

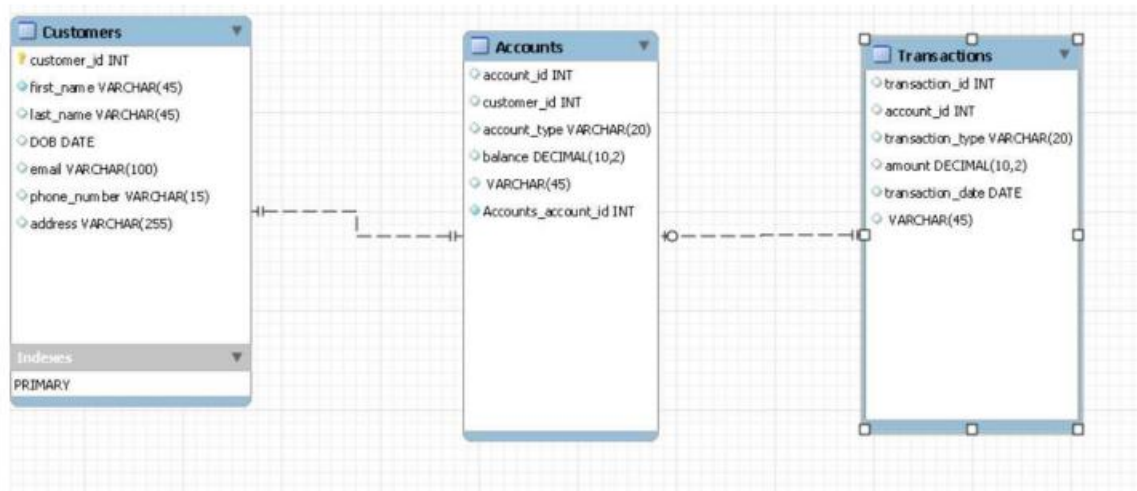
HEXAWARE

ASSIGNMENT 3

Tasks 1: Database Design:

1. Create the database named "HMBank".
2. Define the schema for the Customers, Accounts, and Transactions tables based on the provided schema
4. Create an ERD
5. Create appropriate Primary Key and Foreign Key constraints for referential integrity.
6. Write SQL scripts to create the mentioned tables with appropriate data types, constraints, and relationships.

- Customers
- Accounts
- Transactions



ERD Diagram

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Customers (
  ->   CustomerID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->   FirstName VARCHAR(50),
  ->   LastName VARCHAR(50),
  ->   DOB DATE,
  ->   Email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE,
  ->   PhoneNumber VARCHAR(15),
  ->   ADDRESS VARCHAR(200)
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)

mysql> desc Customers;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| CustomerID | int           | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| FirstName  | varchar(50)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| LastName   | varchar(50)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| DOB        | date          | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Email      | varchar(100)  | YES  | UNI | NULL    |       |
| PhoneNumber | varchar(15)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| ADDRESS    | varchar(200)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE Accounts (
  ->   AccountID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->   CustomerID INT,
  ->   AccountType VARCHAR(20),
  ->   Balance DECIMAL(10, 2) DEFAULT 0.0,
  ->   FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers(CustomerID)
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> desc Accounts;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| AccountID  | int           | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| CustomerID | int           | YES  | MUL | NULL    |       |
| AccountType | varchar(20)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Balance    | decimal(10,2) | YES  |     | 0.00    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE Transactions (
  ->   TransactionID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->   AccountID INT,
  ->   TransactionType ENUM('deposit','withdrawal','transfer') NOT NULL,
  ->   Amount DECIMAL(10, 2),
  ->   TransactionDate Date not null,
  ->   FOREIGN KEY (AccountID) REFERENCES Accounts(AccountID)
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> desc Transactions;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| TransactionID | int           | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| AccountID     | int           | YES  | MUL | NULL    |       |
| TransactionType | enum('deposit','withdrawal','transfer') | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
| Amount        | decimal(10,2) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| TransactionDate | date          | NO   |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Tasks 2: Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE:

1. Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.

- Customers
- Accounts
- Transactions

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID,FirstName, LastName, Email, PhoneNumber, DOB, ADDRESS)
-> VALUES
-> (1,'John', 'Doe', 'john.doe@email.com', '123-456-7890', '1990-05-15', '123 Main St'),
-> (2,'Jane', 'Smith', 'jane.smith@email.com', '987-654-3210', '1985-08-22', '456 Oak St'),
-> (3,'Alice', 'Johnson', 'alice.johnson@email.com', '555-555-5555', '1992-12-10', '789 Pine St'),
-> (4,'Bob', 'Williams', 'bob.williams@email.com', '333-333-3333', '1988-02-28', '456 Elm St'),
-> (5,'Emily', 'Brown', 'emily.brown@email.com', '111-222-3333', '1995-07-17', '789 Maple St'),
-> (6,'David', 'Garcia', 'david.garcia@email.com', '777-888-9999', '1993-10-05', '101 Oak St'),
-> (7,'Olivia', 'Taylor', 'olivia.taylor@email.com', '444-555-6666', '1996-04-20', '202 Pine St'),
-> (8,'Sophia', 'Martinez', 'sophia.martinez@email.com', '888-999-0000', '1991-09-30', '303 Elm St'),
-> (9,'Ethan', 'Davis', 'ethan.davis@email.com', '666-777-8888', '1994-03-12', '404 Maple St'),
-> (10,'Emma', 'Anderson', 'emma.anderson@email.com', '222-333-4444', '1997-01-08', '505 Oak St');
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Customers;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| CustomerID | FirstName | LastName | DOB | Email | PhoneNumber | ADDRESS |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | John | Doe | 1990-05-15 | john.doe@email.com | 123-456-7890 | 123 Main St |
| 2 | Jane | Smith | 1985-08-22 | jane.smith@email.com | 987-654-3210 | 456 Oak St |
| 3 | Alice | Johnson | 1992-12-10 | alice.johnson@email.com | 555-555-5555 | 789 Pine St |
| 4 | Bob | Williams | 1988-02-28 | bob.williams@email.com | 333-333-3333 | 456 Elm St |
| 5 | Emily | Brown | 1995-07-17 | emily.brown@email.com | 111-222-3333 | 789 Maple St |
| 6 | David | Garcia | 1993-10-05 | david.garcia@email.com | 777-888-9999 | 101 Oak St |
| 7 | Olivia | Taylor | 1996-04-20 | olivia.taylor@email.com | 444-555-6666 | 202 Pine St |
| 8 | Sophia | Martinez | 1991-09-30 | sophia.martinez@email.com | 888-999-0000 | 303 Elm St |
| 9 | Ethan | Davis | 1994-03-12 | ethan.davis@email.com | 666-777-8888 | 404 Maple St |
| 10 | Emma | Anderson | 1997-01-08 | emma.anderson@email.com | 222-333-4444 | 505 Oak St |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Accounts (Accountid,CustomerID, AccountType, Balance)
-> VALUES
-> (1,1, 'Savings', 5000.00),
-> (2,2, 'Checking', 2500.00),
-> (3,3, 'Savings', 8000.00),
-> (4,4, 'Checking', 1200.00),
-> (5,5, 'Savings', 3000.00),
-> (6,6, 'Checking', 7000.00),
-> (7,7, 'Savings', 4000.00),
-> (8,8, 'Checking', 6000.00),
-> (9,9, 'Savings', 9000.00),
-> (10,10,'Checking', 1500.00);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Accounts;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| AccountID | CustomerID | AccountType | Balance |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | 1 | Savings | 5000.00 |
| 2 | 2 | Checking | 2500.00 |
| 3 | 3 | Savings | 8000.00 |
| 4 | 4 | Checking | 1200.00 |
| 5 | 5 | Savings | 3000.00 |
| 6 | 6 | Checking | 7000.00 |
| 7 | 7 | Savings | 4000.00 |
| 8 | 8 | Checking | 6000.00 |
| 9 | 9 | Savings | 9000.00 |
| 10 | 10 | Checking | 1500.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Transactions (TransactionID, AccountID, TransactionType, Amount, TransactionDate)
-> VALUES
-> (1,1, 'Deposit', 1000.00, '2023-01-15'),
-> (2,2, 'Withdrawal', 500.00, '2023-01-20'),
-> (3,3, 'Deposit', 1500.00, '2023-01-25'),
-> (4,4, 'Withdrawal', 200.00, '2023-02-01'),
-> (5,5, 'Deposit', 800.00, '2023-02-05'),
-> (6,6, 'Withdrawal', 1000.00, '2023-02-10'),
-> (7,7, 'Deposit', 1200.00, '2023-02-15'),
-> (8,8, 'Withdrawal', 700.00, '2023-02-20'),
-> (9,9, 'Deposit', 2000.00, '2023-02-25'),
-> (10,10, 'Withdrawal', 300.00, '2023-03-01');
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Transactions;
```

TransactionID	AccountID	TransactionType	Amount	TransactionDate
1	1	deposit	1000.00	2023-01-15
2	2	withdrawal	500.00	2023-01-20
3	3	deposit	1500.00	2023-01-25
4	4	withdrawal	200.00	2023-02-01
5	5	deposit	800.00	2023-02-05
6	6	withdrawal	1000.00	2023-02-10
7	7	deposit	1200.00	2023-02-15
8	8	withdrawal	700.00	2023-02-20
9	9	deposit	2000.00	2023-02-25
10	10	withdrawal	300.00	2023-03-01

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Write a SQL query to retrieve the name, account type and email of all customers.

```
mysql> SELECT
-> CONCAT(FirstName, ' ', LastName) AS CustomerName,
-> Accounts.AccountType,
-> Customers.Email
-> FROM
-> Customers
-> JOIN
-> Accounts ON Customers.CustomerID = Accounts.CustomerID;
```

CustomerName	AccountType	Email
John Doe	Savings	john.doe@email.com
Jane Smith	Checking	jane.smith@email.com
Alice Johnson	Savings	alice.johnson@email.com
Bob Williams	Checking	bob.williams@email.com
Emily Brown	Savings	emily.brown@email.com
David Garcia	Checking	david.garcia@email.com
Olivia Taylor	Savings	olivia.taylor@email.com
Sophia Martinez	Checking	sophia.martinez@email.com
Ethan Davis	Savings	ethan.davis@email.com
Emma Anderson	Checking	emma.anderson@email.com

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Write a SQL query to retrieve the name, account type and email of all customers.

```
mysql> SELECT
  ->     CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName) AS CustomerName,
  ->     A.AccountType,
  ->     T.TransactionType,
  ->     T.Amount,
  ->     T.TransactionDate
  -> FROM
  ->     Transactions T
  -> JOIN
  ->     Accounts A ON T.AccountID = A.AccountID
  -> JOIN
  ->     Customers C ON A.CustomerID = C.CustomerID;
```

CustomerName	AccountType	TransactionType	Amount	TransactionDate
John Doe	Savings	deposit	1000.00	2023-01-15
Jane Smith	Checking	withdrawal	500.00	2023-01-20
Alice Johnson	Savings	deposit	1500.00	2023-01-25
Bob Williams	Checking	withdrawal	200.00	2023-02-01
Emily Brown	Savings	deposit	800.00	2023-02-05
David Garcia	Checking	withdrawal	1000.00	2023-02-10
Olivia Taylor	Savings	deposit	1200.00	2023-02-15
Sophia Martinez	Checking	withdrawal	700.00	2023-02-20
Ethan Davis	Savings	deposit	2000.00	2023-02-25
Emma Anderson	Checking	withdrawal	300.00	2023-03-01

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

4. Write a SQL query to increase the balance of a specific account by a certain amount

```
mysql> UPDATE Accounts
  -> SET Balance = Balance + 1000.00
  -> WHERE AccountID = 9;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Accounts;
```

AccountID	CustomerID	AccountType	Balance
1	1	Savings	5000.00
2	2	Checking	2500.00
3	3	Savings	8000.00
4	4	Checking	1200.00
5	5	Savings	3000.00
6	6	Checking	7000.00
7	7	Savings	4000.00
8	8	Checking	6000.00
9	9	Savings	10000.00
10	10	Checking	1500.00

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

5. Write a SQL query to Combine first and last names of customers as a full name.

```
mysql> Select
  ->     CONCAT(FirstName, ' ', LastName) AS FullName
  -> FROM
  ->     Customers;
```

FullName
John Doe
Jane Smith
Alice Johnson
Bob Williams
Emily Brown
David Garcia
Olivia Taylor
Sophia Martinez
Ethan Davis
Emma Anderson

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

6. Write a SQL query to remove accounts with a balance of zero where the account type is savings.

```
mysql> DELETE FROM Accounts
      -> WHERE Balance = 0.00 AND AccountType = 'Savings';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from Accounts;
```

AccountID	CustomerID	AccountType	Balance
1	1	Savings	5000.00
2	2	Checking	2500.00
3	3	Savings	8000.00
4	4	Checking	1200.00
5	5	Savings	3000.00
6	6	Checking	7000.00
7	7	Savings	4000.00
8	8	Checking	6000.00
9	9	Savings	10000.00
10	10	Checking	1500.00

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

7. Write a SQL query to Find customers living in a specific city.

```
mysql> SELECT
      -> *
      -> FROM
      -> Customers
      -> WHERE
      -> ADDRESS LIKE '%789 Pine st%';
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	DOB	Email	PhoneNumber	ADDRESS
3	Alice	Johnson	1992-12-10	alice.johnson@email.com	555-555-5555	789 Pine St

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

8. Write a SQL query to Get the account balance for a specific account.

```
mysql> SELECT
      -> Balance
      -> FROM
      -> Accounts
      -> WHERE
      -> AccountID = 8;
```

Balance
6000.00

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

9. Write a SQL query to List all current accounts with a balance greater than \$1,000.

```
mysql> SELECT
      -> *
      -> FROM
      -> Accounts
      -> WHERE
      -> AccountType = 'Current' AND Balance > 1000.00;
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

10. Write a SQL query to Retrieve all transactions for a specific account.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     T.TransactionID,
->     A.AccountID,
->     A.AccountType,
->     T.TransactionType,
->     T.Amount,
->     T.TransactionDate
-> FROM
->     Transactions T
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON T.AccountID = A.AccountID
-> WHERE
->     T.AccountID = 7;
```

TransactionID	AccountID	AccountType	TransactionType	Amount	TransactionDate
7	7	Savings	deposit	1200.00	2023-02-15

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

11. Write a SQL query to Calculate the interest accrued on savings accounts based on a given interest rate.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AccountID,
->     Balance
-> FROM
->     Accounts
-> WHERE
->     AccountType = 'Savings';
```

AccountID	Balance
1	5000.00
3	8000.00
5	3000.00
7	4000.00
9	10000.00

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

12. Write a SQL query to Identify accounts where the balance is less than a specified overdraft limit.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     *
-> FROM
->     Accounts
-> WHERE
->     Balance < 0;
```

Empty set (0.01 sec)

13. Write a SQL query to Find customers not living in a specific city.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     *
-> FROM
->     Customers
-> WHERE
->     ADDRESS NOT LIKE '%789 Pine st%';
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	DOB	Email	PhoneNumber	ADDRESS
1	John	Doe	1990-05-15	john.doe@email.com	123-456-7890	123 Main St
2	Jane	Smith	1985-08-22	jane.smith@email.com	987-654-3210	456 Oak St
4	Bob	Williams	1988-02-28	bob.williams@email.com	333-333-3333	456 Elm St
5	Emily	Brown	1995-07-17	emily.brown@email.com	111-222-3333	789 Maple St
6	David	Garcia	1993-10-05	david.garcia@email.com	777-888-9999	101 Oak St
7	Olivia	Taylor	1996-04-20	olivia.taylor@email.com	444-555-6666	202 Pine St
8	Sophia	Martinez	1991-09-30	sophia.martinez@email.com	888-999-0000	303 Elm St
9	Ethan	Davis	1994-03-12	ethan.davis@email.com	666-777-8888	404 Maple St
10	Emma	Anderson	1997-01-08	emma.anderson@email.com	222-333-4444	505 Oak St

9 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Tasks 3: Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins:

1. Write a SQL query to Find the average account balance for all customers.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AVG(Balance) AS AverageBalance
-> FROM
->     Accounts;
+-----+
| AverageBalance |
+-----+
|    4820.000000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

2. Write a SQL query to Retrieve the top 10 highest account balances

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AccountID,
->     AccountType,
->     Balance
-> FROM
->     Accounts
-> ORDER BY
->     Balance DESC
-> LIMIT 10;
+-----+-----+-----+
| AccountID | AccountType | Balance |
+-----+-----+-----+
|          9 | Savings     | 10000.00 |
|          3 | Savings     |  8000.00 |
|          6 | Checking    |  7000.00 |
|          8 | Checking    |  6000.00 |
|          1 | Savings     |  5000.00 |
|          7 | Savings     |  4000.00 |
|          5 | Savings     |  3000.00 |
|          2 | Checking    |  2500.00 |
|         10 | Checking    |  1500.00 |
|          4 | Checking    |  1200.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3. Write a SQL query to Calculate Total Deposits for All Customers in specific date


```
mysql> SELECT
->     T.TransactionDate,
->     SUM(CASE WHEN T.TransactionType = 'Deposit' THEN T.Amount
ELSE 0 END) AS TotalDeposits
-> FROM
->     Transactions T
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON T.AccountID = A.AccountID
-> GROUP BY
->     T.TransactionDate;
```

TransactionDate	TotalDeposits
2023-01-15	1000.00
2023-01-20	0.00
2023-01-25	1500.00
2023-02-01	0.00
2023-02-05	800.00
2023-02-10	0.00
2023-02-15	1200.00
2023-02-20	0.00
2023-02-25	2000.00
2023-03-01	0.00

10 rows in set (0.01 sec)

4. Write a SQL query to Find the Oldest and Newest Customers.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     *
-> FROM
->     Customers
-> ORDER BY
->     DOB ASC, DOB DESC
-> LIMIT 1,1;
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	DOB	Email	PhoneNumber	ADDRESS
4	Bob	Williams	1988-02-28	bob.williams@email.com	333-333-3333	456 Elm St

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

5. Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with the account type.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     T.TransactionID,
->     A.AccountType,
->     T.TransactionType,
->     T.Amount,
->     T.TransactionDate
-> FROM
->     Transactions T
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON T.AccountID = A.AccountID;
```

TransactionID	AccountType	TransactionType	Amount	TransactionDate
1	Savings	deposit	1000.00	2023-01-15
2	Checking	withdrawal	500.00	2023-01-20
3	Savings	deposit	1500.00	2023-01-25
4	Checking	withdrawal	200.00	2023-02-01
5	Savings	deposit	800.00	2023-02-05
6	Checking	withdrawal	1000.00	2023-02-10
7	Savings	deposit	1200.00	2023-02-15
8	Checking	withdrawal	700.00	2023-02-20
9	Savings	deposit	2000.00	2023-02-25
10	Checking	withdrawal	300.00	2023-03-01

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

6. Write a SQL query to Get a list of customers along with their account details.

```
mysql> SELECT
  -> C.CustomerID,
  -> CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName) AS CustomerName,
  -> C.Email,
  -> C.PhoneNumber,
  -> C.DOB,
  -> C.ADDRESS,
  -> A.AccountID,
  -> A.AccountType,
  -> A.Balance
  -> FROM
  -> Customers C
  -> JOIN
  -> Accounts A ON C.CustomerID = A.CustomerID;
```

	CustomerID	CustomerName	Email	PhoneNumber	DOB	ADDRESS	AccountID	AccountType	Balance
1	1	John Doe	john.doe@email.com	123-456-7890	1990-05-15	123 Main St			
1	Savings	5000.00							
2	2	Jane Smith	jane.smith@email.com	987-654-3210	1985-08-22	456 Oak St			
2	Checking	2500.00							
3	3	Alice Johnson	alice.johnson@email.com	555-555-5555	1992-12-10	789 Pine St			
3	Savings	8000.00							
4	4	Bob Williams	bob.williams@email.com	333-333-3333	1988-02-28	456 Elm St			
4	Checking	1200.00							
5	5	Emily Brown	emily.brown@email.com	111-222-3333	1995-07-17	789 Maple St			
5	Savings	3000.00							
6	6	David Garcia	david.garcia@email.com	777-888-9999	1993-10-05	101 Oak St			
6	Checking	7000.00							
7	7	Olivia Taylor	olivia.taylor@email.com	444-555-6666	1996-04-20	202 Pine St			
7	Savings	4000.00							
8	8	Sophia Martinez	sophia.martinez@email.com	888-999-0000	1991-09-30	303 Elm St			
8	Checking	6000.00							
9	9	Ethan Davis	ethan.davis@email.com	666-777-8888	1994-03-12	404 Maple St			
9	Savings	10000.00							
10	10	Emma Anderson	emma.anderson@email.com	222-333-4444	1997-01-08	505 Oak St	10	Checking	1500.00

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

7. Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with customer information for a specific account.

```
mysql> SELECT
  -> CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName) AS CustomerName,
  -> T.*
  -> FROM
  -> Transactions T
  -> JOIN
  -> Accounts A ON T.AccountID = A.AccountID
  -> JOIN
  -> Customers C ON A.CustomerID = C.CustomerID;
```

CustomerName	TransactionID	AccountID	TransactionType	Amount	TransactionDate
John Doe	1	1	deposit	1000.00	2023-01-15
Jane Smith	2	2	withdrawal	500.00	2023-01-20
Alice Johnson	3	3	deposit	1500.00	2023-01-25
Bob Williams	4	4	withdrawal	200.00	2023-02-01
Emily Brown	5	5	deposit	800.00	2023-02-05
David Garcia	6	6	withdrawal	1000.00	2023-02-10
Olivia Taylor	7	7	deposit	1200.00	2023-02-15
Sophia Martinez	8	8	withdrawal	700.00	2023-02-20
Ethan Davis	9	9	deposit	2000.00	2023-02-25
Emma Anderson	10	10	withdrawal	300.00	2023-03-01

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

8. Write a SQL query to Identify customers who have more than one account.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     C.*
-> FROM
->     Customers C
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON C.CustomerID = A.CustomerID
-> GROUP BY
->     C.CustomerID
-> HAVING
->     COUNT(A.AccountID) > 1;
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

9. Write a SQL query to Calculate the difference in transaction amounts between deposits and withdrawals.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AccountID,
->     SUM(CASE WHEN TransactionType = 'Deposit' THEN Amount ELSE 0 END) AS TotalDeposits,
->     SUM(CASE WHEN TransactionType = 'Withdrawal' THEN Amount ELSE 0 END) AS TotalWithdrawals,
->     SUM(CASE WHEN TransactionType = 'Deposit' THEN Amount ELSE -Amount END) AS Difference
-> FROM
->     Transactions
-> GROUP BY
->     AccountID;
```

AccountID	TotalDeposits	TotalWithdrawals	Difference
1	1000.00	0.00	1000.00
2	0.00	500.00	-500.00
3	1500.00	0.00	1500.00
4	0.00	200.00	-200.00
5	800.00	0.00	800.00
6	0.00	1000.00	-1000.00
7	1200.00	0.00	1200.00
8	0.00	700.00	-700.00
9	2000.00	0.00	2000.00
10	0.00	300.00	-300.00

```
10 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

10. Write a SQL query to Calculate the average daily balance for each account over a specified period.

```
SELECT
    AccountID,
    AVG(Balance) AS AverageDailyBalance
FROM (
    SELECT
        AccountID,
        TransactionDate,
        MAX(Balance) AS balance
    FROM
        Transactions
) AS Subquery
GROUP BY
    AccountID, TransactionDate
HAVING DATE(TransactionDate) BETWEEN '2023-10-01' and '2023-10-31';
```

11. Calculate the total balance for each account type.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AccountType,
->     SUM(Balance) AS TotalBalance
-> FROM
->     Accounts
-> GROUP BY
->     AccountType;
+-----+-----+
| AccountType | TotalBalance |
+-----+-----+
| Savings    | 30000.00    |
| Checking   | 18200.00    |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

12. Identify accounts with the highest number of transactions order by descending order.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     A.AccountID,
->     COUNT(T.TransactionID) AS TransactionCount
-> FROM
->     Accounts A
-> LEFT JOIN
->     Transactions T ON A.AccountID = T.AccountID
-> GROUP BY
->     A.AccountID
-> ORDER BY
->     TransactionCount DESC;
+-----+-----+
| AccountID | TransactionCount |
+-----+-----+
| 1         | 1                |
| 2         | 1                |
| 3         | 1                |
| 4         | 1                |
| 5         | 1                |
| 6         | 1                |
| 7         | 1                |
| 8         | 1                |
| 9         | 1                |
| 10        | 1                |
+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

13. List customers with high aggregate account balances, along with their account types.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     C.CustomerID,
->     CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName) AS CustomerName,
->     A.AccountType,
->     SUM(A.Balance) AS AggregateBalance
-> FROM
->     Customers C
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON C.CustomerID = A.CustomerID
-> GROUP BY
->     C.CustomerID, C.FirstName, C.LastName, A.AccountType
-> HAVING
->     SUM(A.Balance) > 10000; -- Adjust the threshold as needed
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

14. Identify and list duplicate transactions based on transaction amount, date, and account.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AccountID,
->     Amount,
->     TransactionDate,
->     COUNT(TransactionID) AS DuplicateCount
-> FROM
->     Transactions
-> GROUP BY
->     AccountID, Amount, TransactionDate
-> HAVING
->     COUNT(TransactionID) > 1;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Tasks 4: Subquery and its type:

1. Retrieve the customer(s) with the highest account balance.

```
mysql> SELECT TOP 1 WITH TIES
->     C.CustomerID,
->     CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName) AS CustomerName,
->     A.Balance
-> FROM
->     Customers C
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON C.CustomerID = A.CustomerID
-> ORDER BY
->     A.Balance DESC;
```

2. Calculate the average account balance for customers who have more than one account.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AVG(A.Balance) AS AverageBalance
-> FROM
->     Customers C
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON C.CustomerID = A.CustomerID
-> GROUP BY
->     C.CustomerID
-> HAVING
->     COUNT(A.AccountID) > 1;
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

3. Retrieve accounts with transactions whose amounts exceed the average transaction amount.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     A.AccountID,
->     A.AccountType,
->     T.TransactionID,
->     T.Amount,
->     T.TransactionDate
-> FROM
->     Accounts A
-> JOIN
->     Transactions T ON A.AccountID = T.AccountID
-> WHERE
->     T.Amount > (SELECT AVG(Amount) FROM Transactions);
```

AccountID	AccountType	TransactionID	Amount	TransactionDate
1	Savings	1	1000.00	2023-01-15
3	Savings	3	1500.00	2023-01-25
6	Checking	6	1000.00	2023-02-10
7	Savings	7	1200.00	2023-02-15
9	Savings	9	2000.00	2023-02-25

5 rows in set (0.01 sec)

4. Identify customers who have no recorded transactions.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     C.CustomerID,
->     CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName) AS CustomerName
-> FROM
->     Customers C
-> LEFT JOIN
->     Transactions T ON C.CustomerID = T.CustomerID
-> WHERE
->     T.TransactionID IS NULL;
```

5. Calculate the total balance of accounts with no recorded transactions.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     SUM(A.Balance) AS TotalBalanceNoTransactions
-> FROM
->     Accounts A
-> LEFT JOIN
->     Transactions T ON A.AccountID = T.AccountID
-> WHERE
->     T.TransactionID IS NULL;
```

TotalBalanceNoTransactions
NULL

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

6. Retrieve transactions for accounts with the lowest balance.

```
mysql> WITH LowestBalanceAccounts AS (
->     SELECT
->         AccountID,
->         RANK() OVER (ORDER BY Balance ASC) AS RankByBalance
->     FROM
->         Accounts
-> )
-> SELECT
->     T.TransactionID,
->     T.AccountID,
->     T.Amount,
->     T.TransactionDate
-> FROM
->     Transactions T
-> JOIN
->     LowestBalanceAccounts LBA ON T.AccountID = LBA.AccountID
-> WHERE
->     LBA.RankByBalance = 1;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| TransactionID | AccountID | Amount | TransactionDate |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          4   |          4 | 200.00 | 2023-02-01      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

7. Identify customers who have accounts of multiply types.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     C.CustomerID,
->     CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName) AS CustomerName
-> FROM
->     Customers C
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON C.CustomerID = A.CustomerID
-> GROUP BY
->     C.CustomerID, C.FirstName, C.LastName
-> HAVING
->     COUNT(DISTINCT A.AccountType) > 1;
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

8. Calculate the percentage of each account type out of the total number of accounts.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AccountType,
->     COUNT(AccountID) AS NumberOfAccounts,
->     CAST(COUNT(AccountID) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Accounts) AS DECIMAL(5,2)) AS Percentage
-> FROM
->     Accounts
-> GROUP BY
->     AccountType;
+-----+-----+-----+
| AccountType | NumberOfAccounts | Percentage |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Savings     |          5       |    50.00   |
| Checking    |          5       |    50.00   |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.04 sec)
```

9. Retrieve all transactions for a customer with a given customer_id.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     T.TransactionID,
->     T.AccountID,
->     T.Amount,
->     T.TransactionDate
-> FROM
->     Transactions T
-> JOIN
->     Accounts A ON T.AccountID = A.AccountID
-> WHERE
->     A.CustomerID = 'your_customer_id'; -- Replace 'your_customer_id' with the actual customer_id
Empty set, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

10. Calculate the total balance for each account type, including a subquery within the SELECT clause.

```
mysql> SELECT
->     AccountType,
->     (SELECT SUM(Balance) FROM Accounts A2 WHERE A2.AccountType = A.AccountType) AS TotalBalance
-> FROM
->     Accounts A
-> GROUP BY
->     AccountType;
+-----+-----+
| AccountType | TotalBalance |
+-----+-----+
| Savings    |      30000.00 |
| Checking   |      18200.00 |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```