



# Monitoring and Tuning Azure SQL Database

Module 5



## Learning Units covered in this Module

- Lesson 1: Monitoring and Troubleshooting Azure SQL Database
- Lesson 2: Monitoring Query Performance using Query Performance Insight
- Lesson 3: Azure SQL Database Tuning using Automatic Tuning
- Lesson 4: Monitoring Azure SQL Database Performance using Database Watcher
- Lesson 5: Monitoring Azure SQL Database Performance using Extended Events
- Lesson 6: Configure Alerts through Azure Portal

# Lesson 1: Monitoring and Troubleshooting Azure SQL Database

# Objectives

After completing this learning, you will be able to:

- Know the various options to monitor and troubleshoot the Azure SQL Database.



# Common Issues on Azure SQL Database

Monitoring for Azure SQL Database is scoped at database level.

Here is list of most faced issues:

Database  
Connectivity

High DTU  
Percentage

Query Timeouts

Deadlocks

Database  
Storage  
consumption

Slow Queries

# Tools to Monitor & Troubleshoot Issues

Query Performance  
Insight

Automatic Tuning

Intelligent Insights

Extended Events

Dynamic Management  
Views (DMVs)

Azure Database Portal  
Dashboard

Questions?



## Lesson 2: Monitoring Query Performance using Query Performance Insight



# Objectives

After completing this learning, you will be able to:

- Know how to troubleshoot the performance of your queries by using Query Performance Insight.



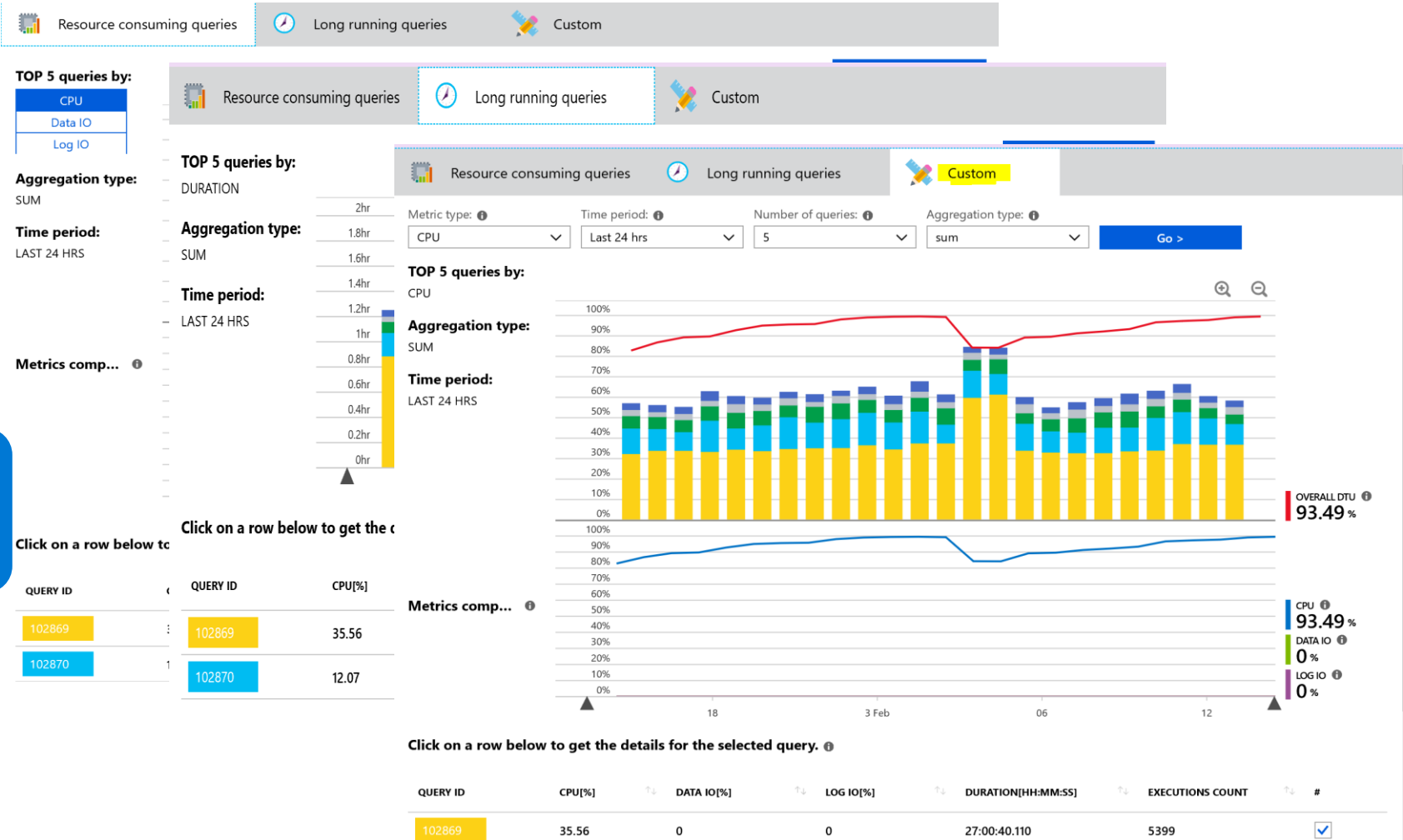
# Query Performance Insight

## Intelligent Performance

- Performance overview
- Performance recommendati...
- Query Performance Insight
- Automatic tuning

## Custom options – Insights based upon custom selection:

- Metric type: Resource consuming queries, Long running queries, and Custom
- Time period: Last 24 hrs, Past Week, Past Month and Custom
- Number of Queries: 5, 10, 20
- Aggregation type: sum, max and avg.
- Log IO utilization %, Duration and Execution count.



# Viewing individual query details

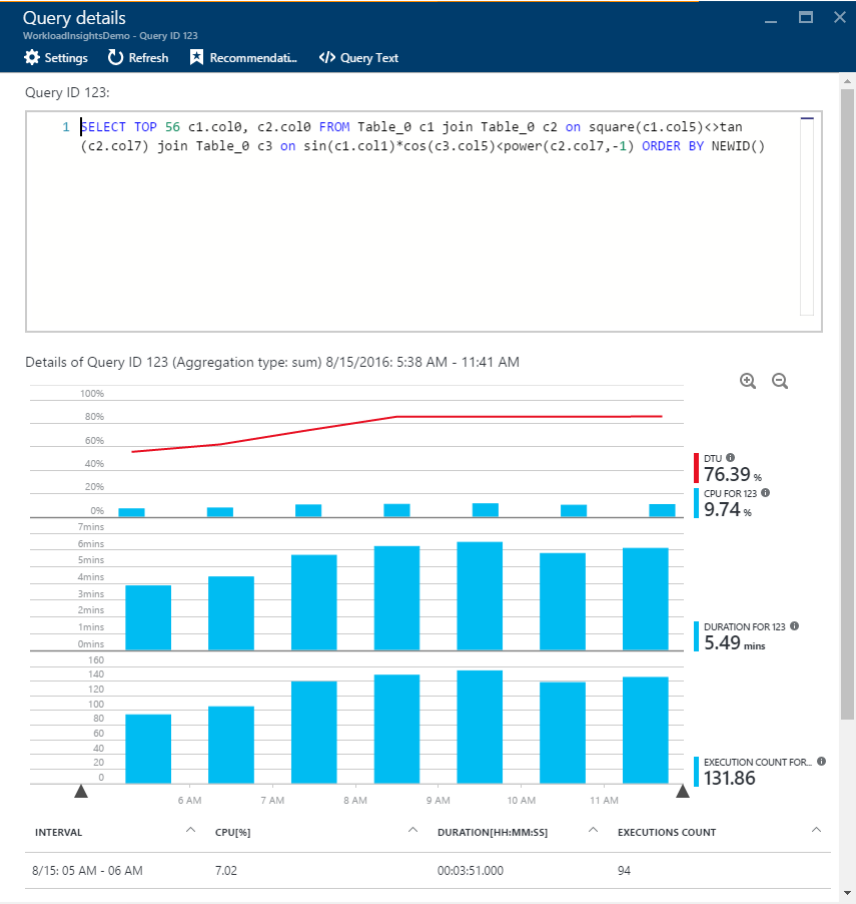
Get details for the individual queries

- CPU Consumption
- Duration
- Execution Count

It does not capture DDL queries

Click on a row below to get the details for the selected query

QUERY ID	CPU[%]	DUR
122	1.27	00:01
123	0.23	00:01
124	0.16	00:01
126	0.09	00:01

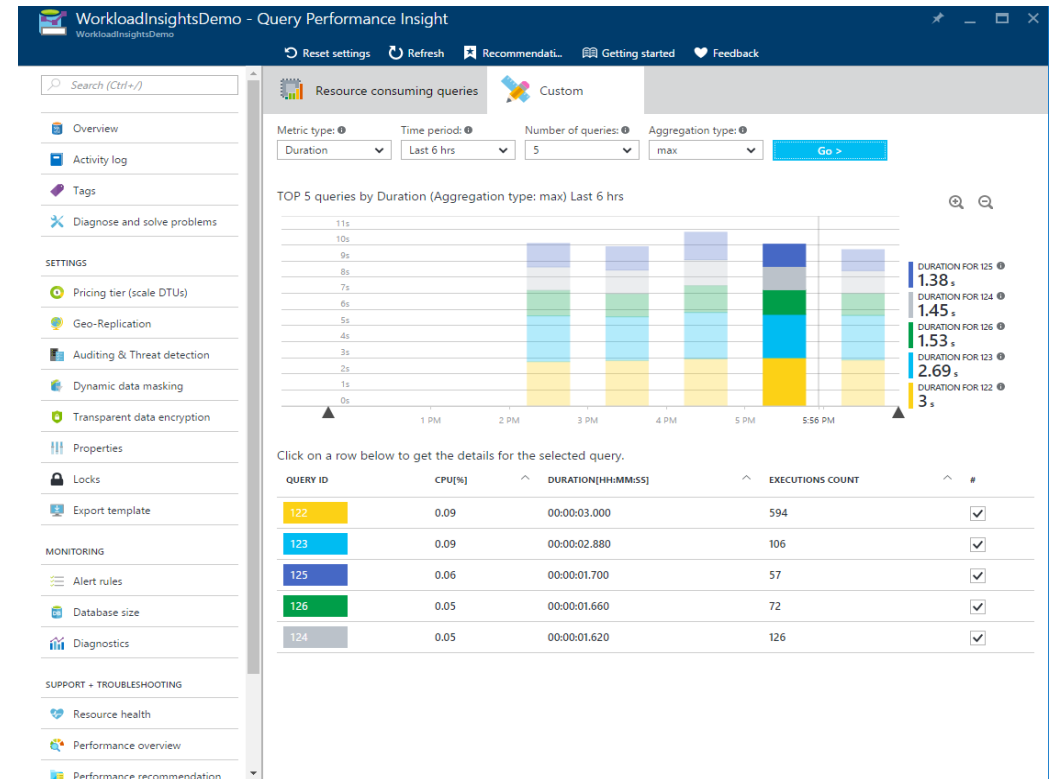


# Review top queries per duration

Duration is one of the metrics showing potential bottleneck

Long-running queries has potential for:

- Longer locks
- Blocking other users
- Limiting scalability

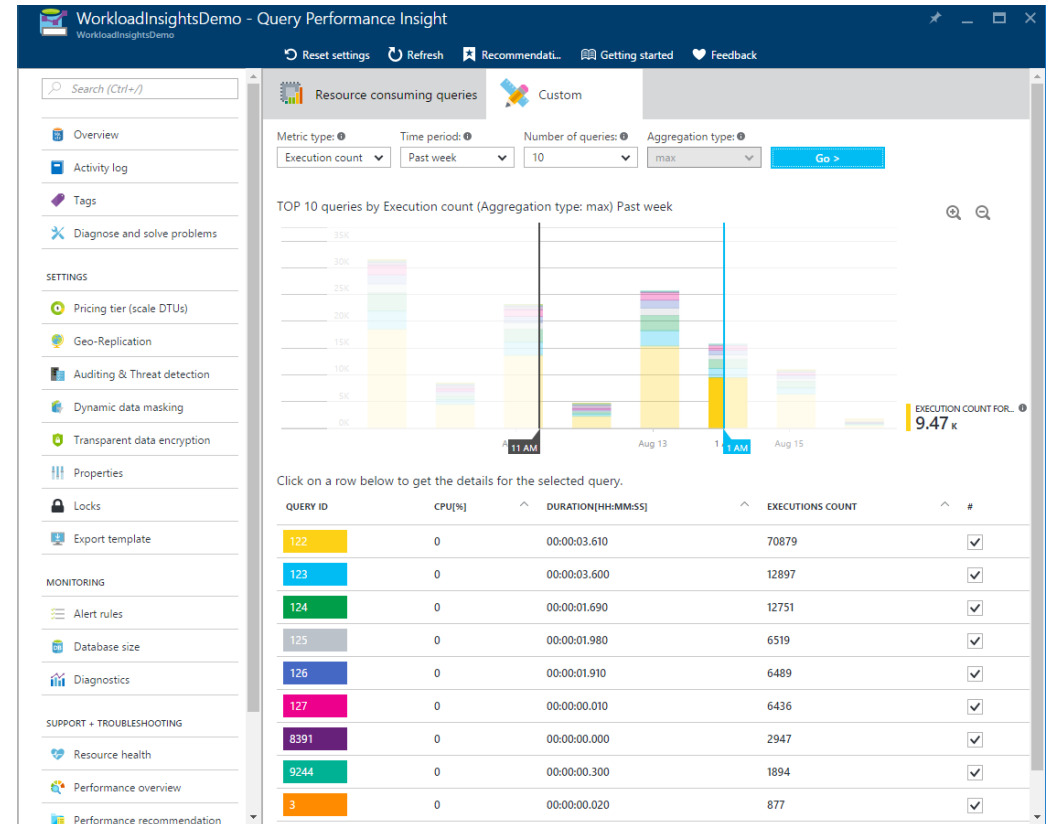


# Review top queries per execution count

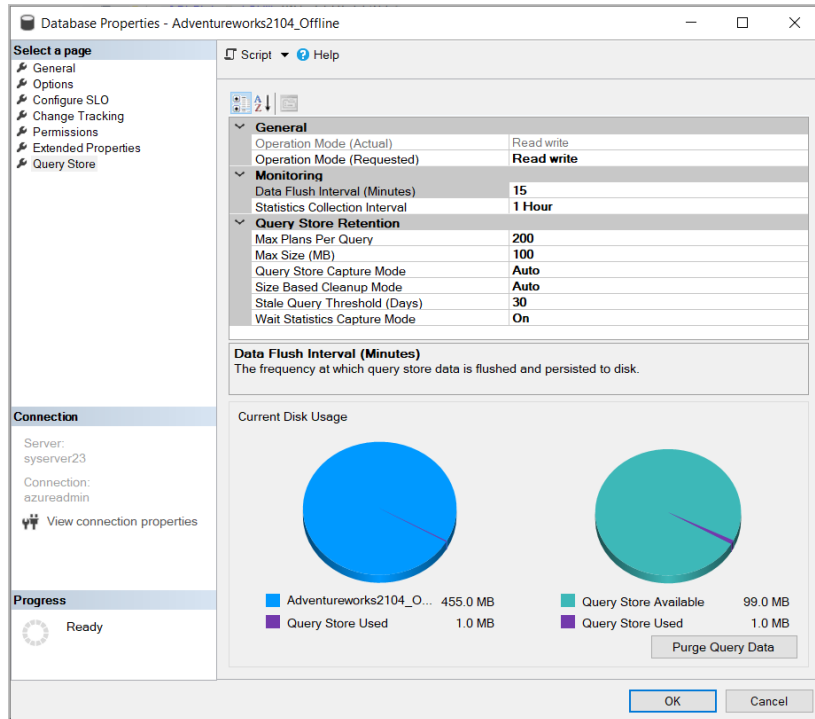
Execution count is one of the metrics showing potential bottleneck

High number of executions has potential for:

- Database performance
- Network latency
- Downstream server latency



# Query Store



## Retention Policy

- Size based – Auto cleanup when near max size.
- Time based – Default 30 days.
- Max Plans Per Query – Default 200.
- Wait Statistics Capture Mode – Default On.

## Capture Policy

- All – Captures all queries.
- Auto – Infrequent queries are ignored.
- None – No queries are captured.
- Custom – Advanced Options

# Demonstration

## Query Performance Insight

- Analyze the Query Performance Insight output.



# Monitoring Query Performance using Query Performance Insights

- Configure the Query Store.
- Analyze the Query Performance Insight.





Questions?



# Knowledge Check

What feature should be enabled on your Azure SQL Database before you can use Query Performance Insight?

How can you view individual query details?

# Lesson 3: Azure SQL Database Tuning using Automatic Tuning

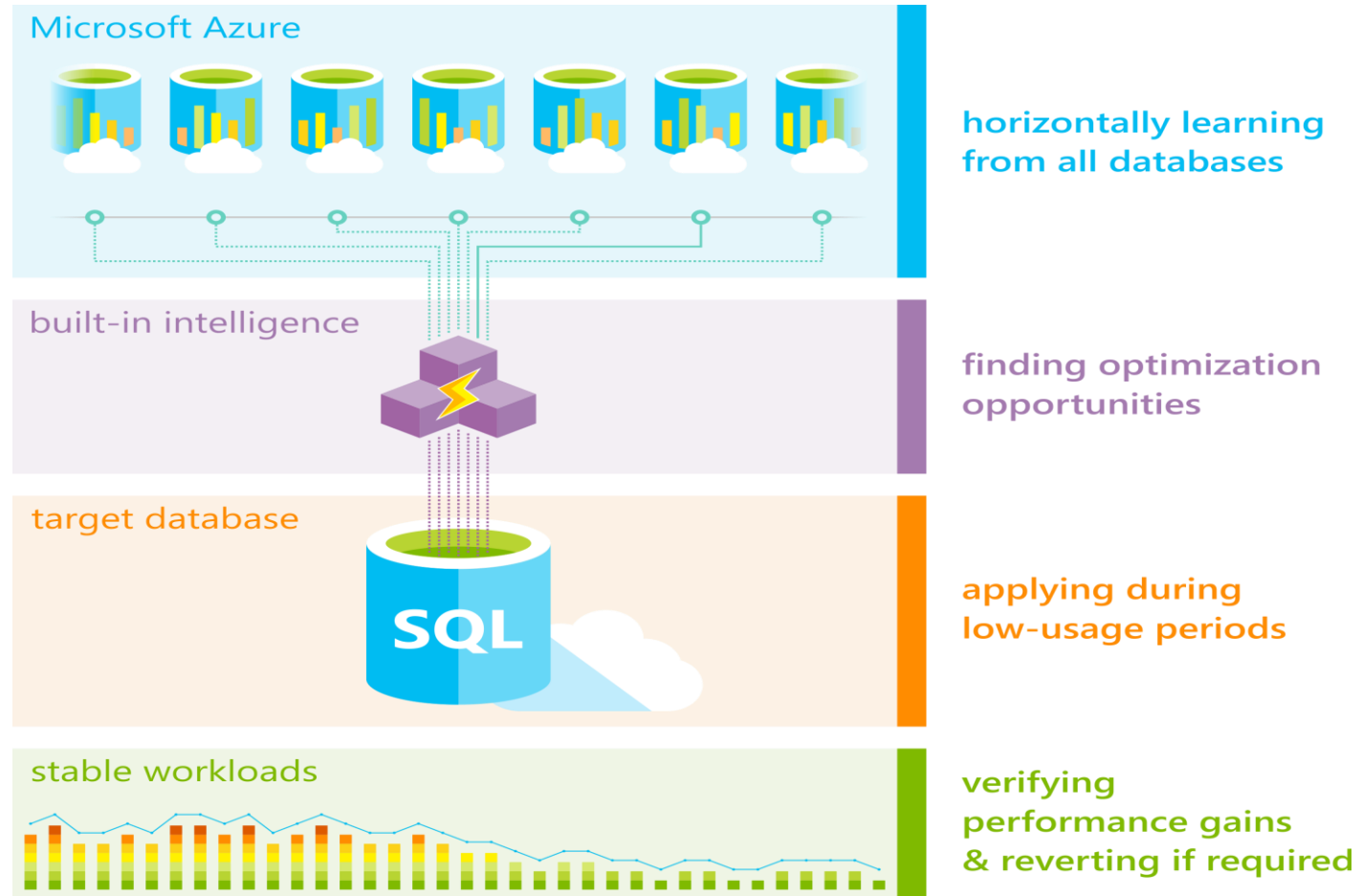
# Objectives

After completing this learning, you will be able to:

- Know how Performance Recommendations can help to improve database performance.



# Automatic Tuning



[Performance recommendations for SQL Database](#)

# Intelligent Performance – Automatic Tuning

## Intelligent Performance

### Performance overview

Inherit from: ⓘ

Server

Azure defaults

Don't inherit

ⓘ The database is inheriting automatic tuning configuration

Configure the automatic tuning options ⓘ

OPTION



FORCE PLAN



CREATE INDEX



DROP INDEX

Estimated impact

Validation report

▼ Validation progress ⓘ

Completed

DTU savings (overall) ⓘ

31.75% DTU

DTU savings (affected queries) ⓘ

90.00% DTU

Queries with improved performance ⓘ

12

Queries with regressed performance ⓘ

1

**Force Last Good Plan:**

Identifies queries affected by bad plans due to bad plan with last performance. It tests the change if it improves performance.

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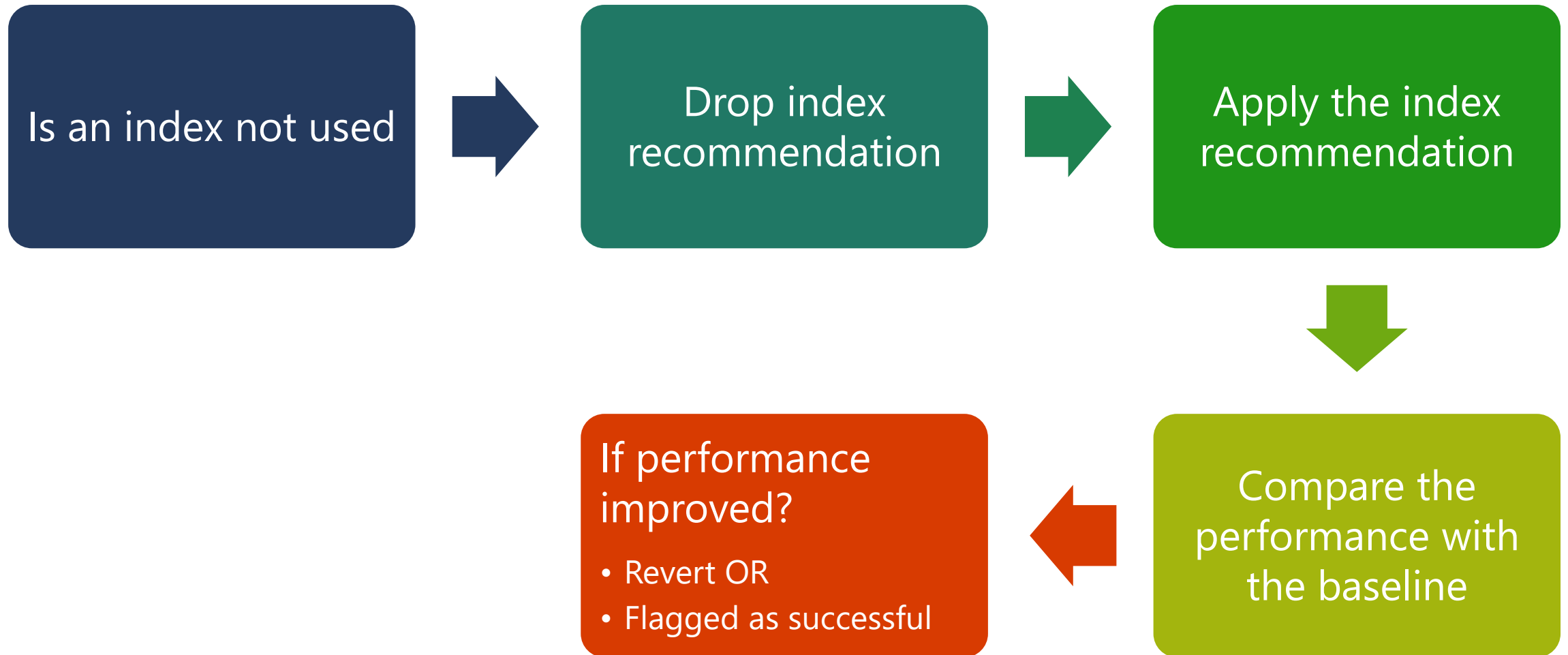
- Identifies and drops unused Indexes, validates performance improvements and reverts the change if performance degrades.

<http://automaticplan correctiondemo.azurewebsites.net/index.html>

# Automatic Tuning – Create Index

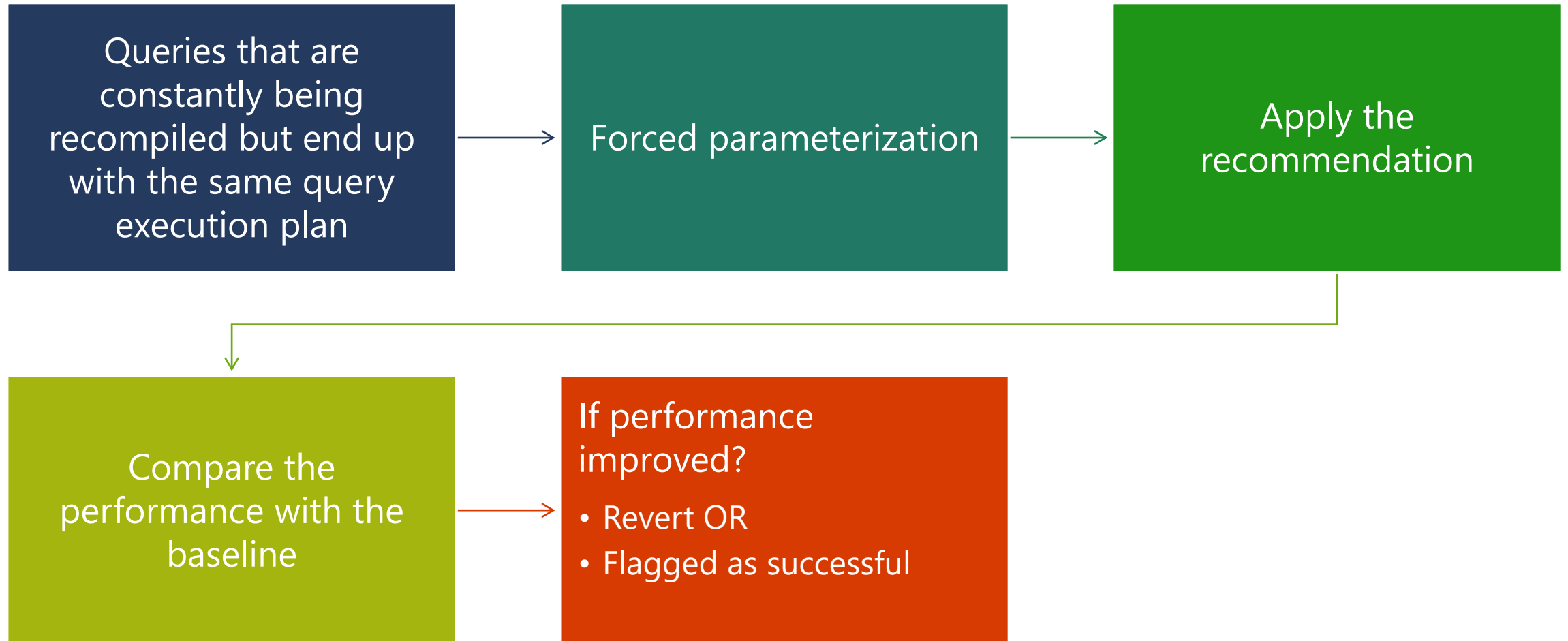


# Automatic Tuning – Drop Index





# Automatic Tuning – Parameterize Queries



Questions?



# Knowledge Check

List three types of recommendations from Automatic Tuning.

What could be a reason to disable the automatic tuning option?

What technology is used for Automatic Tuning?

# Lesson 4: Monitoring Performance using Database Watcher

# Objectives

After completing this learning, you will be able to:

- Use Intelligent Insights, to let you know what is happening with your database performance.
- Use SQL Insights to monitoring any product in the Azure SQL family.



# Demonstration

## Intelligent Insight

- Azure SQL Database metrics and diagnostics logging stream into Log Analytics.



Questions?



# Knowledge Check

List three Azure resources that can be used to stream the Diagnostic Logs.

What are the three possible states of a performance issue that is logged?

What are the metrics that are used for detection models?

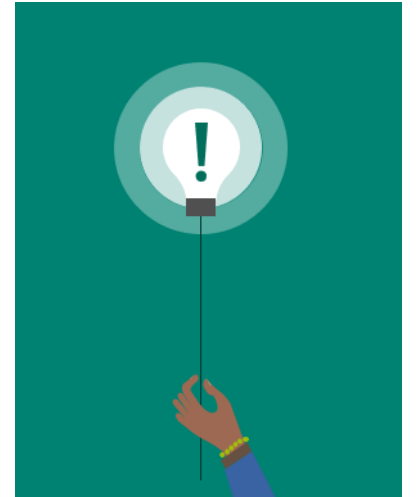


# Lesson 5: Monitoring Azure SQL Database Performance using Extended Events

# Objectives

After completing this learning, you will be able to:

- Use extended events for troubleshooting performance issues.



# Why XEvent?



SQLTrace and  
SQLProfiler are  
deprecated



Faster and scalable



Designed not to  
cause server  
problems



More events than  
SQLTrace ever had



Targets and actions  
make it powerful



SSMS includes the  
basic UI tooling

# XEvents Objects Explained

## Event

- Predefined instrumentation points in the code.

## Actions

- Event independent data to add to the collection.
- For example: sql\_text, create\_dump\_all\_threads

## Predicates

- Independent fields for filtering.
- For example: database\_id, session\_id

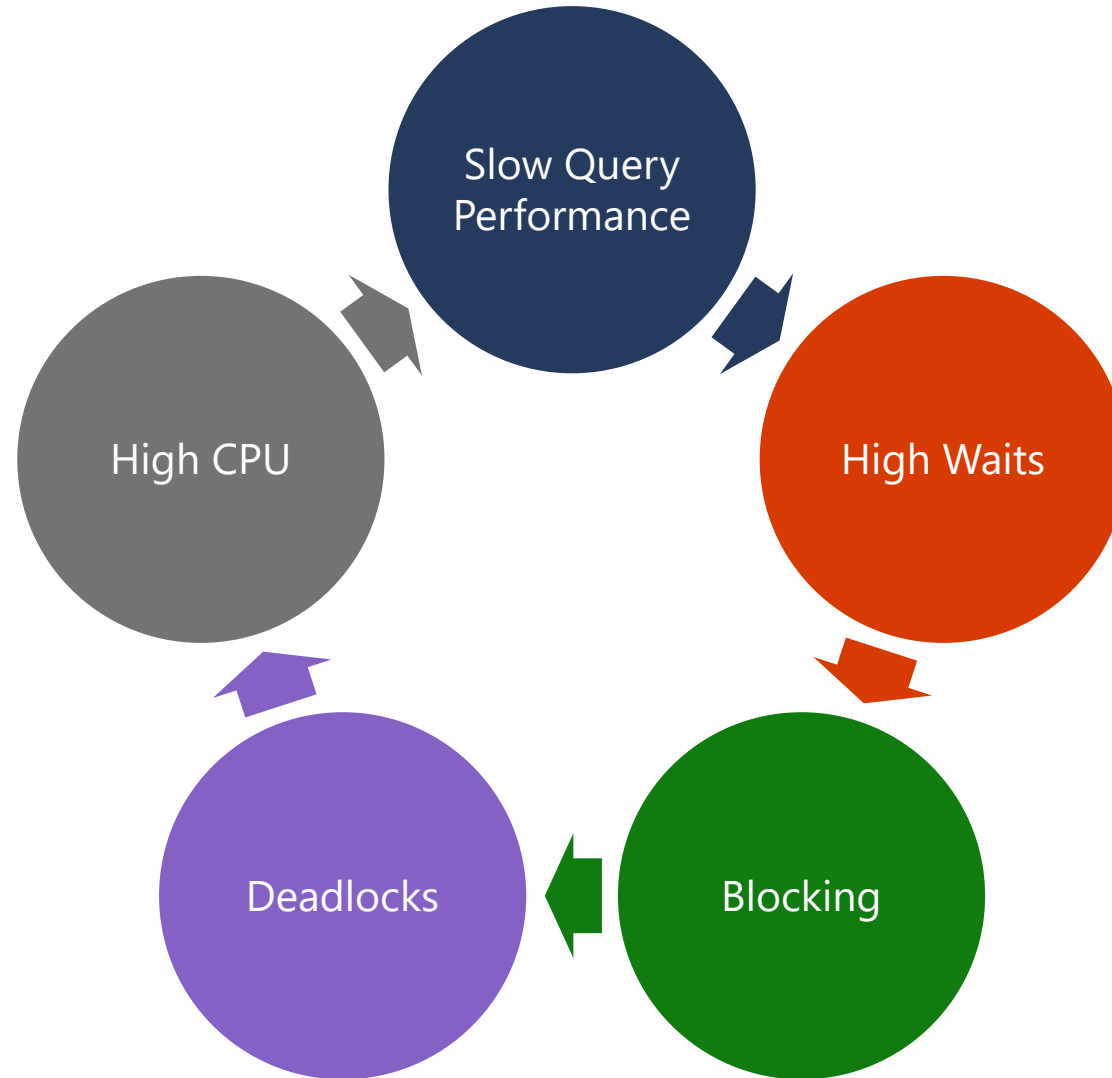
## Targets

- Ring Buffer, Event Counter, Event File

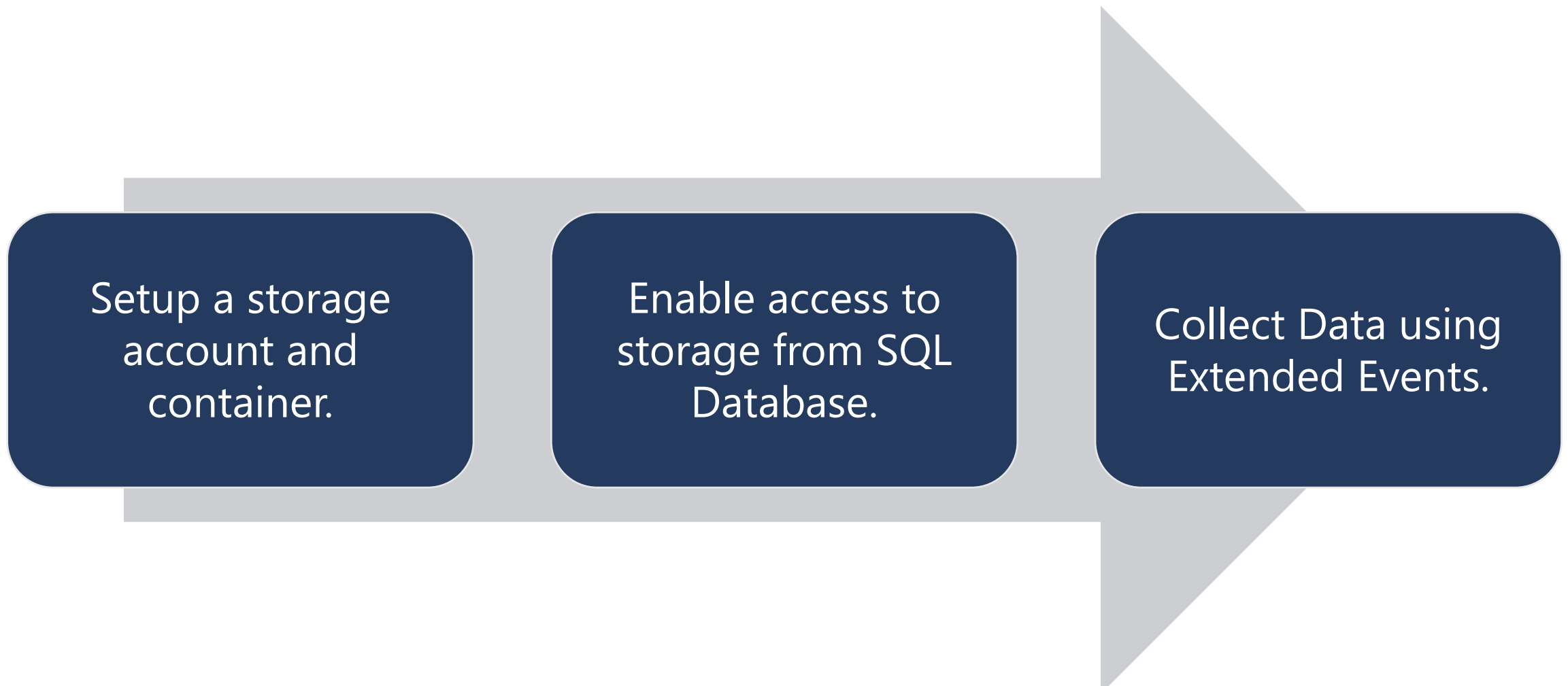
## Maps

- Maps "codes" to meaningful names.
- For example: wait\_type

# XEvents Usage Scenarios



# How to enable Extended Events



```
graph LR; A[Setup a storage account and container.] --> B[Enable access to storage from SQL Database.]; B --> C[Collect Data using Extended Events.];
```

Setup a storage account and container.

Enable access to storage from SQL Database.

Collect Data using Extended Events.

# Storage Container Authorizations



# Collect Data Using Extended Events

Create a master key specifying a strong password

- `CREATE MASTER KEY ENCRYPTION BY PASSWORD = 'xxxxxx!';`

Define the blob storage where the XEL will be saved. Use the SAS key that was provided by the definition of the blob storage

- `CREATE DATABASE SCOPED CREDENTIAL [https://xxxx.blob.core.windows.net/xe-container] WITH IDENTITY='SHARED ACCESS SIGNATURE', SECRET = 'sv=2014-02-14&sr=c&sig=Hz2n9vs%3D&st=2016-01-25T23%3A00%3A00Z&se=2016-02-02T23%3A00%3A00Z&sp=rw'`

Define the Extended Event

- Start the event and wait to reproduce the issue.
- Once the issue has been reproduced, stop the event.
- You should see XEL files in the storage container in Azure Storage Explorer.
- You can then download to your laptop/local machine.



# Demonstration

## Extended Events

- Create Extended Events session using SSMS.
- View Extended Events session.



# Monitoring Azure SQL Database Performance using Extended Events

- **Exercise 1:** Monitor Azure SQL Database using Extended Events.



Questions?



# Knowledge Check

List three targets for extended events output.

List three problematic scenarios where extended events can help.

# Lesson 6: Configure Alerts through Azure Portal

# Objectives

After completing this learning, you will be able to:

- Configure alerts using Azure Management Portal.



# Purpose of Alerts for Azure SQL Database

Database alerts can help to proactively trigger various events related to database connectivity, high DTU usage or deadlocks, etc.

It helps to proactively resolve underlying issues to avoid application outages and improve user experience.

# Receiving an alert based on monitoring metrics or events on

## Metric values

- The alert triggers when the value of a specified metric crosses a threshold you assigned in either direction. It triggers when the condition is first met and then when that condition is no longer being met.

## Activity log events

- An alert can trigger on every event, or, only when a certain number of events occur.



# Purpose of Alerts for Azure SQL Database

You can configure an alert to do the following when it triggers:

- Send email notifications to the service administrator and co-administrators.
- Send email to additional emails that you specify.
- Call a webhook

You can configure and get information about alert rules using

- Azure portal
- PowerShell
- command-line interface (CLI).
- Azure Monitor REST API.

# SQL Database alert values

Metric Name	Aggregation Type	Minimum Alert Time Window
CPU percentage	Average	5 minutes
Data IO percentage	Average	5 minutes
Log IO percentage	Average	5 minutes
DTU percentage	Average	5 minutes
Total database size	Maximum	30 minutes
Successful Connections	Total	10 minutes
Failed Connections	Total	10 minutes
Blocked by Firewall	Total	10 minutes
Deadlocks	Total	10 minutes
Database size percentage	Maximum	30 minutes
In-Memory OLTP storage percent(Preview)	Average	5 minutes
Workers percentage	Average	5 minutes
Sessions percent	Average	5 minutes
DTU limit	Average	5 minutes
DTU used	Average	5 minutes

# Demonstration

## Configure Alerts through Azure Portal

- Configure alerts through Azure Portal.



Questions?



# Module Summary

