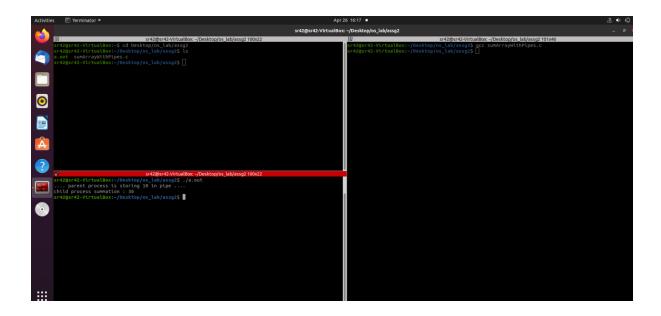
OS Unit 3 & 4 - Assignment

Sriram R PES1UG20CS435 Section: H Roll #: 16

Source codes & outputs:

1. Finding the sum of an array using pipes.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#define ARRAY SIZE 8
#define BUFFER_SIZE 8 // should be greater than expected number of digits in sum
#define READ END 0
#define WRITE END 1
int main()
       int numArray[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 };
       int sumChild = 0;
       int sum = 0;
       char write_msg[BUFFER_SIZE] = "";
       char read_msg[BUFFER_SIZE] = "";
       int fd[2];
       pid_t pid;
       if (pipe(fd) == -1)
       {
               printf("pipe failure\n");
               return 1;
       pid = fork();
       if (pid > 0) // parent process - calculates sum of first half and stores in
pipe
       {
              for (int i = 0; i < (ARRAY_SIZE / 2); i++) sum += numArray[i];
snprintf(write_msg, BUFFER_SIZE, "%d", sum); // converts integer to</pre>
string (itoa not supported)
              printf(".... parent process is storing %s in pipe ....\n", write_msg);
              close(fd[READ_END]);
              write(fd[WRITE_END], write_msg, strlen(write_msg) + 1);
              close(fd[WRITE_END]);
              wait(NULL);
       }
       else if (pid == 0) // child process - calculates sum of second half, adds to
the sum in the pipe and prints
               close(fd[WRITE END]);
               read(fd[READ_END], read_msg, BUFFER_SIZE);
```

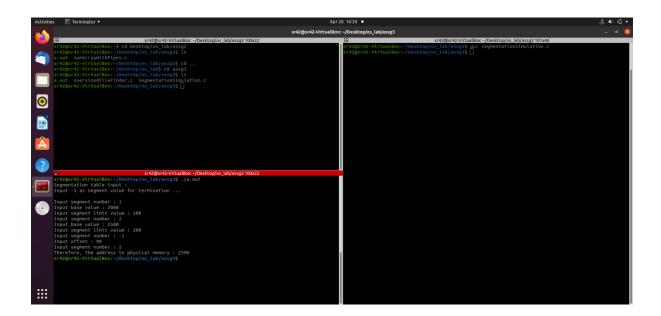


2. Simulation of segmentation on C.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct list
{
       int seg;
       int base;
       int limit;
       struct list* next;
}*p;
void insert(struct list* q, int base, int limit, int seg)
       if (p == NULL)
              p = malloc(sizeof(struct list));
              p->limit = limit;
              p->base = base;
              p->seg = seg;
              p->next = NULL;
```

```
}
       else
       {
              while (q->next != NULL) q = q->next;
              q->next = malloc(sizeof(struct list));
              q->next->limit = limit;
              q->next->base = base;
              q->next->seg = seg;
              q->next->next = NULL;
       }
}
int find(struct list* q, int seg)
{
       while (q->seg != seg) q = q->next;
       return q->limit;
}
int search(struct list* q, int seg)
{
       while (q->seg != seg) q = q->next;
       return q->base;
}
int main()
{
       p = NULL;
       int seg, offset, limit, base, c, s, physical;
       printf("Segmentation table input : \n");
       printf("Input -1 as segment value for termination ...\n\n");
       do
       {
              printf("Input segment number : ");
              scanf("%d", &seg);
              if (seg != -1)
                     printf("Input base value : ");
                     scanf("%d", &base);
                     printf("Input segment limit value : ");
                     scanf("%d", &limit);
                     insert(p, base, limit, seg);
       } while (seg != -1);
       printf("Input offset : ");
       scanf("%d", &offset);
       printf("Input segment number : ");
       scanf("%d", &seg);
c = find(p, seg);
       s = search(p, seg);
       if (offset < c)</pre>
              physical = s + offset;
```

```
printf("Therefore, the address in physical memory : %d\n", physical);
}
else printf("error");
return 0;
}
```



3. Finding all the oversized files in a directory.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <dirent.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <time.h>
int main()
{
       DIR* d;
       struct dirent* dir;
       struct stat stats;
       long dt;
       char dirname[256];
       printf("Input directory: ");
       fflush(stdout);
       scanf("%s", dirname);
       d = opendir(dirname);
       int size;
       printf("Input size: ");
       scanf("%d", &size);
       if (!d)
       {
              printf("error\n");
```

```
exit(0);
       }
       while ((dir = readdir(d)))
              if (stat(dir->d_name, &stats) == 0)
                     dt = stats.st_size;
                     printf("%ld\n", dt);
                     if (dt > size) printf("File: %s\n", dir->d_name);
              else printf("Couldn't read file properties of file: %s\n ", dir-
>d_name);
       closedir(d);
       return 0;
}
/*
// alternate method - this one looks WAYY better but apparently using system() wasn't
allowed. I included it's output in the second screenshot anyways
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
       char *command = (char*)malloc(256 * sizeof(char));
       char *path = (char*)malloc(256 * sizeof(char));
       int size;
       printf("Input directory path : ");
       scanf("%s", path);
       printf("Input the desired file size : ");
       scanf("%d", &size);
       sprintf(command, "find %s -size +%dk", path, size);
       system(command);
       return 0;
}
*/
```

