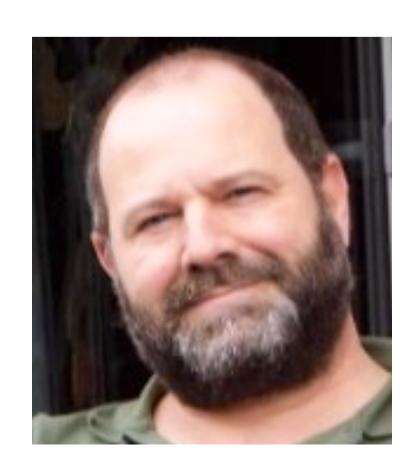
Thomas Hütter

Data Innovation Summit 2021

50 ways to show your data "Condensed edition"

Thomas Hütter, Diplom-Betriebswirt

- Application developer, consultant, accidental DBA, author
- Worked at consultancies, ISVs, end user companies
- SQL Server > 6.5, former "Navision" > 3.0, R > 3.1.2
- Speaker at Data&Dev events around Europe
 - @DerFredo https://twitter.com/DerFredo
 - in de.linkedin.com/in/derfredo
 - www.xing.com/profile/Thomas Huetter





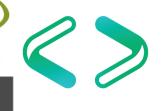














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- Round-up, resources



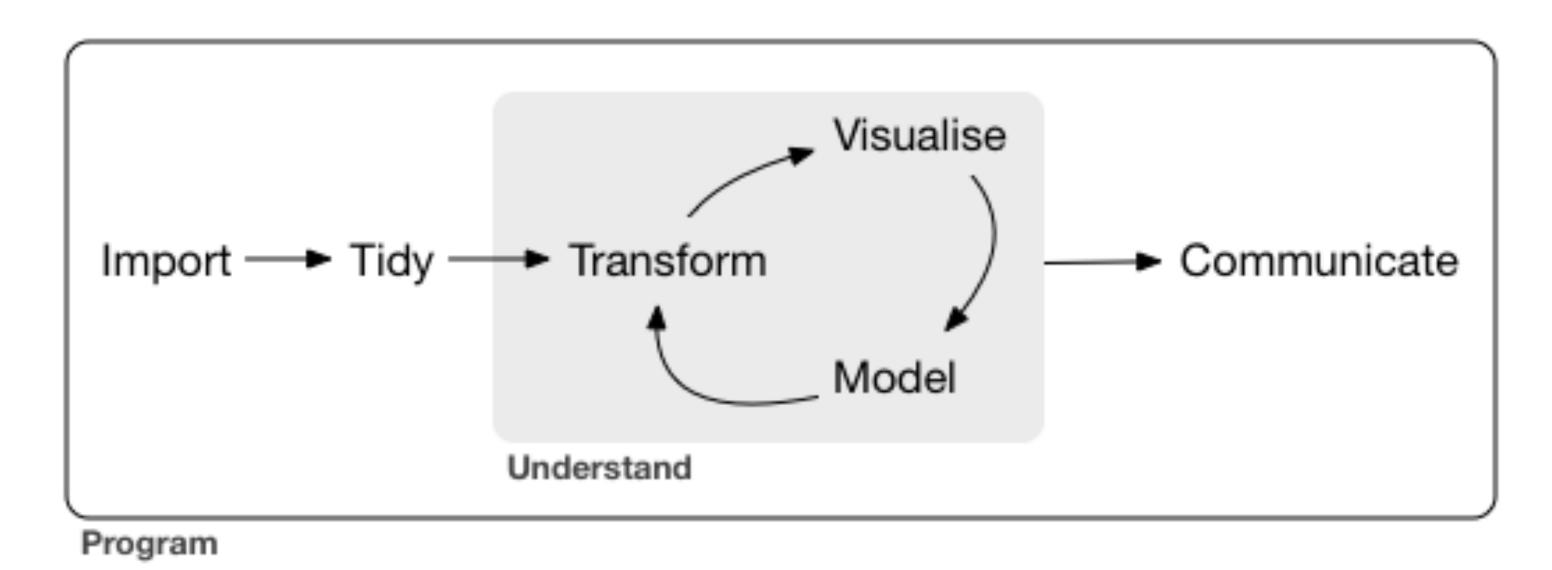
What's the fuzz about this R language?

- Programming language for statistical computing, analysis, visualization widely used by statisticians, data miners, analysts, data scientists
- Created by Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman, Uni Auckland, in 1993 as an open source implementation of the (1970s) S language
- GNU project, maintained by the R Foundation for Statistical Computing, compiled builds für Mac OS, Linux, Windows, supported by R Consortium
- Extensible through user-created packages, > 18000 available on CRAN
- Commercial support, e.g. since 2007 by Revolution Analytics, acquired by Microsoft in 2015, now provide Microsoft R Open, R Server
- Support for R now built into SQL Server, R Visuals in Power BI, Azure ML, Data science VM



The philosophy of tidy data

What a typical data analysis/data science project may look like



The components of the Tidyverse (ggplot2 being one part) cover these tasks and can help you to accomplish them in a concise manner.

figure © 2017 Wickham/Grolemund: "R for Data Science"



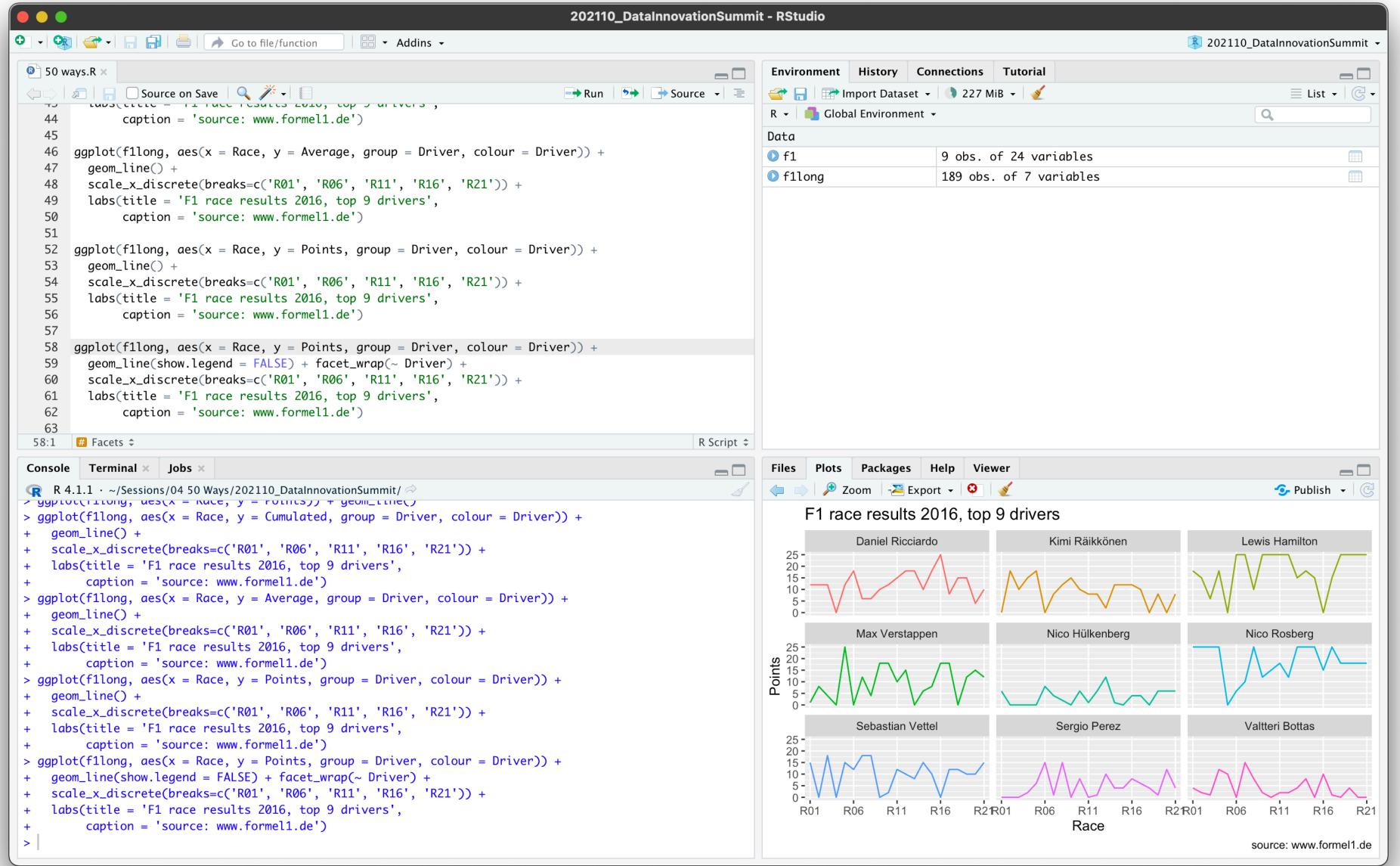
A grammar of graphics: ggplot2

- "The grammar of graphics", a 2005 book by Leland Wilkinson et al. served as a foundation for implementing the R package ggplot2
- My simple approach to "what is needed to describe a graph":
 - data: what do you want to show
 - aesthetic mappings: which relations are there to show
 - geometries: how do you want to show it
 - extras:
 - guides: axes, scales and legends
 - labels, annotations
 - facetting, coordinate systems
 - colours, themes

>



Introducing RStudio, the de-facto standard IDE

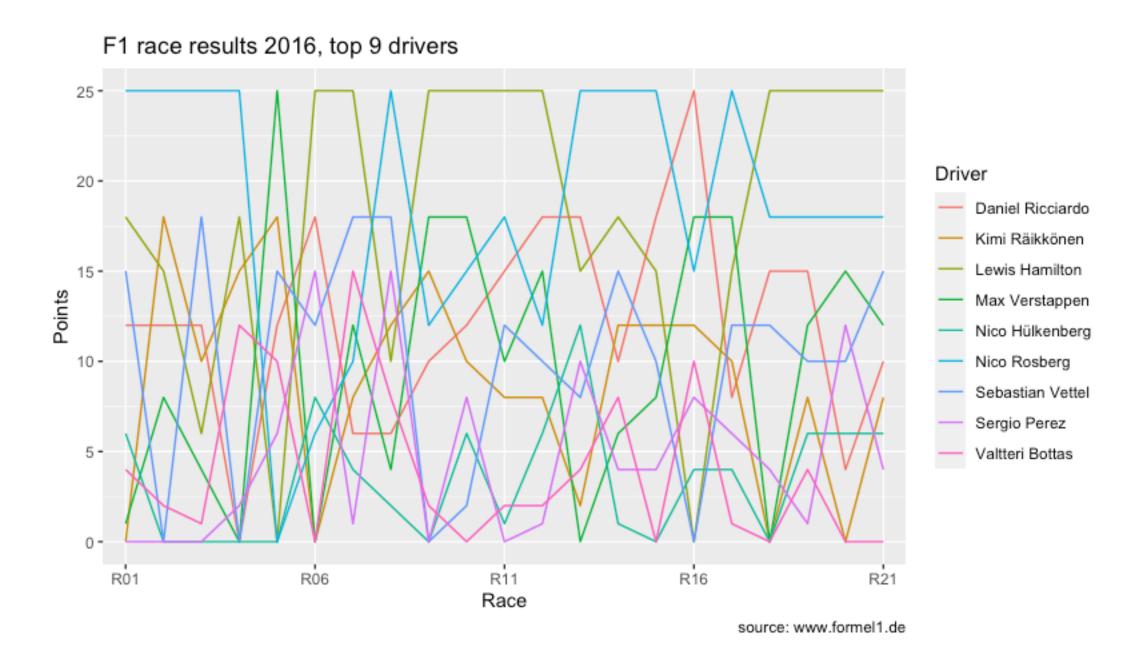




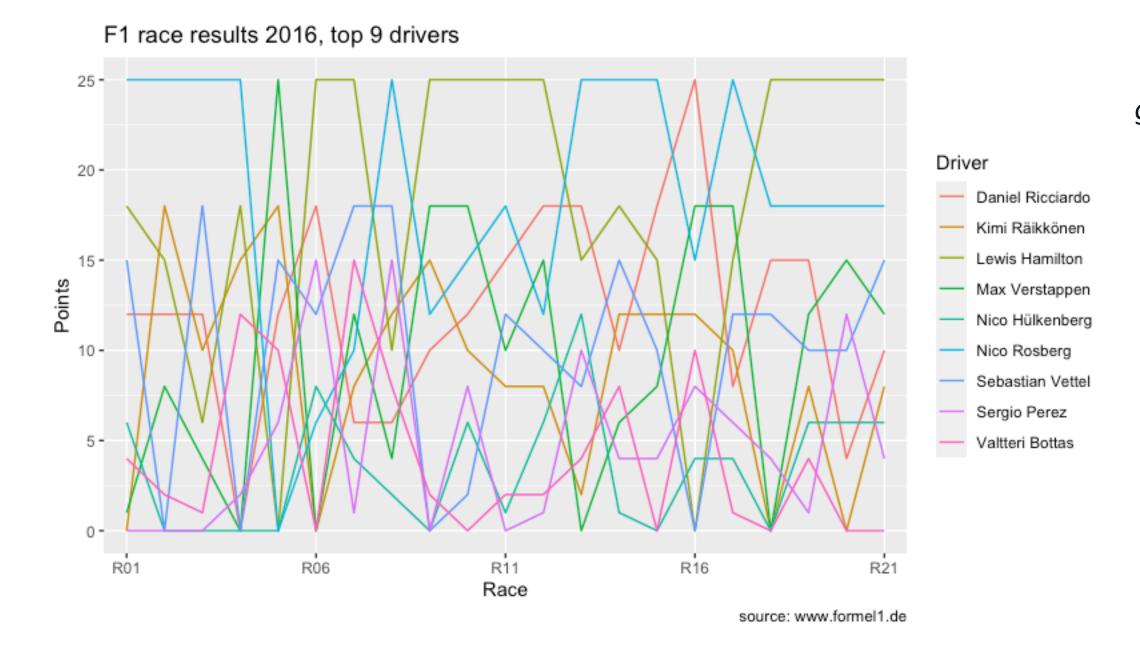
```
f1 <- read_html('http://www.formel1.de/saison/wm-stand/2016/fahrer-wertung') %>%
  html_node('table') %>%
  html_table()

colnames(f1) <- c('Pos', 'Driver', 'Total', sprintf('R%02d', 1:21))
f1 <- as_tibble(f1) %>%
  filter(as.integer(Pos) <= 9)
f1$Driver <- as.factor(f1$Driver)
f1[, -2] <- apply(f1[, -2], 2, function(x) as.integer(gsub('-', '0', as.character(x))))
f1long <- gather(f1, Race, Points, R01:R21)</pre>
```



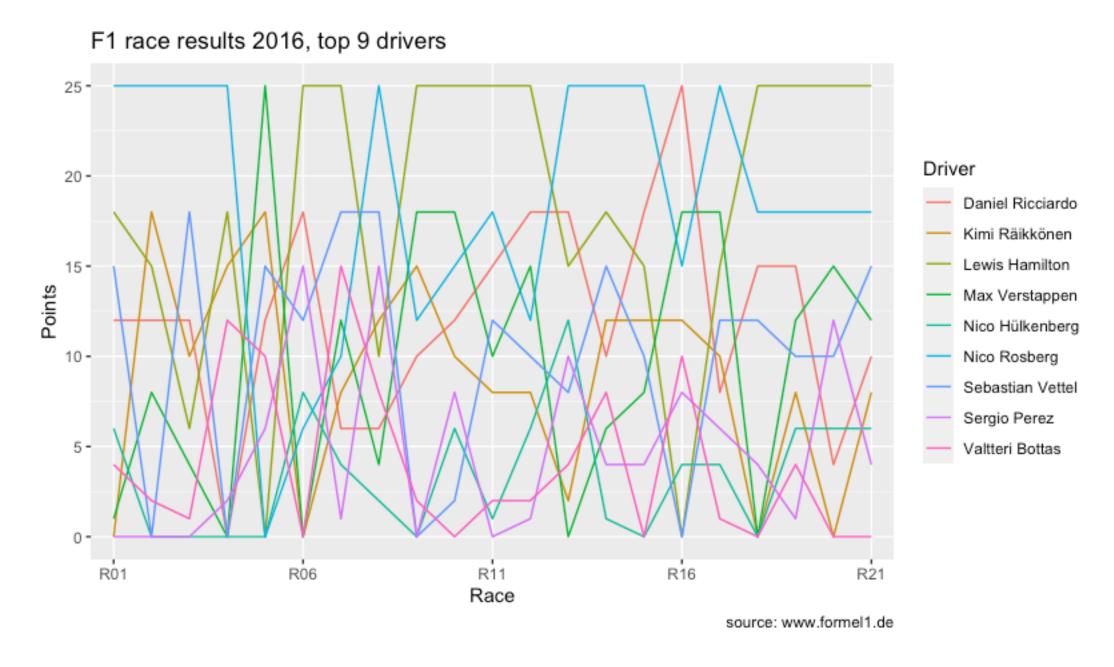






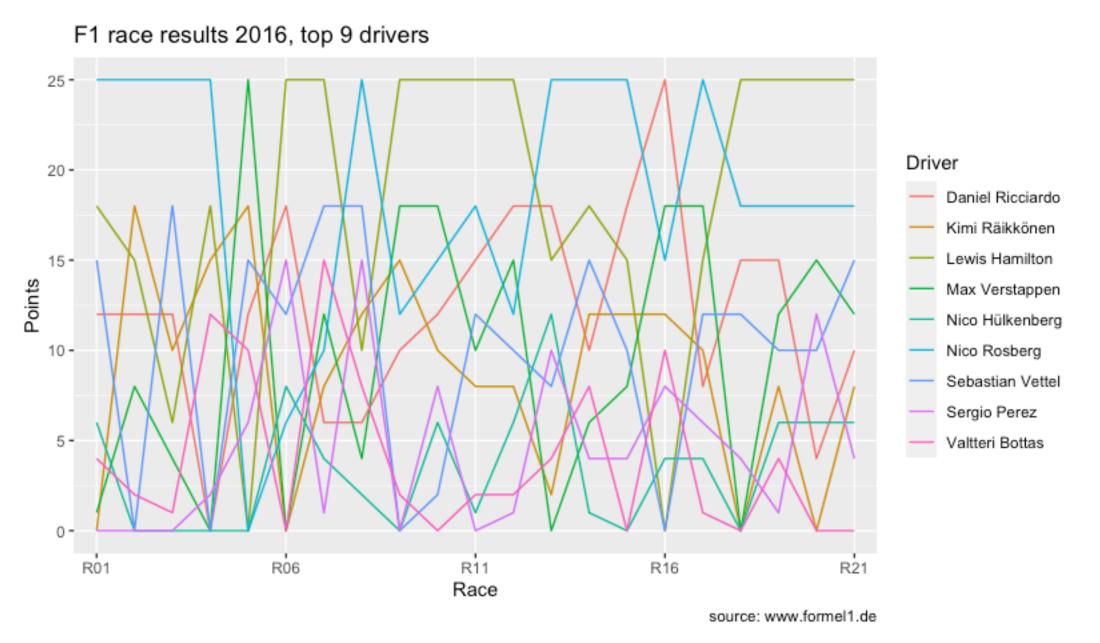
```
ggplot(f1long,
  aes(x = Race, y = Points, group = Driver, colour = Driver)) +
  geom_line() +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks=c('R01', 'R06', 'R11', 'R16', 'R21')) +
  labs(title = 'F1 race results 2016, top 9 drivers',
      caption = 'source: www.formel1.de')
```

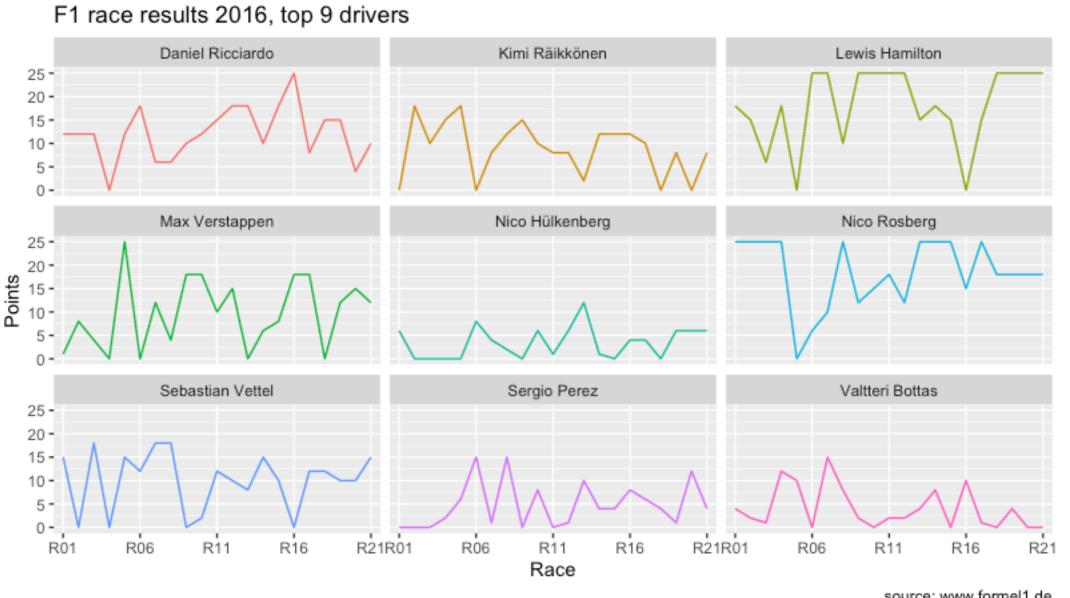




```
ggplot(f1long,
  aes(x = Race, y = Points, group = Driver, colour = Driver)) +
  geom_line(show.legend = FALSE) + facet_wrap(~ Driver) +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks=c('R01', 'R06', 'R11', 'R16', 'R21')) +
  labs(title = 'F1 race results 2016, top 9 drivers',
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```

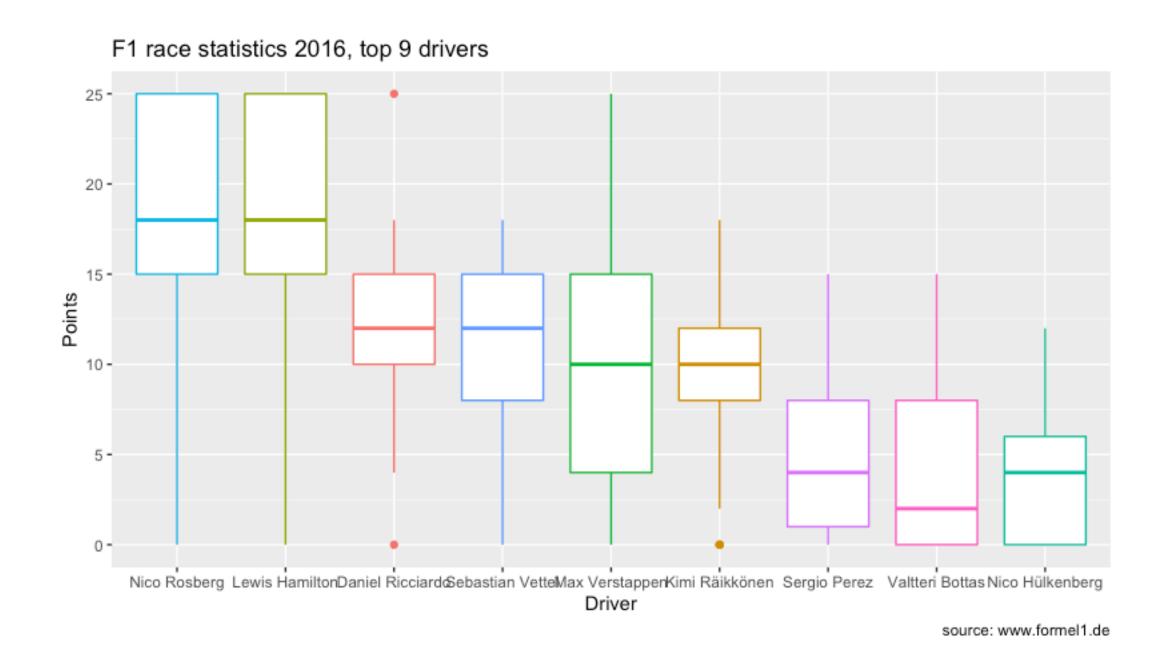






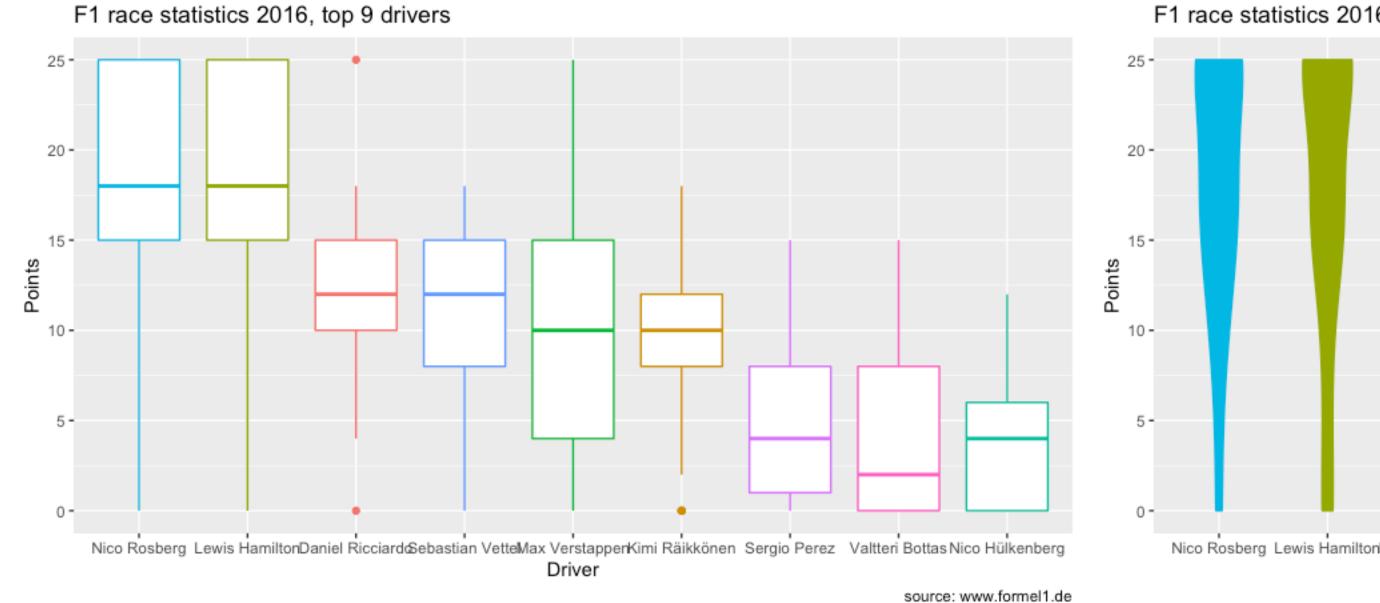


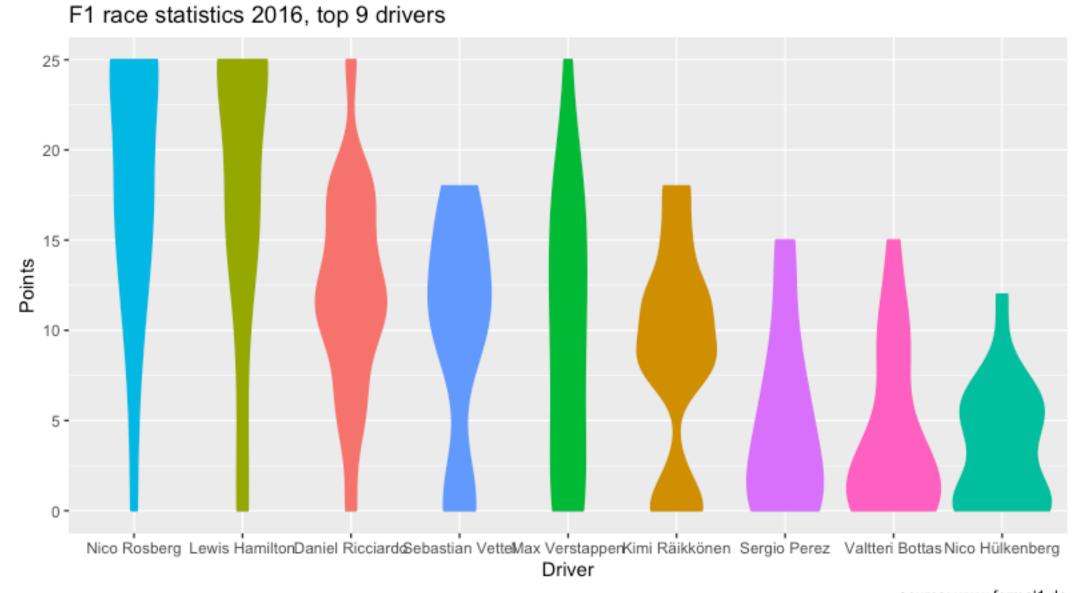
violins
 show more detail of the data distribution than a box plot





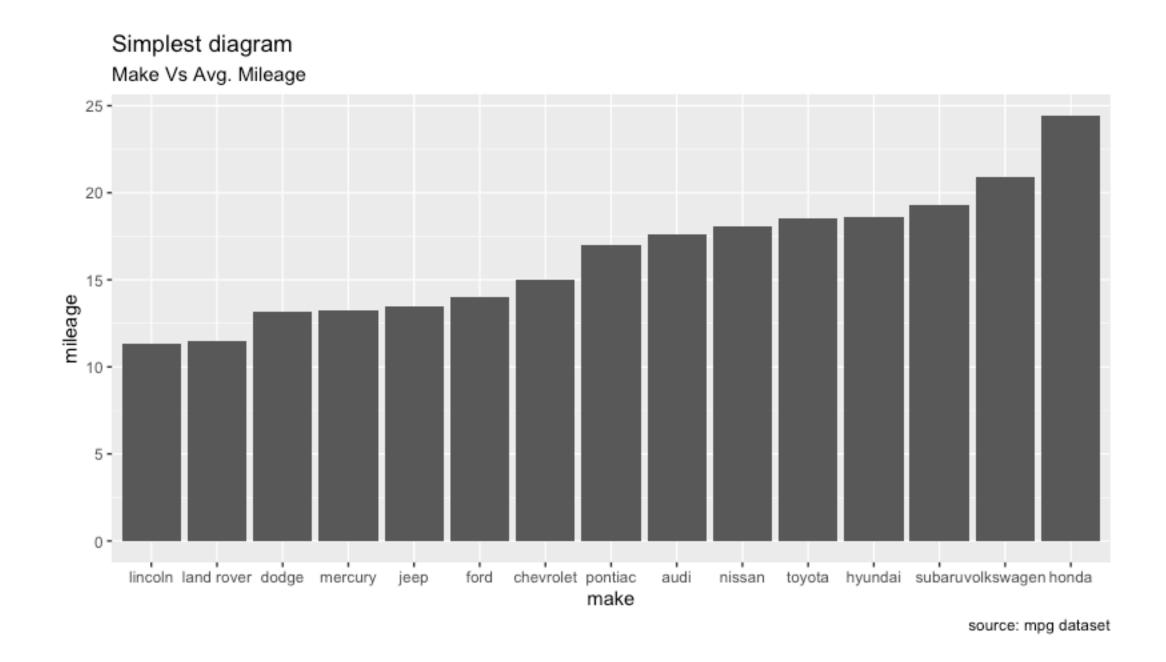
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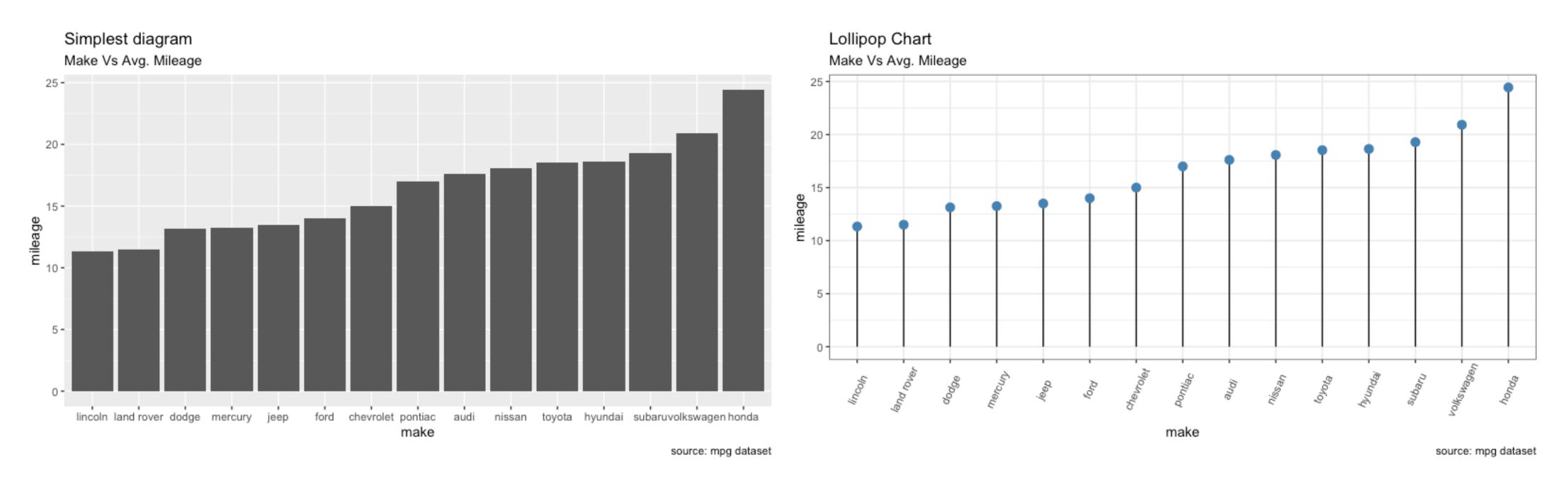


lollipop charts [ggalt]
 alternative to charts with lots of nearly-similar-size bars,
 on screen: reduce moiré, on paper: reduce waste of ink



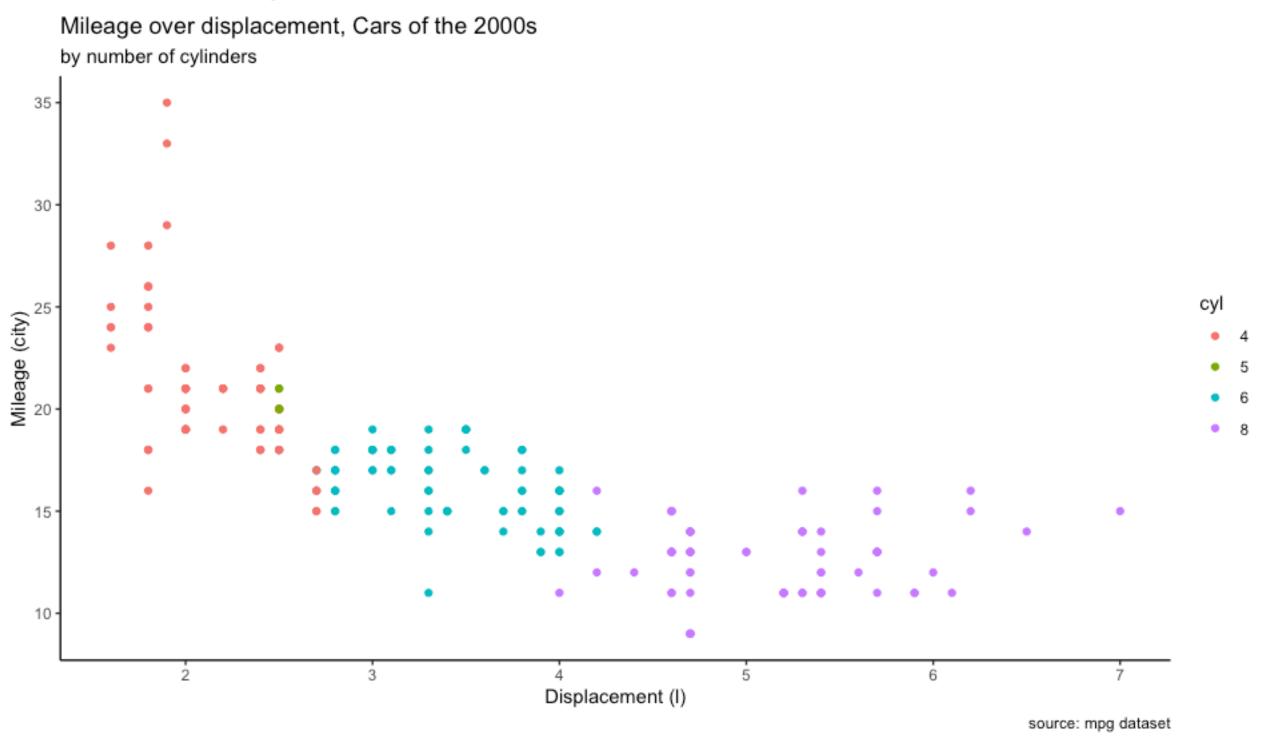


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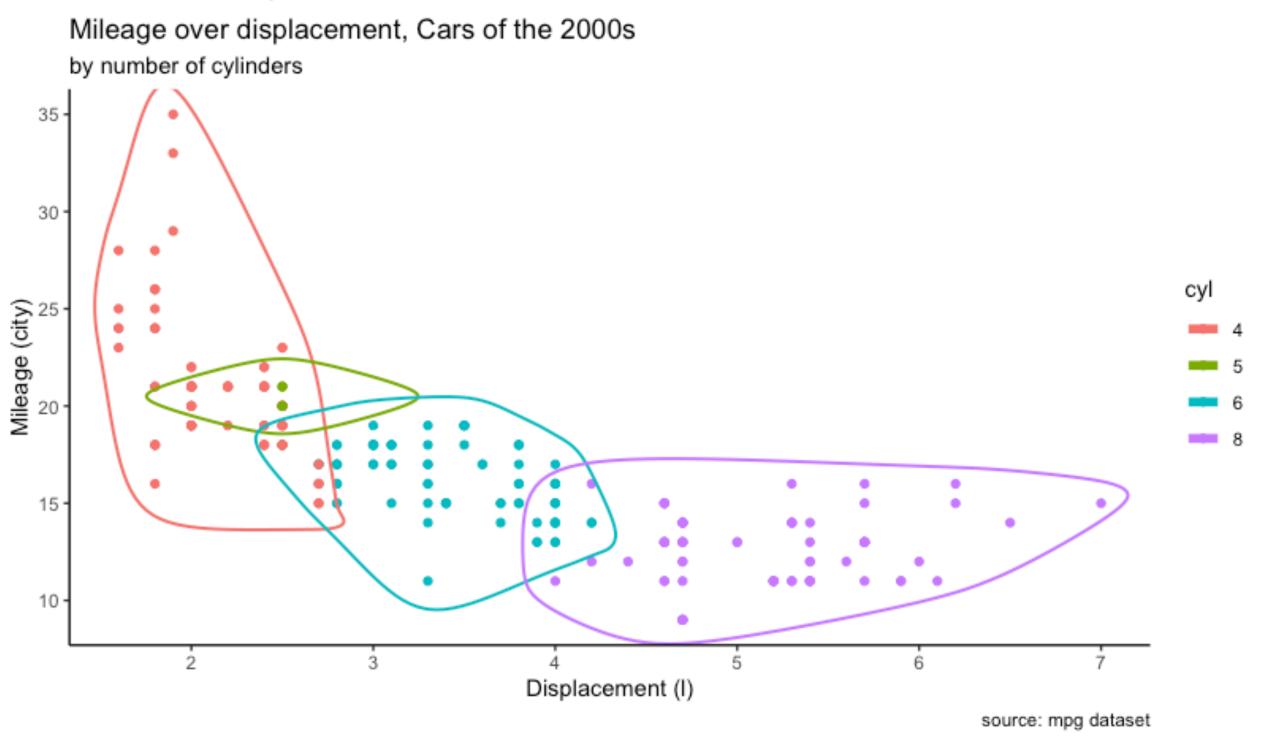


 encircling areas [ggalt] draw attention to certain regions or groups of points, visualize clustering



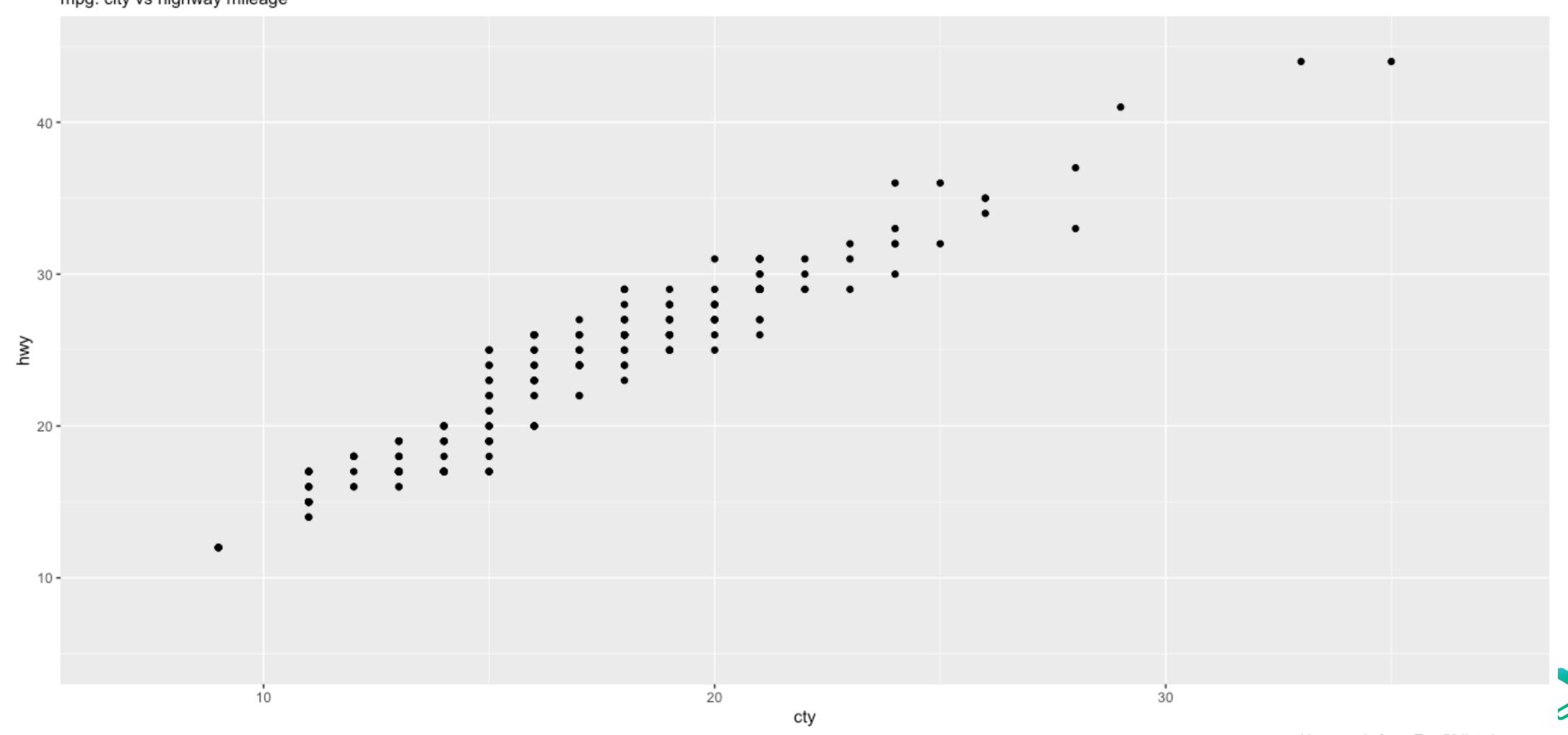


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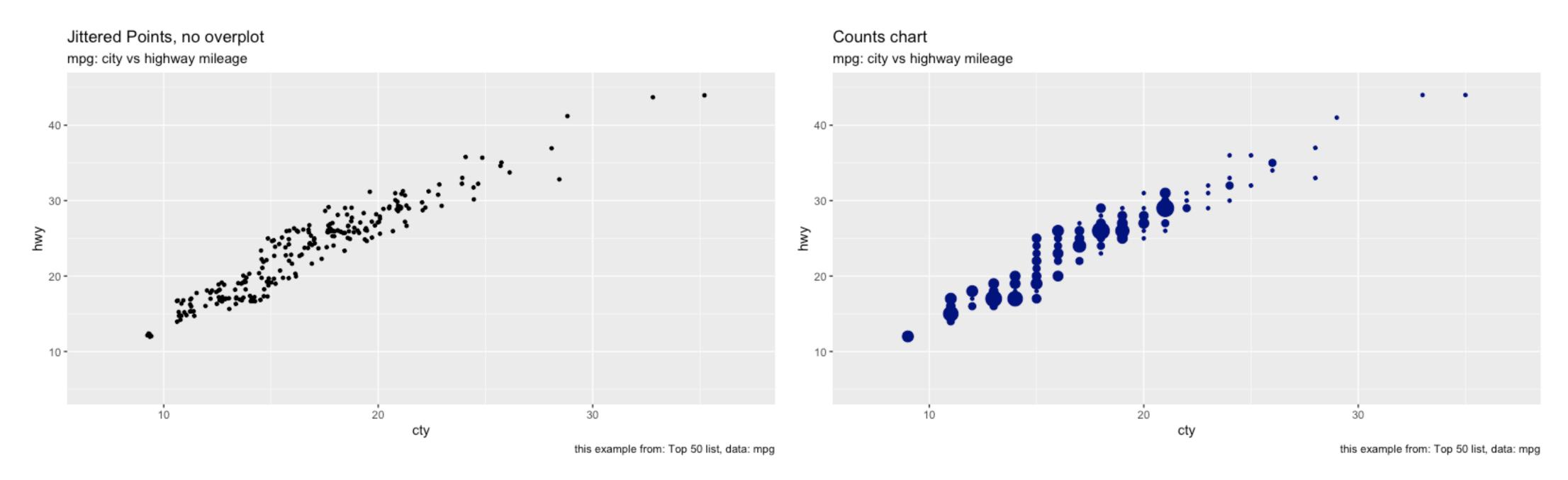




Scatterplot with 234 data points mpg: city vs highway mileage

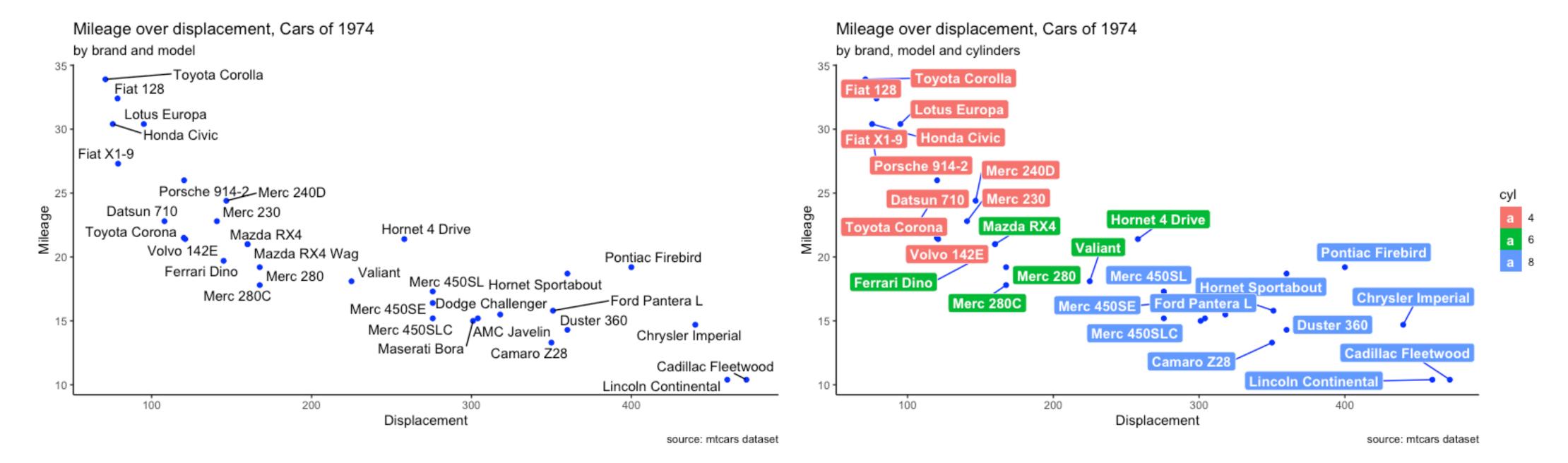


 jitter plots / counts charts show information otherwise hidden by overlapping points





 avoiding overlap of text labels [ggrepel] avoid overlap of text labels



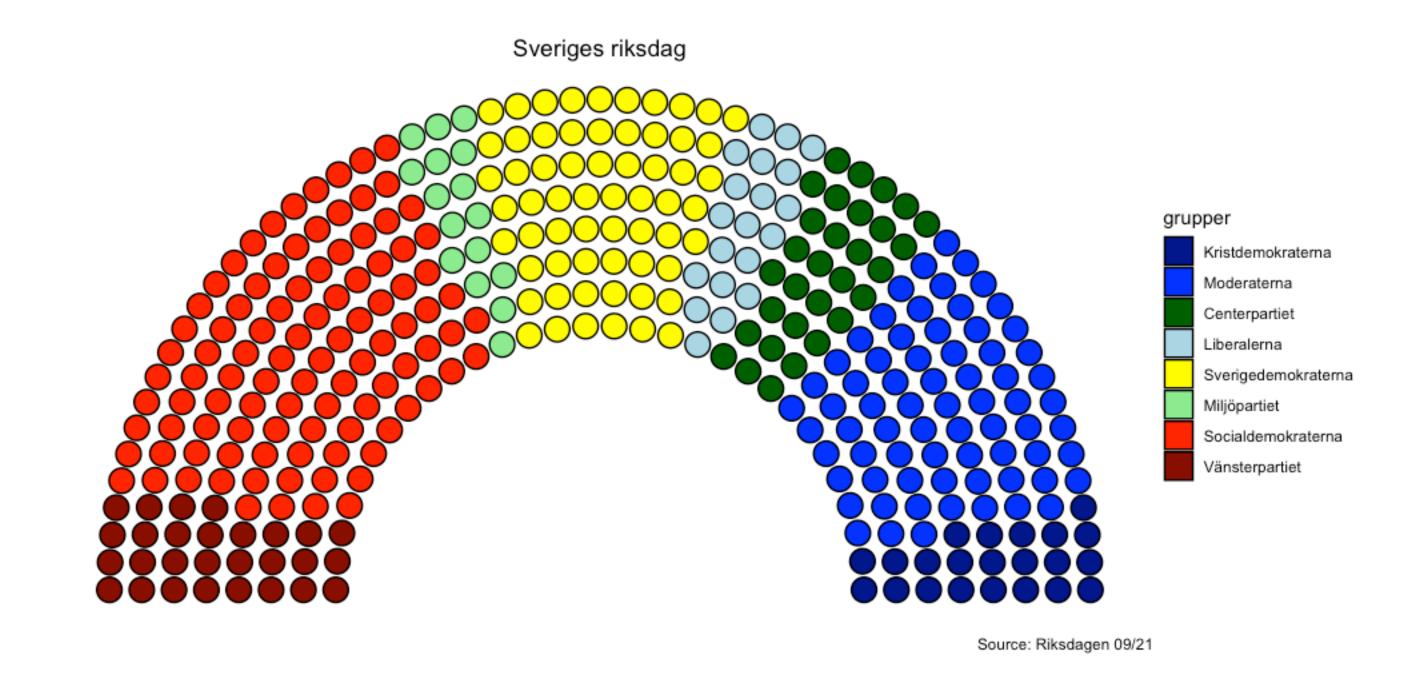


parliament diagrams [ggpol]
 by seat number or vote distribution



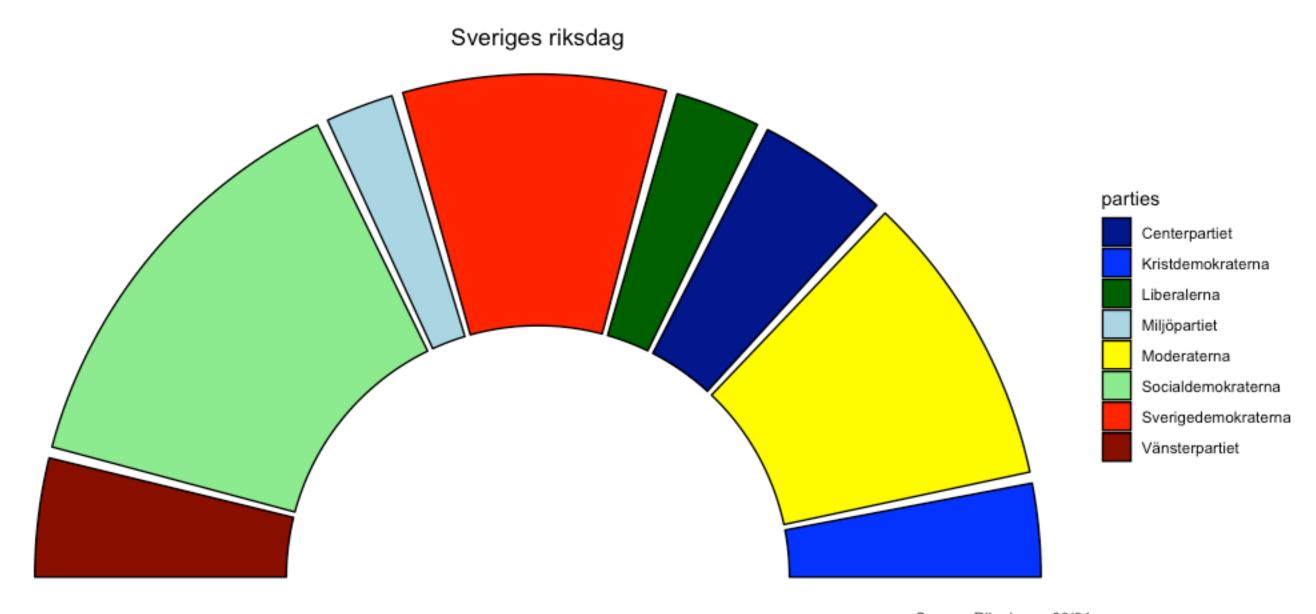


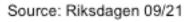
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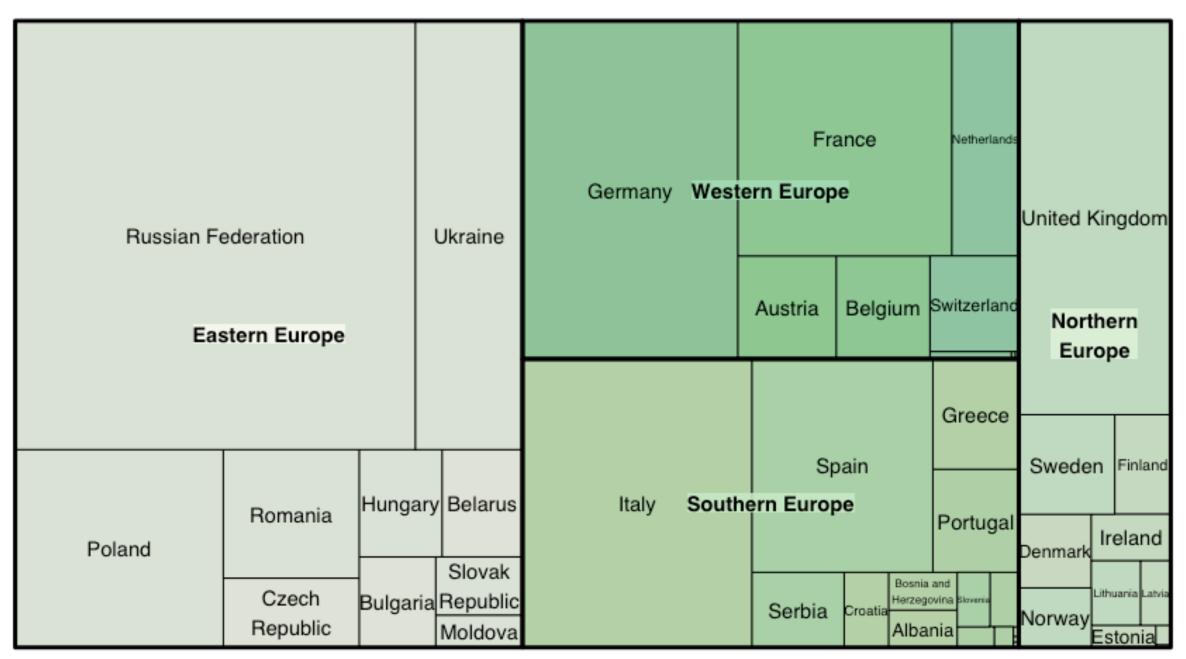






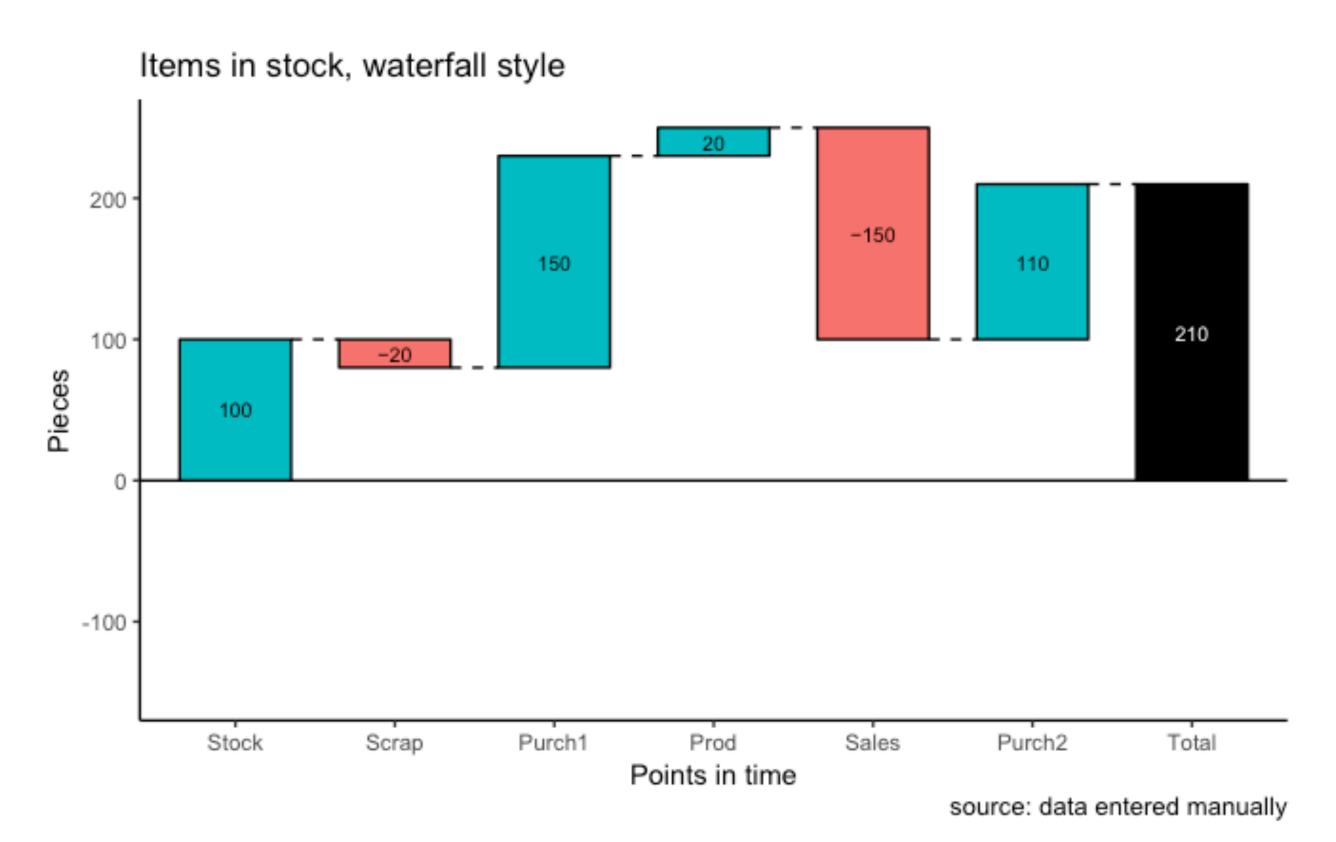
tree maps [treemap]
 display hierarchical data as nested rectangles

Cellphone subscriptions per region/country, Europe



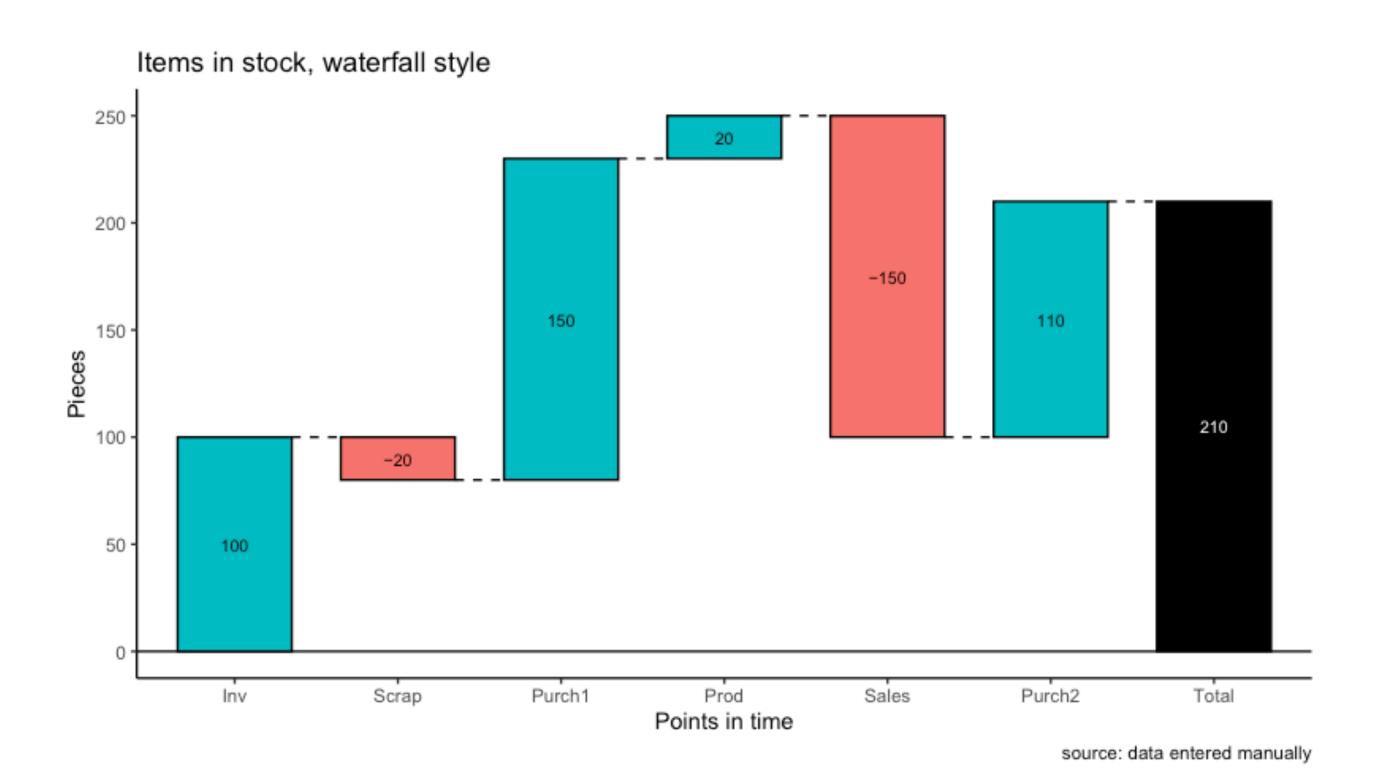


waterfall diagrams [waterfall(s)]
 show up- and down development of a single measure



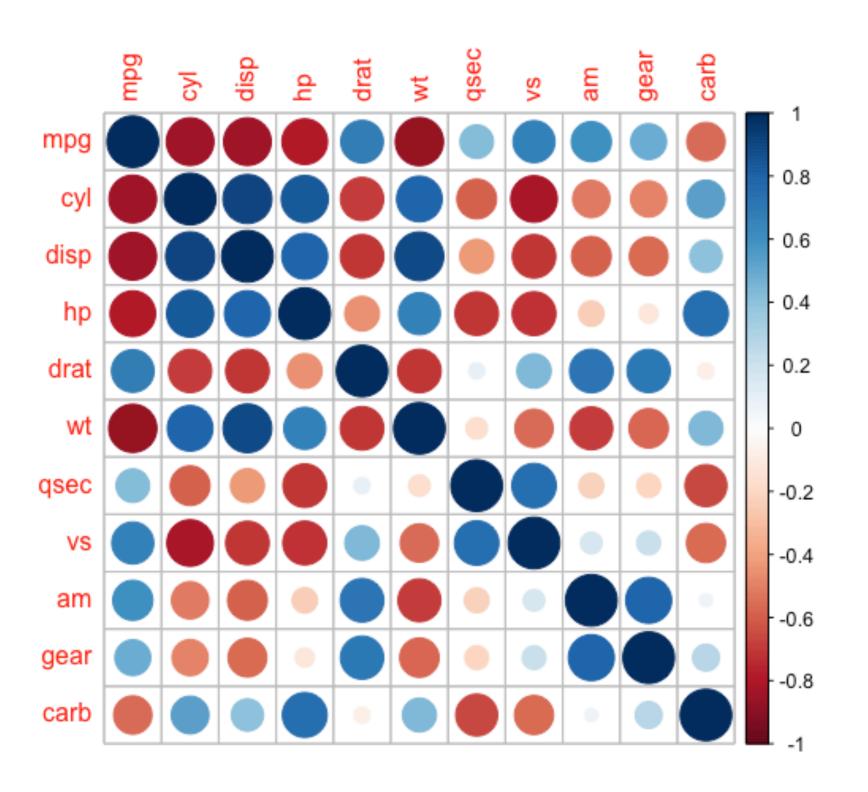


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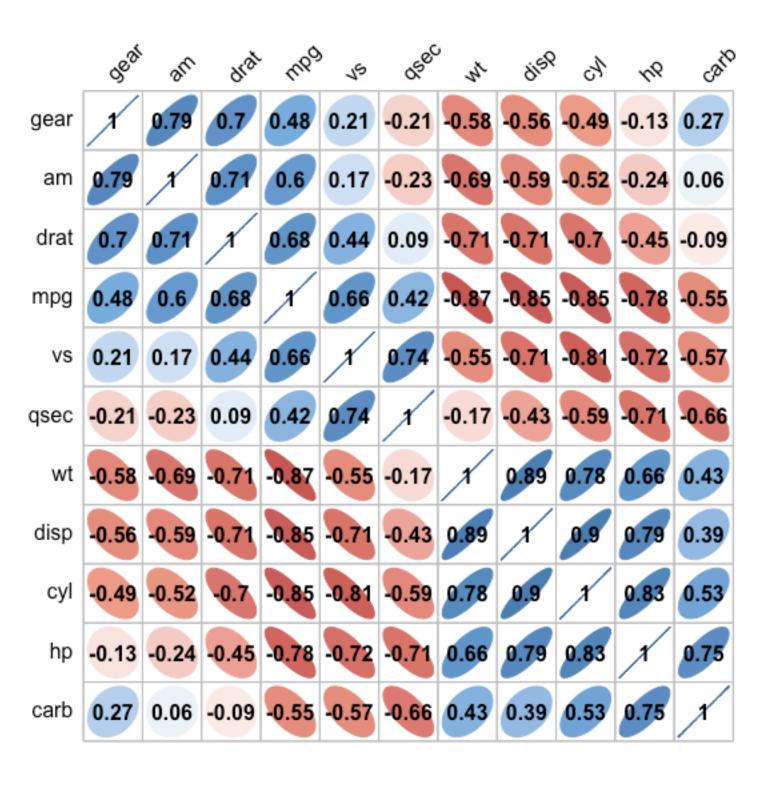


correlograms [(gg)corrplot]
 show correlation between several variables at once

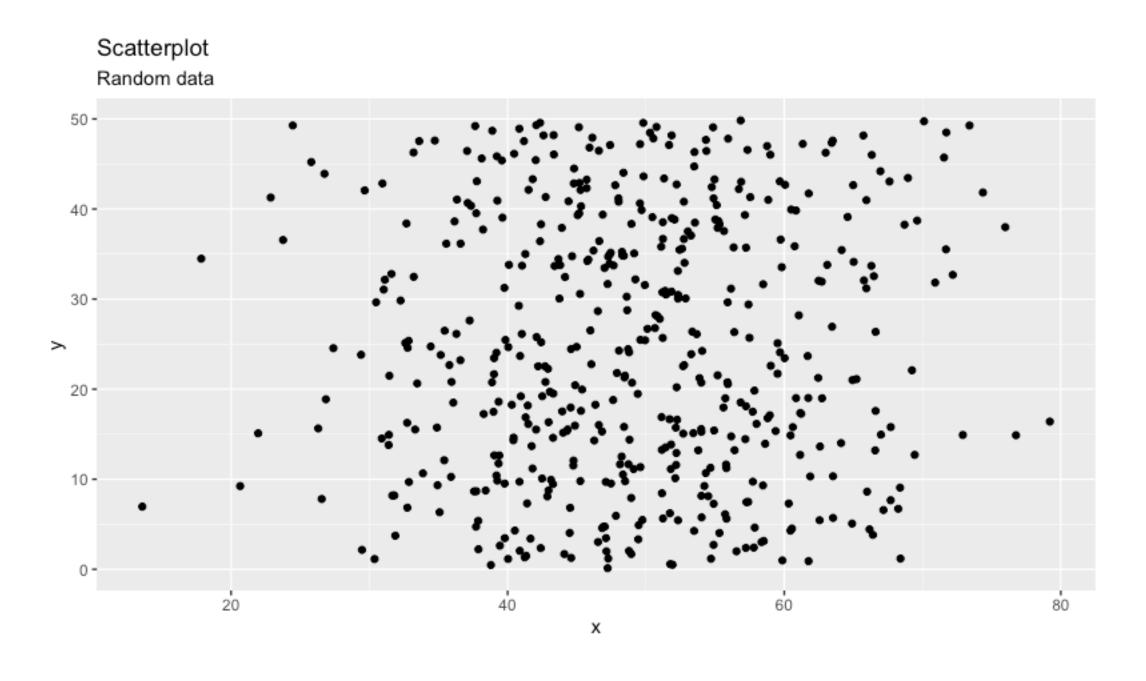




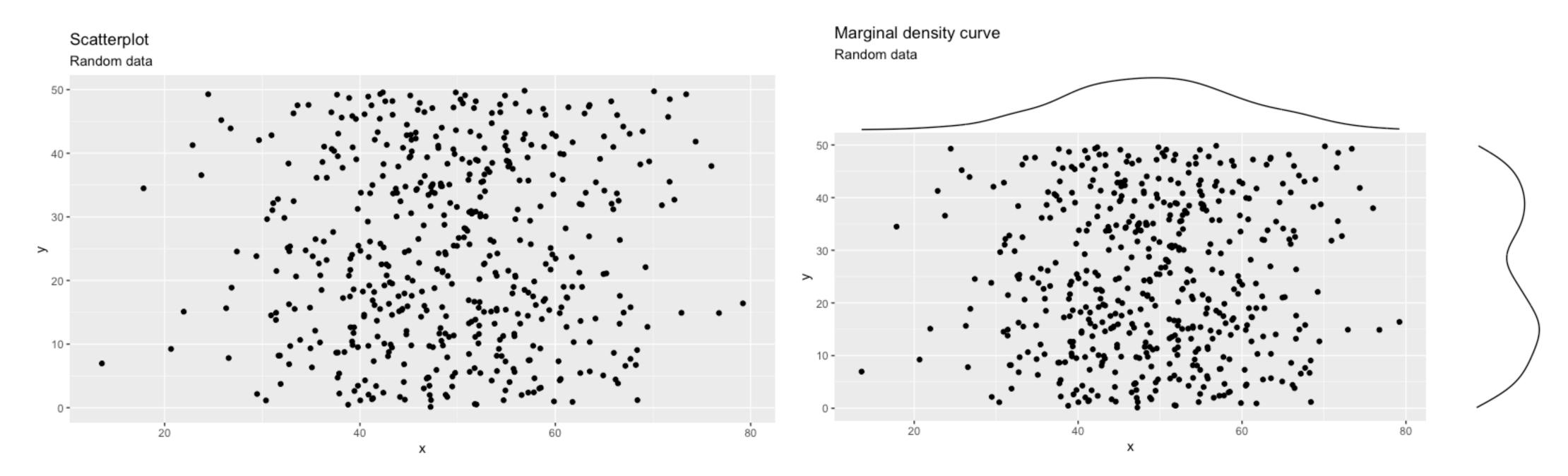
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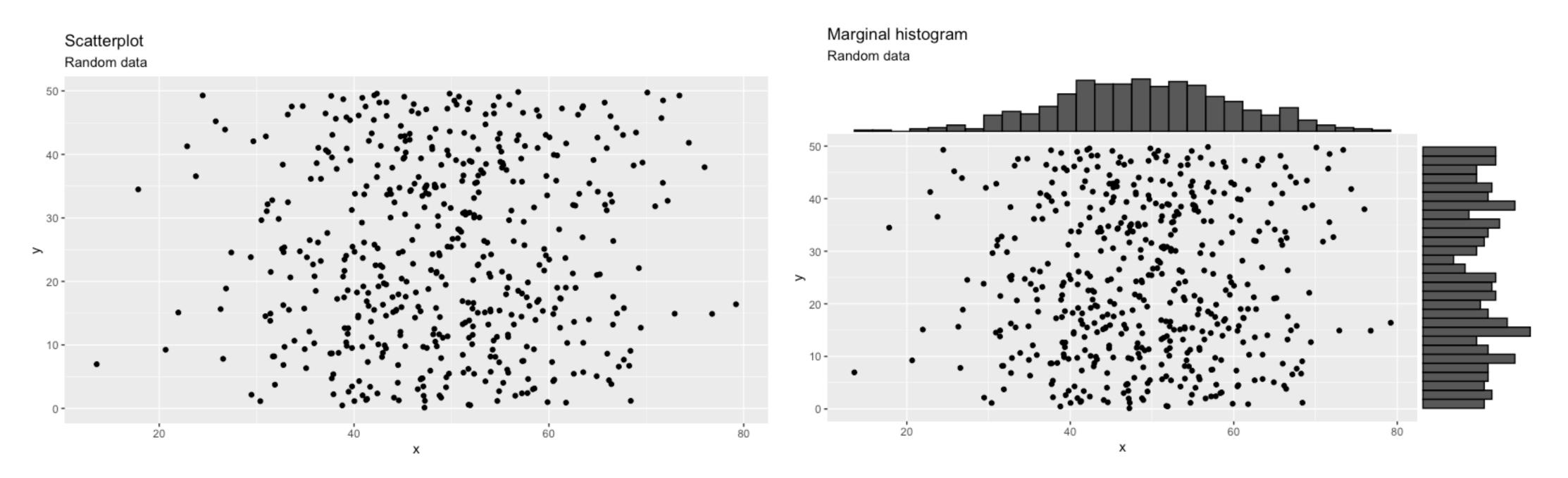




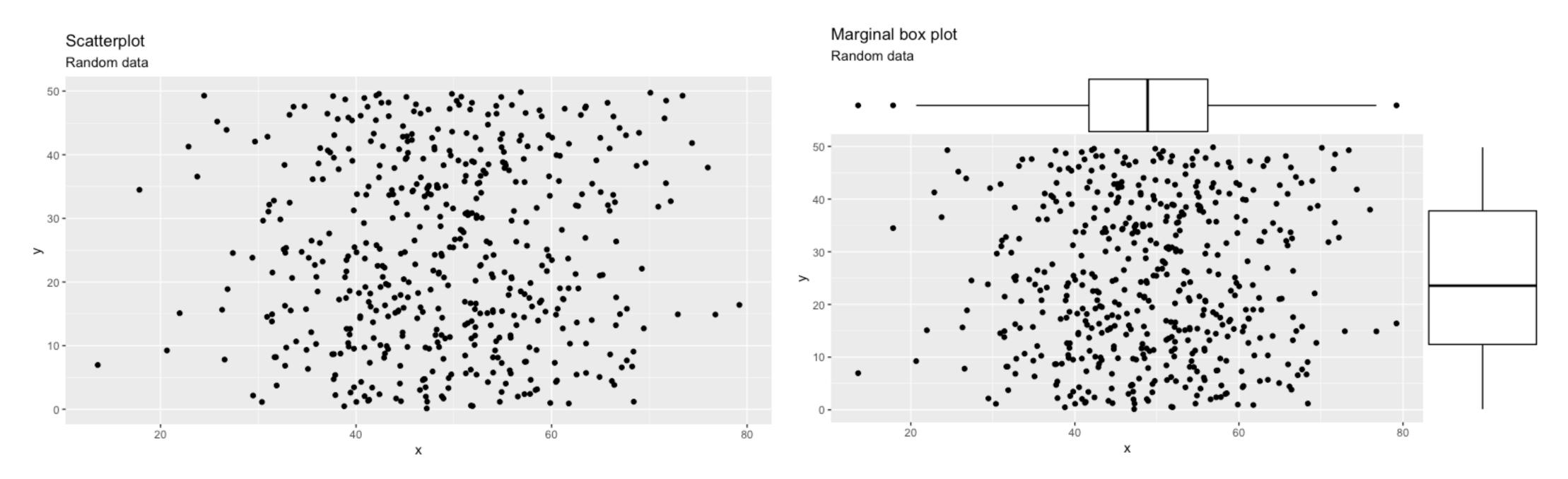








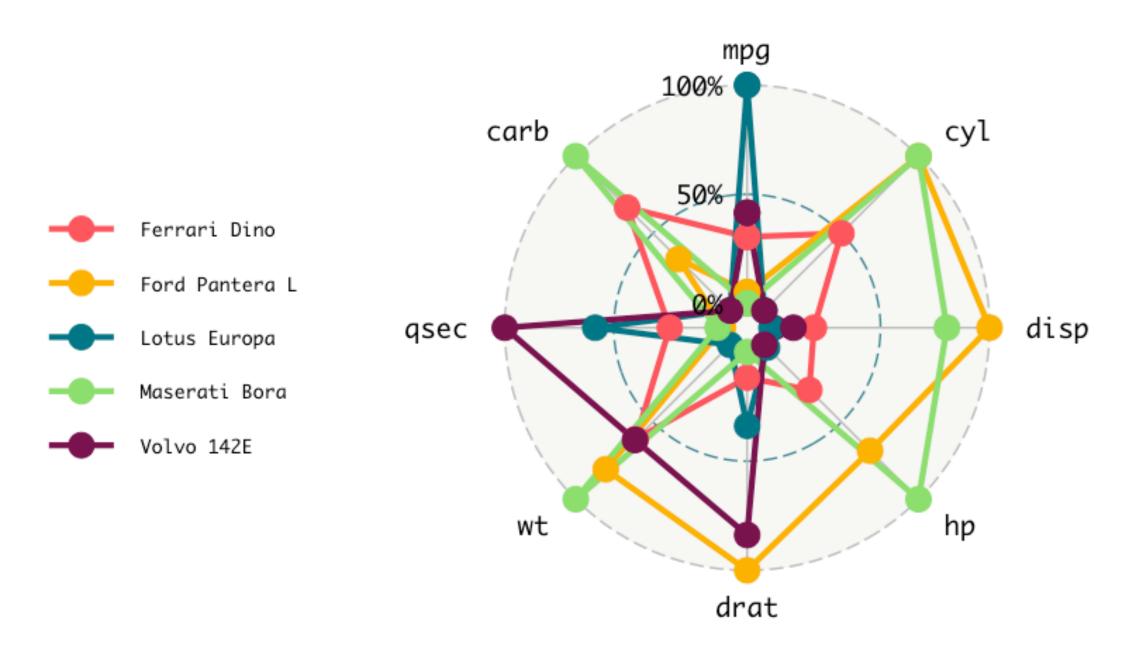






radar charts [ggradar]
 compare multiple measures for few items

Compare multiple properties



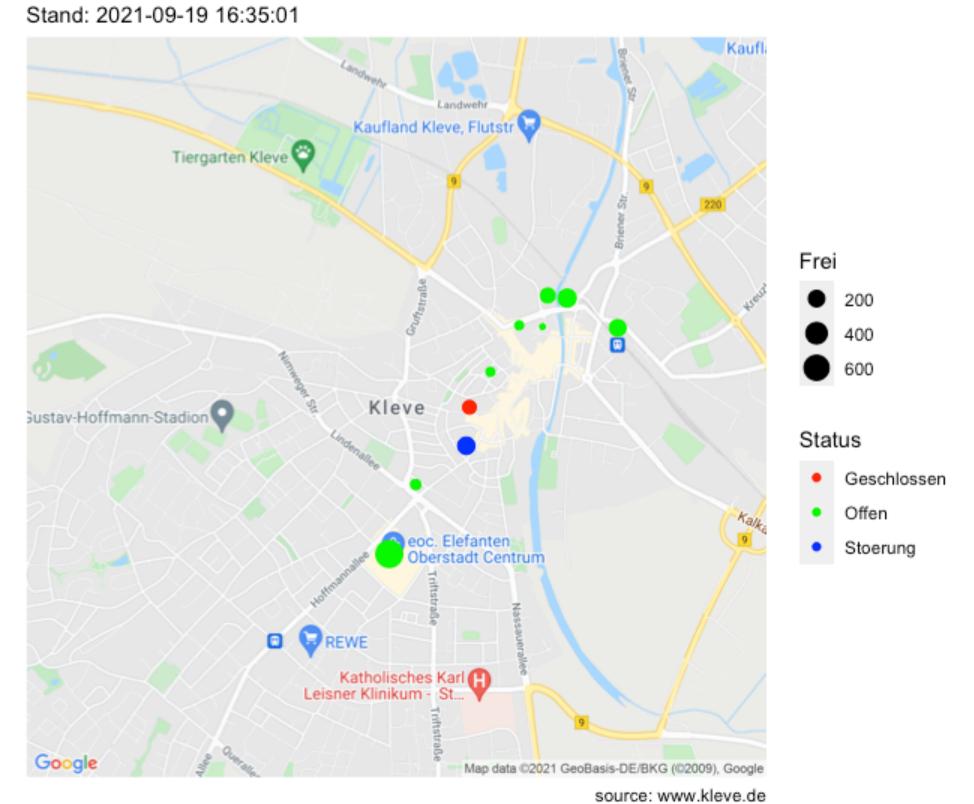


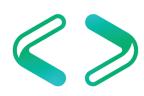
radar charts [ggradar]
 compare multiple measures for few items



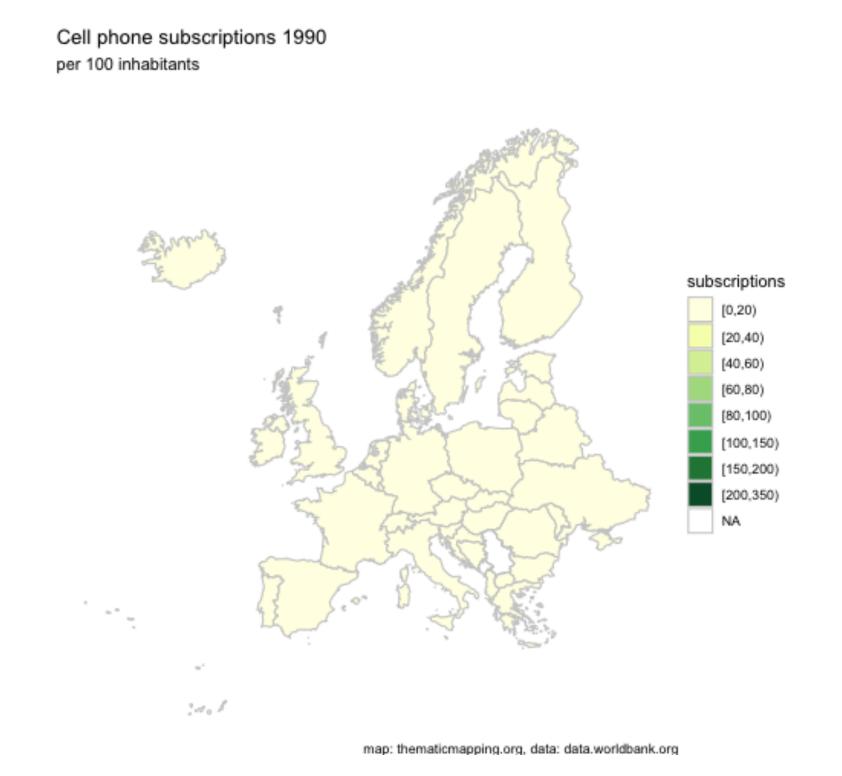
 maps [ggmap] include geospatial information

Parkhäuser in Kleve, freie Plätze



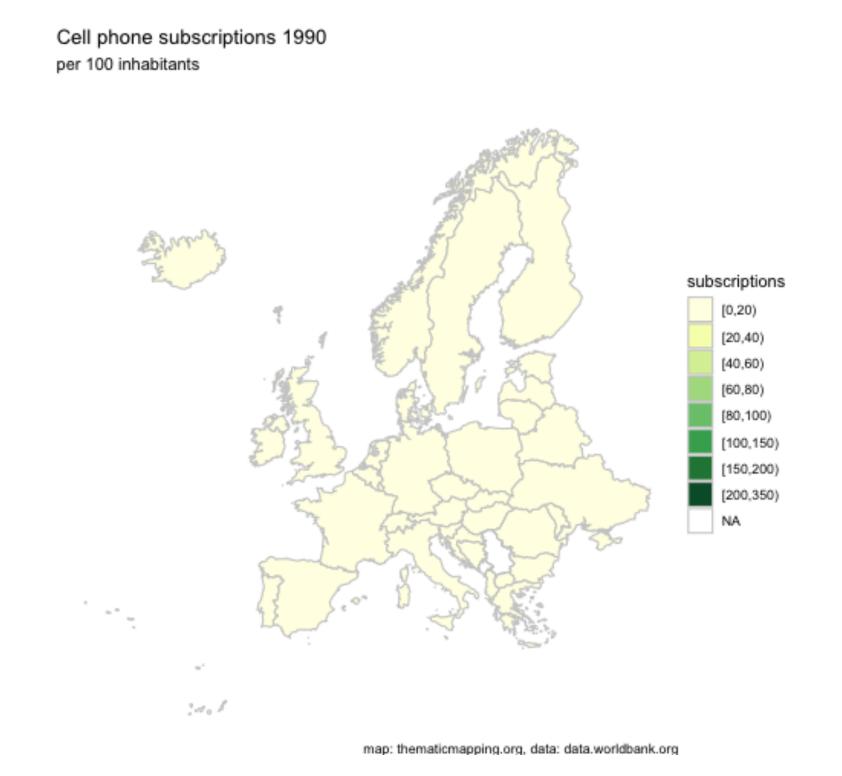


animated plots [gganimate]
 automatically show development over time



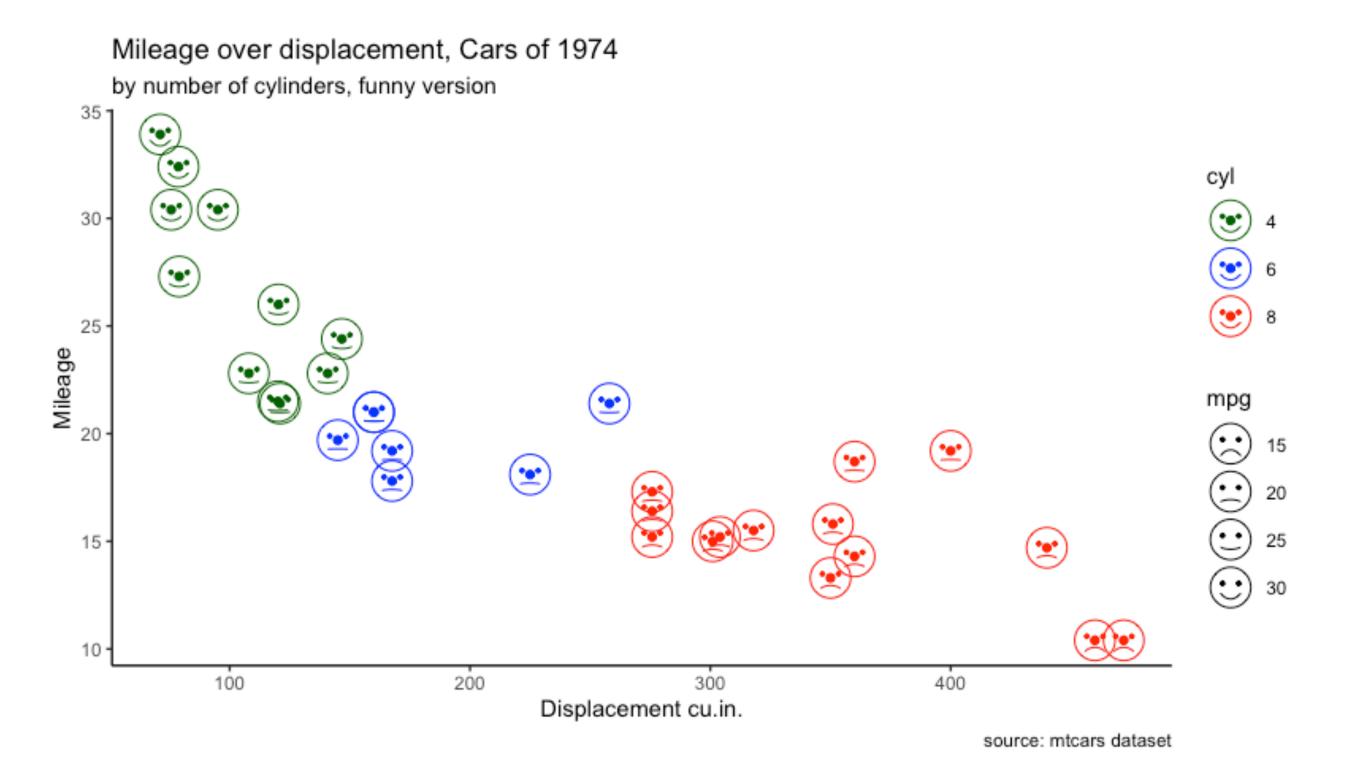


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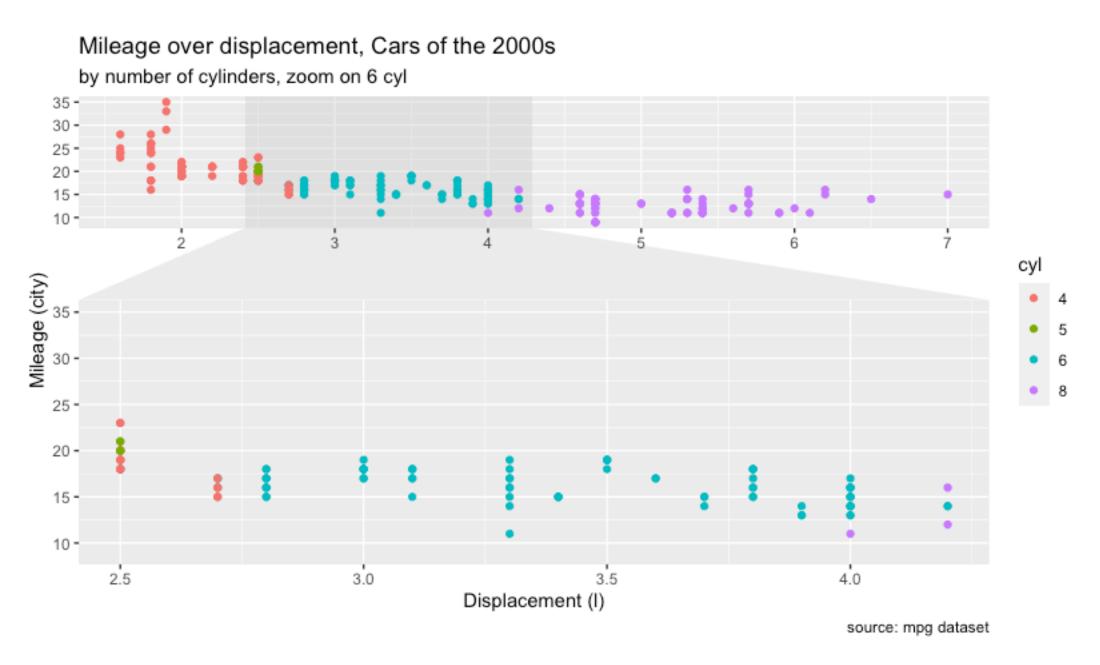


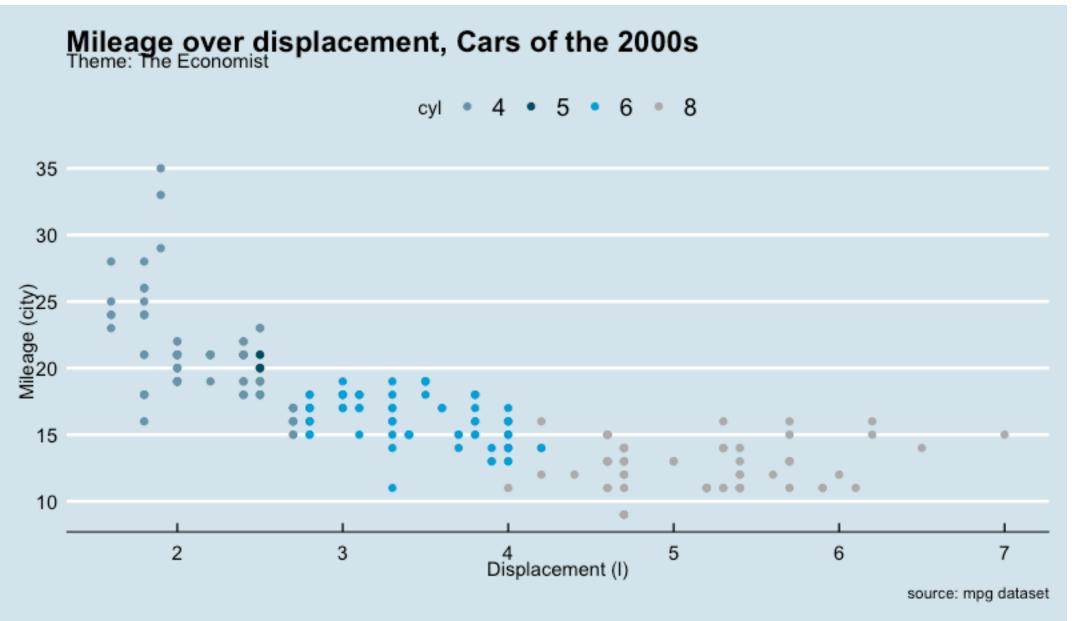
• Chernoff faces [ggChernoff] everyone likes smilies, don't they?





 More extras: facet zooming [ggforce], diverse themes [ggthemes, ggTech], interactive: tooltips [ggiraph]









 Even with open source products like R, a lot is possible in terms of analysis and compelling visualizations



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- Applying the Tidyverse philosophy and tools, ggplot2 and it's extensions, graphs can be constructed in a very concise manner, with very small effort of coding



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- Applying the Tidyverse philosophy and tools, ggplot2 and it's extensions, graphs can be constructed in a very concise manner, with very small effort of coding
- But even in this context sometimes less is more:
 Don't overdo/overload, carefully choose colours/shapes,
 consider the occasion of your presentation
 (Chernoff faces are not suitable for every audience)



Credits & resources / inspired by:

- Get base R and packages: https://cran.r-project.org/index.html
- Get RStudio: https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/
- Selva Prabhakaran's <u>Top 50 ggplot2 Visualizations Master List</u> (use under <u>Creative commens license</u>, referred to as "Top 50 list")
- A list of ggplot2 extensions https://exts.ggplot2.tidyverse.org/
- The ggplot2 reference online http://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/
- R Graphics Cookbook, by Winston Chang, O'Reilly, ISBN 978-1449316952
- R for Data Science, Hadley Wickham & Garrett Grolemund, O'Reilly, ISBN 978-1491910399, also online at http://r4ds.had.co.nz
- Data sources: <u>www.formel1.de</u>, <u>data.worldbank.org</u>, <u>www.kleve.de</u>



Tack så mycket for your interest & keep in touch:

- @DerFredo https://twitter.com/DerFredo
- in de.linkedin.com/in/derfredo
- www.xing.com/profile/Thomas_Huetter



This file and the demo script can be found at: https://j.mp/DerFredoDIS21

