



Building Event-driven Architectures in Azure

Johan Ludvig Brattås, Director @ BDO

Working With Event-Driven Data in Microsoft Fabric



Matt

Catalog Your Data In Motion With Fabric
Real-Time Hub & Eventstreams



Wednesday, 19 Nov



11.30 AM – 12.30 PM



Abhi

Analyze Your Real-Time Data With Fabric
Eventhouse & KQL



Thursday, 20 Nov



10.15 AM – 11.15 AM



Kristyna

Unlock Real-Time Insights With Fabric Real-Time
Dashboards and Kusto-Powered Power BI Reports



Thursday, 20 Nov



2.30 PM – 3.45 PM



Frank

Activator and Further Functionality Within
Fabric Real-Time Intelligence



Friday, 21 Nov



10.15 AM – 11.15 AM



Johan

Building Event-Driven Architectures in
Azure and Fabric



Friday, 21 Nov



2.00 PM – 3.15 PM

Agenda

- Key terminology
- Event-driven Architecture
- Azure & Fabric event services
- What to choose when
- Some event-driven architectures

Key Terminology

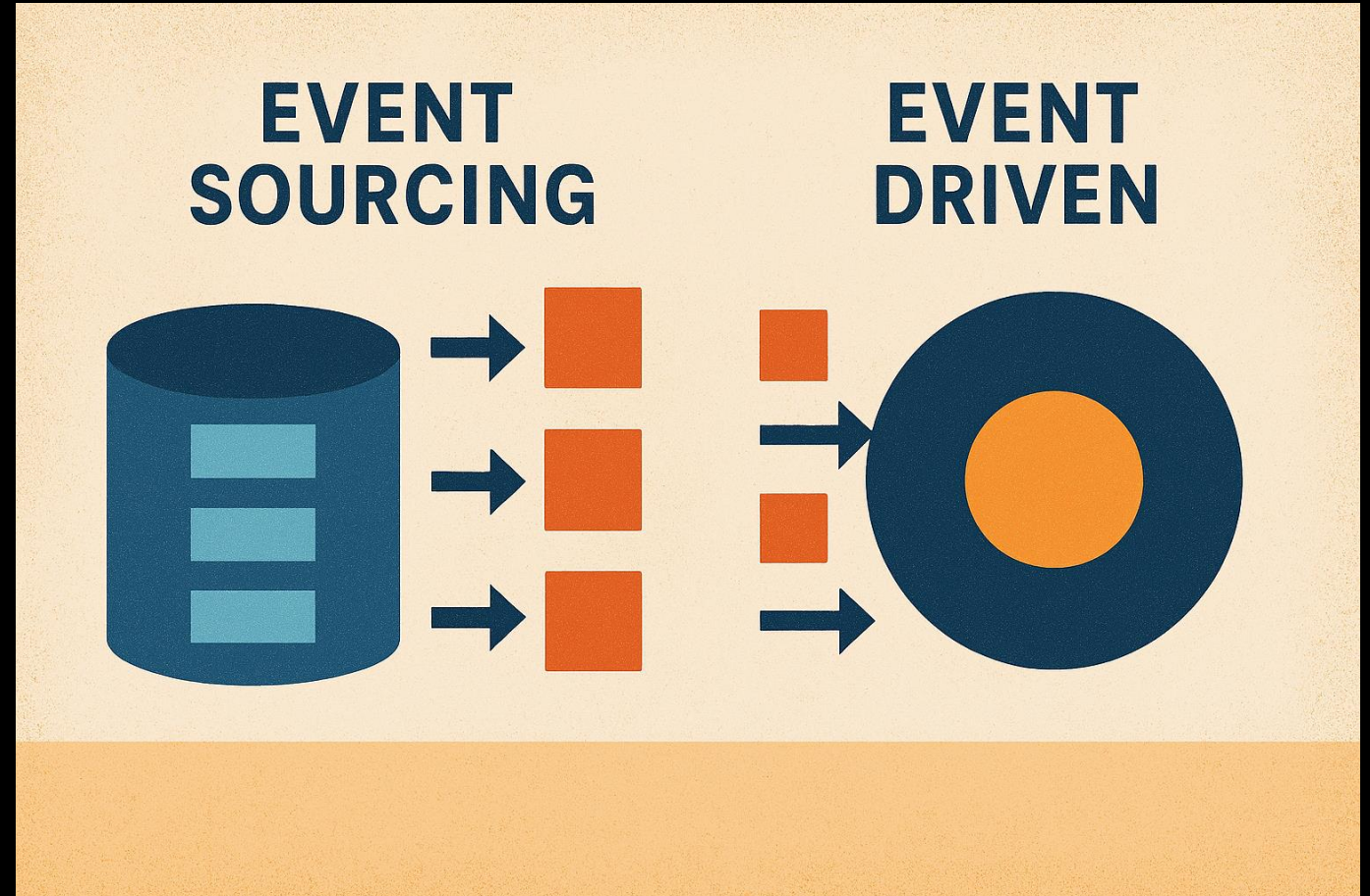
- Message: Generic payload of information from one system to another
- Event: A significant change of state
- Event Notification: Often called an «event» but is the immutable, historic message about an event
- Command: A message from one system to another with information on action to be taken



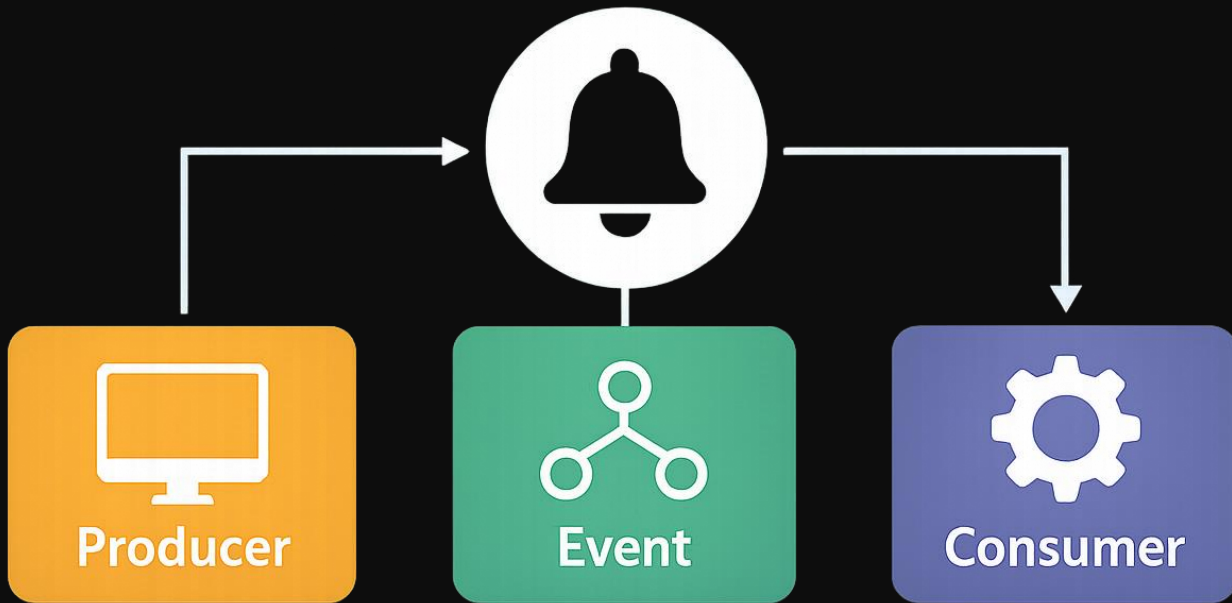
Key Terminology

Event Sourcing: A data-persistence pattern where events are the source of truth for state

Event-driven Architecture: A design pattern focusing on communication between services/components



EVENT-DRIVEN ARCHITECTURE



Event-driven architecture is not just for analytics

Three main components:

- Producer
- Event Channel
- Consumer

Asynchronous, decoupled communication between systems.

Central enabler of microservices and other distributed systems

Event-Driven Architecture

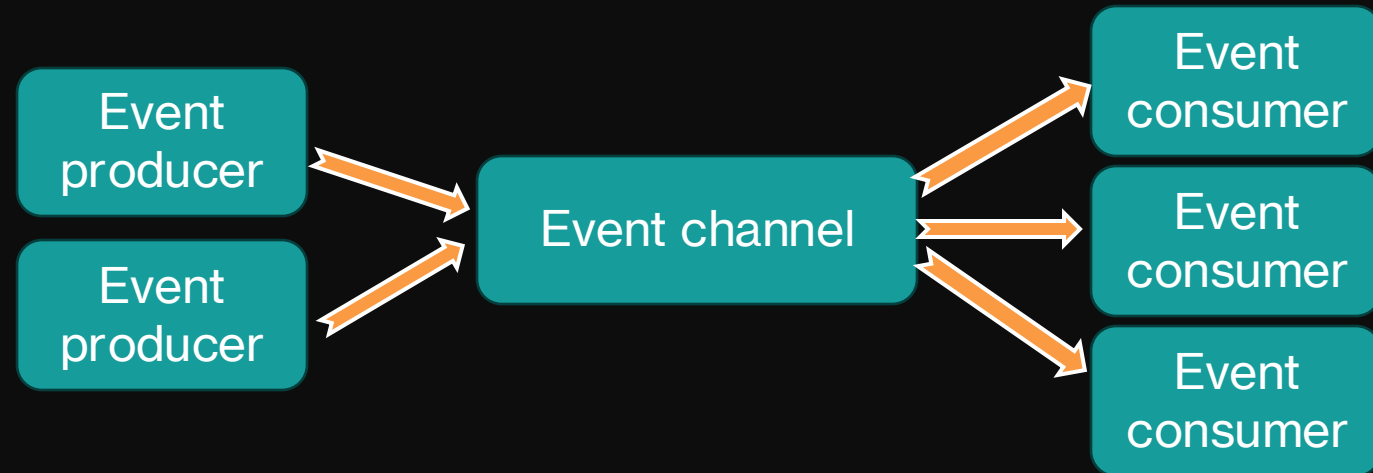
Producers are decoupled

Every consumer is decoupled

Event channels allow all consumers to see all events

The opposite of Competing Consumer pattern

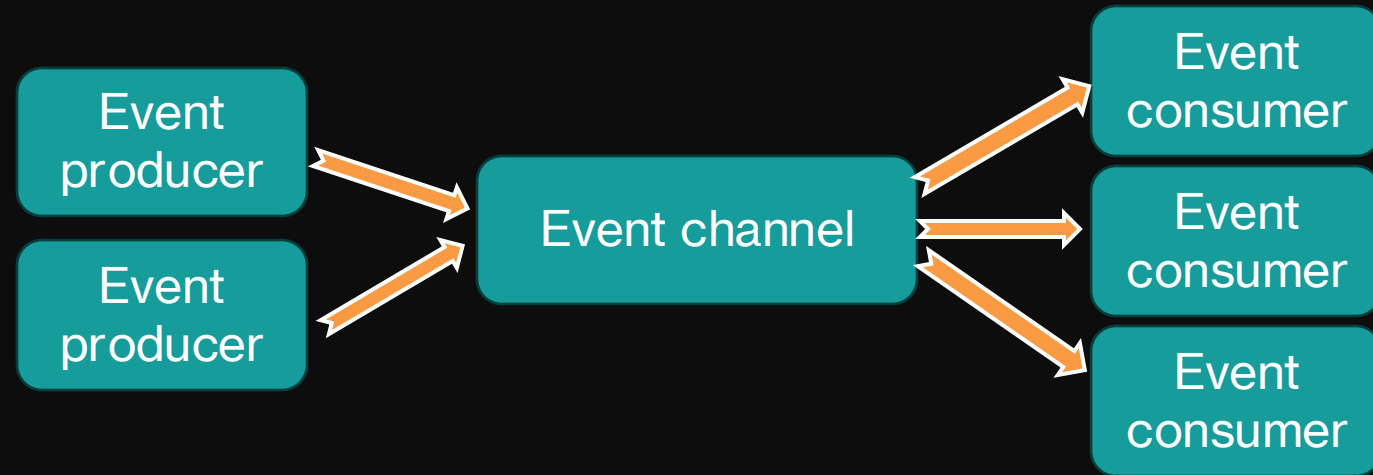
Two event models:
Publish-Subscribe – or PUB/SUB
Eventstreaming



Event-Driven Architecture

Consumer side variations

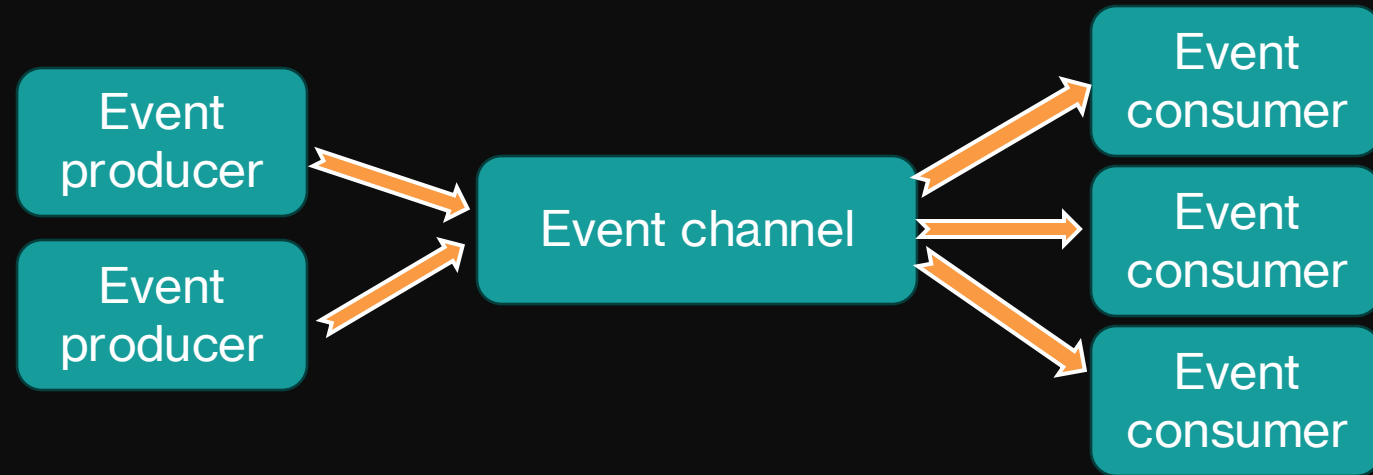
- Simple event processing
- Basic event correlation
- Complex event processing
- Event stream processing



Event-Driven Architecture

Primary topologies

- Broker topology
 - Broadcast events to everyone
 - Highly decoupled
 - For simple event processing
- Mediator topology
 - Event mediator manages and controls flow
 - Maintains state
 - Broadcasts commands, not notifications
 - Broadcasts only to designated channels



Event-Driven Architecture

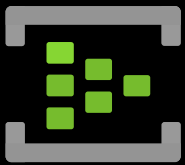
When to use Event-driven architecture

- Multiple systems needs the same events
- Real-time processing
- Complex event processing
- High volume + high velocity
- Need for decoupling for scalability and reliability
- Have analytical workloads that don't fit in traditional scheduling





Event Services in Azure



Eventhubs – for Eventstreaming scenarios. High throughput, messages up to 5 MB



Eventgrid – for PUB/SUB scenarios. Supports both PULL and PUSH scenarios. Can communicate over MQTT and HTTPS



Servicebus – Enterprise Messaging service. Not the most used in event-driven architectures



IoT Hub– for Eventstreaming scenarios with specific needs. High throughput, small messages.



Event Services in Azure



Functions – flexible and powerful. Can be used in analytical workloads on event triggers as well as simple event processing with Eventgrid or Servicebus.



Logic Apps – low code/no code alternative to Functions.



Stream Analytics – stream processor. Often used in complex event processing scenarios and sometimes in event stream processing



Data Explorer – powerful event store. Fits both event sourcing and event-driven architectures. Can be used for simple event processing and analytical loads as well as event stream processing...



Event Services in Fabric



Eventhouse / KQL DB – powerful event store. Fits both event sourcing and event-driven architectures. Can be used for simple event processing and analytical loads as well as event stream processing...



Eventstream – Swiss Army knife... Works both for PUB/SUB and event streaming. And for most variations



Data Activator – takes action. Triggers on specified commands or events. Low code/No code

What services should I use?

Azure or Fabric?

For Azure:

Event channel: Default choice of Event hub unless need for PUB/SUB or IoT specific functionality

For complex event streaming – Stream Analytics

Simple event processing and analytical workloads – Functions unless need for no code/low code

Simple processing and need for event store Data Explorer can be a fit

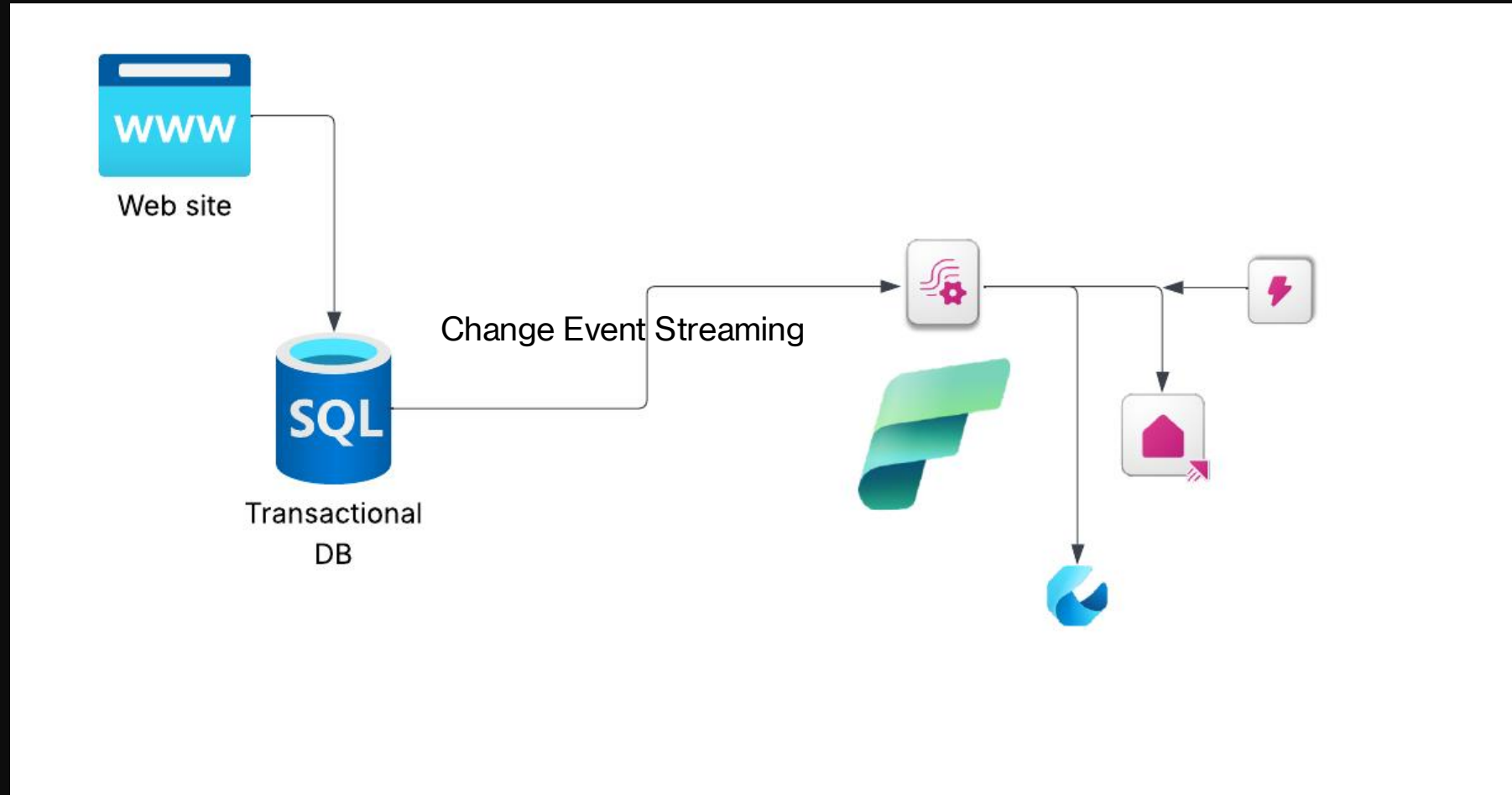
What services should I use?

Azure or Fabric?

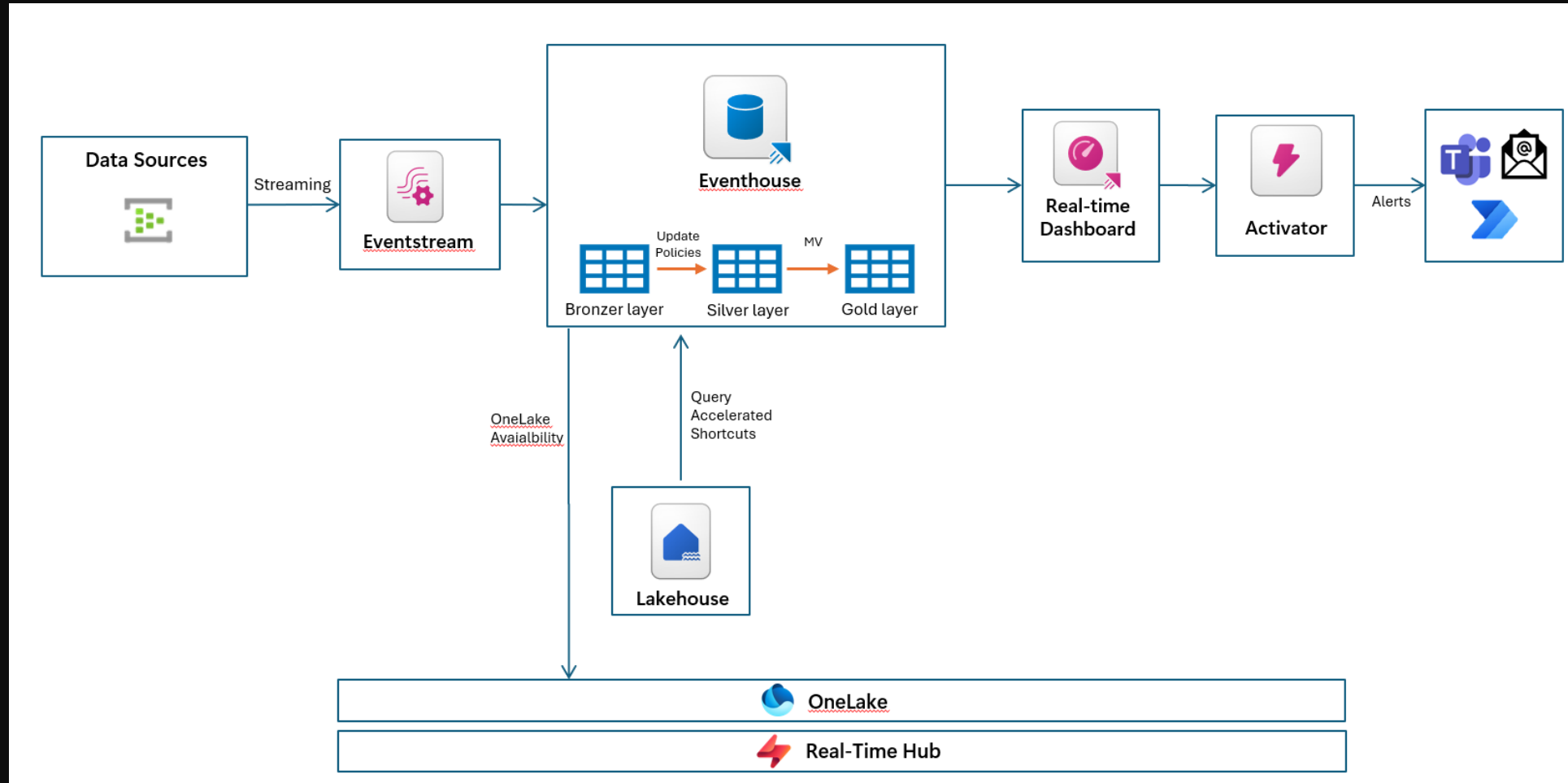
For Fabric the services rarely overlap.

- Do I have an external event channel?
 - Which consumer variation patterns do I have?
 - Do I need to take action on events?
 - Do I need an event store?
-
- If no external event channel, complex or event stream scenarios – then Eventstream has a place
 - If external event channel and need for an event store KQL DB can be a good fit
 - Taking actions on events – such as triggering a pipeline then Activator

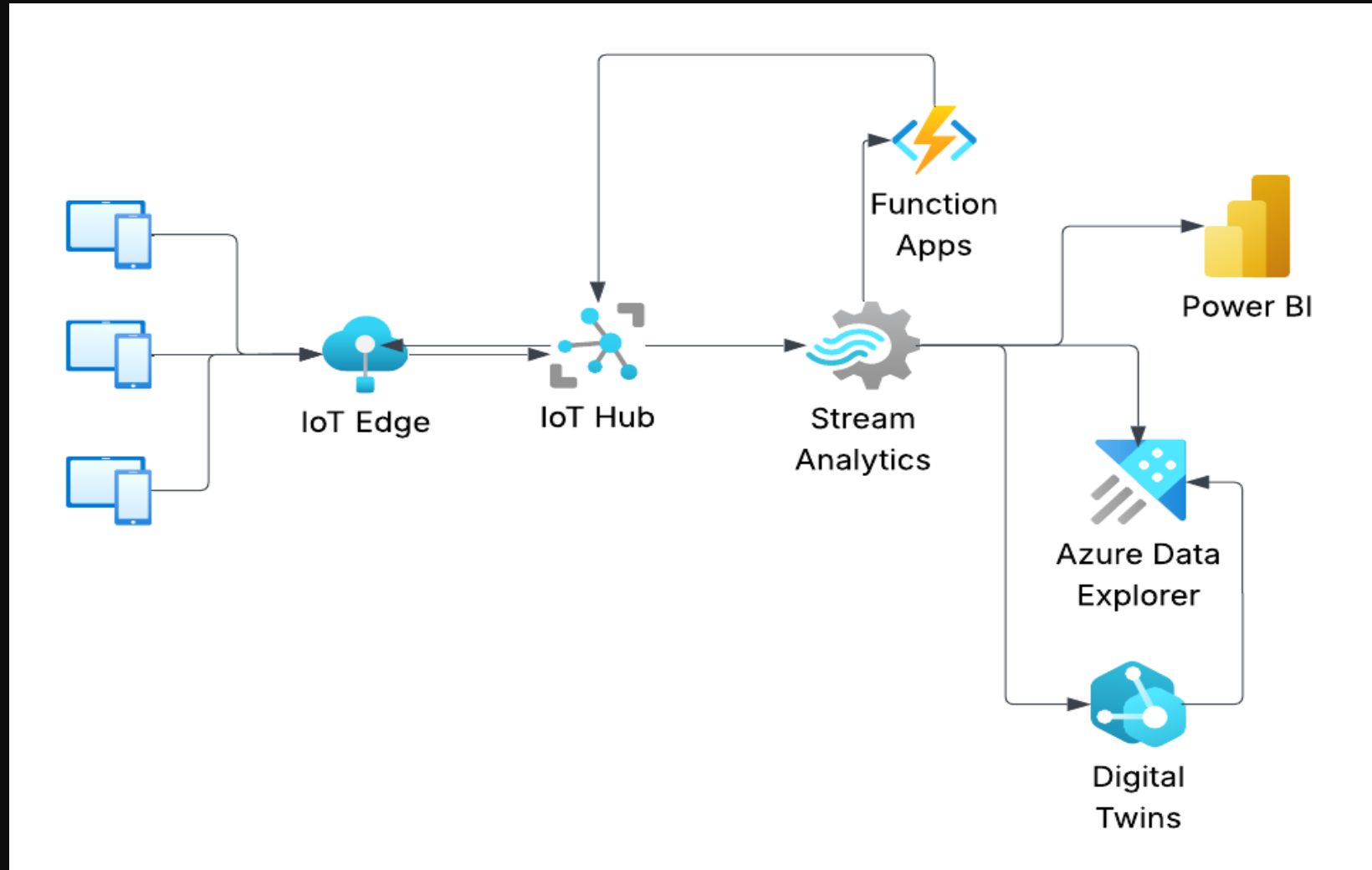
Event-Driven Architecture – Transactional to Analytics



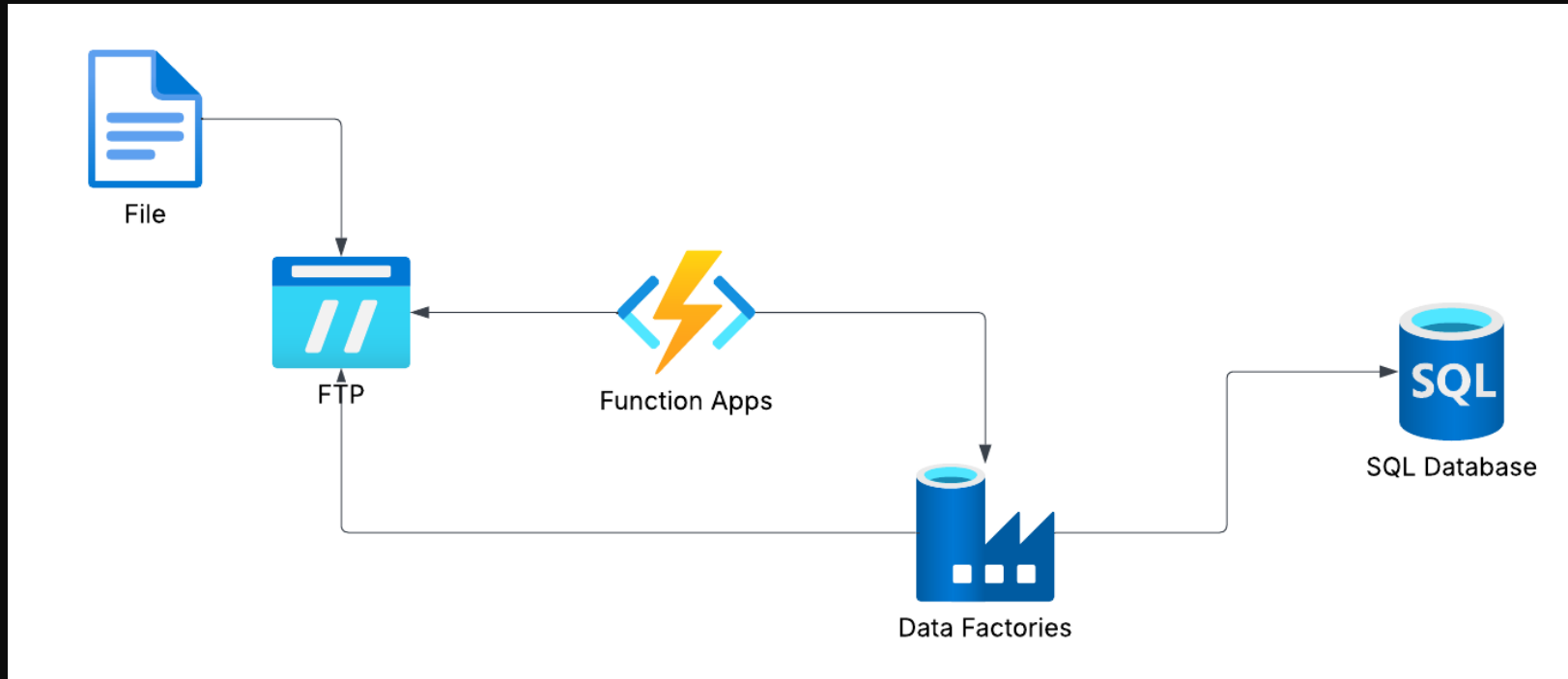
Event-Driven Architecture – Transactional to Analytics



Event-Driven Architecture – IoT



Event-Driven Architecture – Analytical workload



Demo





Your feedback is important to us



Evaluate this session at:

passdatacommunitysummit.com/evaluations



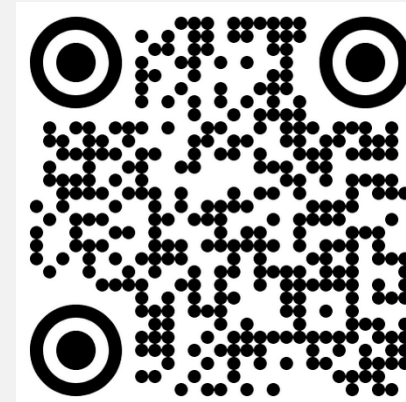
Johan Ludvig Brattås

Director, BDO

in /johanludvig

🦋 @sqlclause.no

✉ johan@brattas.no



GitHub

Chronic volunteer

Co-organizer – DataSaturday Oslo

President – MDPUG Oslo

Frequent volunteer in general

When not geeking out over new tech

Teaching coeliacs how to bake gluten free

Baking

Hiking

Gardening

Try the Real-Time Intelligence lab at home



Eventhouse



Eventstreams



Notebook



Lakehouse



RT Dashboard



Reflex

<https://aka.ms/FabConRTITutorial>