MSA 7~8주차

∷ 스터디원	소현
	Done
Ø URL	https://github.com/SPRING-STUDY-2023/sohyeon-spring-cloud-msa/pull/4
를 비고	MSA Section6
■ 제출 마감일	@November 1, 2023 10:00 PM

Users Microservice(2)

- Users Microservice Login
- JWT (Json Web Token)
- API Gateway service AuthorizationHeaderFilter

인증과 권한 기능 개요



Features



- □ 회원 로그인
- ✓ 상세 정보 확인
- ✓ 상품 주문
- ✓ 주문 내역 확인

• RequestLogin

→ 사용자 로그인 정보를 저장하기 위한 RequestLogin Model 클래스

• AuthenticationFilter (인증)

→ Spring Security를 이용한 로그인 요청 발생 시 작업을 처리해주는 Custom Filter 클래스

기능

로그인

URI

/user-service/login

→ UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter 상속

• WebSecurity (권한)

→ 사용자 요청에 대해 AuthenticationFilter를 거치도록 수정

AuthenticationFilter 추가

RequestLogin

```
@Data
public class RequestLogin {
    @NotNull(message = "Email cannot be null")
    @Size(min = 2, message = "Email not be less than two characters")
    @Email
    private String email;
    @NotNull(message = "Password cannot be null")
    @Size(min = 8, message = "Password must be equals or greater than 8 characters")
    private String password;
}
```

HTTP Method

POST

AuthenticationFiletr

```
public class AuthenticationFilter extends UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter {
    @Override
    public Authentication attemptAuthentication(
        HttpServletRequest request,
        HttpServletResponse response
    ) throws AuthenticationException {
        try {
            RequestLogin creds = new ObjectMapper().readValue(request.getInputStream(), RequestLo
            return getAuthenticationManager().authenticate(
                new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(
                    creds.getEmail(),
                    creds.getPassword(),
                    new ArrayList<>()
                )
            );
        } catch (IOException e) {
            throw new RuntimeException(e);
        }
    }
}
```

WebSecurity

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
@RequiredArgsConstructor
public class WebSecurity {
    private final UserService userService;
    private final BCryptPasswordEncoder bCryptPasswordEncoder;
    private final ObjectPostProcessor<Object> objectPostProcessor;
    private static final String[] WHITE_LIST = {
        "/users/**",
        "/",
        "/**"
    };
    @Bean
    public SecurityFilterChain filterChain(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
        return http
            .csrf(CsrfConfigurer::disable)
            .authorizeHttpRequests(authorizeRequests ->
                authorizeRequests
                    // .requestMatchers(WHITE_LIST).permitAll()
                    .requestMatchers(PathRequest.toH2Console()).permitAll()
                    .requestMatchers(new IpAddressMatcher("127.0.0.1")).permitAll()
            )
            .addFilter(getAuthenticationFilter())
            .headers(header -> header.frameOptions(HeadersConfigurer.FrameOptionsConfig::disable)
            .build();
    }
    public AuthenticationManager authenticationManager(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) throws
        auth.userDetailsService(userService).passwordEncoder(bCryptPasswordEncoder);
        return auth.build();
```

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```
}
    private AuthenticationFilter getAuthenticationFilter() throws Exception {
        AuthenticationFilter authenticationFilter = new AuthenticationFilter();
       AuthenticationManagerBuilder builder = new AuthenticationManagerBuilder(objectPostProcess
        authenticationFilter.setAuthenticationManager(authenticationManager(builder));
        return authenticationFilter;
   }
}
public interface UserService extends UserDetailsService {
}
public class UserServiceImpl implements UserService {
    @Override
    public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String username) throws UsernameNotFoundException {
        return null;
    }
}
```

Trouble Shooting

Spring Security 최신버전(Spring Boot 3.X.X 대)의 WebSecurity 설정 공유드립니다. - 인프런 | 질문 & 답변 최신버전으로 진행하다보니 막혔었는데요. 구글링, ChatGPT 등을 통해서 동작하는 코드 공유드립니다.정확한 구현은 아닐수 있겠지만, 강의를 진행하는 데는 문제 없는 것 같습니다. 참고만 부탁드려요~package com.example.userservice.security...

🚇 https://www.inflearn.com/questions/812490/spring-security-최신버전-spring-boot-3-x-x-대-의-websecurity-설정-공유드립니다



loadUserByUsername() 구현

UserService

```
public class UserServiceImpl implements UserService {
    . . .
    @Override
    public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String username) throws UsernameNotFoundException {
        UserEntity userEntity = userRepository.findByEmail(username)
            .orElseThrow(() -> new UsernameNotFoundException(username));
        return new User(
            userEntity.getEmail(),
            userEntity.getEncryptedPwd(),
            true,
            true,
            true,
            true,
            new ArrayList<>()
        );
   }
```

```
····
}
```

UserRepository

```
public interface UserRepository extends JpaRepository<UserEntity, Long> {
     ..
     Optional<UserEntity> findByEmail(String email);
}
```

Routes 정보 변경

Application YML 파일

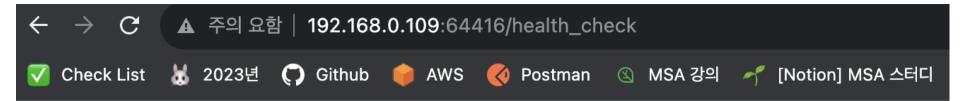
```
spring:
   cloud:
        gateway:
            routes:
                - id: user-service
          uri: lb://USER-SERVICE
          predicates:
            - Path=/user-service/login # 로그인
            - Method=POST
          filters:
            - RemoveRequestHeader=Cookie
            - RewritePath=/user-service/(?<segment>.*), /$\{segment}
        - id: user-service
          uri: lb://USER-SERVICE
          predicates:
            - Path=/user-service/users # 회원가입
            - Method=POST
          filters:
            - RemoveRequestHeader=Cookie
            - RewritePath=/user-service/(?<segment>.*), /$\{segment}
        - id: user-service
          uri: lb://USER-SERVICE
          predicates:
            - Path=/user-service/** # 그 외 모든 user-service API
            - Method=GET
          filters:
            - RemoveRequestHeader=Cookie
            - RewritePath=/user-service/(?<segment>.*), /$\{segment}
```

RewritePath=/user-service/(?<segment>.*), /\$\{segment}

localhost:8761/user-service/** 요청 형식을 localhost:8761/** 패턴으로 동일화

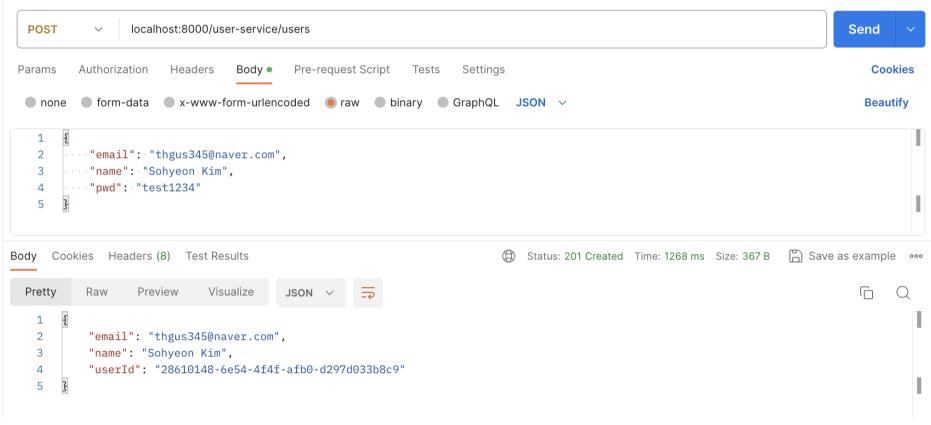
Routes 테스트

Health Check



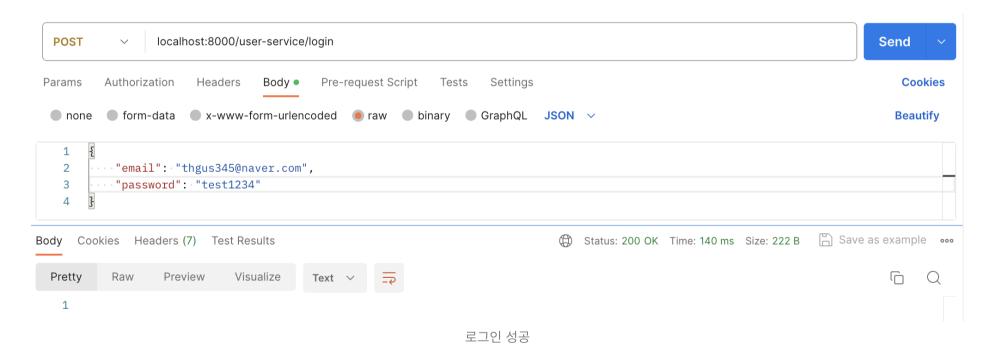
It's working in User Service on Port 64416

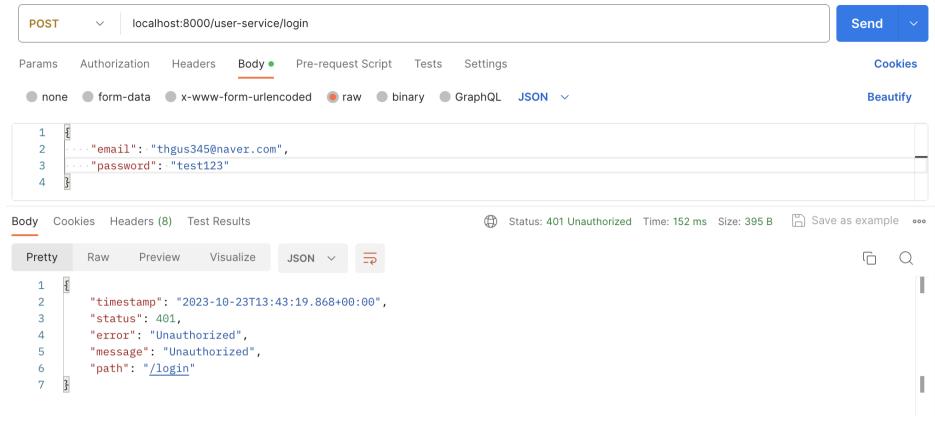
회원가입



회원가입 성공

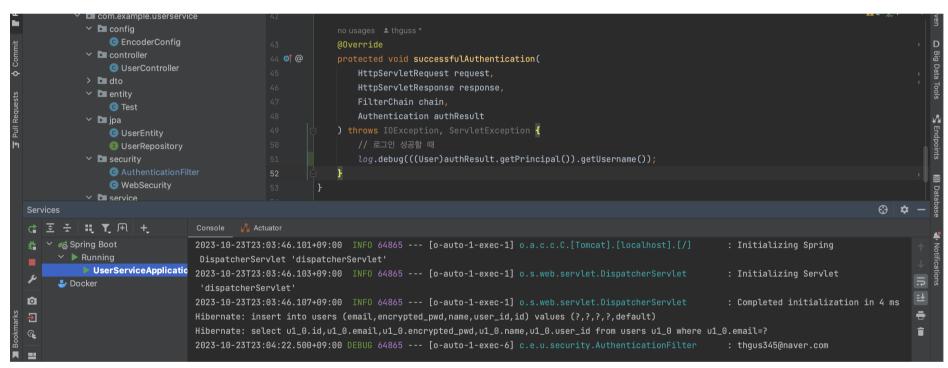
로그인 (Spring Security에서 제공)



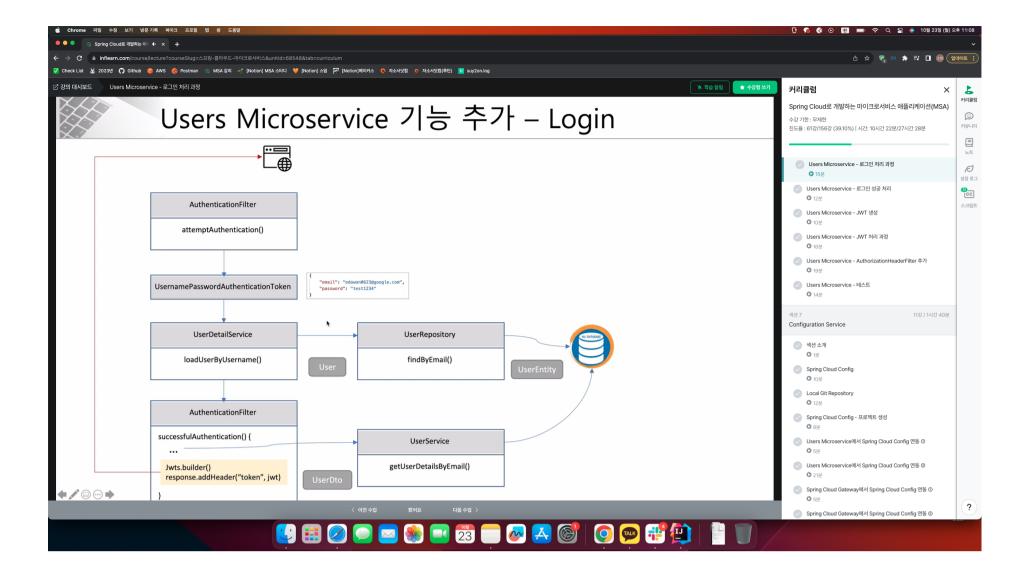


로그인 실패

로그인 처리 과정



로그인 성공 후 들어온 username 입력 값 logging



- AuthenticationFilter의 successfulAuthentication() 수정
 - → 인증 성공 시 사용자에게 Token 발생
- WebSecurity의 configure 수정
 - → User Service 사용할 수 있도록 메소드 수정
- UserService, UserServiceImpl, UserRepository
 - → 사용자 인증을 위한 검색 메소드 추가

로그인 성공 처리

AuthenticationFilter 수정

• 생성자 추가

```
public class AuthenticationFilter extends UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter {
   private final UserService userService;
   private final Environment env;

   public AuthenticationFilter(AuthenticationManager authenticationManager,
        UserService userService, Environment env) {
        super.setAuthenticationManager(authenticationManager);
        this.userService = userService;
        this.env = env;
    }
   ...
}
```

• 로그인 성공 후 처리

```
public class AuthenticationFilter extends UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter {
    ...
@Override
```

```
protected void successfulAuthentication(
    HttpServletRequest request,
    HttpServletResponse response,
    FilterChain chain,
    Authentication authResult
) throws IOException, ServletException {
    String userName = ((User)authResult.getPrincipal()).getUsername();
    UserDto userDto = userService.getUserDetailByEmail(userName);
}
```

UserService 수정

• 메소드 추가

WebSecurity 수정

JWT 생성

Dependency 추가

```
<version>2.3.0</version>
</dependency>
```

Application YML 추가

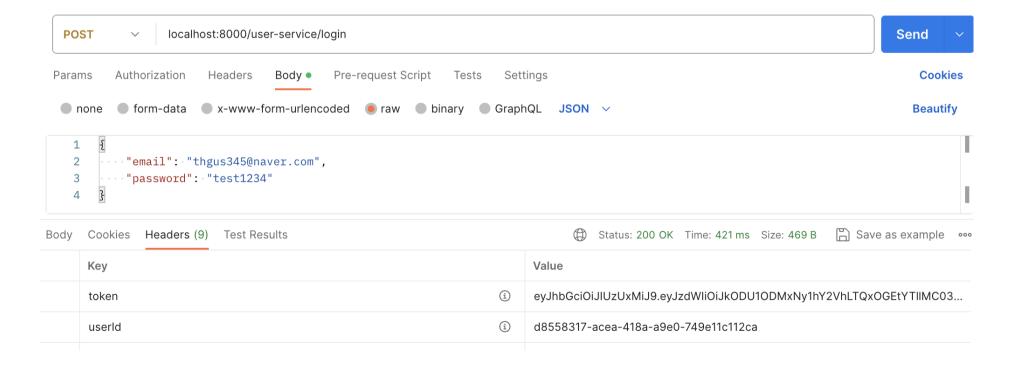
```
token:
expiration_time: 86400000 # 60 * 60 * 24 * 1000 = 1day
secret: feelMyRhythm
```

AuthenticationFilter 수정

• successfulAuthentication 재정의

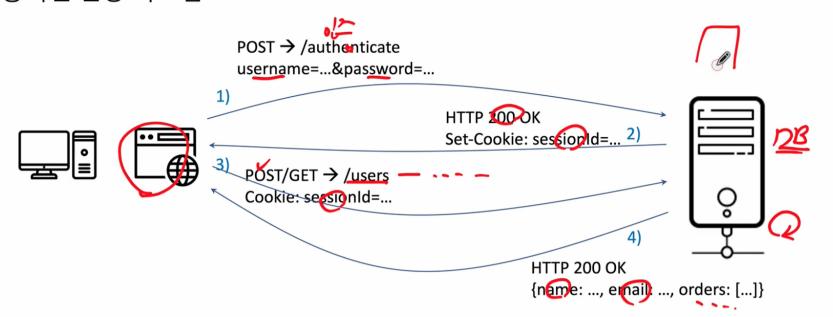
```
@Override
protected void successful Authentication(
    HttpServletRequest request,
    HttpServletResponse response,
    FilterChain chain,
    Authentication authResult
) throws IOException, ServletException {
    String userName = ((User)authResult.getPrincipal()).getUsername();
    UserDto userDetails = userService.getUserDetailByEmail(userName);
    String token = Jwts.builder()
        .setSubject(userDetails.getUserId())
        .setExpiration(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() +
            Long.parseLong(requireNonNull(env.getProperty("token.expiration_time")))))
        .signWith(SignatureAlgorithm.HS512, env.getProperty("token.secret"))
        .compact();
    response.addHeader("token", token);
    response.addHeader("userId", userDetails.getUserId());
}
```

테스트

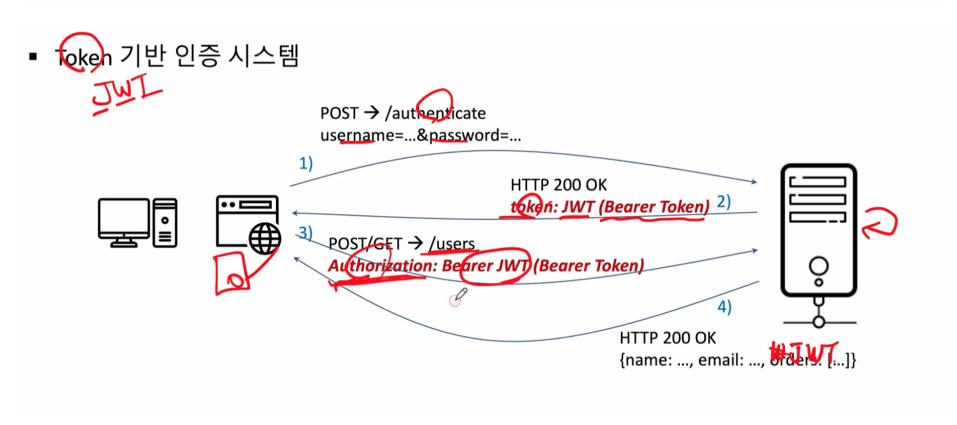


JWT 처리 과정

■ 전통적인 인증 시스템



- *문제점*
 - 세션과 쿠키는 모<u>바일 애플리케이션에서 유효하게 사용할 수 없음(공유 불가</u>)
 - 렌더링된 HTMI 페이지가 반환되지만, 모바일 애플리케이션에서는 JSON(or XML)과 같은 포멧 필요



- 인증 헤더 내에서 사용되는 토큰 포맷
- 2개의 시스템 간에 안전한 방법으로 통신 가능 → 클라이언트 독립적인 서비스(stateless)
- CDN(Content Delivery Network) → 지리적으로 분산된 서버들을 연결한 네트워크
- No Cookie-Session (No CSRF, 사이트 간 요청 위조)
- 지속적인 토큰 저장
- API Gate Service : Spring Security, JWT Token 사용 추가
- AuthorizationHeaderFilter 추가

JWT 처리 과정 (API Gateway Service 수정)

Dependency

```
implementation group: 'io.jsonwebtoken', name: 'jjwt-api', version: '0.11.5'
implementation group: 'io.jsonwebtoken', name: 'jjwt-impl', version: '0.11.5'
implementation group: 'io.jsonwebtoken', name: 'jjwt-jackson', version: '0.11.5'
```

application YML 수정

```
token:
    secret: feelMyRhythm

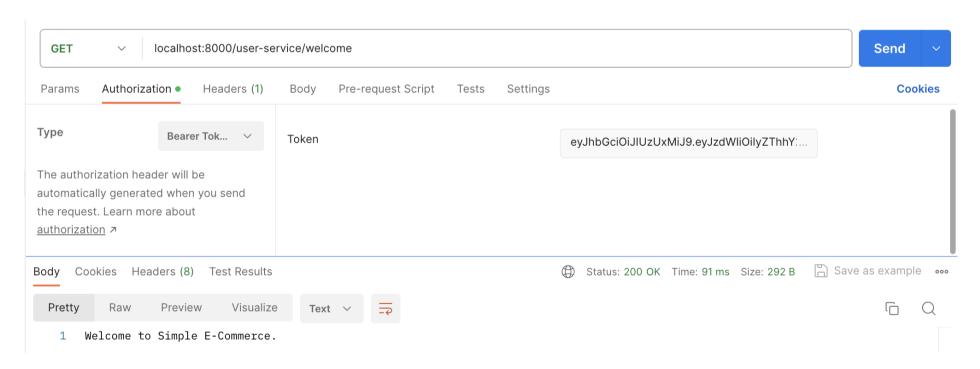
- id: user-service
    uri: lb://USER-SERVICE
    predicates:
        - Path=/user-service/**
        - Method=GET
    filters:
        - RemoveRequestHeader=Cookie
        - RewritePath=/user-service/(?<segment>.*), /$\{segment}
        - AuthorizationHeaderFilter
```

AuthorizationHeaderFilter 추가

```
@Slf4j
@Component
public class AuthorizationHeaderFilter extends AbstractGatewayFilterFactory<AuthorizationHeaderFi
    Environment env;
    public static class Config {
    }
    public AuthorizationHeaderFilter(Environment env) {
        super(Config.class);
        this.env = env;
    }
    @Override
    public GatewayFilter apply(Config config) {
        return (exchange, chain) -> {
            ServerHttpRequest request = exchange.getRequest();
            if (!request.getHeaders().containsKey(HttpHeaders.AUTHORIZATION)) {
                return onError(exchange, "No Authorization Header.", HttpStatus.UNAUTHORIZED);
            }
            String authorizationHeader = request.getHeaders().get(HttpHeaders.AUTHORIZATION).get(
            String jwt = authorizationHeader.replace("Bearer", "");
            if (!isJwtValid(jwt)) {
                return onError(exchange, "JWT token is not valid.", HttpStatus.UNAUTHORIZED);
            }
            return chain.filter(exchange);
        };
    }
    private boolean isJwtValid(String jwt) {
        boolean returnValue = true;
        String subject = null;
        try {
            subject = Jwts.parserBuilder()
```

```
.setSigningKey(env.getProperty("token.secret"))
                .build()
                .parseClaimsJwt(jwt).getBody()
                .getSubject();
        } catch (Exception ex) {
            returnValue = false;
        }
        if (subject == null || subject.isEmpty()) {
            returnValue = false;
        }
        return returnValue;
    }
    // Mono, Flux -> Spring WEbFlux
    private Mono<Void> onError(ServerWebExchange exchange, String err, HttpStatus httpStatus) {
        ServerHttpResponse response = exchange.getResponse();
        response.setStatusCode(httpStatus);
        log.error(err);
        return response.setComplete();
    }
}
```

테스트



Github (PR)

https://github.com/SPRING-STUDY-2023/sohyeon-spring-cloud-msa/pull/4