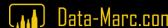
Analytics at scale with Power Bl and Azure Synapse









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Agenda

- Challenges
 - Data Platform
 - Power BI
- Deep Dive
 - Data Platform
 - Power BI
- Hybrid Tables & Incremental Refresh
- Refresh Challenges & Orchestration
- Scaling





After this session

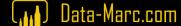
Design and implement Orchestrate Performance Cost Better design and Orchestrate the end-to-end Use different techniques to Implement a cost-efficient identify performance implement complex data data processing, with a solution, that still meets the models, including hybrid pipeline chain from data bottlenecks in your scalability demands. ingest in the data lake tables, aggregations, and solutions and how to solve combined storage modes house to the incremental those ("does it fold"?). (import, DirectQuery, Power BI dataset refresh. dual).





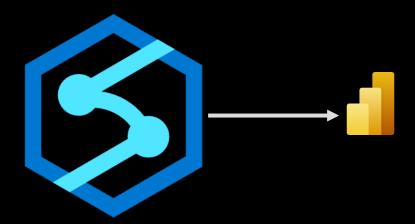
Solution challenges

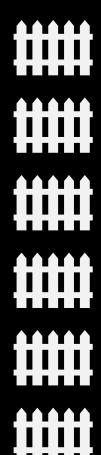




two separate worlds

Data Platform















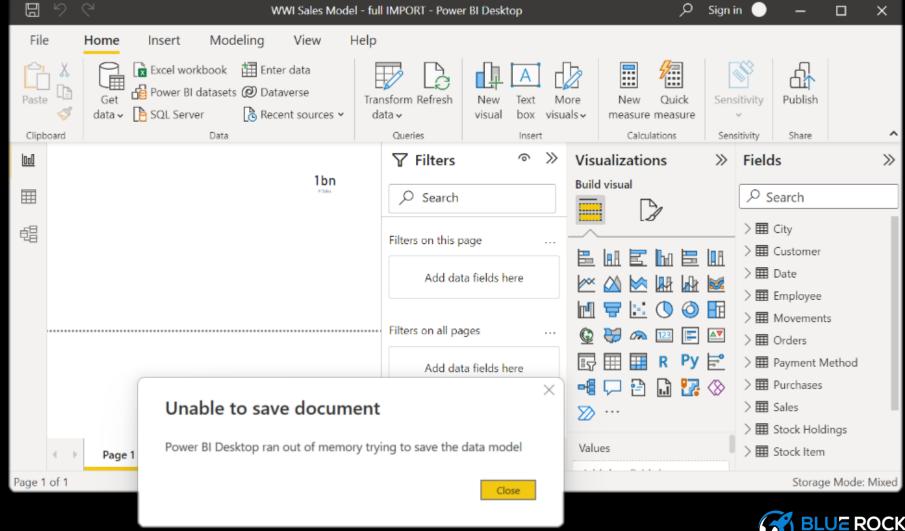


- Power BI report can't handle the volume of data
- Showing near real-time data in Power BI report





Power BI report can't handle the volume

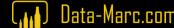






Should I put everything on DirectQuery instead?





DirectQuery limitations

- Limited Power Query capabilities
- DirectQuery != streaming / live! Front-end still caches data
- No built-in date hierarchy (year/quarter/month/day)
- Lowest granularity data is seconds (no milliseconds)
- No parent-child support in DAX with PATH()
- Slower end user performance
- 1M row per query
- DAX limitations, only simple calculations possible



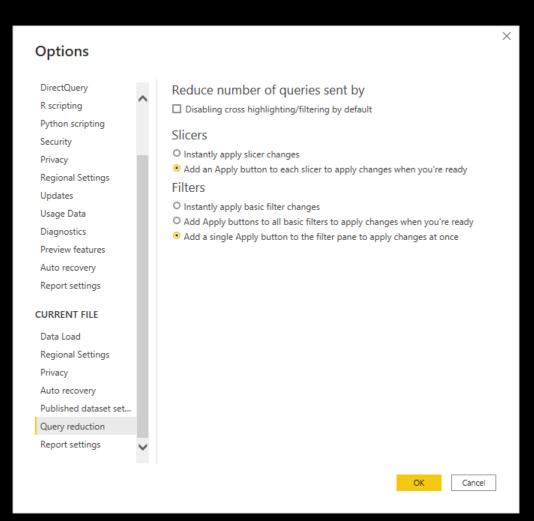


DirectQuery query reduction

Consider requesting to click Apply before queries are executed to the source

Applies to

- Slicers
- Filters (filter pane)









Showing near real-time data in Power BI

- Refresh takes to long
- Poor end-user performance on DirectQuery
- Streaming datasets only allow one table
- Potentially queries are not foldable, therefore incremental refresh does not work (depending on source)

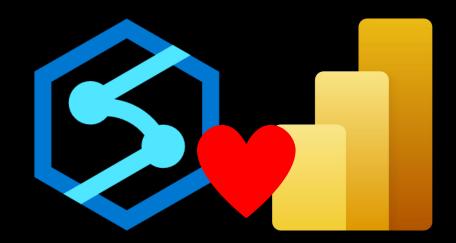








- Optimize Power BI model
- Use Aggregations
- Use Hybrid Table
- End-2-end orchestration







Power BI Solution Challenges

- Loading data from challenging sources (flat files, APIs)
- Some sources are manually maintained (like mapping tables)
- Data stored on decentralized storages, like SharePoint pages.
- Data from source systems are exported, rather than connected to analytical systems
- Store historical data in Power BI for trend analysis





Power BI Solution Challenges

- Use Synapse Analytics to ingest data
 - Easily connect to various types of data sources
- Use Data Lakehouse: Bronze, Silver & Gold layers
 - Easily store historical data







Better together

Data platform deep dive







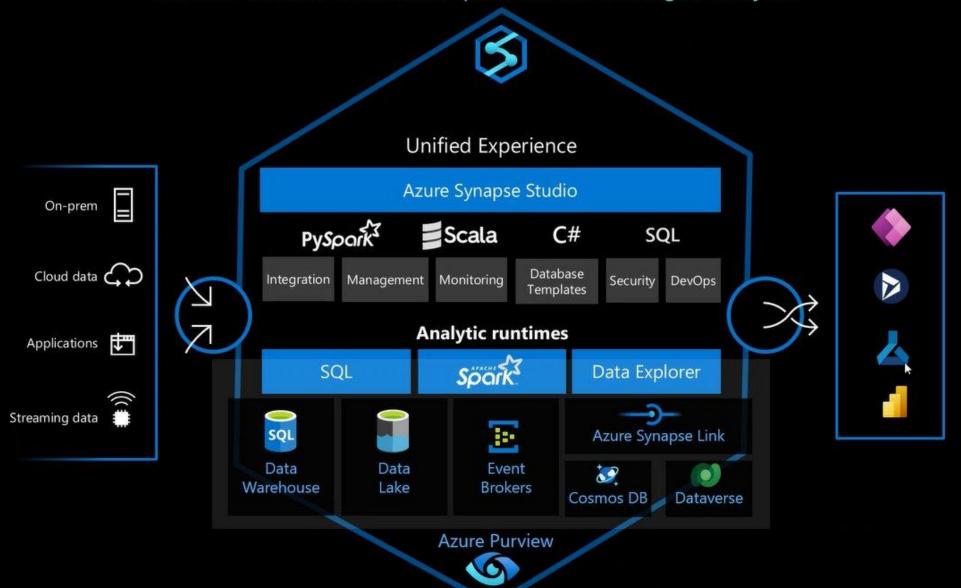




- Ingesting data from APIs using Synapse Analytics
- Store (historical!) data in the delta lakehouse architecture



Azure Synapse Analytics The first unified, cloud native platform for converged analytics





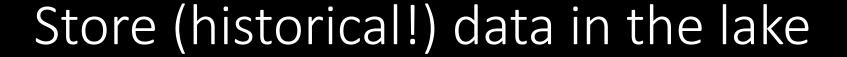


Ingesting data from APIs using Synapse Analytics

- Pipeline (same as ADF)
- Data Flow (same as ADF) not to be confused with dataflows in PBI
- Spark Notebook (4 languages available)
- Wrangling Dataflows (Same as ADF)









The Layered approach: Bronze, Silver & Gold

- Keep original raw data, build up history -> bronze
- Cleanse and refine data, standard file format -> silver
- Aggregate, prepare, transform, merge, make start schema -> gold





Store (historical!) data in the lake



The Layered approach: Bronze, Silver & Gold

- Keep original raw data, build up history -> bronze
- Cleanse and refine data, standard file format -> silver
- Aggregate, prepare, transform, merge, make start schema -> gold

Bronze

Silver

Gold

4

4

4

Raw data

All history, system replayable Apply metadata

Protect data (GDPR)

Current & historical view

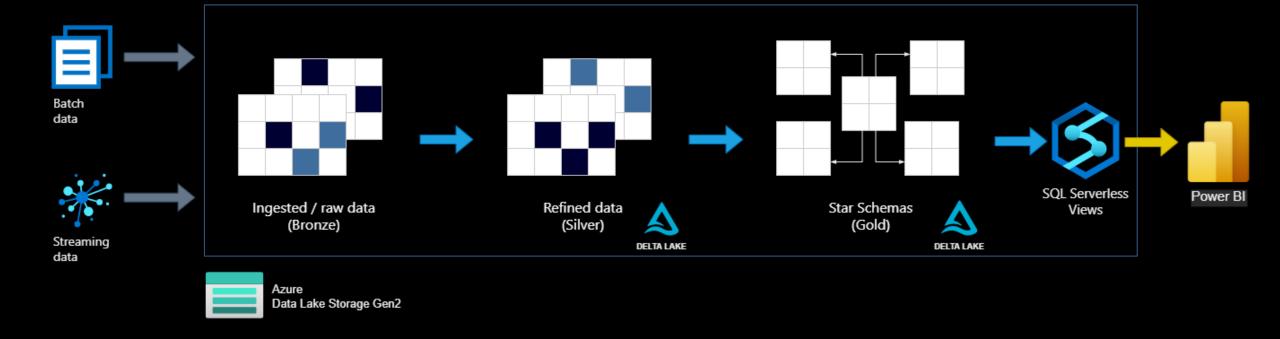
Implement business rules

Fit for purpose

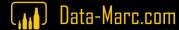




Using Delta Lakehouse with layered approach



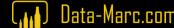






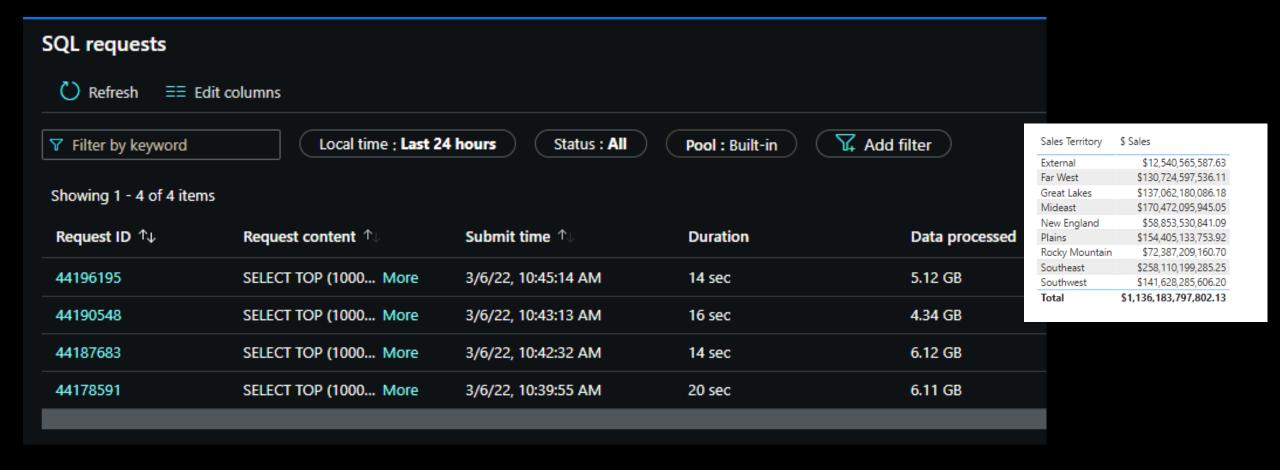
Demo Data Platform Lakehouse architecture







Warm-up time of Serverless SQL pools









Best practices for serverless SQL pools

- Azure AD Pass-through Authentication performance <= shared access signature credentials
- Colocate
- Same region
- Convert large CSV and JSON files to Parquet
- Try to optimize storage layout by using partitioning and keeping your files in the range between 100 MB and 10 GB
- Use appropriate data types (smallest, integer-based, varchar)
- Use filename and filepath functions to target specific partitions





Better together

Power BI deep dive







Improvement areas

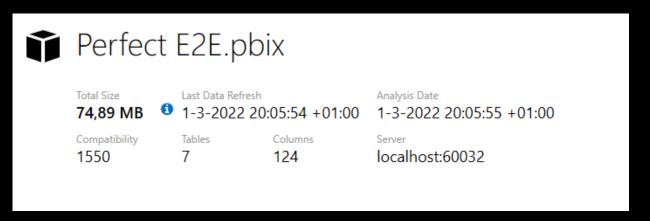
- Data model
- Query Folding
- Aggregations
- Storage modes
- Hybrid tables





But before we start changing our solution, let's measure...

- Refresh durations
- Model Size
- Vertipaq Analyzer
- Performance Analyzer
- Query folding applied?

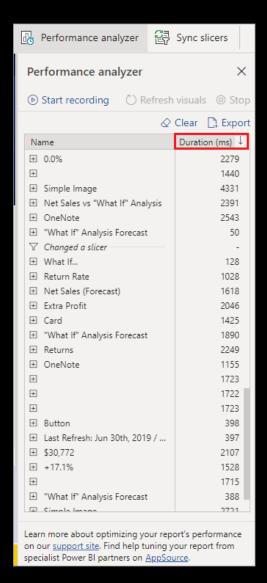








Performance analyzer in Power BI Desktop



- DAX Query
- Visual Display
- Other
 - Preparing queries
 - Waiting for other visuals to complete
 - Other background processes





Vertipaq analyzer

See where your data volume is

| VertiPaq Analyzer Metrics | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Tables Columns Relationships Partitions Summary | | | | | | | |
| Name | Cardinality | Table Size | Col Size | Data | Dictionary | Hier Size Encoding | Data Type |
| ▲ Sales Agg | 1.933.444 | 55.428.208 | 55.422.984 | 29.854.056 | 21.688.736 | 3.880.192 Many | - |
| Total Including Tax | 119.940 | 55.428.208 | 11.252.400 | 4.973.680 | 5.319.152 | 959.568 HASH | Double |
| Tax Amount | 119.137 | 55.428.208 | 11.241.312 | 4.972.888 | 5.315.288 | 953.136 HASH | Double |
| Total Excluding Tax | 118.952 | 55.428.208 | 11.241.120 | 4.973.680 | 5.315.776 | 951.664 HASH | Double |
| Profit | 113.830 | 55.428.208 | 11.139.328 | 4.975.824 | 5.252.816 | 910.688 HASH | Double |
| Invoice Date Key | 1.444 | 55.428.208 | 3.109.056 | 3.013.344 | 84.112 | 11.600 HASH | DateTime |
| Delivery Date Key | 1.443 | 55.428.208 | 3.109.016 | 3.013.344 | 84.072 | 11.600 HASH | DateTime |
| Count Rows | 9.722 | 55.428.208 | 2.356.128 | 1.974.104 | 304.200 | 77.824 HASH | Int64 |
| Customer Key | 403 | 55.428.208 | 1.929.700 | 1.916.016 | 10.420 | 3.264 HASH | Int64 |
| Salesperson Key | 101 | 55.428.208 | 44.804 | 41.176 | 2.780 | 848 HASH | Int64 |
| RowNumber-2662979B-1795-4F74-8F37-6A1BA8059B61 | 0 | 55.428.208 | 120 | 0 | 120 | 0 VALUE | Int64 |
| ▶ Date | 3.287 | 23.045.462 | 22.981.430 | 73.096 | 22.805.342 | 102.992 Many | - |
| ▶ Customer | 403 | 6.436.260 | 6.436.260 | 2.448 | 6.419.380 | 14.432 Many | - |
| ▶ Employee | 213 | 2.157.356 | 2.157.356 | 1.120 | 2.151.460 | 4.776 Many | - |
| ▶ StockItem | 0 | 8.576 | 8.576 | 160 | 8.416 | 0 HASH | - |
| | 0 | 8.392 | 8.352 | 176 | 8.176 | 0 HASH | - |
| > sales_model Employee | 0 | 8.352 | 8.352 | 176 | 8.176 | 0 HASH | _ |
| ▶ City | 0 | 6.496 | 6.496 | 112 | 6.384 | 0 HASH | _ |
| ,, | · | | 550 | | | | |





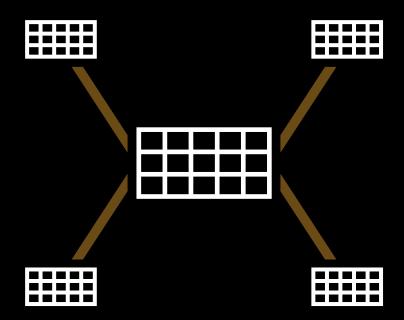
Star schema all the things!

Facts

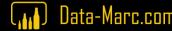
- Contains numerical information about a business process or items to be aggregated
- Aggregations provide totals, averages, etc.
 Power BI implements these using Measures
- Usefulness limited without context
 Context is provided by dimensions that slice the data

Dimensions

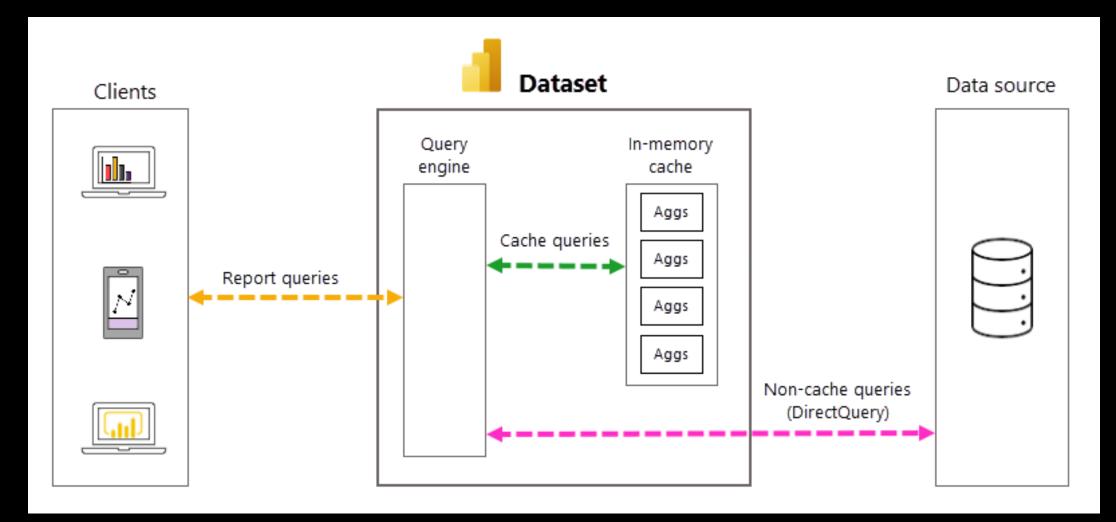
- Contains descriptive information that define how a fact should roll up.
- Examples: Date, Month, Customer, Geography, Product,
 Payment type.
- Without dimensions there is no context.
- Also called: Lookup table on steroids.







Aggregations



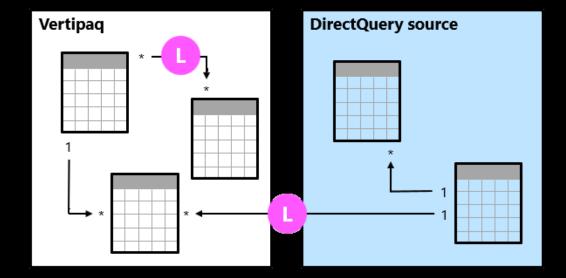




Relationships and storage modes

A model relationship is *limited* when there's no guaranteed "one" side. It can be the case for three reasons:

- The relationship uses a Many-to-many cardinality type (even if one or both columns contain unique values)
- The storage mode combination is Import and DirectQuery
- The relationship is cross source group









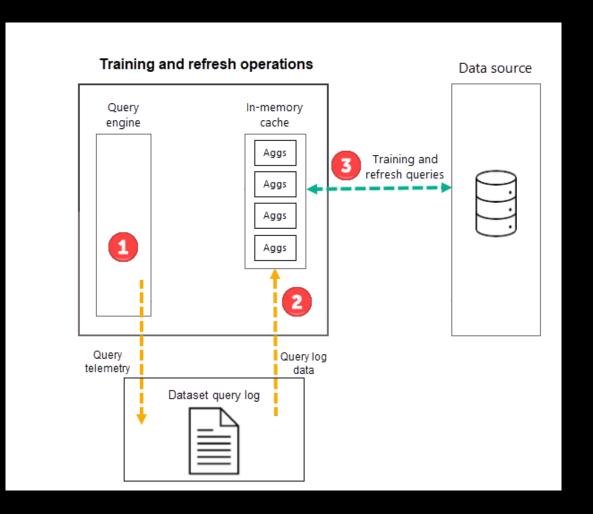
Automatic Aggregations

Power BI Premium per User, Premium Capacity and Embedded datasets

Automatic aggregations based on Query logs (7 days)

Supported sources:

- Azure SQL Database
- Azure Synapse Dedicated SQL pool
- Google BigQuery
- Snowflake



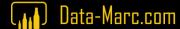






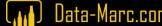
— Demo Aggregations





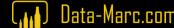
Aggregated data Detailed data { Query } Import DirectQuery





Hybrid tables & incremental refresh





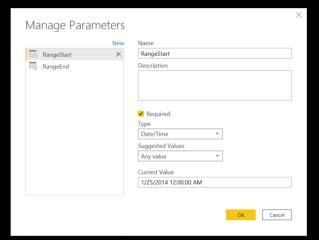
Incremental refresh

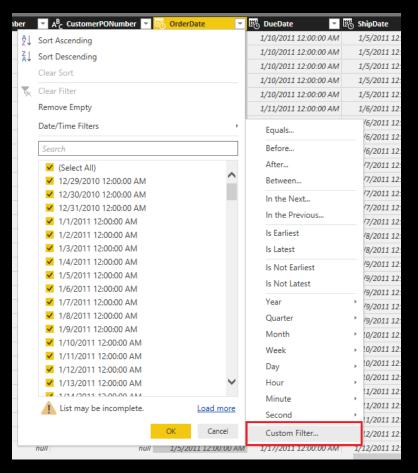
- Incremental refresh is supported for Power BI Premium,
 Premium per user, Power BI Pro, and Power BI Embedded datasets.
- Getting the latest data in real time with DirectQuery is only supported for Power BI Premium, Premium per user, and Power BI Embedded datasets.

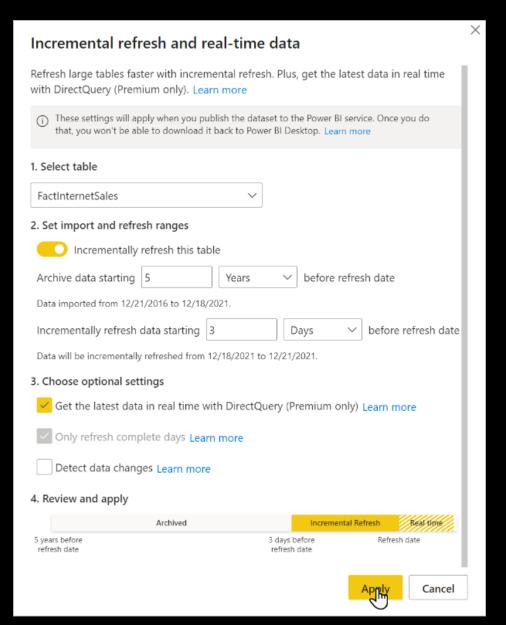




Incremental refresh config







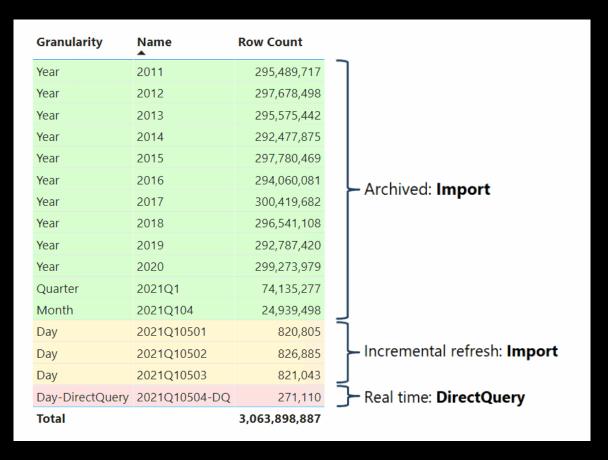






Hybrid tables

- Live / Realtime data in Power BI
- Combines different storage modes on partition level in a single table
- Goes hand-in-hand with Incremental Refresh







Hybrid tables

- Implementation with Incremental Refresh
- Customizable via 3rd party tooling like Tabular Editor

>> Limitation: Only 1 DQ partition per table allowed at the moment.



| Incremental refresh and real-time data | × | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| These settings will apply when you publish the dataset to the Power BI service. Once you do that, you won't be able to download it back to Power BI Desktop. Learn more | | | | | |
| 1. Select table | | | | | |
| Sales Agg | | | | | |
| 2. Set import and refresh ranges | | | | | |
| Incrementally refresh this table | | | | | |
| Archive data starting 10 Years V before refresh date | | | | | |
| Data imported from 3/2/2012 to 2/20/2022. | | | | | |
| Incrementally refresh data starting 10 Days V before refresh date | | | | | |
| Data will be incrementally refreshed from 2/20/2022 to 3/2/2022. | | | | | |
| 3. Choose optional settings | | | | | |
| Get the latest data in real time with DirectQuery (Premium only) Learn more | | | | | |
| ✓ Only refresh complete days Learn more | | | | | |
| Detect data changes Learn more | | | | | |
| 4. Review and apply | | | | | |
| Archived Incremental Refresh Sest time | | | | | |
| 10 years before 10 days before Refresh date refresh date | | | | | |
| Apply Cancel | | | | | |

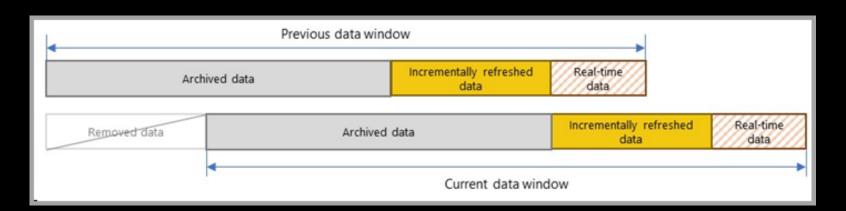




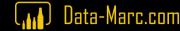


Hybrid tables – what challenge does it solve?

- Realtime scenarios without full tables on DQ mode
- No complex refresh mechanisms needed with partition refresh and queries over XMLA
- No more multiple tables and complex DAX to combine to achieve the same goal





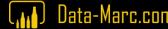




Hybrid tables – Keep in mind that...

- Premium feature
- DAX restrictions for DirectQuery apply
- Limited Power Query capabilities (due to DQ)
- Requires Large Dataset Format (storage) in workspace
- Performance hit on upstream data sources

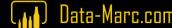






Demo Hybrid Tables Latest data in real time







Hybrid Table May 2022 June 2022 • • •

Import

DirectQuery

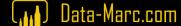
| Á | Sales Hybrid | 168.111.676 |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|
| | 2022Q20602-onward | 0 |
| | 2022Q20601 | 30 |
| | 2022Q205 | 0 |
| | 2022Q204 | 0 |
| | 2022Q103 | 2.080 |
| | 2022Q102 | 0 |
| | 2022Q101 | 82.1 <mark>91.780</mark> |
| | 2021Q412 | 85.917.786 |





Refresh challenges





Refresh options

- Scheduled in the service
- Manual trigger
- Power Automate
- PowerShell
- API





Effective refreshing

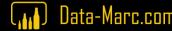
Considerations

- Refreshing the entire model takes too long with high load on sources
- Can we only refresh certain tables?
- Can we only refresh certain partitions?
- Can we use DQ tables/partitions (Hybrid Tables)

What do we need?

- Async refresh API
- XMLA Endpoints







Async refresh API

Specify the objects to refresh

POST

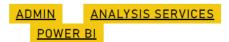
https://api.powerbi.com/v1.0/myorg/groups/f089354e-8366-4e18-aea3-4cb4a3a50b48/datasets/cfafbeb1-8037-4d0c-896e-a46fb27ff229/refreshes

```
"type": "Full",
"commitMode": "transactional",
"maxParallelism": 2,
"retryCount": 2,
"objects": [
    "table": "DimCustomer",
    "partition": "DimCustomer"
    "table": "DimDate"
```





Wait a sec...



<u>ANNOUNCEMENTS</u>



FEATURES

Enhanced refresh with the Power BI REST API is now generally available



Ogbemi Ekwejunor-Etchie Program Manager ∭ June 2, 2022

Share 💆 Twe



We're excited to move Enhanced refresh with the Power BI REST API (formerly asynchronous refresh)

User, and Power III Embedded. As noted in the public previous amnouncement, this feature

examples.

- Cancel an in-progress refresh operation.
- Check the status of historical, current, and pending refreshes.
- Refresh individual tables and individual partitions.









- Combine pipelines from Data Platform with Power BI
- Lowest latency between source and report
- Consider including backup operations for Power BI
- Incremental loading where possible





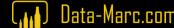






Demo end-2-end orchestration





Scaling





Scaling data platform



- Spark Cluster:
 - Use multiple cluster configs
 - Autoscale -> It can take 1 to 5 minutes for a scaling operation to complete
 - Dynamic allocation of executors
 - Automatic pause

| Size | vCore | Memory |
|------------------------------|-------|--------|
| Small | 4 | 32 GB |
| Medium | 8 | 64 GB |
| Large | 16 | 128 GB |
| XLarge | 32 | 256 GB |
| XXLarge | 64 | 512 GB |
| XXX Large (Isolated Compute) | 80 | 504 GB |







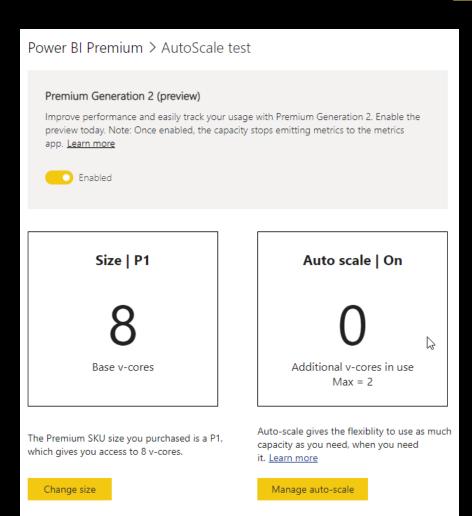
Auto-scale (gen2 only)

Auto-scale adds:

- Additional vCores
- Applies for at least 24h

Configured through

- Max. number of scalable vCores
- Azure subscription Pay as you go

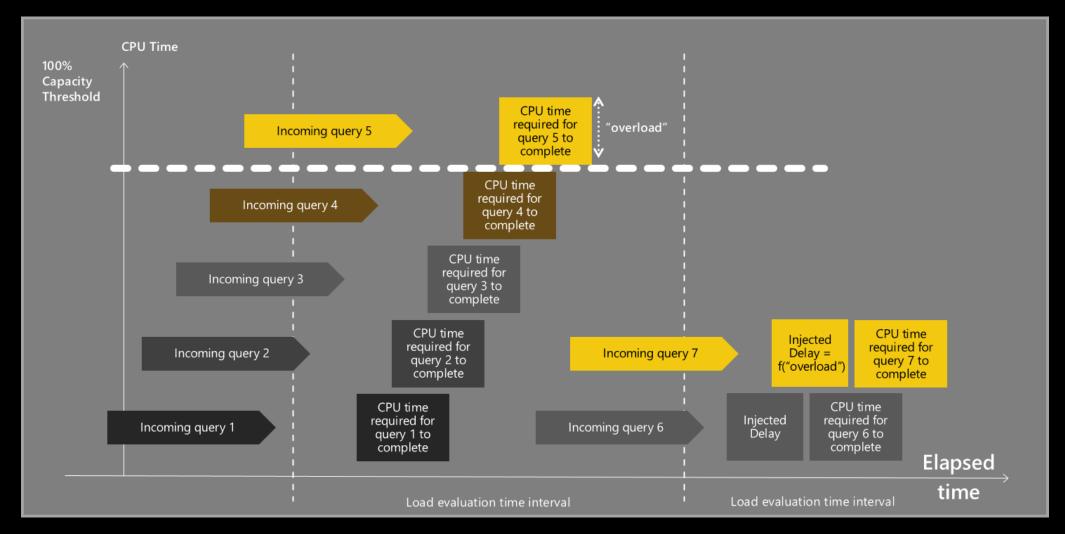








Power Bl Premium – Auto scale

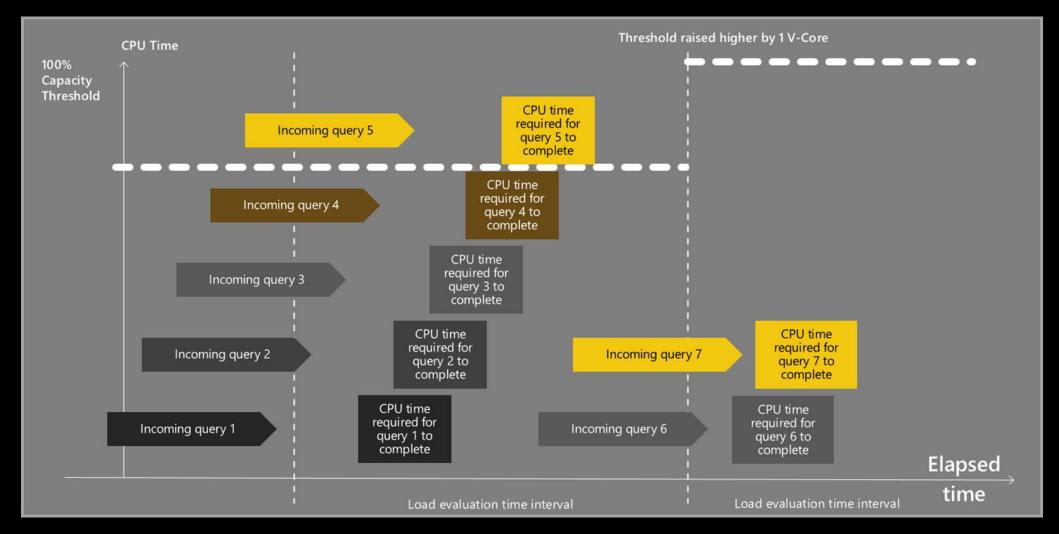








Power Bl Premium – Auto scale







Wrap-up

Design and implement

Better design and implement complex data models, including hybrid tables, aggregations, and combined storage modes (import, DirectQuery, dual).

Orchestrate

Orchestrate the end-to-end data processing, with a pipeline chain from data ingest in the data lake house to the incremental Power BI dataset refresh.

Performance

Use different techniques to identify performance bottlenecks in your solutions and how to solve those ("does it fold"?).

Cost

Implement a cost-efficient solution, that still meets the scalability demands.





Thanks for attending!

Please fill in the evaluation

Evals.datagrillen.com



