

# **SQream Connector Native C++**

**SQream Technologies** 

Version 1.2.0



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## **Table of Contents**

Table of Contents	3
SQream Connector Native C++	4
The SQream Native C++ Connector - Overview	4
API Reference	4
Connection	4
Statement	5
Helper functions	5
High level protocol functions	7
Code Samples	9
Import and establish a connection	9
Code Samples	9
Import and establish a connection	9
Run a query - Create a table	9
Run a query - Insert values into table	9
Run a query - Get column values from table	10
Run a query - Use bulk insert to insert large amount of data in a programmatic way	10
Run a query - Starting and finishing	11



## **SQream Connector Native C++**

Version 1.2.0

## The SQream Native C++ Connector - Overview

- This guide describes the implementation of the SQream Native C++ connector and is designed for SQream DB administrators and developers.
- The SQream Native C++ connector gives structures to initialize a connection, run SQL queries through the connection (statements), enables network streaming (insert, select).
- SQream connector protocol version: 7

## **API** Reference

To use the functions include the connector main .h file ("SQream-cpp-connector.h"). This will give the application access to the interfaces. It is also needed later to possess the .so of the library in a way that the using program can compile and link to it.

The connector functions are situated in the name space "sqream::driver::" and for the rest of the documentation all the functions are assumed to be called using this name space.

#### Connection

Table 1. Initializing and closing connections

Function	Description
driver()	The constructor creating the handle
	to the connection
<pre>connect(const std::string &amp;ipv4,int port,bool ssl,const std::string &amp;username,const std::string &amp;password,const std::string &amp;database),std::string &amp;service)</pre>	Connects the handle to the sqream, accessing its database ipv4 - IP address as a string. port - port number SQream is listening on. ssl - True / false. If true, connect to SQream using SSL port.



Function	Description
	username, password
	- connection
	credentials.
	default is 'sqream'
	for both.
	database - name of
	database to connect
	to.
	service - name of
	the service to
	connect to.
disconnect()	Close the
	connection handle
	and reset the
	driver

## **Statement**

Table 2. Statement execution

Function	Description
<pre>new_query(const std::string &amp;sql_ query)</pre>	Starts a new statement resetting any statement related datas and follows it by Prepare
execute_query()	<pre>Executes the statement of the current statement. Needs to be called after new_query () (This advance the SQL query from Prepare -&gt; Execute).</pre>
<pre>next_query_row (const size_t min_put_ size=CONSTS::MIN_ PUT_SIZE)</pre>	On an insert query - start setting the next row for insertion. SQream does not support partial inserts. If min_put_size is set, the connector will flush and put the rows if the buffer size is bigger than this value. If the function is called without argument a default value of 67108864 bytes (64 MiB) is set for comparison with the buffer size.  On a select query - move to next row index to start selecting items from various columns using get() functions, the min_put_size argument has no influence on select.
finish_query()	Closes the statement

## **Helper functions**



Table 3. Additional functions in order to accomplish a broader amount of operations or give access to some internal numbers. Their namespace is "sqream::" only

Function	Description
<pre>new_query_execute (sqream::driver *drv,std::string sql_query)</pre>	Operates the protocol until the statement is executed, this function is a shortcut and set_types or get_ types functions can be executed right after
<pre>void run_direct_query (sqream::driver *drv,std::string sql_query)</pre>	Executes a query from start to end (closes the statement). This function is a shortcut for when you don't need to see any input/output like a DDL type of query ("create table" etc)
<pre>std::vector<sqream::column> get_metadata(driver *drv)</sqream::column></pre>	Returns the metadata of the current statement if available (after a Prepare) or else an empty vector
<pre>uint32_t retrieve_ statement_id(sqream::driver *drv)</pre>	Returns the current statement id, will throw an error if no statement is executed
<pre>sqream::CONSTS::statement_ type retrieve_statement_ type(sqream::driver *drv)</pre>	Returns the enum representing the type of statement currently executing. A statement can be a select, an insert or a DML (direct)
<pre>uint32_t date(int32_t year,int32_t month,int32_t day)</pre>	Convert date to sqream date (Julian day number, stored in an uint)
<pre>uint64_t datetime(int32_t year,int32_t month,int32_t day,int32_t hour,int32_t minute,int32_t second,int32_t millisecond) sqream::date_t make_date</pre>	Convert datetime to sqream datetime (Julian day number, stored in an uint in the high 32 bits and Julian day fraction stored in an uint in the low 32 bits)  Convert sqream date to sqream::date_
<pre>(uint32_t date) sqream::datetime_t make_ datetime(uint64_t datetime)</pre>	t structure  Convert sqream datetime to sqream::datetime_t structure



## High level protocol functions

Table 4. Retrieve results from a select query by column index

Function	Description
is_null(size_t	Check whether the value in column index col_
col_id)	id is a null
get_bool(size_t	Get bool value from column index col_id at
col_id)	the current row
<pre>get_ubyte(size_t</pre>	Get uint8_t value from column index col_id
col_id)	at the current row
<pre>get_short(size_t</pre>	Get int16_t value from column index col_id
col_id)	at the current row
get_int(size_t	Get int32_t value from column index col_id
col_id)	at the current row
<pre>get_long(size_t</pre>	Get int64_t value from column index col_id
col_id)	at the current row
<pre>get_float(size_t</pre>	Get float value from column index col_id at
col_id)	the current row
<pre>get_double(size_t</pre>	Get double value from column index col_id at
col_id)	the current row
<pre>get_date(size_t</pre>	Get uint32_t value from column index col_id
col_id)	at the current row
<pre>get_datetime(size_</pre>	Get uint64_t value from column index col_id
t col_id)	at the current row
get_varchar(size_t	Get string value from column index col_id at
col_id)	the current row
get_nvarchar(size_	Get string value from column index col_id at
t col_id)	the current row

Table 5. Retrieve results from a select query by column name

Function	Description
is_null(string col_	Check whether the value in column named
name)	col_name is a null
get_bool(string	Get Boolean value from column named col_
col_name)	name at the current row
get_ubyte(String	Get UByte value from column named col_name
col_name)	at the current row
<pre>get_short(string</pre>	Get Short value from column named col_name
col_name)	at the current row
<pre>get_int(string col_</pre>	Get Int value from column named col_name at
name)	the current row
get_long(string	Get Long value from column named col_name



Function	Description
col_name)	at the current row
<pre>get_float(string</pre>	Get Float value from column named col_name
col_name)	at the current row
<pre>get_double(string</pre>	Get Double value from column named col_name
col_name)	at the current row
<pre>get_date(string</pre>	Get Date value from column named col_name
col_name)	at the current row
<pre>get_datetime(string</pre>	Get Datetime value from column named col_
col_name)	name at the current row
<pre>get_varchar(string</pre>	Get Varchar value from column named col_
col_name)	name at the current row
get_nvarchar(string	Get Nvarchar value from column named col_
col_name)	name at the current row

Table 6. Set data by index following a bulk insert query

Function	Description
set_null(size_t col)	Set column at index col in the current row to null
<pre>set_bool(size_t col, bool val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Boolean in the current row
<pre>set_ubyte(size_t col, uint8_t val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type UByte in the current row - unsignted bytes only
<pre>set_short(size_t col, uint16_t val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Short in the current row
<pre>set_int(size_t col, uint32_t val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Int in the current row
<pre>set_long(size_t col, uint64_t val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Long in the current row
<pre>set_float(size_t col, float val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Float in the current row
<pre>set_double(size_t col, double val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Double in the current row
<pre>set_date(size_t col, uint32_t val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Date in the current row
<pre>set_datetime(size_t col, uint64_t val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Datetime in the current row
<pre>set_varchar(size_t col, string val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Varchar in the current row
<pre>set_nvarchar(size_t col, string val)</pre>	Set column at index col of type Nvarchar in the current row



## **Code Samples**

### Import and establish a connection

```
Example
#include "SQream-cpp-connector.h"

// Connection parameters: IP, Port, Database, Username, Password
sqream::driver sqc;
sqc.connect("127.0.0.1", 5000, false, "sqream", "sqream",
"master");
```

### **Code Samples**

#### Import and establish a connection

```
Example
#include "SQream-cpp-connector.h"

// Connection parameters: IP, Port, Database, Username, Password
sqream::driver sqc;
sqc.connect("127.0.0.1", 5000, false, "sqream", "sqream",
"master");
```

## Run a query - Create a table

```
Example
string statement = "create or replace table table_name (int_
column int)";
sqc.new_query(statement);
sqc.execute_query();
sqc.finish_query();

OR

run_direct_query(&sqc, "create or replace table table_name (int_
column int)");
```

## Run a query - Insert values into table

```
Example
string statement = "insert into table_name(int_column) values
(5), (6), (7), (8)";
sqc.new_query(statement);
sqc.execute_query();
```



```
sqc.finish_query();

OR

run_direct_query(&sqc, "insert into table_name(int_column) values

(5), (6), (7), (8)");
```

## Run a query - Get column values from table

# Run a query - Use bulk insert to insert large amount of data in a programmatic way

```
Example

// Example of classic Set data loop, using network streaming (also
called Network Insert)
int len = 3;
int row1[len] = {1,2,3};
string row2[len] = {"s1","s2","s3"};

string statement = "create or replace table table_name (int_
column int, varchar_column varchar(10))";
run_direct_query(&sqc, statement);

// each interrogation symbol represents a column to which the
network insertion can push
statement = "insert into table_name(int_column, varchar_column)
values(?, ?)";
sqc.new_query(statement);
sqc.execute_query();
```



```
for (int idx = 0; idx < len; idx ++) {
    sqc.set_int(0, row1[idx]);  // put a value at column 0 of
    the table
        sqc.set_varchar(1, row2[idx]);  // put a value at column 1 of
    the table
        sqc.next_query_row();
}
sqc.finish_query();</pre>
```

## Run a query - Starting and finishing

```
Example
//Initialization - Termination Example
#include "SQream-cpp-connector.h"
void Query()
       // Connection parameters: IP, Port, Database, Username, Password
       sqream::driver sqc;
       sqc.connect("127.0.0.1", 5000, false, "sqream", "sqream",
"master");
       string statement = SQL STATEMENT;
       new query execute(&sqc, statement);
    //.
       //. Do something
    // closes the statement (to do after execute + necessary
fetch/put to close the
       // statement and be able to open another one through prepare())
       sqc.finish query();
       // closes the connection completely, destroying the socket, a call
to "connect(..)"
   // needs to be done do continue using this "driver sqc" object
       sqc.disconnect();
```