	1	SCOTT	1	ANALYST	1	8566	1	1992-12-09	1	3000	1	NULL	1	20
ı	8902	1	FAKIR	1	ANALYST	1	8566	1	1991-12-03	1	3000	1	NULL	1	20

2. Display the name of employees whose name contains 'A' as the 4th alphabet.

SELECT ename FROM empl WHERE ename like '\_\_\_a%';

```
| enmae | |
| ANYA | |
| MAHADEUAN | |
| SHIAUNSH | |
| BINA | |
```

3. Display Name, Job and Salary of employees who do not have a manager.

### SELECT ename, job, sal FROM empl WHERE mgr IS NULL;

+-		+		+		+
	enmae					
+-		+		+		+
1	AMIR	1	PRESIDENT	1	5000	1
+-		+		+		+

4. Display Name, Salary and salary added with commision.

### SELECT ename, sal, sal+comm FROM empl;

+-		1	sal	1	sal+comm	1
		+		+		+
1	SMITH	1	800	1	NULL	1
1	ANYA	1	1600	1	1900	1
1	SETH	1	1250	1	1750	1
1	MAHADEVAN	1	2985	1	NULL	1
1	MOMIN	1	1250	1	2650	1
1	SHIAUNSH	1	2450	1	NULL	1
1	BINA	1	2850	1	NULL	1
1	SCOTT	1	3000	1	NULL	1
1	AMIR	1	5000	1	NULL	1
1	KULDEEP	1	1500	1	1500	1
1	ANOOP	1	110000	1	NULL	1
1	JATIN	1	950	1	NULL	1
1	FAKIR	1	3000	1	NULL	1
1	MITA	1	1300	1	NULL	1

5. Display details of employees who earn more commission than their salaries.

### **SELECT \* FROM empl WHERE comm>sal;**

		enmae		-	hiredate			
i					1991-09-28			

# Consider the table EMPLOYEE given below and run the following Queries.

١	ID	1	First_Name	1	Last_Name	1	User_ID	1	Salary	1
+		-+		-+		-+-		+		-+
١	1	1	DIM	1	JOSEPH	1	JDIM	1	5000	1
١	2	1	jagganath	1	MISHRA	1	<b>JNMISHRA</b>	1	4000	1
1	3	1	SIDDHARTH	1	MISHRA	1	SMISHRA	1	8000	1
1	4	1	SHANKAR	1	GIRI	1	SGIRI	1	7000	1
1	5	1	GAUTAM	1	BUDDHA	1	BGAUTAM	1	2000	1

1. For record with ID=4 update record with last Name, User ID and Salary.

# UPDATE employe SET Last\_Name='SAHUKAR',User\_ID='skar',Salary=9000 WHERE ID=4;

I	ID		ı	First_Name	I	Last_Name	1	User_ID	1	Salary	I
+-			+-		-+-		+-		+		-+
ı		1	1	DIM	1	<b>JOSEPH</b>	1	JDIM	1	5000	1
ı		2	1	jagganath	1	MISHRA	1	JNMISHRA	1	4000	1
ı		3	1	SIDDHARTH	1	MISHRA	1	SMISHRA	1	8000	1
ı		4	1	SHANKAR	1	SAHUKAR	1	skar	1	9000	1
ı		5	1	GAUTAM	1	BUDDHA	I	BGAUTAM	1	2000	1

2. Modify the last name of employees to Gautam where salary<5000.

### **UPDATE employe SET Last\_Name='Gautam' WHERE Salary;**

!	ID		1	First_Name	1	Last_Name	1	User_ID	1	Salary	1
ī		1	ī	DIM	ī	JOSEPH	ī	JDIM	ī	5000	I
I		2	ï	jagganath	1	Gautam	1	<b>JNMISHRA</b>	1	4000	1
I		3		SIDDHARTH	1	MISHRA	1	SMISHRA	1	8000	1
I		4	1	SHANKAR	1	SAHUKAR	1	skar	1	9000	1
I		5	1	GAUTAM	1	Gautam	1	<b>BGAUTAM</b>	1	2000	1

3. Add column Email of data type VARCHAR to the table.

### **ALTER TABLE employe ADD(Email VARCHAR(30));**

1	ID	1	First_Name	1	Last_Name	1	User_ID	1	Salary	1	Email	1
+-		-+		-+		-+		+		+		+
1	1	1	DIM	1	JOSEPH	1	JDIM	1	5000	1	NULL	1
1	2	1	jagganath	1	Gautam	1	JNMISHRA	1	4000	1	NULL	1
1	3	1	SIDDHARTH	1	MISHRA	1	SMISHRA	1	8000	1	NULL	1
1	4	1	SHANKAR	1	SAHUKAR	1	skar	1	9000	1	NULL	1
1	5	1	GAUTAM	1	Gautam	1	BGAUTAM	1	2000	1	NULL	1

4. Delete the employee record having first name as SIDDHARTH.

### **DELETE FROM employe WHERE First\_Name='SIDDHARTH'**;

i	DIM									
	DIL		JOSEPH	1	JDIM	1	5000	1	NULL	1
1	jagganath	1	Gautam	1	JNMISHRA	1	4000	1	NULL	1
		1	SAHUKAR	1	skar	1	9000	1	NULL	1
1	GAUTAM	1	Gautam	1	BGAUTAM	1	2000	1	NULL	1
	1	jagganath   SHANKAR   GAUTAM	I SHANKAR I	I SHANKAR I SAHUKAR	I SHANKAR   SAHUKAR	SHANKAR   SAHUKAR   skar	SHANKAR   SAHUKAR   skar	SHANKAR   SAHUKAR   skar   9000	SHANKAR   SAHUKAR   skar   9000	SHANKAR   SAHUKAR   skar   9000   NULL

5. Modify the salary and increases it by 1000, for all who get salary less than 5000.

# **UPDATE** employe SET Salary = Salary+1000 WHERE Salary<5000;

1	ID	1	First_Name	1	Last_Name	1	User_ID	1	Salary	1	Email	1
i	1	i	DIM	i	JOSEPH	i	JDIM	i	5000	ì	NULL	1
ı	2	1	jagganath	1	Gautam	1	JNMISHRA	1	5000	1	NULL	1
I			SHANKAR	1	SAHUKAR	1	skar	1	9000	1	NULL	1
1	5	1	GAUTAM	1	Gautam	1	BGAUTAM	1	3000	1	NULL	1

## 17. MYSQL CONNECTIVITY

### 18. STACKS

### **INPUT**

```
stack=[]
size=0
s=0
def push():
    global s, size
    if s==size:
        print('Over Flow')
    else:
        s=s+1
        e=int(input("ENTER DATA:"))
        stack.append(e)
def pop():
    global s
    top=-1
    if stack==[]:
        print('Under Flow')
    else:
        print("Element popped is:",stack[-1])
        del(stack[top])
        s=s-1
def display():
    if stack==[]:
        print('Under Flow')
    else:
        q=len(stack)
        for top in range (q-1,-1,-1):
            print(stack[top])
def menu():
    global size
    size=int(input('Enter the size of the stack:'))
    while True:
```

```
print("\t\t\t1. Push")
print("\t\t\t2. Pop")
print("\t\t\t3. Display")
print("\t\t\t4. Exit")
c=int(input("ENTER CHOICE:"))
if c==1:
    push()
elif c==2:
    pop()
elif c==3:
    display()
else:
    break
menu()
```

```
Enter the size of the stack:2
                         1. Push
                         2. Pop
                         3. Display
                         4. Exit
ENTER CHOICE:1
ENTER DATA: 1
                         1. Push
                         2. Pop
                         3. Display
                         4. Exit
ENTER CHOICE:1
ENTER DATA: 2
                         1. Push
                         2. Pop
                         3. Display
                         4. Exit
```

### ENTER CHOICE:1 Over Flow 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Exit ENTER CHOICE: 2 Element popped is: 2 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Exit **ENTER CHOICE: 2** Element popped is: 1 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Exit ENTER CHOICE: 2 Under Flow 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Exit ENTER CHOICE:1 ENTER DATA: 1 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Exit ENTER CHOICE: 3 1 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Exit ENTER CHOICE: 2

## Element popped is: 1

- 1. Push
- 2. Pop
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

ENTER CHOICE:3

Under Flow

- 1. Push
- 2. Pop
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

ENTER CHOICE: 4

>>>

# 19. QUEUES

## **INPUT**

```
queue=[]
r=f=None
def enqueue():
     global queue, r, f
     if queue==[]:
          r=0
     else:
          r=r+1
     e=int(input("Enter Element:"))
     queue.insert(r,e)
def dequeue():
     global queue, r, f
     if queue==[]:
          return "Empty Queue"
     else:
          f=0
          print('Element to be removed is:', queue[f])
          del (queue[f])
def display():
     global queue, r, f
     if queue==[]:
          print("Empty Queue")
     else:
          q=len (queue)
          for i in range (q):
                print(queue[i],end='-')
```

```
def menu():
     global queue, r, f
     queue=[]
     f=None
     while True:
           print("\t\t\QUEUE OPERATIONS")
           print("\t\t\t1. Engueue")
           print("\t\t\t2. Dequeue")
           print("\t\t\t3. Display")
           print("\t\t\t4. Exit")
           c=int(input("ENTER CHOICE:"))
           if c==1:
                enqueue()
           elif c==2:
                dequeue()
           elif c==3:
                display()
           else:
                break
menu()
OUTPUT
                       QUEUE OPERATIONS
                       1. Enqueue
                       2. Dequeue
                       3. Display
                       4. Exit
ENTER CHOICE:1
Enter Element:1
                       QUEUE OPERATIONS
                       1. Enqueue
                       2. Dequeue
                       3. Display
                       4. Exit
ENTER CHOICE:1
Enter Element: 2
```

#### QUEUE OPERATIONS

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

#### ENTER CHOICE:3

1-2-

#### QUEUE OPERATIONS

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

#### ENTER CHOICE: 2

Element to be removed is: 1

### QUEUE OPERATIONS

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

#### ENTER CHOICE:2

Element to be removed is: 2

#### QUEUE OPERATIONS

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- Display
- 4. Exit

#### ENTER CHOICE:3

Empty Queue

#### QUEUE OPERATIONS

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

ENTER CHOICE: 4

# 20. ART INTEGRATION PROJECT

## **INPUT**

```
import pymysql
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tkinter import *
def create_table():
  db=pymysql.connect(host="localhost",user="root",passwd=rootpwd,db=database)
  cur=db.cursor()
  cur.execute("create table stu(Roll int,Name char(20),Class char(5),English int,
 Physics int, Chemistry int, Maths int, Computers int, Percentage char(6), Grade ch
ar(2), Remark char(4));")
  db.commit()
  cur.close()
  db.close()
def add_record_screen():
  global mainframe
  mainframe.destroy()
  mainframe = Frame(root, width=1100, height=600, bg="#111")
  mainframe.grid_propagate(0)
  mainframe.pack()
  def add_record():
    roll=int(rolle.get())
    name=namee.get()
```

```
eng=int(enge.get())
    mat=int(mate.get())
    cs=int(cse.get())
    chem=int(cheme.get())
    phy=int(phye.get())
    total = eng+mat+phy+chem+cs
    perc = round(total/500 * 100,2)
    if perc > 33 : rem = 'PASS'
    else: rem = 'FAIL'
    if perc > 90: grade = 'A1'
    elif perc > 80: grade = 'A2'
    elif perc > 70: grade = 'B1'
    elif perc > 60: grade = 'B2'
    elif perc > 50: grade = 'C1'
    elif perc > 40: grade = 'C2'
    elif perc > 33: grade = 'D'
    else: grade = 'F'
    perc = str(perc)+"%"
    db=pymysql.connect(host="localhost",user="root",passwd=rootpwd,db=database)
    cur=db.cursor()
    cur.execute(f"insert into stu values({roll},\"{name}\",\"{clas}\",{eng},{phy}
,{chem},{mat},{cs},\"{perc}\",\"{grade}\",\"{rem}\");")
    db.commit()
    cur.close()
    db.close()
```

clas=clase.get()

```
namee.delete(0,'end')
  clase.delete(0,'end')
  enge.delete(0,'end')
  phye.delete(0,'end')
  cheme.delete(0, 'end')
  mate.delete(0,'end')
  cse.delete(0,'end')
Label(mainframe,bg="#111",fg="#fff",text='Roll No.').grid(row=1,column=1)
Label(mainframe, bg="#111", fg="#fff", text='Name').grid(row=2, column=1)
Label(mainframe, bg="#111", fg="#fff", text='Class').grid(row=3, column=1)
Label(mainframe, bg="#111", fg="#fff", text='English').grid(row=4, column=1)
Label(mainframe, bg="#111", fg="#fff", text='Physics').grid(row=5, column=1)
Label(mainframe, bg="#111", fg="#fff", text='Chemistry').grid(row=6, column=1)
Label(mainframe, bg="#111", fg="#fff", text='Mathematics').grid(row=7, column=1)
Label(mainframe, bg="#111", fg="#fff", text='Comuper Science').grid(row=8,column=1
rolle = Entry(mainframe)
rolle.grid(row=1,column=2)
namee = Entry(mainframe)
namee.grid(row=2,column=2)
clase = Entry(mainframe)
clase.grid(row=3,column=2)
enge = Entry(mainframe)
```

rolle.delete(0,'end')

)

```
enge.grid(row=4,column=2)
 phye = Entry(mainframe)
 phye.grid(row=5,column=2)
 cheme = Entry(mainframe)
 cheme.grid(row=6,column=2)
 mate = Entry(mainframe)
 mate.grid(row=7,column=2)
 cse = Entry(mainframe)
 cse.grid(row=8,column=2)
 Button(mainframe,text="Back",command=Menu).grid(row=9,column=1)
 Button(mainframe,text="Submit",command=add_record).grid(row=9,column=2)
def display():
 global box
 db=pymysql.connect(host="localhost",user="root",passwd=rootpwd,db=database)
 cur=db.cursor()
 rows=cur.execute("select * from stu;")
 rec=cur.fetchall()
 records = """
+-----
+----+
|Roll No.
                           |Class |English
                                           |Physics |Chemistry |
       Name
       |cs
                               Remarks
Maths
               |Percentage|Grade
+-----
+-----
....
 for i in rec:
```

```
for j in range(len(i)):
     if j==0: records+=" "
     if j==1: records += "{0:<25}|".format(i[j])</pre>
     else: records += "{0:<10}|".format(i[i])</pre>
    records+="\n+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
----+-----+\n"
 cur.close()
 db.close()
 box.configure(state='normal')
 box.insert('end', records)
 box.configure(state='disabled')
def display_graph():
 db=pymysql.connect(host="localhost",user="root",passwd=rootpwd,db=database)
  cur=db.cursor()
  rows=cur.execute("select * from stu;")
  all_records=cur.fetchall()
 avg_eng=avg_phy=avg_chem=avg_maths=avg_cs=0
  for i in all_records:
   avg_eng+=i[3]
   avg_phy+=i[4]
    avg_chem+=i[5]
   avg_maths+=i[6]
   avg_cs+=i[7]
  avg_eng/=rows
```

```
avg_phy/=rows
avg_chem/=rows
avg_maths/=rows
avg_cs/=rows
bg2=[avg_eng,avg_phy,avg_chem,avg_maths,avg_cs]
try: rr=int(roll_no.get())
except:
  print('Please enter roll no.')
  return
aa=f"select * from stu where roll='{rr}';"
rows=cur.execute(aa)
rec=cur.fetchall()
bg1=[]
x=["English","Physics","Chemistry","Mathematics","Computer Science"]
barWidth = 0.1
for i in rec:
  bg1.append(i[3])
  bg1.append(i[4])
  bg1.append(i[5])
  bg1.append(i[6])
  bg1.append(i[7])
```

```
r1 = [0,1,2,3,4]
  r2 = [i + barWidth for i in r1]
  plt.bar(r1,bg2,width=0.1,label="Class Average")
  plt.bar(r2,bg1,width=0.1,label="Student")
  plt.xlabel('group', fontweight='bold')
  plt.xticks([r + barWidth for r in range(len(bg1))], ['English', 'Physics', 'Che
mistry', 'Maths', 'CS'])
  plt.legend()
  plt.show()
  cur.close()
  db.close()
def Menu():
  global mainframe,box,roll_no
  mainframe.destroy()
  mainframe = Frame(root, width=1100, height=600, bg="#111")
  mainframe.grid_propagate(0)
  mainframe.pack()
  Label(mainframe, text="Menu", bg="#111", fg="#fff", font=('serif', 25)).grid(row=1, c
olumn=1)
  Button(mainframe,text="Create Table",command=create_table).grid(row=2,column=1)
  Button(mainframe,text="Add Record",command=add_record_screen).grid(row=3,column
=1)
  Button(mainframe,text="Display All Records",command=display).grid(row=4,column=
1)
  Button(mainframe,text="Display Bar Graph Student Wise",command=display_graph).g
rid(row=5,column=1)
```

```
Button(mainframe,text="Exit",command=quit).grid(row=6,column=1)
  roll no = Entry(mainframe)
  roll_no.grid(row=7,column=1)
  box=Text(mainframe,width=137,height=25,bg='#333',fg='#fff',state='disabled')
  box.grid(row=8,column=1)
def connect(a1,a2):
  global database,rootpwd
  rootpwd = a1
  database = a2
  Menu()
def connect_screen():
  e1 = Entry(mainframe, show="*")
  e2 = Entry(mainframe)
  Label(mainframe,text="Enter root@localhost Password",bg="#111",fg="#fff").grid(
row=1,column=1)
  e1.grid(row=1,column=2)
  Label(mainframe, text="Enter name of database to be used", bg="#111", fg="#fff").g
rid(row=2,column=1)
  e2.grid(row=2,column=2)
  Button(mainframe,text="Submit",command=lambda: connect(e1.get(),e2.get()) ).gri
d(row=3,column=1,columnspan=2)
root = Tk()
root.geometry('1100x600')
mainframe = Frame(root, width=1100, height=600, bg="#111")
mainframe.grid_propagate(0)
```

```
mainframe.pack()
connect_screen()
root.mainloop()
```

### **OUTPUT:**





