

# CS1632, Lecture 4: Test Plans and TM

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You've got requirements.  
You're looking for defects.

# How?

Develop a test plan!

# Formality

- This could be as formal or informal as necessary.
- Think about what you are testing – what level of responsibility / tracking is necessary?

# What are you testing?

Throw-away script?

Development tool?

Internal website?

Enterprise software?

Commercial software?

Operating system?

Avionics software?

# Testing is context-dependent

- How you test
- How much you test
- What tools you use
- What documentation you provide
- ...All vary based on software context.

# Formal Test Plans

A test plan is a sequence of test cases.

A test case is the fundamental “unit” of a test plan.

A test case mainly consists of...

Preconditions: State of the system before testing

- Environment / global variable values, ...
- State of the screen, state of the database, ...

Execution Steps: Steps to obtain postconditions

Postconditions: State of the system after testing

- Environment / global variables are set, ...
- Output printed to screen, network packet sent, ...

See IEEE 829, "Standard for Software Test Documentation", for more details



# Example

Assuming an empty shopping cart, when I click "Buy Widget" the number of widgets in the shopping cart becomes one.

Preconditions: Empty shopping cart

Execution Steps: Click "Buy Widget"

Postconditions: Shopping cart displays one widget

We also want to add:

Identifier: A way to identify the test case

- Could be a number
- Often a label, e.g. INVALID-PASSWORD-THREE-TIMES-TEST

Test Case: A description of the test case

f doing method unit testing, we also add

Input values: Values passed as method arguments

Output values: Value(s) returned from method

Difference between input value and precondition?

- Arguments passed directly to the method are input values
- A global variable set before method is called is a precondition
- User input entered before method is called is a precondition

n full, a test case contains the following items

- Identifier
- Test Case
- Preconditions
- Input Values
- Execution Steps
- Output Values
- Postconditions

See IEEE 829, "Standard for Software Test Documentation", for more details

# Example

Assuming that the SORT\_ASCENDING flag is set, calling the sort method with [9,3,4,2] will return a new array sorted from high to low i.e., [2,3,4,9].

**Precondition:** SORT\_ASCENDING flag is set

**Input values:** Array [9,3,4,2]

**Execution steps:** Call sort method with input values

**Output values:** Array [2,3,4,9]

**Postconditions:** None

## Another Example

```
int print_hello_world() {  
    System.out.print("Hello World");  
    return 1;  
}
```

Suppose you wanted to write a test case for above method:

- What would be the output values? 1.
- What would be the postconditions? Hello World is printed.

# Test Plan

- A collection of test cases for testing a system
- These do not always test an entire system
- They may test a subsystem or related piece of functionality
  - Examples:
    - Database Connectivity Test Plan
    - Pop-up Warning Test Plan
    - Pressure Safety Lock Test Plan
    - Regression Test Plan

# Pressure Safety Lock Test Plan

LOW-PRESSURE-TEST

HIGH-PRESSURE-TEST

SAFETY-LIGHT-TEST

SAFETY-LIGHT-OFF-TEST

RESET-SWITCH-TEST

RESET-SWITCH2-TEST

FAST-MOVEMENT-TEST

RAPID-CHANGE-TEST

GRADUAL-CHANGE-TEST

MEDIAN-PRESSURE-TEST

LIGHT-FAILURE-TEST

SENSOR-FAILURE-TEST

SENSOR-INVALID-TEST



A group of test plans make up a test suite...

## Regression Test Suite

- Pressure Safety Regression Test Plan
- Power Regulation Regression Test Plan
- Water Flow Regression Test Plan
- Control Flow Test Plan
- Security Regression Test Plan
- Secondary Safety Process Test Plan

# Test Run – Actual execution

- Test run: An actual execution of a test plan or test suite.
- Analogy time: class vs object, test plan vs test run
  - The test plan is the structure, but you need to actually execute
- During the test run, the tester manually (or automatically) executes each test case and sets the status

## Possible Statuses

- PASSED – Completed with expected result
- FAILED – Completed but unexpected result
- PAUSED – Test paused in middle of execution
- RUNNING – Test in the middle of execution
- BLOCKED – Cannot be completed because precondition not fulfilled
- ERROR – Problem with running test itself

# Defects

If the test case fails, a defect should be filed

- Unless the test case has already failed, of course.
- You don't need to re-file a duplicate

We will talk about filing defects on the next lecture

# Creating a test plan...

- Start top-down: what is a good way to subdivide the system into features (test plans)?
- For a given feature (test plan), what aspects do I want to test?
- For each aspect, what test cases do I want that will hit different equivalence classes / success or failure cases / edge or corner cases / etc.?
- How deep should I go down?
- Test cases should be independent of each other, and reproducible!

# Traceability Matrix

Consider:

- One test case may test multiple requirements
- One requirement may be tested by multiple test cases
- It's a complex many-to-many relationship!

**Traceability Matrix:** table that describes the relationship between requirements and test cases

- How requirements are enforced throughout software development
- Can tell us where we are missing test coverage, or have superfluous tests

# Good Traceability Matrix Example

REQ1: TEST\_CASE\_1, TEST\_CASE\_2

REQ2: TEST\_CASE\_3

REQ3: TEST\_CASE\_4, TEST\_CASE\_7

REQ4: TEST\_CASE\_5, TEST\_CASE\_9

REQ5: TEST\_CASE\_6, TEST\_CASE\_10

*All requirements have at least one test case associated with them; all test cases map to a requirement.*

# Problematic Traceability Matrix 1

REQ1: TEST\_CASE\_1, TEST\_CASE\_2

REQ2:

REQ3: TEST\_CASE\_4, TEST\_CASE\_7

REQ4: TEST\_CASE\_5, TEST\_CASE\_9

REQ5: TEST\_CASE\_6, TEST\_CASE\_10

*No test case is testing requirement 2!*



# Problematic Traceability Matrix 2

REQ1: TEST\_CASE\_1, TEST\_CASE\_2

REQ2: TEST\_CASE\_3

REQ3: TEST\_CASE\_4, TEST\_CASE\_7

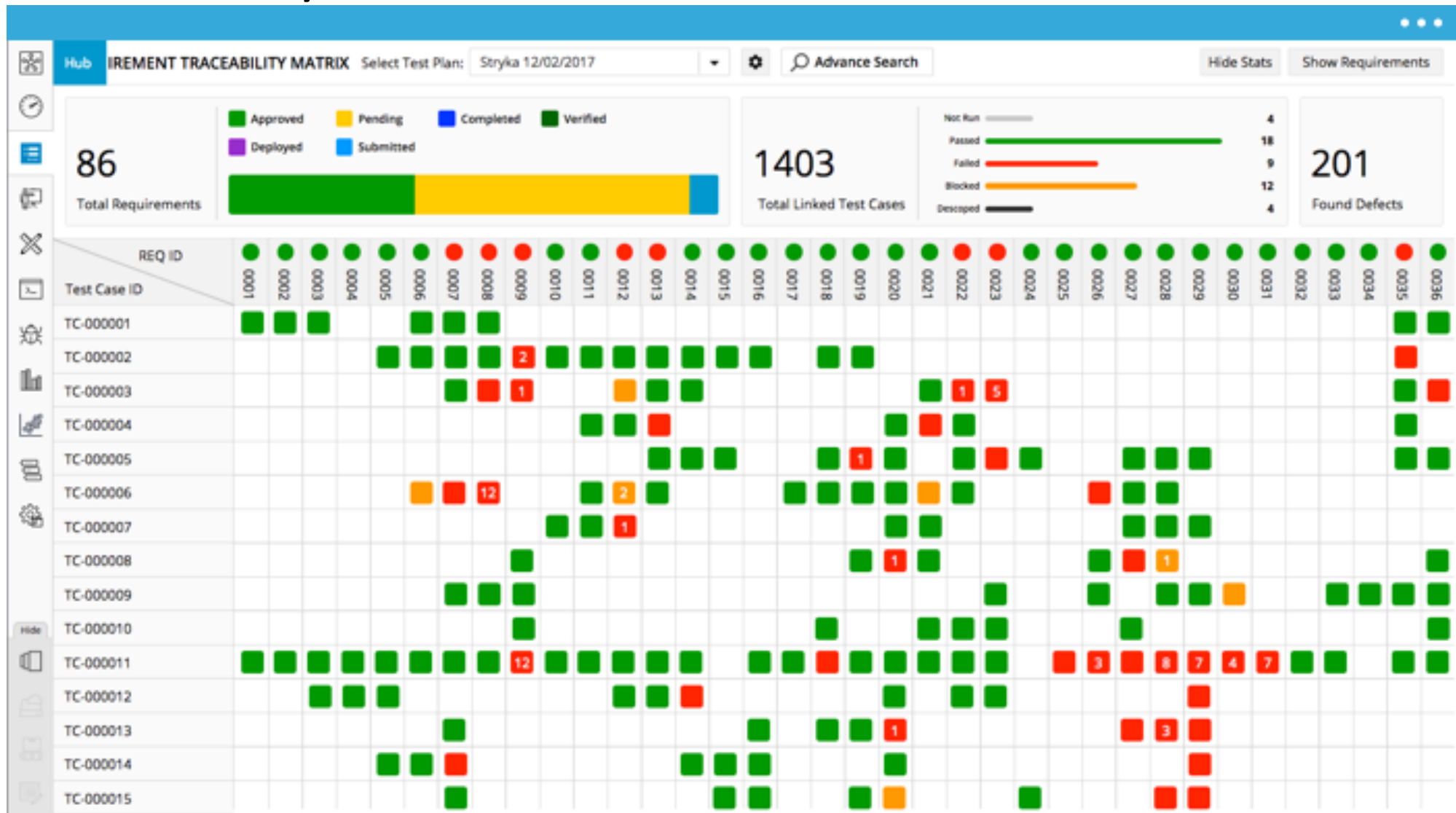
REQ4: TEST\_CASE\_5, TEST\_CASE\_9

REQ5: TEST\_CASE\_6, TEST\_CASE\_10

?????: TEST\_CASE\_11

*What is test case 11 checking?*

# Traceability Matrix in Actual Matrix Format



# Now Please Read Textbook Chapters 6 and 8

In particular, read Chapter 8 carefully since that's mostly what you will be doing for our first in-class exercise on 9/11.