

Lecture Section:

Monday, Oct 27, 2025

Student Name:

PSU Email ID:

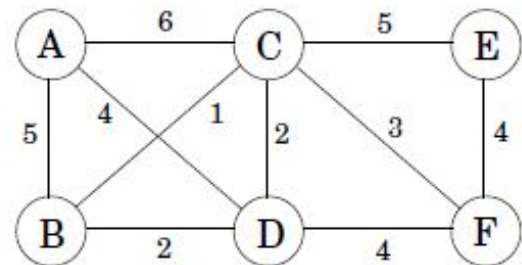
1. (2 pts.) Which of the following problems has an optimal greedy solution?
 - (a) 0-1 Knapsack
 - (b) Minimum Spanning Tree
 - (c) Maximum sum path from root to leaf in a binary tree.
2. (2 pts.) When does a greedy algorithm guarantee an optimal solution?
 - (a) When the problem exhibits the greedy-choice property and optimal substructure.
 - (b) When the problem has no constraints.
 - (c) As long as the problem has optimal substructure, a greedy algorithm guarantees an optimal solution.
3. (2 pts.) In Kruskal's algorithm for finding the Minimum Spanning Tree (MST), what is the greedy choice?
 - (a) Selecting the vertex with the minimum degree.
 - (b) Choosing the edge with the minimum weight that does not form a cycle.
 - (c) Adding the edge with the maximum weight first.

(d) Exploring all possible spanning trees.

4. (2 pts.) Dijkstra's Algorithm for finding the shortest path to all vertices from a single source is an example of a greedy algorithm.

(a) True
(b) False

5. (2 pts.) What is the cost of the minimum spanning tree in the following graph?



(a) 12
(b) 14
(c) 15
(d) 16