# Speed Control of DC Shunt Motor

The aim of the experiment is to be familiar with the "armature control" and "field control". mechanisms of the DC shunt motor.

### Description.

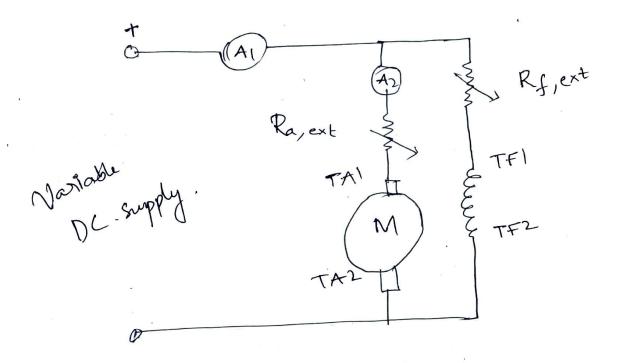
For a given input voltage, the speed of a motor. falls down when the load on the motor is increased. In the same way, the motor speed increases when the load on the motor is reduced. However, for any practical purpose, it is intended to run the motor at constant speed for all the loading conditions. Therefore, it is neccessary to implement some speed Control mechanism so as to bring the motor speed back to the original value, after any load variation. The following Scenarios gives the applications of DC motors.

\* Toher the speed is required to runnin almost constant from no-load to full-load.

\* where the load has to be driven at a number of speeds and any one of which is nearly constant The speed control of a DC shunt motor can be effectively cassied out by Suitably adjusting the armatuse and field resistances based on the following realations.

$$E_b = \frac{NPØZ}{60A}$$

Circuit arrangement



Procedure :

Speed Control :

- (1). Before starting the experiment, note down the readings of armature and field resistances.
  - (2) Now, connect the circuit diagram as Fig. 1
  - (3) Set the armature rheostat not maximum position and field rheostat at minimum position
  - 4) They Slowly increase the supply voltage up to 1801 and keep it constant.
- (5) Try to bring the machine speed to 1500r.p.m by first adjusting the armatuse resistance and then by adjusting the field resistance.
- (B) Note down the values of the armature/field resistance and currents when the machine Speed is 1500 r.p.m.
- (7) Repeat the Same procedure for input voltages of 1904, 2004, 2104 and 2204. Ensure that the motor speed and armature current do not exceed realed values, which are 1500 r.p.m and 4.5A

Speed Regulation:

- 8). Vary the field repostat for different values and observe the occurrance of above rated speed values
- (9). Similary observed the below rated speed values by varying armature rhostat.

Kesults.

I (Rest Conditions) Field resistance (Rg) = 220-1 Armature resistance (Ra) = 4.61

## II (Speed Control test observations)

Input Voltage	Corresponding Speed	Total armature Resistance (1500pm	Total field resistance (1500 pp	Armatuse (Ia)	field Current (If
180	1500	153.81	3751	1.17	0.48
190	1500	171.17D	339.281	1.11	0.56
200 .	1500	185.21	333.34r	1.08	0.6
210	1500	196.26N	318.181	1,07	0.66
220	1500	215.72	297.3 N	1.02	0.74
	1				

III . (SPEED REGULATION)

Above rated speed measurements.						
Input Voltage	Speed	Total field resistante	Field curret (II)			
220 V	1520	314.282	0.74			
2 10 V	1542	3 <b>18-</b> 33~	0.69			
220 V	1557	338.46A	0.65			
	1570	333.33√	0.64			
2ro V	,		~			
220 V			× .			

			1
Below	rated Spec	l measurements:	
Input Voltage	e Speed (r.p.	Total Armatur resistance	Armature Current (I
	524.8	289.47 2	0.76A
220V	786	265.06 D	0.83A
	1072	241.75 JL	0.91A
	1230	231.571	0.95 A
	1345	229.1652	0.96A
1	1400	226.80 A	0.97A

Voltage	Speed	Armatus resistance	Armature Curret
220V	1443	222.22_1	0.99 A
	1480	220 J	IA

Condusions :

(1) Speed Control application

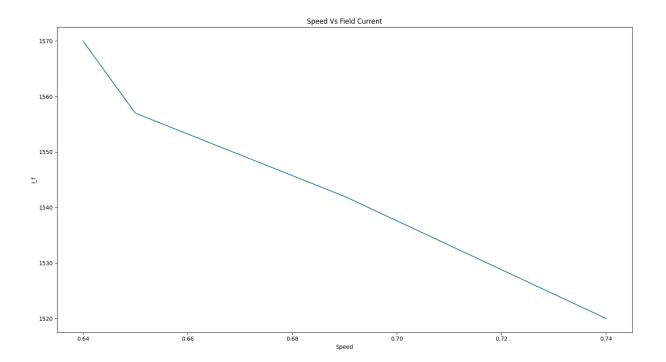
Speed Control application are generally und where constant speed is a like fams and all. requirement.

Sped regulation?

Spæd regulation is used en places where ue need to change spærd on requirement

(2) Armature Control methods can be used in applications that require sped variation for shorter period of time, not continously field control methods field is weakened to increase speed or it can be reduce; speed. To attain Speed above rated speed he use

### **Speed Vs Field Current:**



#### **Speed Vs Armature Current:**

