

# PRESENTATION 6

## JEE-OPT

### Problem 16

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# Problem Statement

Find the maximum value of the function

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 15x^2 + 36x - 48 \quad (2.1)$$

on the set

$$A = \{x : x^2 + 20 \leq 9x\} \quad (2.2)$$

## Solution

First let's find solutions of set A

$$x^2 - 9x + 20 \leq 0 \quad (3.1)$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 5)(x - 4) \leq 0 \quad (3.2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \leq x \leq 5 \quad (3.3)$$

Now we need to find maximum value of  $f(x)$  in A.  
firstly lets find if there is any local maximum in A .  
If  $f(x)$  has local maximum(minimum) at  $c$  in A  
then  $\max(f(x))$  in A  $= \max\{f(4), f(c), f(5)\}$

If not  $f(x)$  is monotonic in  $A$  (since  $f$  is 3 degree polynomial function)

Then  $\max(f(x)) = \max\{f(4), f(5)\}$

$$f'(x) = 0 \quad (3.4)$$

when  $f(x)$  attains local maxima or minima,

$$f'(x) = 6x^2 - 30x + 36 \quad (3.5)$$

A numerical solution for (3.5) can be obtained as

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \mu f'(x) \quad (3.6)$$

$$= x_n - \mu(6x^2 - 30x + 36) \quad (3.7)$$

where  $x_0$  is initial guess.

The numerical solutions are

$$x_1 = 1.9998464849816984, \quad (3.8)$$

$$x_2 = 3.0001535150183014. \quad (3.9)$$

but  $x_1, x_2 \notin A$ .

Therefore,

$$\max(f(x)) = \max\{f(4), f(5)\} \quad (3.10)$$

$$f(4) = -16, \quad (3.11)$$

$$f(5) = 7. \quad (3.12)$$

The maximum value of the function

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 15x^2 + 36x - 48 \quad (3.13)$$

on the set

$$A = \{x : x^2 + 20 \leq 9x\} \quad (3.14)$$

is  $f(5) = 7$

# Plot

The code in

<https://github.com/SRIJITH01/Srijith/blob/master/jeeopt.py>  
plots Fig. 2.

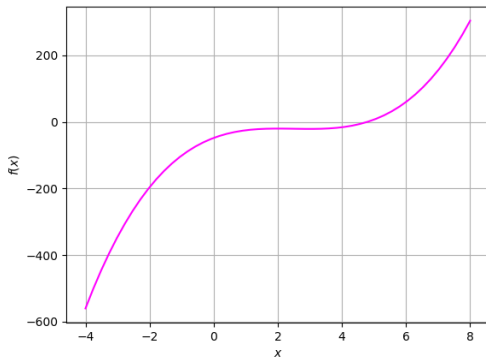


Figure: Graph of  $f(x)$  .



# Plot

plots Fig. 2.

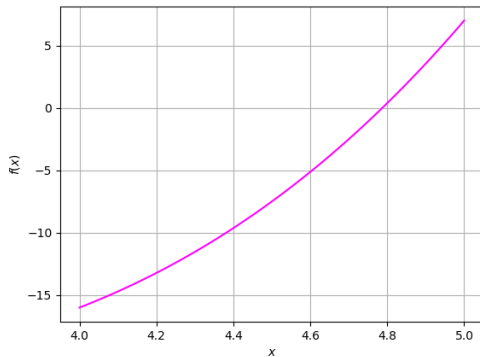


Figure: Graph of  $f(x)$ .