

SRIRAM S (12/08/2006) 2024-IT**S2****Started on** Wednesday, 5 November 2025, 3:58 AM**State** Finished**Completed on** Wednesday, 5 November 2025, 4:03 AM**Time taken** 5 mins 7 secs**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 10.00 out of 10.00**Playing with Numbers:**

Ram and Sita are playing with numbers by giving puzzles to each other. Now it was Ram turn, so he gave Sita a positive integer 'n' and two numbers 1 and 3. He asked her to find the possible ways by which the number n can be represented using 1 and 3. Write any efficient algorithm to find the possible ways.

**Example 1:*****Input:*** 6***Output:*** 6**Explanation:** There are 6 ways to represent number with 1 and 3

1+1+1+1+1+1

3+3

1+1+1+3

1+1+3+1

1+3+1+1

3+1+1+1

**Input Format**

First Line contains the number n

**Output Format****Print:** The number of possible ways 'n' can be represented using 1 and 3

Sample Input

6

Sample Output

6

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 v unsigned long long countWays(int n) {
4     unsigned long long dp[n + 1];
5
6     // Initialize all dp values to 0
7     for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++)
8         dp[i] = 0;
9
10    // Base case: there's 1 way to make 0
11    dp[0] = 1;
12
13    // Fill dp array using bottom-up approach
14 v     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
15         if (i >= 1)
16             dp[i] += dp[i - 1];
17         if (i >= 3)
18             dp[i] += dp[i - 3];
19     }
20
21     return dp[n];
22 }
23
24 v int main() {
25     int n;
26     scanf("%d", &n);

```

```
26     scanf("%u", &n);
27
28 if (n < 0) {
29     printf("0\n");
30 } else {
31     unsigned long long result = countWays(n);
32     printf("%llu\n", result);
33 }
34
35 return 0;
36 }
37 }
```

	<b>Input</b>	<b>Expected</b>	<b>Got</b>	
✓	6	6	6	✓
✓	25	8641	8641	✓
✓	100	24382819596721629	24382819596721629	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

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