



**BRENT OZAR**  
UNLIMITED®

## Dynamic SQL Pro Tips

How to build fast, efficient multi-parameter procedures.

2.4 p1

# Agenda

What we're trying to do

A few ways we shouldn't do it, and why

The “right” way: sp\_executesql

The drawbacks of the right way

Pro tips: troubleshooting and tuning

2.4 p2





# stack overflow

Q&A site: you ask, other people do your job

Whole database is available under Creative Commons

Download it free: [BrentOzar.com/go/querystack](http://BrentOzar.com/go/querystack)

We'll use the dbo.Users table

2.4 p3



```
46  /* Meet the Users table: */  
47  SELECT TOP 100 * FROM dbo.Users;  
48  GO
```

2.4 p4



## Our support team wants to search.

They want a single stored procedure that takes multiple parameters for searching:

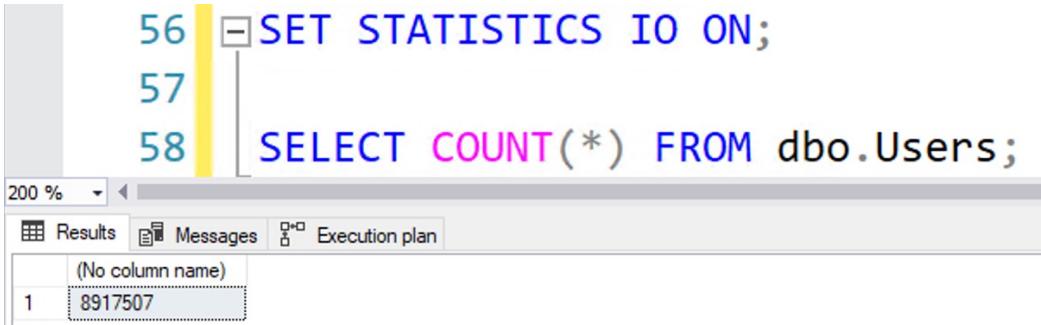
```
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%';
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%';
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchReputation = 2;
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', @SearchLocation = 'Las Vegas%';
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%', @SearchReputation = 107548;
GO
```

2.4 p5



## They want it to be fast.

We have about 9 million users to deal with.



A screenshot of a SQL Server Management Studio window. The code pane contains the following T-SQL:

```
56 SET STATISTICS IO ON;
57
58 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM dbo.Users;
```

The results pane shows a single row of data:

	(No column name)
1	8917507

2.4 p6



# They want it to be fast.

Worst case scenario: we scan the table.

```
56 SET STATISTICS IO ON;
57
58 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM dbo.Users;
```

200 %

Results Messages Execution plan

Query 1: Query cost (relative to the batch): 100%

SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM dbo.Users

1 second

2.4 p7

## Worst case scenario

```
56 SET STATISTICS IO ON;
57
58 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM dbo.Users;
```

(1 row affected)  
Table 'Users'. Scan count 5, logical reads 142155,

1 second

2.4 p8



## We'll build supporting indexes.

```
CREATE INDEX DisplayName ON dbo.Users(DisplayName);  
CREATE INDEX Location ON dbo.Users(Location);  
CREATE INDEX Reputation ON dbo.Users(Reputation);
```

2.4 p9



# Version 1: IF Branches

2.4 p10



```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL AS
BEGIN
    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
    ELSE IF @SearchLocation IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE Location LIKE @SearchLocation
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
    ELSE IF @SearchReputation IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE Reputation = @SearchReputation
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
END
```

Will this work?

```

130 /* If we pass in multiple fields, like this,
131 it only searches for one of them: */
132 EXEC usp_SearchUsers
133 @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', ← We asked for this
134 @SearchReputation = 1;
135 GO

```

200 %

Results Messages Execution plan

	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	Reputation	DownVotes
1	3764	Married, one son, one daughter. Very happy.	NULL	2008-08-30 16:14:55.627	Brent	5258	2
2	9634	<p>Old-ish IT Geezer, young at heart, memoir fanb...	NULL	2008-09-15 19:25:38.167	Brent.Longborough	6508	40
3	13157		NULL	2008-10-01 17:24:15.987	Brent Chapman	1354	0
4	24848		NULL	2008-10-05 17:24:15.987		659	33
5	26837	<p>I make Microsoft SQL Server faster and more r...	NULL	2008-10-10 14:26:33.540	Brent Ozar	11825	12
6	26950	<p>Software Developer O_o</p>	NULL	2008-10-10 20:02:31.847	Brent Henson	18	0
7	31253	<p>I have been a software developer for twenty y...	NULL	2008-10-24 17:21:13.993	Brent Rockwood	695	2
8	40896		NULL	2008-11-26 02:50:42.923	Brent Taylor	532	0
9	41222	<p>I write software, mostly for iOS and the Mac. o	NULL	2009-11-27 02:15:14.163	Brent Royal-Gordon	12482	39

2.4 p12

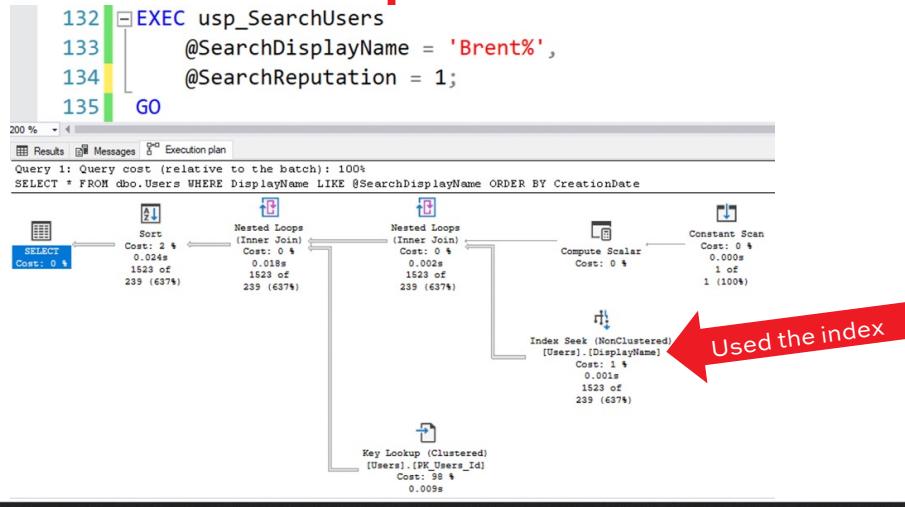


```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL AS
BEGIN
    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
    ELSE IF @SearchLocation IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE Location LIKE @SearchLocation
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
    ELSE IF @SearchReputation IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE Reputation = @SearchReputation
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
END
```

**Because it only  
went down one  
branch.**

Searched by name only

## But it DOES perform well...



2.4 p14

**And did few logical reads.**

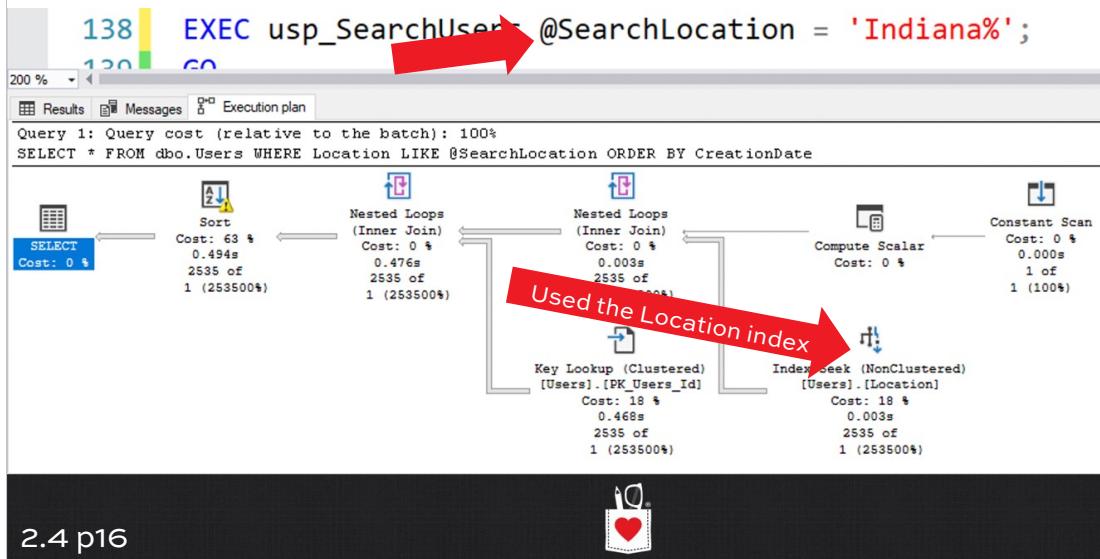
```
132 EXEC usp_SearchUsers
133      @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',
134      @SearchReputation = 1;
135 GO
```

(1523 rows affected)

Table 'Worktable'. Scan count 0, logical reads 0,  
Table 'Users'. Scan count 1, logical reads 4685, Nice

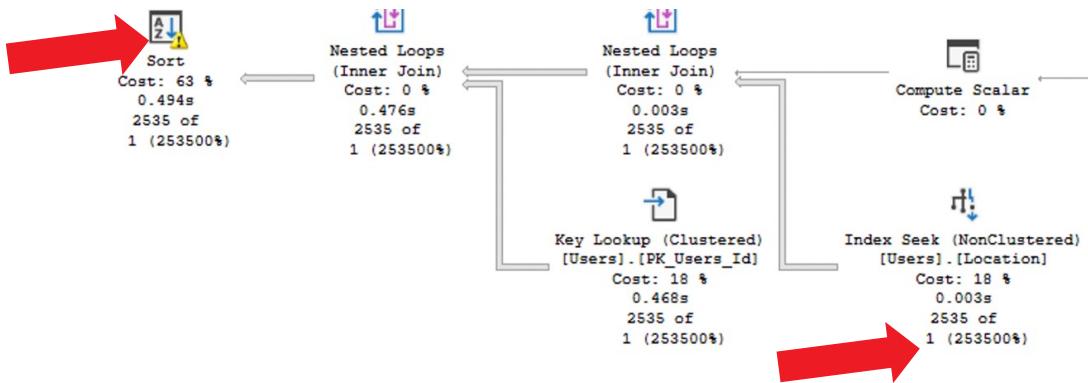
2.4 p15

## Try a different parameter...



## But there's a catch

There's a spill on the sort, caused by the low estimate.



2.4 p17

```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL AS
BEGIN
    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
    ELSE IF @SearchLocation IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE Location LIKE @SearchLocation
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
    ELSE IF @SearchReputation IS NOT NULL
        SELECT *
        FROM dbo.Users
        WHERE Reputation = @SearchReputation
        ORDER BY CreationDate;
END
```

SQL Server  
built the whole  
plan just once.

The first time we ran, this wasn't set

## This design has big problems.

1. It's awful to write: you have to build so many branches to cover every scenario.
2. It produces incorrect results for param combos.
3. It produces inaccurate estimates.

2.4 p19



# Version 2: The Kitchen Sink

2.4 p20



```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL AS
BEGIN
SELECT *
    FROM dbo.Users
    WHERE (DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName OR @SearchDisplayName IS NULL)
        AND (Location LIKE @SearchLocation OR @SearchLocation IS NULL)
        AND (Reputation = @SearchReputation OR @SearchReputation IS NULL)
    ORDER BY CreationDate;
END
GO

EXEC usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',  

    @SearchReputation = 1;
```

2.4 p21



```
201 EXEC usp_SearchUsers
202     @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',
203     @SearchReputation = 1;
204 GO
```

200 %

Results Messages Execution plan

*Yay, accurate results*

	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	Reputation	Location
1	211111		NULL	2009-11-14 18:38:51.167	Brent B	1	
2	212610	NULL	NULL	2009-11-17 05:26:08.937	Brent Scriver	1	NULL
3	222260	NULL	NULL	2009-12-01 16:47:46.843	Brent	1	NULL
4	245692	NULL	NULL	2010-01-07 16:21:07.397	Brent1970	1	NULL
5	262134	NULL	NULL	2010-01-29 20:55:21.453	Brent Ramsey	1	NULL
6	279829	NULL	NULL	2010-02-23 20:44:33.433	brent	1	NULL
7	356923	NULL	NULL	2010-06-02 22:08:31.497	Brent	1	Chicago,
8	359941	NULL	NULL	2010-06-06 23:08:15.983	Brent McConnell	1	NULL

2.4 p22



```

201 EXEC usp_SearchUsers
202     @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',
203     @SearchReputation = 1;
204 GO

```

200 % ▶ Results Messages Execution plan

Query 1: Query cost (relative to the batch): 100%

SELECT \* FROM dbo.Users WHERE (DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName OR @SearchReputation = 1)

```

    graph TD
        A[SELECT Cost: 0 %] --> B[Sort Cost: 0 %]
        B --> C[Nested Loops (Inner Join) Cost: 20 %]
        C --> D[Index Scan NonClustered [Users].[DisplayName] Cost: 78 %]
        D --> E[Key Lookup Clustered [Users].[PK_Users_Id] Cost: 2 %]

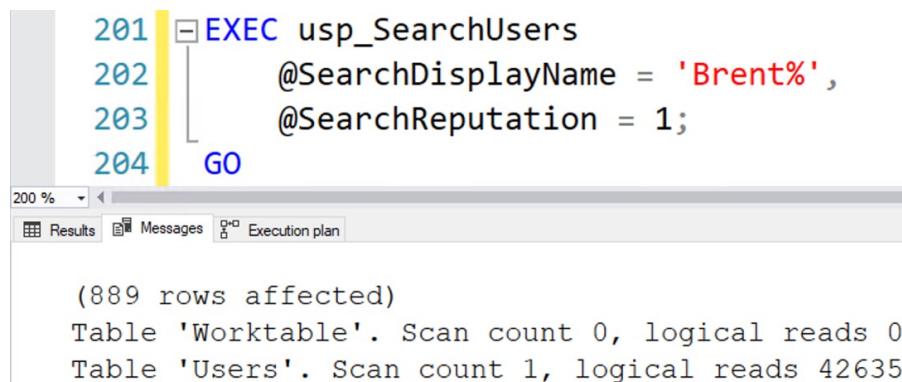
```

*Fast*

*Used the index, but ... scan?*

## Better than a table scan, I guess

Worst case scenario = ~140000 logical reads



The screenshot shows a SQL query window with the following content:

```
201 EXEC usp_SearchUsers
202      @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',
203      @SearchReputation = 1;
204 GO
```

Below the code, the output shows:

(889 rows affected)  
Table 'Worktable'. Scan count 0, logical reads 0  
Table 'Users'. Scan count 1, logical reads 42635

2.4 p24



## Try a different parameter

207 | EXEC usp\_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%';

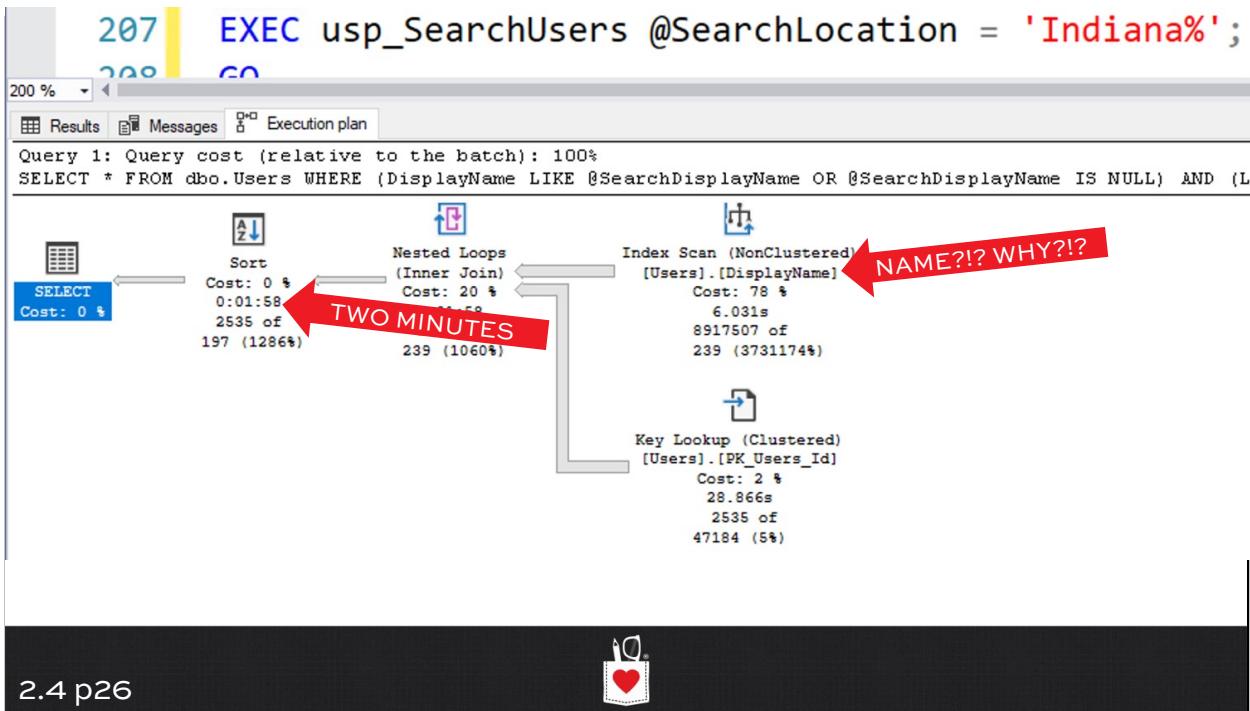
Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	Reputation	Location	DownVotes
1	<p>Senior Front-End Engineer at Salesforce</p> <p>C...	NULL	2008-08-01 13:56:33.807	cmcculloh	22263	Indianapolis, IN	55
2	<p>A bored kid</p>	NULL	2008-08-05 04:38:30.873	agweber	614	Indiana	10
3	Microsoft Dynamics AX software consultant at <a href="..."	NULL	2008-08-06 15:28:45.100	Jay Hofacker	3109	Indianapolis, IN	1
4	Beginner programmer	NULL	2008-08-11 08:55:13.247	littlebyte	504	Indiana	0
5	1023	NULL	2008-08-11 14:30:16.767	Gokul	95	Indiana	0
6	<p>I enjoy eating chips.</p>	NULL	2008-08-13 13:22:40.210	atoumey	1061	Indianapolis, IN	4
7	web developer.	NULL	2008-08-15 15:59:12.063	henrikpp	350	Indianapolis, IN	1
8	<pre> 10 PRINT "HELLO WORLD!" 20 GOTO 10 </pre>	NULL	2008-08-19 00:37:02.127	Jeff Moser	15778	Indianapolis, IN	4
9	100n	NULL	2008-08-19 00:37:41.750	Don Robbins	2020	Indiana	10

Query executed successfully. | SQL2019 (15.0 RTM) | SQL2019\Administrator ... | 2020-08-19 00:37:41.750 | 00:01:58 | 2,535 rows

Accurate

WAIT WHAT HOLD ON

2.4 p25



ers use inde	<b>Index Scan (NonClustered)</b> Scan a nonclustered index, entirely or only a range.
s @SearchLoc	<b>Physical Operation</b> Index Scan <b>Logical Operation</b> Index Scan <b>Actual Execution Mode</b> Row <b>Estimated Execution Mode</b> Row <b>Storage</b> RowStore <b>Number of Rows Read</b> 8917507 <b>Actual Number of Rows for All Executions</b> 8917507 <b>Actual Number of Batches</b> 0 <b>Estimated I/O Cost</b> 27.9824 <b>Estimated Operator Cost</b> 37.7918 (78%) <b>Estimated Subtree Cost</b> 37.7918 <b>Estimated CPU Cost</b> 9.80941 <b>Estimated Number of Executions</b> 1 <b>Number of Executions</b> 1 <b>Estimated Number of Rows for All Executions</b> 239.396 <b>Estimated Number of Rows Per Execution</b> 239.396 <b>Estimated Number of Rows to be Read</b> 8917510 <b>Estimated Row Size</b> 55.8 <b>Actual Rebinds</b> 0 <b>Actual Rewinds</b> 0 <b>Ordered</b> False <b>Node ID</b> 4
earchDisplayName OR [	<b>Predicate</b> [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].[DisplayName] like [@SearchDisplayName] OR [@SearchDisplayName] IS NULL <b>Object</b> [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].[DisplayName] <b>Output List</b> [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].Id, [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].DisplayName

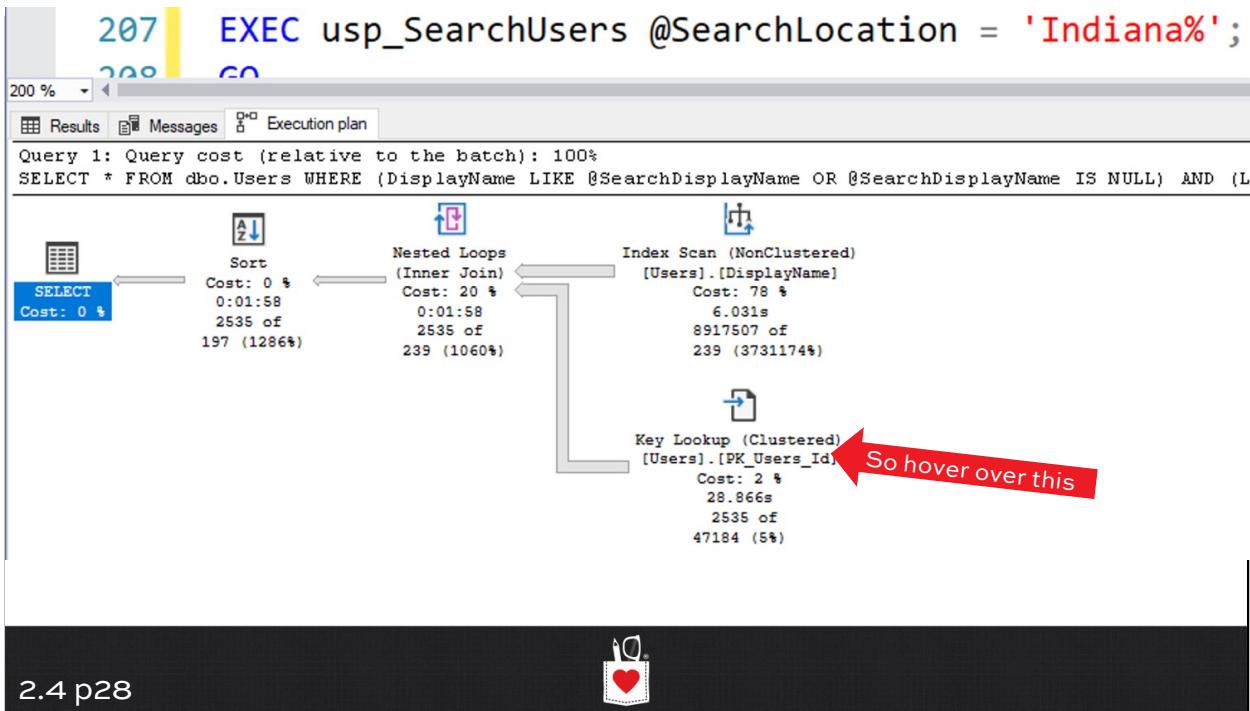
## Checking names

The first time we called the proc, we used DisplayName.

SQL Server sniffed that, and built a plan that's "optimized" for names...

And "safe" for other params.

Every single row matches.





<b>SearchDisplayName OR</b>	<b>Number of Executions</b> 8917507
	<b>Estimated Number of Rows for All Executions</b> 47183.994016
	<b>Estimated Number of Rows Per Execution</b> 197.096
	<b>Estimated Row Size</b> 4422 B
	<b>Actual Rebinds</b> 0
	<b>Actual Rewinds</b> 0
	<b>Ordered</b> True
	<b>Node ID</b> 6
 Index Scan (NonClustered [Users].[DisplayName])	<b>Predicate</b> ([StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].[Reputation]=[@SearchReputation] OR [@SearchReputation] IS NULL) AND ([StackOverflow].[dbo]. [Users].[Location] like [@SearchLocation] OR [@SearchLocation] IS NULL)
 Key Lookup (Clustered [Users].[PK_Users_Id])	<b>Object</b> [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].[PK_Users_Id]
	<b>Output List</b> [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].AboutMe, [StackOverflow].[dbo]. [Users].Age, [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].CreationDate, [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].DownVotes, [StackOverflow].[dbo]. [Users].EmailHash, [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].LastAccessDate, [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].Location, [StackOverflow].[dbo]. [Users].Reputation, [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].UpVotes, [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].Views, [StackOverflow].[dbo]. [Users].WebsiteUrl, [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].AccountId
	<b>Seek Predicates</b> Seek Keys[1]: Prefix: [StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].Id = Scalar Operator([StackOverflow].[dbo].[Users].[Id])

## Worse than our worst case

Worst case scenario = ~140000 logical reads

207 | EXEC usp\_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%';  
209 |  
20 |  
200 % | Results Messages Execution plan  
(2535 rows affected)  
Table 'Worktable'. Scan count 0, logical reads 0, physical reads 0  
Table 'Users'. Scan count 1, logical reads 36993604, physical reads 0

WOW

2.4 p30



## Kitchen sink = terribad.

You can get this to perform if:

- The table doesn't have any indexes at all
- You use OPTION RECOMPILE

ISNULL, COALESCE solutions  
suffer from the same problems.

We're gonna need something better.

2.4 p31



# Version 3: Dynamic SQL

2.4 p32



```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
    SET @StringToExecute = N'SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1';

    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName';

    IF @SearchLocation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Location LIKE @SearchLocation';

    IF @SearchReputation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Reputation = @SearchReputation';

    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY CreationDate';

    EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
        N'@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100), @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100), @SearchReputation INT',
        @SearchDisplayName, @SearchLocation, @SearchReputation;
END
```

```

342 EXEC usp_SearchUsers
343 @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',
344 @SearchReputation = 1;
345 GO

```

200 % ▾

Results Messages Execution plan

	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	Location	Reputation
1	211111		NULL	2009-11-14 18:38:51.167	Brent B		1
2	212610	NULL	NULL	2009-11-17 05:26:08.937	Brent Scriver	NULL	1
3	222260	NULL	NULL	2009-12-01 16:47:46.843	Brent	NULL	1
4	245692	NULL	NULL	2010-01-07 16:21:07.397	Brent1970	NULL	1
5	262134	NULL	NULL	2010-01-29 20:55:21.453	Brent Ramsey	NULL	1
6	279829	NULL	NULL	2010-02-23 20:44:33.433	brent	NULL	1
7	356923	NULL	NULL	2010-06-02 22:08:31.497	Brent	Chicago, IL	1
8	359941	NULL	NULL	2010-06-06 23:08:15.983	Brent McConnell	NULL	1
9	360183	NULL	NULL	2010-06-07 08:22:42.310	Brent	NULL	1
10	410120	NULL	NULL	2010-08-03 20:41:47.303	Brent	NULL	1
11	432231	NULL	NULL	2010-08-26 18:52:12.507	Brent	NULL	1

Q 

2.4 p34

```

342 EXEC usp_SearchUsers
343     @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',
344     @SearchReputation = 1;
345 GO

```

200 % ▾

Results Messages Execution plan

Query 1: Query cost (relative to the batch): 100%

SELECT \* FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName AND Reputation =  
Missing Index (Impact 71.284): CREATE NONCLUSTERED INDEX [<Name of Missing Index, sysname,>]

```

graph TD
    A[SELECT Cost: 0 %] --> B[Sort Cost: 2 %]
    B --> C[Nested Loops (Inner Join) Cost: 0 %]
    C --> D[Nested Loops (Inner Join) Cost: 0 %]
    D --> E[Compute Scalar Cost: 0 %]
    E --> F[Index Seek NonClustered [Users].[DisplayName] Cost: 1 %]
    F --> G[Key Lookup Clustered [Users].[PK_Users_Id] Cost: 98 %]

```

Index seek (NonClustered)  
[Users].[DisplayName]  
Cost: 1 %  
0.002s  
1523 of  
239 (637%)

Key Lookup (Clustered)  
[Users].[PK\_Users\_Id]  
Cost: 98 %

Index seek

## Great logical reads

Worst case was a table scan at ~140K logical reads

```
342 EXEC usp_SearchUsers
343      @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',
344      @SearchReputation = 1;
345 GO
```

```
(889 rows affected)
Table 'Worktable'. Scan count 0, logical reads 0
Table 'Users'. Scan count 1, logical reads 4685,
```

2.4 p36



## Try another parameter

```
348 EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%';  
349 GO
```

200 % ▶

Results Messages Execution plan

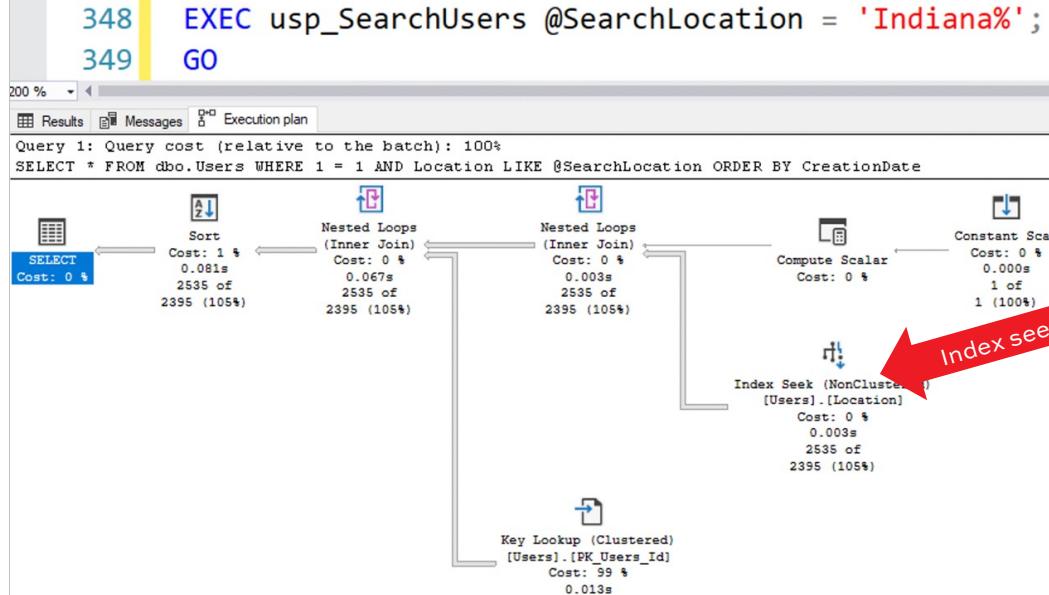
	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	Location	Reputation	DownVotes
1	58	<p>Senior Front-End Engineer at Salesforce</p> <p>C...	NULL	2008-08-01 13:56:33.807	cmcculloh	Indianapolis, IN	22263	55
2	362	<p>A bored kid</p>	NULL	2008-08-05 04:38:30.873	agweber	Indiana	614	10
3	535	Microsoft Dynamics AX software consultant at <a href="..."	NULL	2008-08-06 15:28:45.100	Jay Hofacker	Indianapolis, IN	3109	1
4	973	Beginner programmer	NULL	2008-08-11 08:55:13.247	littlebyte	Indiana	504	0
5	1023	NULL	NULL	2008-08-11 14:30:16.767	Gokul	Indiana	95	0
6	1214	<p>I enjoy eating chips.</p>	NULL	2008-08-13 13:22:40.210	atoumey	Indianapolis, IN	1061	4
7	1442	web developer.	NULL	2008-08-15 15:59:12.063	henrikpp	Indianapolis, IN	350	1
8	1869	<pre> 10 PRINT "HELLO WORLD!" 20 GOTO 10 </pre>	NULL	2008-08-19 00:37:02.127	Jeff Moser	Indianapolis, IN	15778	4
9	1880		NULL	2008-08-19 03:12:41.750	Ben Robbins	Indiana	2030	10
10	1942		NULL	2008-08-19 14:45:43.723	kemiller2002	Indianapolis, IN	90588	4

Accurate

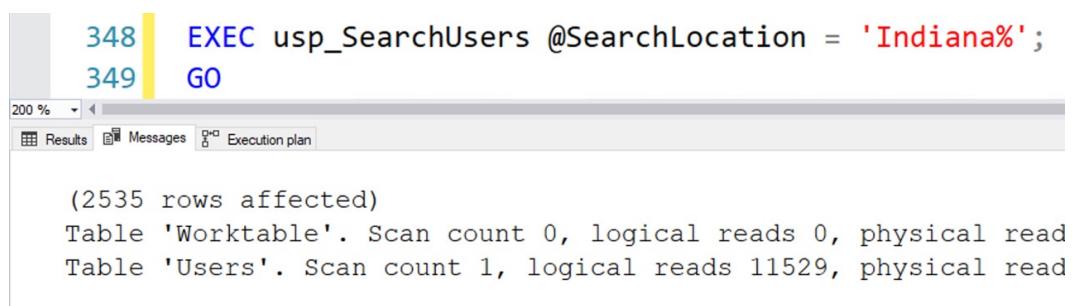
2.4 p37



## Gets an index seek on Location



## Low logical reads, too.



The screenshot shows a SQL Server Management Studio window. The code executed is:

```
348 EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%';
349 GO
```

The results pane displays the following output:

```
(2535 rows affected)
Table 'Worktable'. Scan count 0, logical reads 0, physical read
Table 'Users'. Scan count 1, logical reads 11529, physical read
```

The 'Results' tab is selected in the toolbar.

2.4 p39



## Dynamic SQL is great!

Each set of parameters gets its own cached plan.

- @DisplayName gets a cached plan
- @Location gets a cached plan
- @Reputation gets a cached plan
- @DisplayName, @Location gets a cached plan
- @Location, @Reputation gets a cached plan

And so on.



## Proving it

```
DBCC FREEPROCCACHE
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%';
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%';
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchReputation = 2;
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', @SearchLocation = 'Las Vegas%';
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%', @SearchReputation = 89836;
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', @SearchReputation = 12145;
GO
sp_BlitzCache
```

2.4 p41



## We bloat the plan cache a LITTLE.

This proc now has several plans in the cache.

But it's NOT a plan for EACH parameter VALUE.

	Database	Cost	Query Text	Query Type	# Executions
1	StackOverflow	0	CREATE PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL, @Searc...	Procedure or Function: [dbo].[usp_SearchUsers]	6
2	StackOverflow	74.5458	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND Reputation = @SearchReputation ORDER BY Creati...	Statement	1
3	StackOverflow	7.87265	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND Location LIKE @SearchLocation ORDER BY Creatio...	Statement	1
4	StackOverflow	0.802025	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName ORDER BY...	Statement	1
5	StackOverflow	0.0553486	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName AND Loca...	Statement	1
6	StackOverflow	0.0184266	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND Location LIKE @SearchLocation AND Reputation = ...	Statement	1
7	StackOverflow	0.0184266	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName AND Repu...	Statement	1

2.4 p42

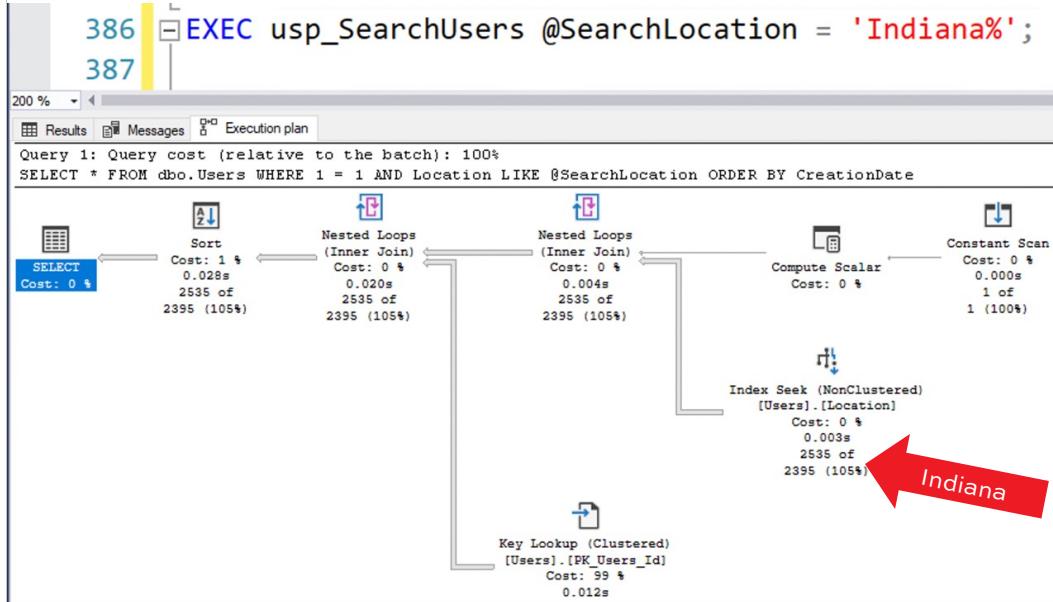
```
DBCC FREEPROCCACHE
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%';
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%'; Indiana
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchReputation = 2;
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', @SearchLocation = 'Las Vegas%';
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchLocation = 'Indiana%', @SearchReputation = 89836;
GO
EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', @SearchReputation = 12145;
GO
sp_BlitzCache
```

## The first params we used

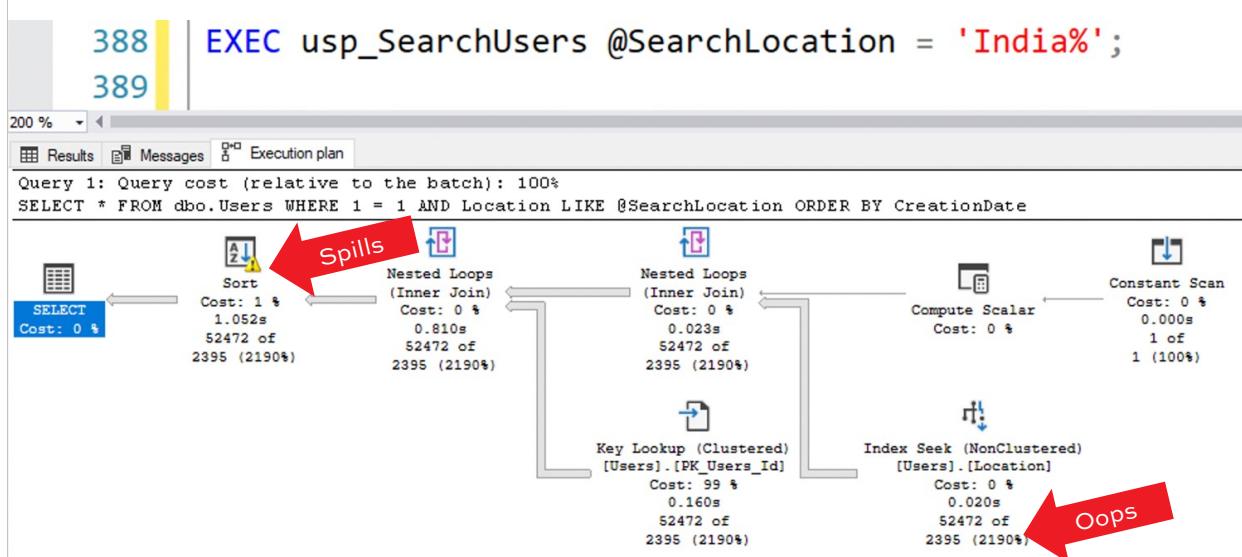
2.4 p43



## When I ran it for Indiana...



## But if I run it for INDIA...



# Dynamic SQL doesn't ELIMINATE parameter sniffing.

It just reduces the blast radius.

Each parameter has its own query plan.

Sniffing effects are limited to just that one plan.

	Database	Cost	Query Text	Query Type	# Executions
1	StackOverflow	0	CREATE PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL, @Searc...	Procedure or Function: [dbo].[usp_SearchUsers]	6
2	StackOverflow	74.5458	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND Reputation = @SearchReputation ORDER BY Creati...	Statement	1
3	StackOverflow	7.87265	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND Location LIKE @SearchLocation ORDER BY Creatio...	Statement	1
4	StackOverflow	0.802025	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName ORDER BY...	Statement	1
5	StackOverflow	0.0553486	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName AND Loca...	Statement	1
6	StackOverflow	0.0184266	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND Location LIKE @SearchLocation AND Reputation = ...	Statement	1
7	StackOverflow	0.0184266	SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName AND Repu...	Statement	1

2.4 p46



# Questions so far?

2.4 p47



# Now let's get to the tips & tricks.

2.4 p48



## When you're tuning the plan cache

You're going to see queries created by dynamic SQL and you're going to want to click on the plan to see where they're from and how to fix 'em:

405 | `sp_BlitzCache;`  
406 | `GO`

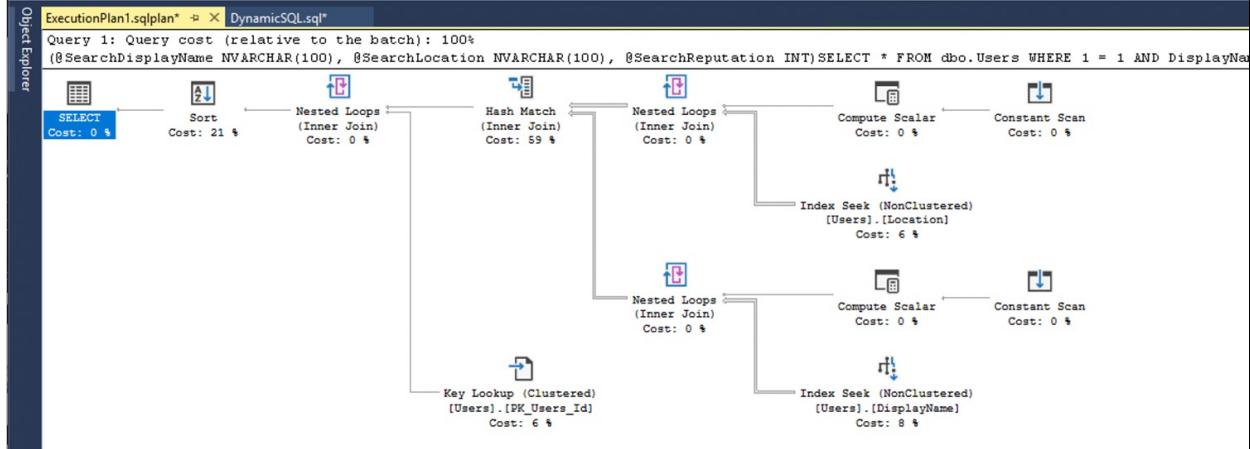
Database	Cost	Query Text	Query Type	Warnings	# Executions	Query Plan
1 StackOverflow	0	<code>CREATE PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers ...</code>	Procedure or Function: [dbo].[usp_SearchUsers]	Plan created last 4hrs, Long Running With Low CPU	5	<a href="#">&lt;ShowPlanXML.xm...</a>
2 StackOverflow	0.00	<code>SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 ...</code>	Statement	Downlevel CE, Plan created last 4hrs, Long Runni...	5	<a href="#">&lt;ShowPlanXML.xm...</a>

2.4 p49

# It's just a query.

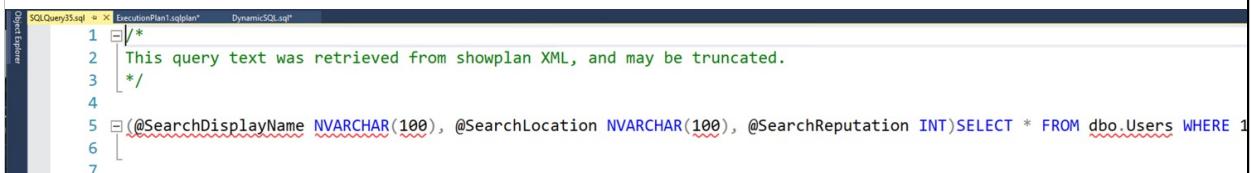
There's no hint of what built it.

You can right-click on the query, click Edit Query Text



## No clues here either.

You're going to wanna know what built this.



The screenshot shows a SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) interface. The title bar has tabs for "SQLQuery35.sql", "ExecutionPlan1.sqlplan\*", and "DynamicSQL.sql". The main window displays the following dynamic SQL script:

```
1 /*  
2 This query text was retrieved from showplan XML, and may be truncated.  
3 */  
4  
5 (@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100), @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100), @SearchReputation INT)SELECT * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1  
6  
7
```

Well, YOU control query text, so when you build it...

2.4 p51



```

CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
    SET @StringToExecute = N'SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1';

    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName';

    IF @SearchLocation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Location LIKE @SearchLocation';

    IF @SearchReputation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Reputation = @SearchReputation';

    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY CreationDate';

    EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
        N'@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100), @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100), @SearchReputation INT',
        @SearchDisplayName, @SearchLocation, @SearchReputation;
END

```

Add a comment

## So when you view the plan cache

The generator name is obvious:

	Database	Cost	Query Text	Query Type
1	StackOverflow	0	CREATE PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisp...	Procedure or Function: [dbo].[usp_SearchUsers]
2	StackOverflow	0.802025	SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users W...	Statement



Use this same trick wherever you generate T-SQL:  
including C#, Java, Perl, etc.

2.4 p53



## It has to be AFTER the SELECT.

Like this:

```
SET @StringToExecute = N'SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM
```

NOT like this:

```
SET @StringToExecute = N'/* usp_SearchUsers */ SELECT *
```

Because SQL Server clips anything before the query.

2.4 p54



## Why not make it easier to read?

As long as we're making debugging easier,  
create a carriage-return-line-feed variable.

Throw it into the SQL you're building whenever you  
want a line break.

```
DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
SET @StringToExecute = @crlf + N' SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 ' + @crlf;
```

2.4 p55



```

CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL,
    @OrderBy NVARCHAR(100) = 'CreationDate' AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
    DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
    SET @StringToExecute = @crlf + N' SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchLocation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Location LIKE @SearchLocation ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchReputation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Reputation = @SearchReputation ' + @crlf;

    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY CreationDate; ';

    EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
        N'@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100), @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100), @SearchReputation INT',
        @SearchDisplayName, @SearchLocation, @SearchReputation;
END

```

## So when you're viewing a plan

And you right-click the query, click Edit Query Text...

```
1 /*  
2  This query text was retrieved from showplan XML, and may be truncated.  
3 */  
4  
5 (@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100), @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100), @SearchReputation INT)  
6 SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1  
7 AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName  
8 ORDER BY CreationDate  
9  
10
```

2.4 p57



## Do NOT use dynamic comments.

You're going to be tempted to put in user names, client names, server names, variables, etc.

Here's an example with date/time:

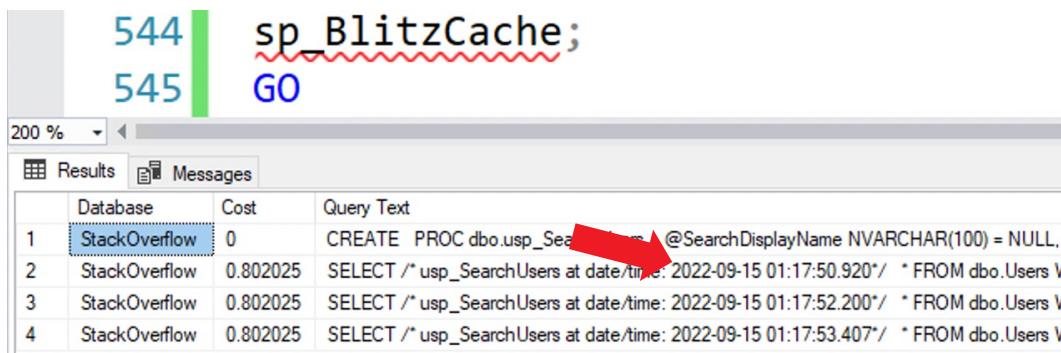
```
DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
SET @StringToExecute = @crlf + N'SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers at date/time: '
+ CONVERT(NVARCHAR(100), GETDATE(), 21) + '*/' + @crlf
+ N' * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 ' + @crlf;
```

2.4 p58



## The problem: plan cache bloat.

Every different string gets its own cached plan.



```
544 | sp_BlitzCache;
545 | GO
```

	Database	Cost	Query Text
1	StackOverflow	0	CREATE PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
2	StackOverflow	0.802025	SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers at date/time: 2022-09-15 01:17:50.920 */ * FROM dbo.Users V
3	StackOverflow	0.802025	SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers at date/time: 2022-09-15 01:17:52.200 */ * FROM dbo.Users V
4	StackOverflow	0.802025	SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers at date/time: 2022-09-15 01:17:53.407 */ * FROM dbo.Users V

2.4 p59



# Next tip: easier debugging.

2.4 p60



## Every dynamic SQL proc needs...

A @Debug\_PrintQuery & @Debug\_ExecuteQuery parameter:

```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL,
    @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0,
    @Debug_ExecuteQuery TINYINT = 1 AS
BEGIN
```

2.4 p61



```

CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL,
    @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0,
    @Debug_ExecuteQuery TINYINT = 1 AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
    DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
    SET @StringToExecute = @crlf + N'SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchLocation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Location LIKE @SearchLocation ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchReputation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Reputation = @SearchReputation ' + @crlf;

    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY CreationDate; ';

    IF @Debug_PrintQuery = 1
        PRINT @StringToExecute; ← Red arrow pointing here

    IF @Debug_ExecuteQuery = 1
        EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
            N'@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100), @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100), @SearchReputation INT',
            @SearchDisplayName, @SearchLocation, @SearchReputation;
END
GO

```

## Useful for dangerous debugging

Helps you avoid running queries that:

- Modify data
- Delete files
- Configure SQL Server itself

Use it with:

- @Debug\_PrintQuery = 1
- @Debug\_ExecuteQuery = 0

2.4 p63



## **PRINT is limited to 4,000 chars.**

For longer, use Helper\_LongPrint:

<https://www.codeproject.com/Articles/18881/SQL-String-Printing>

2.4 p64



# Before we go on...

2.4 p65



```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @SearchReputation INT = NULL,
    @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0,
    @Debug_ExecuteQuery TINYINT = 1 AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
    DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
    SET @StringToExecute = @crlf + N'SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchLocation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Location = @SearchLocation ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchReputation IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND Reputation = @SearchReputation ' + @crlf;

    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY CreationDate; ';

    IF @Debug_PrintQuery = 1
        PRINT @StringToExecute;

    IF @Debug_ExecuteQuery = 1
        EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
            N'@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100), @SearchLocation NVARCHAR(100), @SearchReputation INT',
            @SearchDisplayName, @SearchLocation, @SearchReputation;
END
GO
```

*This is already getting long  
and the text is small.*

## I'm going to simplify it.

I need to show you other features, so I'm going to simplify this to just have one search: DisplayName.

```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @OrderBy NVARCHAR(100) = 'CreationDate',
    @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0 AS
    BEGIN
```

And let's implement a dynamic OrderBy.



```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @OrderBy NVARCHAR(100) = 'CreationDate',
    @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0 AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
    DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
    SET @StringToExecute = @crlf + N'SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1 ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName ' + @crlf;

    IF @OrderBy IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY ' + @OrderBy;

    IF @Debug_PrintQuery = 1
        PRINT @StringToExecute;

    EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
        N'@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100)',
        @SearchDisplayName;
END
```

2.4 p68



```
CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @OrderBy NVARCHAR(100) = 'CreationDate', 
    @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0 AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000);
    DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
    SET @StringToExecute = @crlf + N'SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.

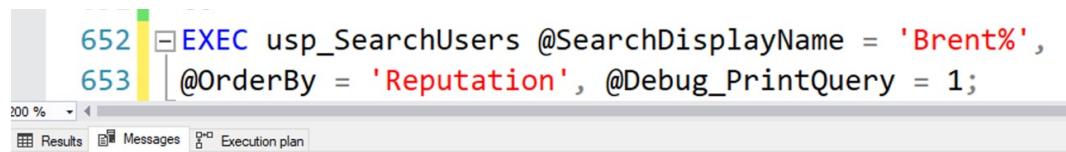
    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' AND DisplayName LIKE @Se

    IF @OrderBy IS NOT NULL
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY ' + @OrderBy;
```

2.4 p69



## Sort by reputation...



652 EXEC usp\_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',  
653 @OrderBy = 'Reputation', @Debug\_PrintQuery = 1;

```
SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1  
AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName  
ORDER BY Reputation
```

2.4 p70



## Descending works too...

```
656 /* And try descending order: */
657 EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', 
658    @OrderBy = 'Reputation DESC', @Debug_PrintQuery = 1;
659 GO
```

200 %

Results Messages Execution plan

```
SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1
AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName
ORDER BY Reputation DESC
```

2.4 p71



## I have some work to do...

```
656 /* And try descending order: */  
657 EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',  
658 @OrderBy = 'Reputation DESC', @Debug_PrintQuery = 1;  
659 GO
```

200 %

Results Messages Execution plan

	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	Reputation	OwnVotes	EmailHash	LastA
1	284758	<p>Brent is an .net tech-stack expert. He engages ...	NULL	2010-03-02 20:52:18.357	Brent Arias	12880	6	NULL	2018
2	41222	<p>I write software, mostly for iOS and the Mac, occ...	NULL	2008-11-27 02:15:14.163	Brent Royal-Gordon	12482	39	NULL	2018
3	26837	<p>I make Microsoft SQL Server faster and more reli...	NULL	2008-10-10 14:26:33.540	Brent Ozar	11825	12	NULL	2018
4	151269	<p>Tech Lead for Enterprise Accounts group for sto...	NULL	2009-08-05 18:32:59.130	Brent Baisley	11705	9	NULL	2018
5	159658		NULL	2009-08-19 23:19:05.970	Brent Nash	11638	18	NULL	2018
6	432910	<p>Owner and chief developer for BNR Branding So...	NULL	2010-08-27 12:34:28.643	Brent Friar	10449	26	NULL	2018
7	584846	<p>Web and database specialist with strong empha...	NULL	2011-01-21 18:07:30.787	Brent Washburne	8714	84	NULL	2018
8	633150	<p></p> <h1>SOreadytohelp</h1>	NULL	2011-02-24 21:30:58.370	Brent Worden	7932	31	NULL	2018

2.4 p72



## The dark side

```
662 EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',  
663 @OrderBy = 'Reputation DESC; SELECT * FROM sys.databases;',  
664 @Debug_PrintQuery = 1;  
665 GO
```

200 %

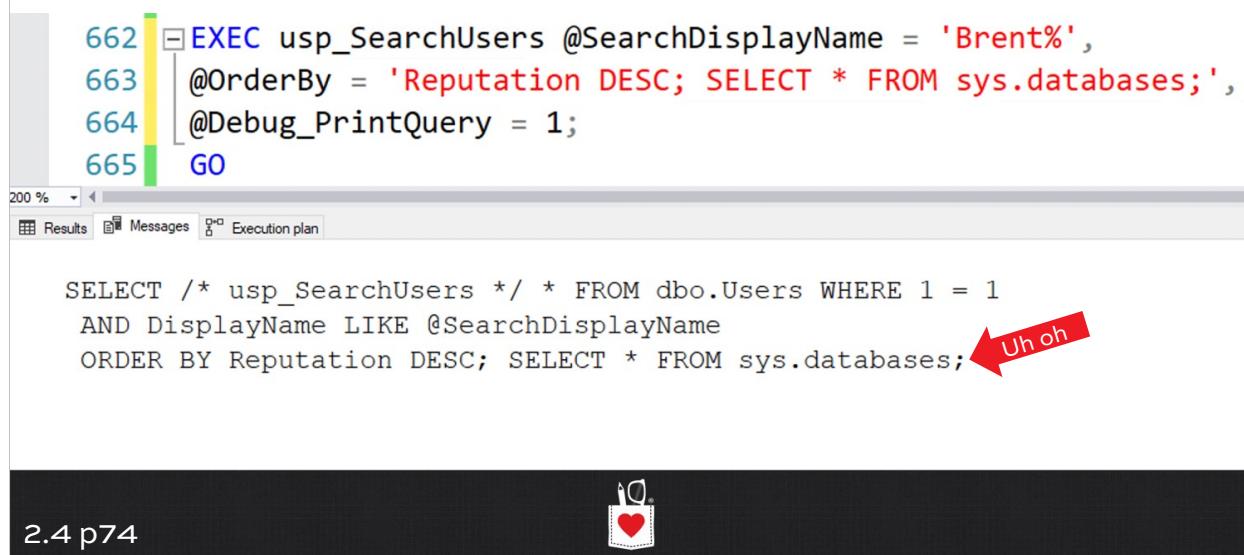
Results Messages Execution plan

Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes	EmailHash	LastAccessDate	Location
1	<p>Brent is an .net tech-stack expert. He engages ...	NULL	2010-03-02 20:52:18.357	Brent Arias	6	NULL	2018-05-31 20:31:03.773	Phoenix, AZ
2	<p>I write software, mostly for iOS and the Mac, occ...	NULL	2008-11-27 02:15:14.163	Brent Royal-Gordon	39	NULL	2018-05-29 03:34:38.563	San Clemente, CA
3	<p>I make Microsoft SQL Server faster and more reli...	NULL	2008-10-10 14:26:33.540	Brent Ozar	12	NULL	2018-06-02 10:45:38.307	Chicago, IL
4	<p>Tech Lead for Enterprise Accounts group for sto...	NULL	2009-08-05 18:32:59.130	Brent Baisley	9	NULL	2018-05-31 02:14:27.147	10004
5	<p>NULL	NULL	2009-08-19 23:19:05.970	Brent Nash	18	NULL	2018-06-02 05:05:32.350	NULL
6	<p>Owner and chief developer for BNR Branding So...	NULL	2010-08-27 12:34:28.643	Brent Friar	26	NULL	2018-05-31 20:51:41.857	Huntersville, NC
7	<p></p> <h1>SOreadytohelp</h1>	NULL	2011-01-21 18:07:30.787	Brent Washburne	84	NULL	2018-06-02 22:22:56.843	Portland, OR
8	<p>NULL	NULL	2011-02-24 21:30:58.370	Brent Worden	31	NULL	2018-06-01 00:13:00.200	Minnesota
9	<p>I like doing things manually. But I'm finally picking...	NULL	2011-09-02 19:33:58.020	brentonstrine	43	NULL	2018-05-23 14:00:56.960	Atlanta, GA

name	database_id	source_database_id	owner_sid	create_date	compatibility_level	collation_name	u
1	master	1	NULL	0x01	2003-04-08 09:13:36.390	150	SQL_Latin1_General_CI_AS
2	tempdb	2	NULL	0x01	2022-09-14 00:02:45.230	150	SQL_Latin1_General_CI_AS
3	model	3	NULL	0x01	2003-04-08 09:13:36.390	150	SQL_Latin1_General_CI_AS
4	msdb	4	NULL	0x01	2019-09-24 14:21:42.270	150	SQL_Latin1_General_CI_AS
5	DBTools	5	NULL	0x010500000000000515000000D67423C5FC18FA4DBE2C6E...	2019-11-28 13:46:30.503	150	SQL_Latin1_General_CI_AS
6	StackO...	6	NULL	0x010600000000000550000000DCA88F14B79FD47A992A3D...	2022-08-24 10:19:06.213	140	SQL_Latin1_General_CI_AS
7	StackO...	8	NULL	0x010600000000000550000000DCA88F14B79FD47A992A3D...	2022-08-24 10:39:12.713	100	SQL_Latin1_General_CI_AS

## The query it built



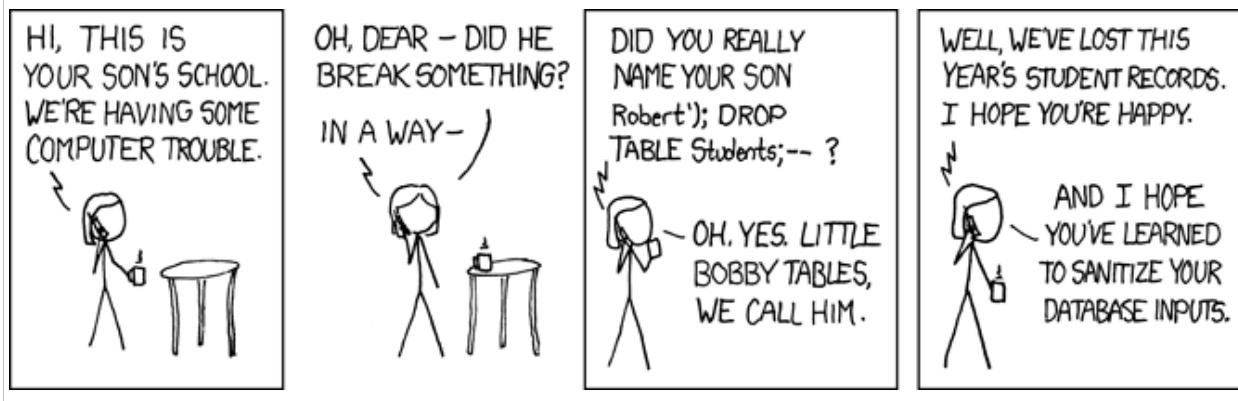
```
662 EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%',  
663 @OrderBy = 'Reputation DESC; SELECT * FROM sys.databases;',  
664 @Debug_PrintQuery = 1;  
665 GO  
200 %  
Results Messages Execution plan  
  
SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ * FROM dbo.Users WHERE 1 = 1  
AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName  
ORDER BY Reputation DESC; SELECT * FROM sys.databases;
```

Uh oh

2.4 p74



<https://xkcd.com/327/>



2.4 p75



## SQL injection resources

Bert Wagner's posts and videos:

<https://bertwagner.com/posts/4-sql-injection-techniques-for-stealing-data/>

Automatic SQL injection script kits:

<https://www.kitploit.com/p/sql-injection-tools.html>

2.4 p76



## The safer way

Listen to the user's input, but build your own string:

```
IF @OrderBy IS NOT NULL
BEGIN
    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY ';

    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute +
        CASE WHEN @OrderBy LIKE 'CreationDate%' THEN N' u.CreationDate '
              WHEN @OrderBy LIKE 'DisplayName%' THEN N' u.DisplayName '
              WHEN @OrderBy LIKE 'Location%' THEN N' u.Location '
              WHEN @OrderBy LIKE 'Reputation%' THEN N' u.Reputation '
              ELSE N' u.Id ' /* Or whatever default ordering you want, ideally to make SQL's life easier */
        END;

    IF @OrderBy LIKE '% DESC'
        SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' DESC ';
```

2.4 p77



## That only sorts by one column

In the demo scripts, I have a multi-column solution.

It's going to use something you don't like.

Normally, it's a bad thing – but here it's fine.

2.4 p78



```

IF @OrderBy IS NOT NULL
BEGIN
SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' ORDER BY ';

/* Split the ordering string */
DECLARE cursor_OrderBy CURSOR
FOR SELECT ItemNumber, RTRIM(LTRIM(Item))
FROM dbo.STRING_SPLIT(@OrderBy, ',')
ORDER BY ItemNumber;

OPEN cursor_OrderBy;
FETCH NEXT FROM cursor_OrderBy INTO @OrderByItemNumber, @OrderByItem;
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN

IF @OrderByItemNumber > 1
    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + ',';

SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute +
CASE WHEN @OrderByItem LIKE 'CreationDate%' THEN N' u.CreationDate '
    WHEN @OrderByItem LIKE 'DisplayName%' THEN N' u.DisplayName '
    WHEN @OrderByItem LIKE 'Location%' THEN N' u.Location '
    WHEN @OrderByItem LIKE 'Reputation%' THEN N' u.Reputation '
    ELSE N' u.Id ' /* Or whatever default ordering you want, ideally to make SQL's life easier */
END;

IF @OrderByItem LIKE '% DESC'
    SET @StringToExecute = @StringToExecute + N' DESC ';

FETCH NEXT FROM cursor_OrderBy INTO @OrderByItemNumber, @OrderByItem;
END /* Cursor */
CLOSE cursor_OrderBy;
DEALLOCATE cursor OrderBy;

```

Next tip:  
use CASES to  
make debugging  
easier.

2.4 p80

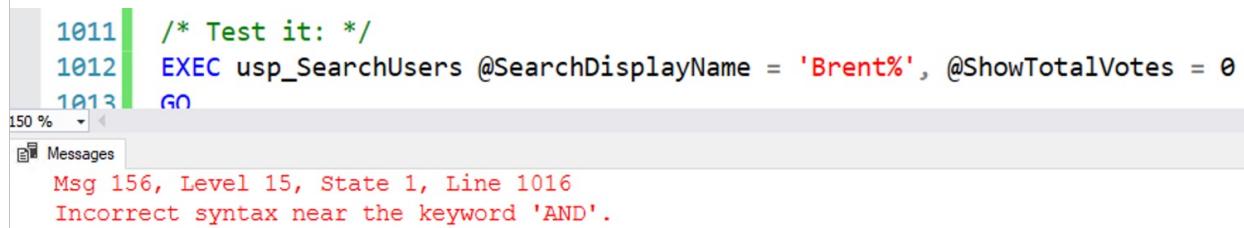


## Find the bug.

```
978 CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
979     @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
980     @ShowTotalVotes BIT = 0,
981     @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0 AS
982 BEGIN
983     DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000), @Select NVARCHAR(4000),
984             @From NVARCHAR(4000), @Where NVARCHAR(4000);
985
986     DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
987     SET @Select = @crlf + N'SELECT /* usp_SearchUsers */ u.Id, u.DisplayName, u.Location ' + @crlf;
988     SET @From = N' FROM dbo.Users u ' + @crlf;
989     SET @Where = N' WHERE ' + @crlf;
990
991     IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
992         SET @Where = @Where + N' AND DisplayName LIKE @SearchDisplayName ' + @crlf;
993
994     IF @ShowTotalVotes = 1
995         BEGIN
996             SET @Select = @Select + N' , VotesCast = (SELECT SUM(1) FROM dbo.Votes v WHERE u.Id = v.UserId) ' + @crlf;
997         END
998
999     /* Autobots, unite! */
1000    SET @StringToExecute = @Select + @From + @Where;
1001
1002    IF @Debug_PrintQuery = 1
1003        PRINT @StringToExecute;
1004
1005    EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
1006        N'@SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100)',  

1007        @SearchDisplayName;
1008 END
```

## Debugging dynamic SQL is awful.



A screenshot of SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) showing a query window and a messages window. The query window contains three lines of T-SQL:

```
1011 /* Test it: */
1012 EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', @ShowTotalVotes = 0
1013 GO
```

The messages window shows an error message:

```
Msg 156, Level 15, State 1, Line 1016
Incorrect syntax near the keyword 'AND'.
```

The line number is meaningless.

Is the error in our normal SQL, or our dynamic SQL?

2.4 p82



## Make this message more useful.

Msg 156, Level 15, State 1, Line 1016  
Incorrect syntax near the keyword 'AND'.

My normal SQL:

```
SELECT * FROM dbo.MyTable WHERE Id = @MyId
```

My dynamic SQL:

```
select * from dbo.MyTable WHERE Id = @myid
```

2.4 p83



```
Regular query:  
/*  
[ ] DECLARE @MyVariable INT = 1;  
[ ]   SELECT DisplayName FROM dbo.Users u WHERE Id = @MyVariable AND 1 = 1;  
[ ]   GO  
[ ]   /* Inside my dynamic SQL: */  
[ ] declare @myvariable int = 1;  
[ ]   select displayname from dbo.users U where id = @myvariable and 1 = 1;  
[ ]   GO
```

2.4 p84



```

CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
    @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
    @ShowTotalVotes BIT = 0,
    @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0 AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000), @Select NVARCHAR(4000),
        @From NVARCHAR(4000), @Where NVARCHAR(4000);

    DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
    SET @Select = @crlf + N'select /* usp_SearchUsers */ U.id, U.displayname, U.location ' + @crlf;
    SET @From = N' from dbo.users U ' + @crlf;
    SET @Where = N' where ' + @crlf;

    IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
        SET @Where = @Where + N' and U.displayname like @searchdisplayname ' + @crlf;

    IF @ShowTotalVotes = 1
        BEGIN
            SET @Select = @Select + N' , VotesCast = (select sum(1) from dbo.votes V where U.id = V.userid) ' + @crlf;
        END

    /* Autobots, unite! */
    SET @StringToExecute = @Select + @From + @Where;

    IF @Debug_PrintQuery = 1
        PRINT @StringToExecute;

    EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
        N'@searchdisplayname nvarchar(100)',
        @SearchDisplayName;
END

```

## Ah, the error is in dynamic SQL.

```
1074 EXEC usp_SearchUsers @SearchDisplayName = 'Brent%', @ShowTotalVotes = 0;
1075 GO
1076
```

150 %

Messages

Msg 156, Level 15, State 1, Line 1078  
Incorrect syntax near the keyword 'and'.

Lower case

2.4 p86



```

1040  CREATE OR ALTER PROC dbo.usp_SearchUsers
1041      @SearchDisplayName NVARCHAR(100) = NULL,
1042      @ShowTotalVotes BIT = 0,
1043      @Debug_PrintQuery TINYINT = 0 AS
1044  BEGIN
1045      DECLARE @StringToExecute NVARCHAR(4000), @Select NVARCHAR(4000),
1046              @From NVARCHAR(4000), @Where NVARCHAR(4000);
1047
1048      DECLARE @crlf NVARCHAR(2) = NCHAR(13) + NCHAR(10);
1049      SET @Select = @crlf + N'select /* usp_SearchUsers */ U.id, U.displayname, U.location ' + @crlf;
1050      SET @From = N' from dbo.users U ' + @crlf;
1051      SET @Where = N' where ' + @crlf;
1052
1053      IF @SearchDisplayName IS NOT NULL
1054          SET @Where = @Where + N' and U.displayname like @searchdisplayname ' + @crlf;
1055
1056      IF @ShowTotalVotes = 1
1057          BEGIN
1058              SET @Select = @Select + N' , VotesCast = (select sum(1) from dbo.votes V where U.id = V.userid) ' + @crlf;
1059          END
1060
1061      /* Autobots, unite! */
1062      SET @StringToExecute = @Select + @From + @Where;
1063
1064      IF @Debug_PrintQuery = 1
1065          PRINT @StringToExecute;
1066
1067      EXEC sp_executesql @StringToExecute,
1068          N'@searchdisplayname nvarchar(100)',
1069          @SearchDisplayName;
1070  END

```

There's so much  
more to learn.

2.4 p88



## Resources

The demo script continues, plus:

<https://www.brentozar.com/dynamicsql>

Erland Sommarskog's posts:

[https://www.sommarskog.se/dynamic\\_sql.html](https://www.sommarskog.se/dynamic_sql.html)

<https://www.sommarskog.se/dyn-search.html>



### ORMs (EF, NHibernate)

Untrained developers  
can ship features  
quickly

### Stored Procedures

Untrained developers  
can't write quickly,  
code will be slow

### Dynamic SQL

Can perform well,  
takes a lot of training,  
debugging is slow

2.4 p90

