



# SQream Statement Editor

SQream Technologies

Version 2.1.1

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# SQream Statement Editor

Version 2.1.1

## Overview

This guide describes the functionality and benefits of the SQream Statement Editor, and is designed for data analysts working with the SQream database.

## The SQream Statement Editor

The SQream Statement Editor is a database administration tool and easy-to-use client application for the SQream database. It allows data analysts to create and update database objects, such as databases, schemas, tables and views. In addition they can ingest data into the tables and then retrieve data by standard SQL queries.

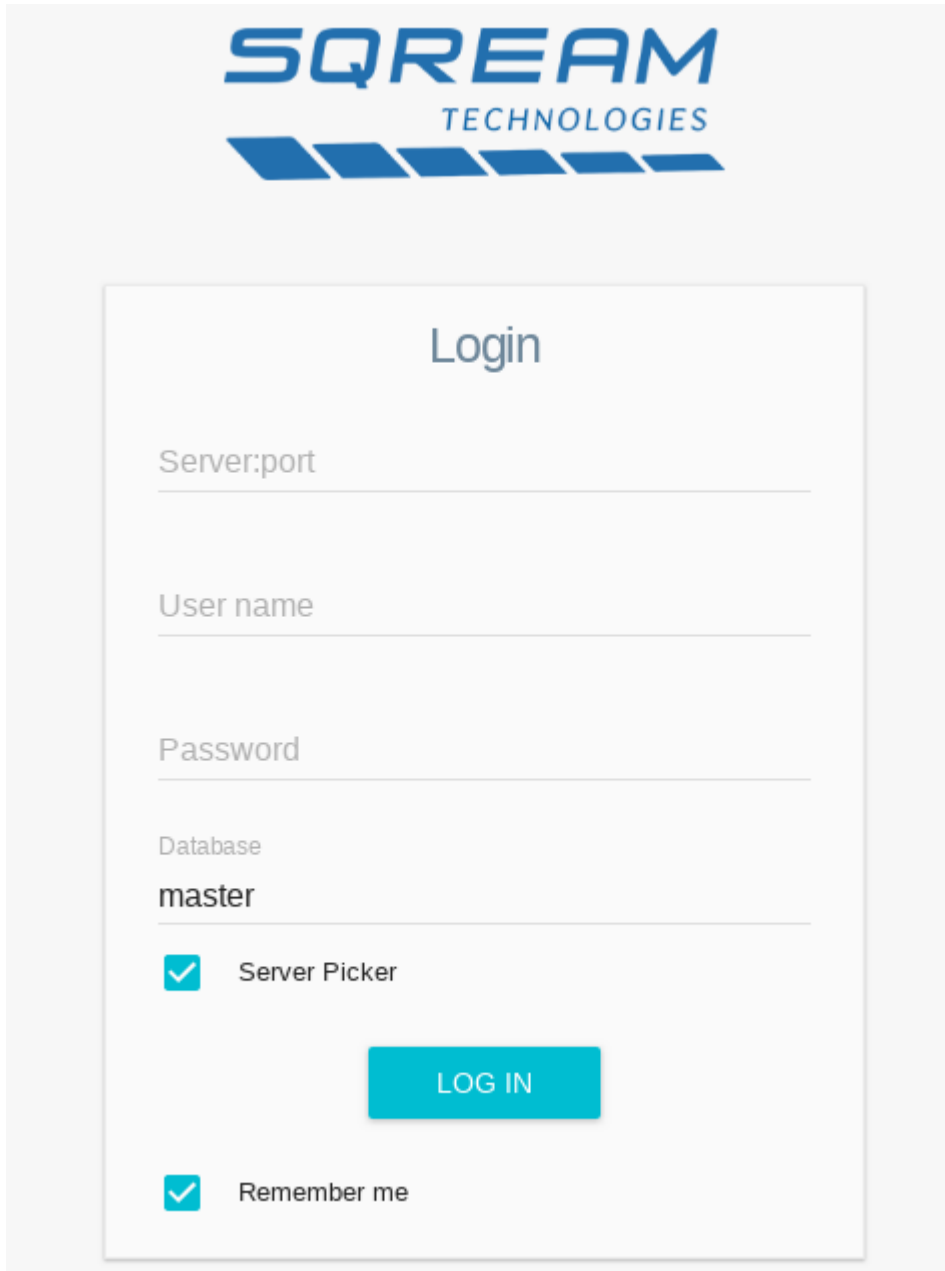
Please note that all database related actions are permission-driven and users must have the appropriate roles to perform their activities in the SQream Statement Editor.

SQream Statement Editor is a web-application and currently supports the Chrome browser only.

## Login

Open your browser and navigate to the URL of your SQream Statement Editor.

This is your login screen:



The login screen features the SQREAM Technologies logo at the top. Below the logo is a white box with a light gray border containing the login form. The form has the title "Login" at the top. It includes four input fields: "Server:port", "User name", "Password", and "Database". The "Database" field is pre-filled with the text "master". Below the "Database" field is a checked checkbox labeled "Server Picker". At the bottom of the form is a teal "LOG IN" button. Below the button is another checked checkbox labeled "Remember me".

*Figure 1. Login Screen*

Log in with your SQream DB credentials, including server IP and port, username and respective password, and database name. It is recommended to connect to the Load Balancer (Server Picker) of the SQream database. Check the respective check box.

Then click `LOGIN`.

If this is your first connection, the **master** database is your default database.

**TIP:**

For AWS cloud users, the default credentials are:

**Username:** sqream

**Password:** <Your EC2 Instance ID>.

## The Statement Editor

The Statement Editor contains the following panes:

- **Toolbar** - Use the Toolbar at the top to select the database you want to work on, use **RUN** to execute a statement.
- **Database Tree** - Use the left Database Tree pane to view and manage all of the objects in one or more databases. For example, add or drop a table.
- **Editor** - In the Editor pane you write your statements. The Editor supports multiple tabs, whereas each tab can point to a different database.
- **Results** - Shows the results of the queries. Any time you run a query, the Results pane opens a new tab with updated query results. This allows you to view ad-hoc results in addition to queries you ran previously in the system.

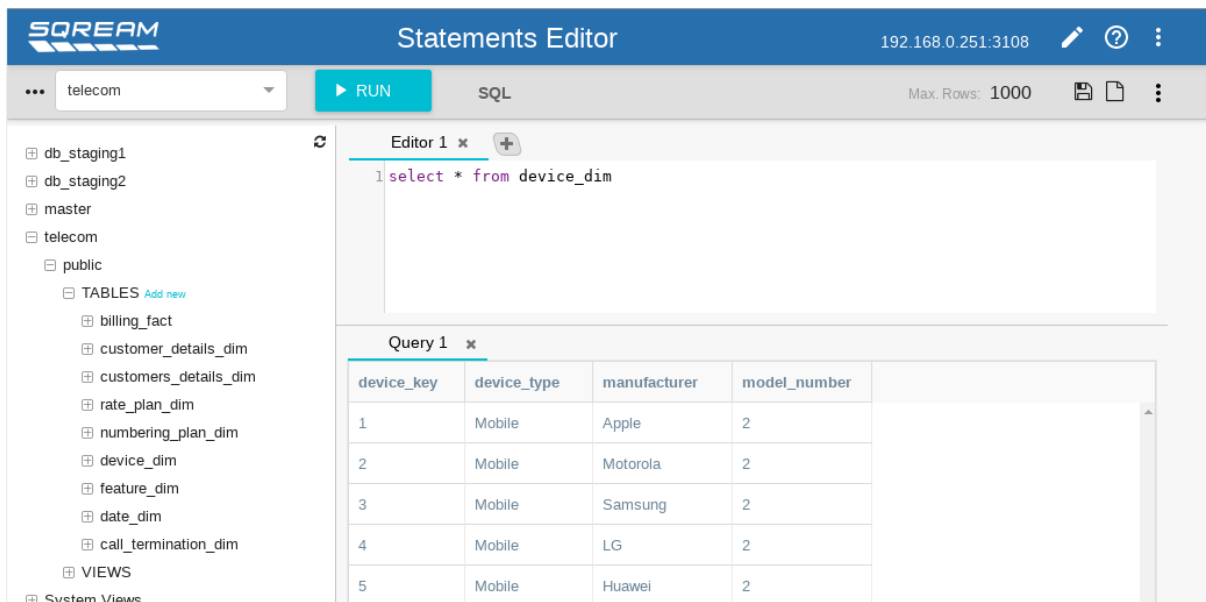
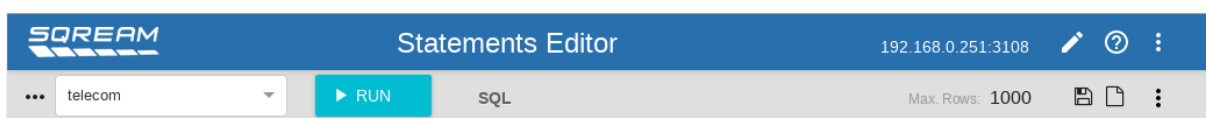



Figure 2. Statements Editor


## Toolbar




Features of the toolbar:

- **Toggle Database Tree** - Click  to show or hide the Database Tree pane.
- **Database** - Select the database you want to work on from the dropdown list.



- **Run/Stop** - Use the  button to execute the query in the Editor pane. Use same button to stop the query.
- **SQL** - Use the **SQL** link to format your database query into a well-formatted script.
- **Max. Rows** - By default the system limits the result set to 1000 rows. You can change this if required.
- **Save** - Save the query in the editor as a text file to your local computer.
- **Load** - Load a query from a text file on your local computer.
- **Append new results** - When checked, every query execution will open a new Results tab. If not checked the Results tab is replaced and overwritten.





## Editor

After you selected the database in the toolbar, you can start writing your query in the Editor pane. To execute the query click  in the toolbar.

Typically you open multiple Editor tabs to separate your queries. Each Editor tab can run a query on a different database.

You can have multiple queries in one Editor pane, then highlight one query only and execute it.

The Editor supports several keyboard shortcuts:

-  - Execute the query in your Editor pane, or execute the highlighted part of your query in your Editor pane.
-  - Auto-complete feature.
-  - Switch to next Editor tab.
-  - Switch to previous Editor tab.

### NOTE:

For the complete list of supported SQL statements and respective commands please refer to the SQream SQL Reference Guide under the "Data Definition Language".

## Results

The Results pane shows the query results and the execution time for the query. If an error occurred, a red error message appears.

Additional functionality: Right mouse click the query results tab, allows you to rename the results query tab name, show the SQL query, reload the results, close the current results tab or all result tabs.

### NOTE:


Remember, the number of returned rows is limited by default to 1000 rows. Change it if necessary.

## Sort Results

Once the query results appear in the Results pane, you can sort them ascending or descending by single click on the column name.

## Show Statistics

Query 1 ✕

 7.00 sec
[SHOW STATISTICS](#)


While the query executes, you can see the progress in the Results pane: Hour glass and number of seconds.

Click the **SHOW STATISTICS** link to review the query statistics, such as the query's execution plan and performance metrics during execution. This feature is an advanced monitoring tool. It is typically used when you encounter performance issues and you want to send more information to the SQream support team.

## Copy Query Results to Clipboard or to a File

Query 1 ✕

calendar_year	calendar_year_month	plan_name	calls	total_minutes	
2014	201402	PLAN_UNLIMIT	141405877	141378933	

 11.464 sec
[COPY TO CLIPBOARD](#)
[SAVE TO FILE](#)
Results: 12

Query results can be saved to the clipboard or a local file. Use the **COPY TO CLIPBOARD** link or **SAVE TO FILE** link to save the results in CSV format to either clipboard or local file.

## Database Tree

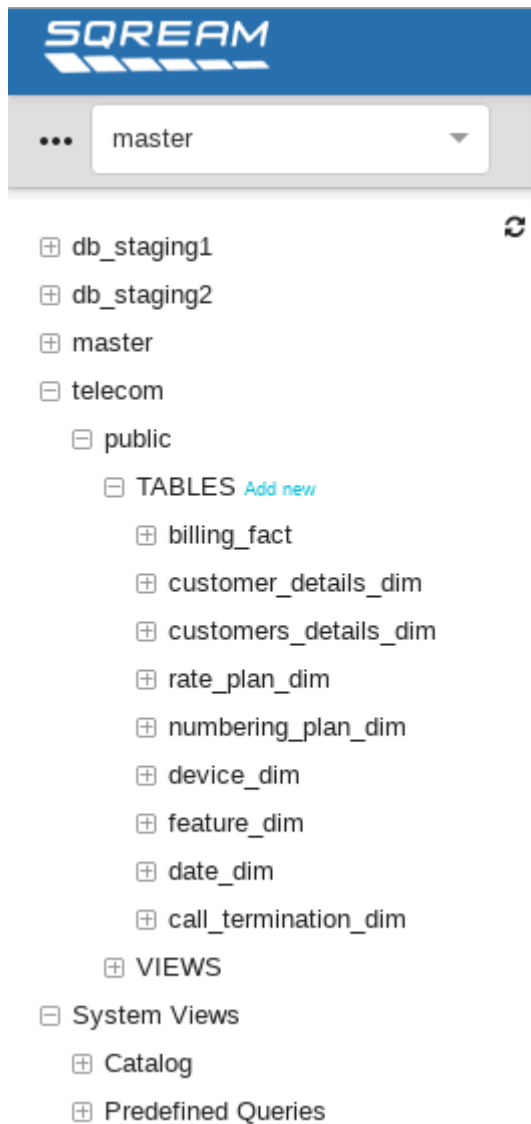


Figure 3. Database Tree

The Database Tree pane shows the various databases and database objects, such as tables and views. In addition it allows you to view metadata information and run pre-defined queries for statistics.

Using the Database Tree pane you can create new tables, rename the table, truncate or drop a table. You can create DDL scripts for a single table or all tables of a database.

### Database Level

Right mouse click on the database name, allows you to copy the DDL script to create all tables of this database to the clipboard.

### *Schema Level*

Right mouse click on the schema name, allows you to copy the script to drop this schema to the clipboard.

### *Table Level*

Right mouse click on the table name offers the following actions. All of them (except Show row count) create a database script to be copied to the clipboard. You can use these scripts in the editor or save them to a file.

- Get DDL: Creates a database script to create this table
- Show row count, equivalent to "select count (\*) from table"
- SELECT to clipboard
- INSERT to clipboard
- DELETE to clipboard
- Rename table
- Create table LIKE
- Add column
- Truncate table
- Drop table

### *Create a new table*

Add a new table by running a statement, or alternatively use the **Add new** link. The **Create a new table** dialog opens. Fill out the required information and click **EXEC**.

## Create a new table

Table Name:

#	Name	Type	Allow null	Default	Identity
1	Field name	INTEGER ▼	<input type="checkbox"/>	NULL	<input type="checkbox"/>



[ADD ROW](#)

☐ Create or Replace table

[CANCEL](#)

[EXEC](#)

Figure 4. Create a new Table

## System Views - Catalog

The SQream Database catalog or information schema consists of views that contain information about all database objects. This provides access to database metadata, column types, tables and their row-counts, etc.

☐ System Views

☐ Catalog

databases

schemas

tables

views

columns

To retrieve information from the catalog views click the catalog view name in the left pane, for example **databases**. The Editor then populates the relevant database query and runs it. Review the results in the results pane.

For the full list of available catalog views, their description and usage please refer to the SQream SQL Reference Guide under the "Catalog (information schema)".

### System Views - Predefined Queries

The predefined queries allow you to retrieve performance related information using predefined queries on the catalog views. This information is typically used by support team members or advanced DBAs to analyze database internal data, such as chunk size, compression rate or physical size of a specific table.

- [-] System Views
  - [+] Catalog
  - [-] Predefined Queries
    - Average chunk size and rows per table
    - Table size and compression ratio
    - Users and Permissions
    - Physical storage tables files size
    - Show server status

To run a predefined query click the query name in the left pane, for example **Average chunk size and rows per table**. The Editor then populates the relevant database query and runs it. Review the results in the results pane.

## Documentation



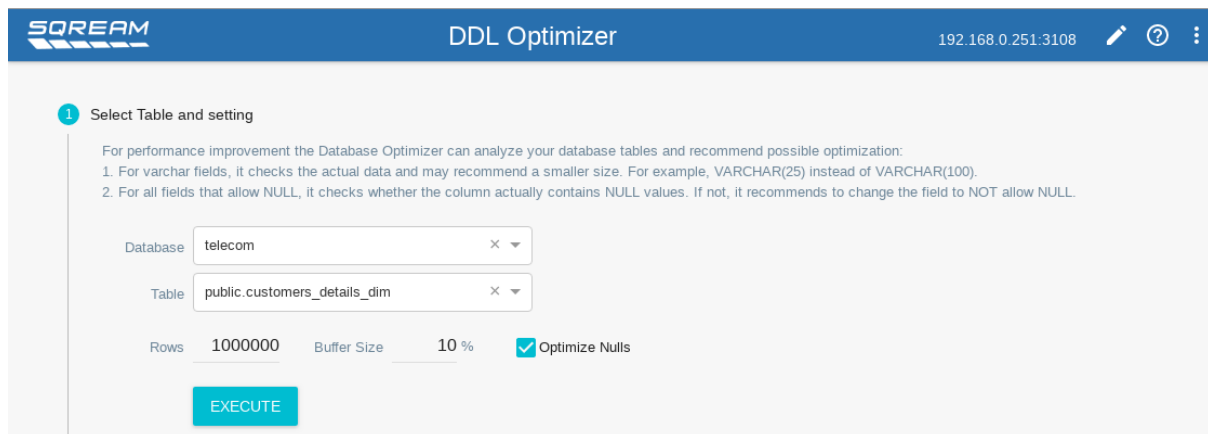
Use the documentation icon at your top right corner to open the list of available SQream support documentation.

## DDL Optimizer

The DDL Optimizer module allows you to analyze your database tables and recommend possible optimization:

- For varchar fields, it checks the actual data and may recommend a smaller size. For example, VARCHAR(25) instead of VARCHAR(100).
- For all fields that allow NULL, it checks whether the column actually contains NULL values. If not, it recommends to change the field to NOT allow NULL.

### Select Table and Settings



The screenshot shows the DDL Optimizer web interface. At the top is a blue header with the SQREAM logo, the title 'DDL Optimizer', and a status bar showing the IP address '192.168.0.251:3108' along with edit, help, and menu icons. The main content area is titled '1 Select Table and setting'. It contains a paragraph explaining the optimizer's purpose and two numbered steps. Below the text are two dropdown menus for 'Database' (set to 'telecom') and 'Table' (set to 'public.customers\_details\_dim'). Further down are input fields for 'Rows' (1000000) and 'Buffer Size' (10 %), followed by a checked checkbox for 'Optimize Nulls'. A blue 'EXECUTE' button is at the bottom.

- From the dropdown box select the database and respective table.
- Rows: The number of rows in the table to run the optimization process on. 1,000,000 is the default.
- Buffer Size: For VARCHAR optimization the system checks the actual data length of the field and adds a buffer to the recommendation. 10% is the default.
- Optimize NULLs: Select this checkbox to activate the optimization for fields that allow NULL.

Click **EXECUTE** to start the optimization process.



## Optimizer Results

2 Optimizer Results

OPTIMIZED COLUMNS

OPTIMIZED DDL

Column Name	Column Type	Actual Size	Optimized Size	Null Optimize
cust_name	varchar	32	8	✓
cust_sex	varchar	2	1	
cust_city	varchar	32	9	
cust_state	varchar	32	3	
cust_zip	varchar	8	6	

COPY DDL TO CLIPBOARD

CREATE A NEW TABLE

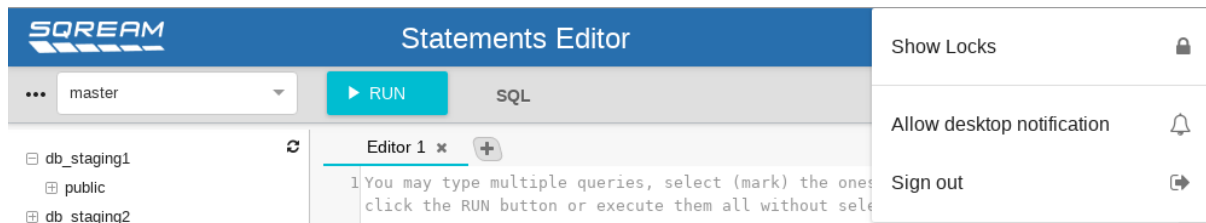
GENERATE AND INSERT INTO EXISTING DATA

BACK

In the OPTIMIZED COLUMNS tab you can review the system recommendation to (1) decrease the length of VARCHAR fields or (2) remove the allow NULL option. In the OPTIMIZED DDL tab you can review the DDL statement to create the recommended table.

- **COPY DDL TO CLIPBOARD** - Copies the DDL statement to create the recommended table to the clipboard
- **CREATE A NEW TABLE** - Creates a new table in same database and schema as the original table. New table name = [table\_name]\_new. No data is populated to the new table.
- **CREATE AND INSERT INTO EXISTING DATA** - Create a new table in same database and schema as the original table and populates the data.

## Allow Desktop Notification



*Figure 6. Allow Desktop Notification*

While a long query is executing you might want to get notified once the query has finished. This allows you to switch to another browser tab or another application, and get a notification to your desktop when the query is over.

Enable the desktop notification through the **Allow Desktop Notification** from your top right menu options.