



# Networking considerations

## ONTAP Select

David Peterson  
November 24, 2019

This PDF was generated from [https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-select/reference\\_plan\\_ots\\_networking.html](https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-select/reference_plan_ots_networking.html) on November 04, 2020. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

# Table of Contents

Networking considerations ..... 1

# Networking considerations

You must configure the hypervisor network correctly before deploying ONTAP Select.

## Virtual switch options

You must configure a virtual switch on each of the ONTAP Select hosts to support the external network and internal network (multi-node clusters only). As part of deploying a multi-node cluster, you should test the network connectivity on the internal cluster network.

To learn more about how to configure a vSwitch on a hypervisor host, see the [Deep dive networking](#) section.

the ONTAP Select Product Architecture and Best Practices Technical Report.

## Upgrading to VMXNET3

Beginning with ONTAP Select 9.5 using Deploy 2.10, VMXNET3 is the default network driver included with new cluster deployments on VMware ESXi. If you upgrade an existing ONTAP Select node to version 9.5 or later, the driver is not automatically upgraded.



Upgrading to VMXNET3 is not required at this time. However, if you choose to upgrade the driver, you must perform the upgrade manually. In this case, contact NetApp support for assistance.

## Cluster MTU

A separate internal network is used to connect the ONTAP Select nodes in a multi-node cluster. Typically the MTU size for this network is 9000. However, there are situations where this MTU size is too large for the network connecting the ONTAP Select nodes. To accommodate the smaller frames, the MTU size used by ONTAP Select on the internal network can be in the range of 7500-9000 bytes.

The MTU size is displayed in the Cluster Details section of the cluster creation page. The value is determined by the Deploy administration utility as follows:

1. Initial default of 9000.
2. As you add the hosts and networks for the HA pairs, the MTU value is reduced as needed, based on the configuration of the vSwitches in the network.
3. The final cluster MTU value for the cluster is set after you have added all the HA pairs and are ready to create the cluster.



You can manually set the cluster MTU value if needed, based on the design of your network.

### **Two-NIC host with standard vSwitch**

In order to improve ONTAP Select performance in a two-NIC configuration, you should isolate the internal and external network traffic using two port groups. This recommendation applies to the following specific configuration:

- ONTAP Select multi-node cluster
- Two NICs (NIC1 and NIC2)
- Standard vSwitch

In this environment, you should configure the traffic using two port groups as follows:

#### **Port group 1**

- Internal network (cluster, RSM, HA-IC traffic)
- NIC1 is active
- NIC2 in standby

#### **Port group 2**

- External network (data and management traffic)
- NIC1 is standby
- NIC2 in active

See the *Deep dive* section for more information about two-NIC deployments.

### **Four-NIC host with standard vSwitch**

In order to improve ONTAP Select performance in a four-NIC configuration, you should isolate the internal and external network traffic using four port groups. This recommendation applies to the following specific configuration:

- ONTAP Select multi-node cluster
- Four NICs (NIC1, NIC2, NIC3, and NIC4)
- Standard vSwitch

In this environment, you should configure the traffic using four port groups as follows:

#### **Port group 1**

- Internal network (cluster, RSM traffic)
- NIC1 is active

- NIC2, NIC3, NIC4 in standby

### **Port group 2**

- Internal network (cluster, HA-IC traffic)
- NIC3 is active
- NIC1, NIC2, NIC4 in standby

### **Port group 3**

- External network (data and management traffic)
- NIC2 is active
- NIC1, NIC3, NIC4 in standby

### **Port group 4**

- External network (data traffic)
- NIC4 is active
- NIC1, NIC2, NIC3 in standby

See the *Deep dive* section for more information about four-NIC deployments.

## **Network traffic requirements**

You must make sure that your firewalls are configured properly to allow the network traffic to flow among the various participants in an ONTAP Select deployment environment.

## **Participants**

There are several participants or entities that exchange network traffic as part of an ONTAP Select deployment. These are introduced, and then used in the summary description of the network traffic requirements.

- Deploy  
ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility
- vSphere/ESXi  
Either a vSphere server or ESXi host, depending on how the host is managed in your cluster deployment
- Hypervisor server  
ESXi hypervisor host
- OTS node  
An ONTAP Select node
- OTS cluster  
An ONTAP Select cluster
- Admin WS

## Summary of network traffic requirements

The following table describes the network traffic requirements for an ONTAP Select deployment.

Protocol / Port	Direction	Description
TLS (443)	Deploy to vSphere/ESXi	VMware VIX API
902	Deploy to vSphere/ESXi	VMware VIX API
ICMP	Deploy to hypervisor server	Ping
ICMP	Deploy to each OTS node	Ping
SSH (22)	Admin WS to each OTS node	Administration
TLS (443)	Deploy to OTS nodes and clusters	Access ONTAP
iSCSI (3260)	Each OTS node to Deploy	Mediator/Mailbox disk

## Copyright Information

Copyright © 2020 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system-without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP “AS IS” AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

## Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at <http://www.netapp.com/TM> are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.