

Experiment 3: Fibonacci Detector using basic gates

Sravan K Suresh
Roll Number: 22B3936

August 25, 2023

Overview of the Experiment

This report contains:

- Karnaugh-Map of function detecting *Fibonacci Numbers*
- RTL Waveform Simulation of the function
- RTL Gates Map of the function
- Image of LED outputs being tested on XEN10 board

Problem Statement

Design a system that detects Fibonacci number. Any number between 0 to 31 will be given as input to the system which will be represented in binary form such as $0 \rightarrow 00000$, $1 \rightarrow 00001$ and so on. The output of the system will be '1' only when the given input is a Fibonacci number. Show the pen-paper design using K-Maps to the corresponding evaluating TAs.

VHDL Description

VHDL description for the given problem statement:

Inputs(4-bit): $x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0$

Output(1-bit): y

Tracefile format: $\langle x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0 \rangle \langle y \rangle 1$

1 Pen-paper Design using Karnaugh-Map

25/08/2023

PAGE No. /
DATE /

Lab Session Report - 3

Detecting Fibonacci Numbers (32-bit)

(P Q R S T) (Y-0)

$\langle x_4 \ x_3 \ x_2 \ x_1 \ x_0 \rangle \quad \langle y \rangle$

$SW_4 \ SW_3 \ SW_2 \ SW_1 \ SW_0 \quad LED1$

Series: [0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21] ~~34~~

Karnaugh - Map:

ST \ QR	00	01	11	10
00	1	1	1	1
01	0	1	0	0
11	0	1	0	0
10	1	0	0	0

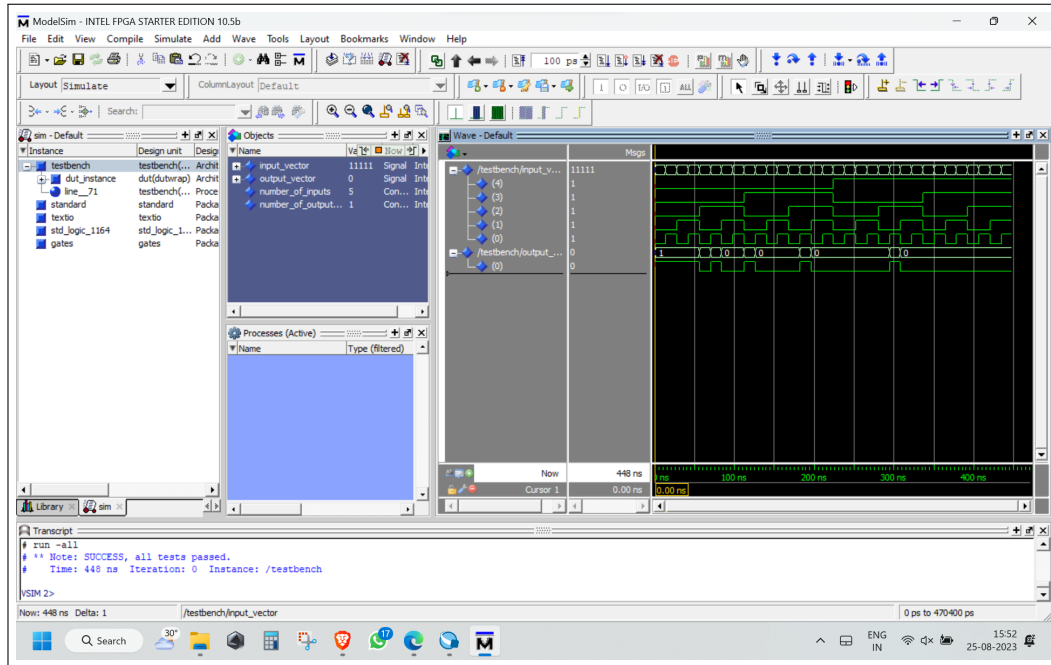
ST \ QR	00	10	11	10
00	0	0	0	0
01	0	1	0	0
11	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0

$$Y-0 = \overline{P}\overline{Q}\overline{R} + \overline{Q}\overline{R}\overline{S}T + \overline{P}\overline{R}\overline{S}T + \overline{P}\overline{R}\overline{S}\overline{T}$$

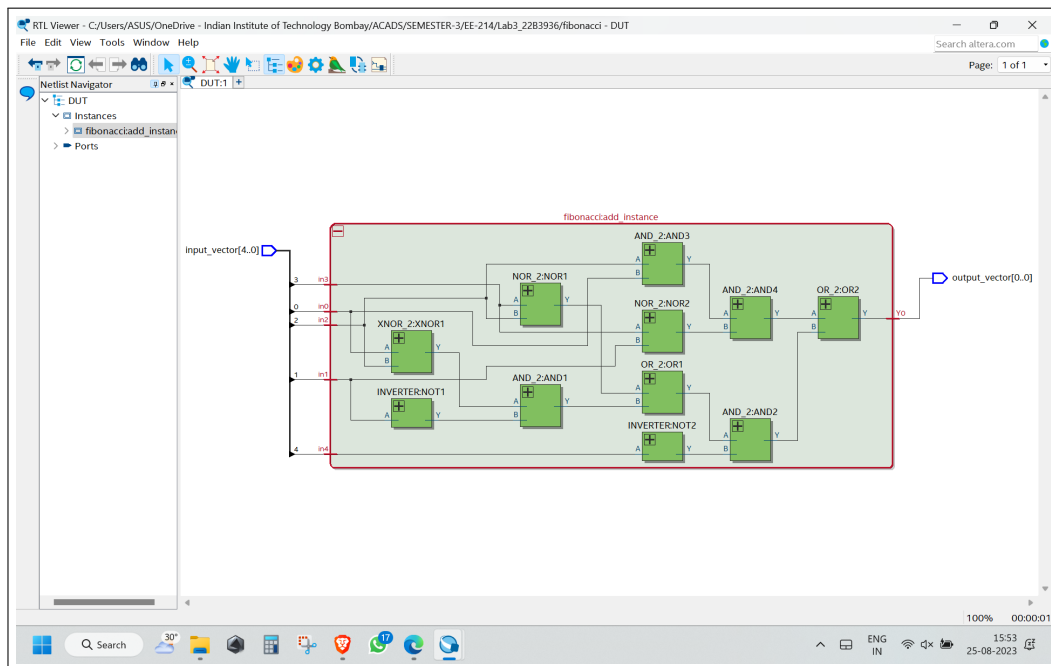
$$= \overline{Q}\overline{R}\overline{S}T + \overline{P}(\overline{Q}\overline{R} + \overline{S}(\overline{R} \oplus T))$$

Sayan Dutta
25/08/23

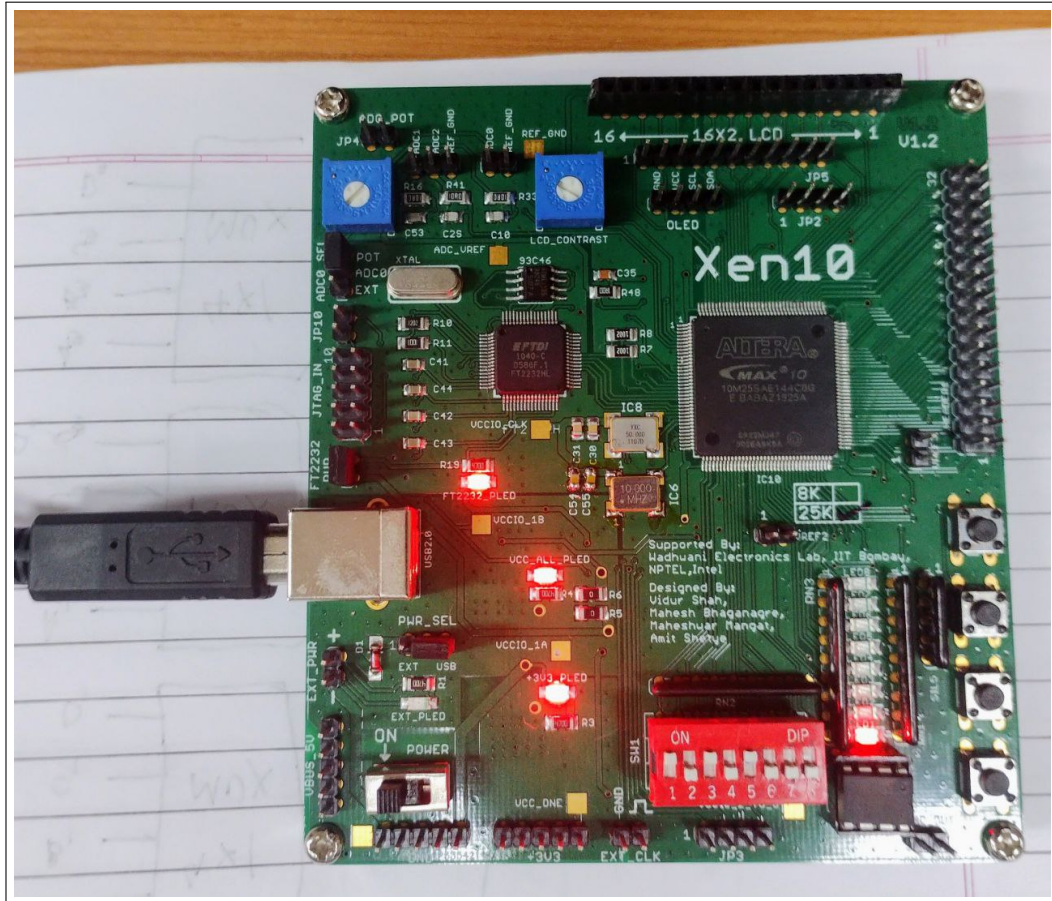
2 RTL Waveform Simulation



3 RTL Gates Map



4 Image of Output testing on XEN10 Board



Observation:

The above image displays a sample check of the number 21 represented in the binary number system as 10101 by switching on SW_1 , SW_3 and SW_5 and switching off all the other bits.

Since 21 belongs the *Fibonacci Series*, therefore the OUTPUT signal Y_0 represented by LED1 is on. Thus, the number 21 passes the test of being in *Fibonacci Series*.