CS1632, Lecture 4: Test Plans and TM

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You've got requirements. You're looking for defects.

How?

Develop a test plan!

Formality

This could be as formal or informal as necessary.

 Think about what you are testing – what level of responsibility / tracking is necessary?

What are you testing?

- Throw-away script?
- Development tool?
- Internal website?
- Enterprise software?
- Commercial software?
- Operating system?
- Avionics software?

Testing is context-dependent

- How you test
- How much you test
- What tools you use
- What documentation you provide
- ...All vary based on software context.

Formal Test Plans

A test plan is a sequence of test cases.

A test case is the fundamental "unit" of a test plan.

A test case mainly consists of...

- Preconditions
- Execution Steps
- Postconditions

See IEEE 829, "Standard for Software Test Documentation", for more details

Example

Assuming an empty shopping cart, when I click "Buy Widget", the number of widgets in the shopping cart becomes one.

Preconditions: Empty shopping cart

Execution Steps: Click "Buy Widget"

Postconditions: Shopping cart displays one widget

Example

Assuming that the SORT_ASCENDING flag is set, calling the sort method with [9,3,4,2] will return a new array sorted from high to low, i.e., [2,3,4,9].

Precondition: SORT_ASCENDING flag is set

Execution steps: Call .sort method with argument [9,3,4,2]

Postconditions: [2,3,4,9] is returned

We also want to add:

- Identifier: A way to identify the test case
 - Could be a number
 - Often a label, e.g. INVALID-PASSWORD-THREE-TIMES-TEST
- Description: A description of the test case, describing what it is supposed to test.

Test Plan

- These do not always test an entire system
- They may test a subsystem or related piece of functionality
 - Examples:
 - Database Connectivity Test Plan
 - Pop-up Warning Test Plan
 - Pressure Safety Lock Test Plan
 - Regression Test Plan

Pressure Safety Lock Test Plan

LOW-PRESSURE-TEST

HIGH-PRESSURE-TEST

SAFETY-LIGHT-TEST

SAFETY-LIGHT-OFF-TEST

RESET-SWITCH-TEST

RESET-SWITCH2-TEST

FAST-MOVEMENT-TEST

RAPID-CHANGE-TEST

GRADUAL-CHANGE-TEST

MEDIAN-PRESSURE-TEST

LIGHT-FAILURE-TEST

SENSOR-FAILURE-TEST

SENSOR-INVALID-TEST

A group of test plans make up a test suite...

- Regression Test Suite
 - Pressure Safety Regression Test Plan
 - Power Regulation Regression Test Plan
 - Water Flow Regression Test Plan
 - Control Flow Test Plan
 - Security Regression Test Plan
 - Secondary Safety Process Test Plan

Test Run – An actual execution of a test plan or test suite.

- Analogy time: class vs object, test plan vs test run
 - The test plan is the structure, but you need to actually execute
- During the test run, the tester manually executes each test case and sets the status

Possible Statuses

- PASSED
- FAILED
- PAUSED
- RUNNING
- BLOCKED
- ERROR

Defects

- If the test case fails, a defect should be filed
 - Unless the test case has already failed, of course.
 - You don't need to re-file a duplicate of
- Note the level of formality involved will vary based on the domain

Creating a test plan...

- Start top-down: what is a good way to subdivide the system into features (test plans)?
- For a given feature (test plan), what aspects do I want to test?
- For each aspect, what test cases do I want that will hit different equivalence classes / success or failure cases / edge or corner cases / etc.?
- How deep should I go down?
- Try to have test cases be independent of each other, and reproducible!

Traceability Matrix

• Consider:

- One test case may test multiple requirements
- One requirement may be tested by multiple test cases
- It's a complex many-to-many relationship!
- Traceability Matrix: table that describes the relationship between requirements and test cases
 - Keeps track how requirements are enforced throughout software development
 - Can tell us where we are missing test coverage, or have superfluous tests

Good Traceability Matrix Example

REQ1: TEST_CASE_1, TEST_CASE_2

REQ2: TEST_CASE_3

REQ3: TEST_CASE_4, TEST_CASE_7

REQ4: TEST_CASE_5, TEST_CASE_9

REQ5: TEST_CASE_6, TEST_CASE_10

• All requirements have at least one test case associated with them; all test cases map to a requirement.

Problematic Traceability Matrix 1

REQ1: TEST_CASE_1, TEST_CASE_2

REQ2:

REQ3: TEST_CASE_4, TEST_CASE_7

REQ4: TEST_CASE_5, TEST_CASE_9

REQ5: TEST_CASE_6, TEST_CASE_10

No test case is testing requirement 2!

Problematic Traceability Matrix 2

REQ1: TEST_CASE_1, TEST_CASE_2

REQ2: TEST_CASE_3

REQ3: TEST CASE 4, TEST CASE 7

REQ4: TEST_CASE_5, TEST_CASE_9

REQ5: TEST_CASE_6, TEST_CASE_10

?????: TEST CASE 11

• What is test case 11 checking?

Traceability Matrix in Actual Matrix Format

