Presentation 3, 5.3

P.Srijith Reddy, EE19BTECH11041, Dept. of Electrical Engg., IIT Hyderabad.

September 3, 2019

Presentation 3, 5.3

P.Srijith Reddy, EE19BTECH11041, Dept. of Electrical Engg., IIT Hyderabad.

Outline

Problem

olution

Plot

Presentation 3,

P.Srijith Reddy, EE19BTECH11041 Dept. of Electrical Engg., IIT Hyderabad.

Outline

Problem

olution

Plot

Problem

Solution

Plot

Problem Statement

Obtain a solution to the following

$$\max_{\mathbf{x}} 6x_1 + 5x_2 \tag{2.1}$$

with constraints

$$x_1 + x_2 \le 5 \tag{2.2}$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 12 \tag{2.3}$$

where
$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$
 (2.4)

using cvxpy.

Presentation 3, 5.3

P.Srijith Reddy, EE19BTECH11041 Dept. of Electrical Engg., IIT Hyderabad.

Outline

Problem

. .

Engg.,

IIT Hyderabad.

The given problem is expressed as follows

$$\max_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x} \text{ such that}$$
 (3.1)

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} \le \mathbf{b} \tag{3.2}$$

and

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$
 (3.3)

where

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 5 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}.$$
 (3.4)

$$\mathbf{x} \le \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{b} \tag{3.5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x} \le \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x} \le \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}}{(1 \times 2 - 3 \times 1)} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x} \le \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1\\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5\\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x} \le \begin{pmatrix} -2 \times 5 + 1 \times 12 \\ 3 \times 5 + (-1 \times 12) \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.9}$$

Outline

Problem

Solution

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x} \le \begin{pmatrix} 2\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.10}$$

Multiplying **c** on both sides of inequality

$$\mathbf{cx} \le \mathbf{c} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.11}$$

Therefore

$$\mathbf{cx} \le \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.12}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{cx} \le 27 \tag{3.13}$$

The maximum value of **cx** is 27 and is attained when

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.14}$$

i.e $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 3$ which also satisfies eq(3.3). Presentation 3. 5.3

P.Srijith Reddy, Dept. of Electrical Engg., IIT Hyderabad.

Outline

Solution

Plot

The code in

https://github.com/SRIJITH01/Srijith/blob/master/presentation3.py

plots Fig. 1.

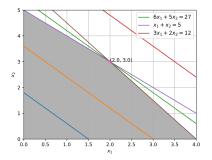


Figure: Graphical representation .

Presentation 3, 5.3

P.Srijith Reddy, EE19BTECH11041 Dept. of Electrical Engg., IIT Hyderabad.

Outline

Problem

Solution

Plot