Cou	irse de	UCA20D05J	Course Name		DATA	ANALYSIS USING I	R	Course Catego	Hillian .	D		D	iscip	line S	peci	fic El	ectiv	re Co	urse	9		L 4	T 0	P 4	C 6
C	requisite ourses se Offeri	Nil ng Department	Com	puter Appli	Co-requisite Courses cations	INII	ook / Codes/Standards	1000	gres	ssive ses	Nil														
Cours (CLR		ing Rationale	The	purpose of	learning this cou	irse is to,		L	earr	ning	],	5			Prog	ram L	.earn	ing C	Outco	mes	(PLC	0)			
CLR-CLR-CLR-CLR-CLR-CLR-CLR-CLR-CLR-CLR-	2 : Lear 3 : Experience 4 : Use tasks 5 : Derrich 6 : Build se Learn 1 : Unde 2 : Perfe 3 : Extra 4 : Appl 5 : Perfe	erimenting with R software for sonstration on his sets an effective number of the community various Class form unsupervision of the community various class form unsupervisions.	different data important now to per nodel and (CLO):	data from to data mining ort and exportant classification of the data of the d	of this course, le tasks Regression on in data mining rious Clustering	cof the data scientist knowledge discovery tion and visualization stering data mining tack based on performance arners will be able to Rule Mining	e metrics	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	P hat	08 08 08 Expected Attainment (%)		T T T T Fundamental Knowledge	T T T Application	~ -	T H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	Ability to Utilize Knowledge	odelin		S S S S Investigative Skills ω	コ	. · · · Communication Skills	エエエエ Analytical Skills	13	- · · Professional Behavior	- ' · Life Long Learning
100	ration nour)		24	- 1	152	24	24					Z	-7	24		i					2	4			
	SLO-1	Why Data Min Information To	ning? Evo echnology	lution of	Simple Linea	r Regression	Introduction to Ass	ociation I	Rules Basic Concepts-What is Cluster Analysis?					is?											
S-1	S-1				What is an Associa	tion Rule	Overview of Basic C					Clustering													
SLO-1 What is Data Warehouse?			Methods to discove	Methods to discover Association Rules  Decision Tree Induction					on			Requirements for Cluster Analysis			sis										
S-2	SI O-2 DW Architecture Assessing the accuracy of the			Market Basket Ana motivational Examp	•	LATITIDUTE Selection Methods I Cilisterin				terin	ering Paradigms														
SLO-1 OLAP Multiple Linear regression			Basic Concepts: Fr	equent It	15 Initiativ and Dis				Dista	stance Metrics															
S-3 SLO-2 Warehouse Schema Multiple Linear Regression- Continued		Frequent Item Set Algorithm		Aprio	ori	Decision Tree Classifier- Using Gini Characteristics of Clu Index Algorithms				Clust	terinç	9													

0.4	SLO-1	Data Mining Goals	Estimating the Regression Coefficients	Candidate Generation	Tree Pruning Techniques	Partitioning Algorithms		
S-4	SLO-2	KDD Vs Data Mining	Other Considerations in Regression Model	Generating Frequent Item Sets- Example	RIII BACON LIACCIIIO	k-Means Clustering- Centroid Based Technique		
S 5-8	SLO-1	Lab1: Installing R and RStudio, RStudio Using Functions e	Lab: 4 Package RODBC to ODBC connect databases Analyze correlation between variables in Australian CPI dataset.	dataset	Lab 10: Build a decision tree for the iris data with package party,rpart	Lab 13:k-means clustering of iris data		
0.0	SLO-1	Steps in KDD Process	Multiple Linear regression	Apriori Algorithm-Examples	Using IF-THEN rules for Classification	Partitioning Method: k-Means Clustering-Example		
S-9 SLO-2	SLO-2	What kind of data can be mined?	Estimating the Regression Coeficients	Improving the Efficiency of Apriori	Rule Extraction from Decision Tree	k-Medoids Algorithms		
C 10	I .	Data Mining Techniques	K-Nearest Neighbour	A Pattern Growth Approach for Mining Frequent Item Sets	Bayes Classification Methods	Example: k-Medoids		
S-10	SLO-2	Data Mining Techniques - Continued	K-NN Demonstration with example	FP-Growth Algorithm – Basic Idea	Bayes Theorem	Hierarchical Methods		
C 11	SLU-1	What kind of patterns can be mined?	Compare LR with k-NN	FP-Growth Algorithm with example	Naïve Bayes Classifier	Agglomerative and Divisive Methods		
S-11		Are all patterns interesting?	Evaluation for regression	FP-Growth Algorithm –Examples	Naïve Bayes –Example	Distance Measures in Algorithmic Methods		
	SLO-1	Data Objects and Attribute Types	Model selection and over-fitting	Mining Closed and Max Patterns	Model Evaluation and Selection	Dendogram		
S-12	SI 1 1-7	Nominal, Binary, Ordinal, Numeric, Discrete data types	Logistic regression	Mining Frequent Item Sets Using Vertical Data format	Techniques to improve Classification Accuracy	Density Based Methods: DBSCAN		
S 13- 16		Lab2: Overview -Working in the Console • Arithmetic Operators • Logical Operations	Lab 5: Prediction with Simple Linear Regression			Lab 14: Implementation of DBSCAN algorithm using iris data		
0.47	I .	What technologies are used?	The Logistic Model	Which Patterns are Interesting?	Ensemble Techniques-Bagging	DBScan Algorithm		
S-17		Data exploration and visualization	Estimating the Regression Coefficients	Strong Rules are not Necessarily Interesting	Boosting	Evaluation of Clustering		
S-18	A TO DO AND SAY THE OWN	Data Visualization Techniques	Making Predictions	Interestingness Measure-Support, Confidence	Artificial Neural Network- Introduction	Measuring Clustering Quality		
3-10	SLO-2	Visualizing Complex data and relations	Multiple Logistic Regression	Generalization of Association Patterns	Defining the Network Topology	Determining the number of Clusters		
C 10	SLO-1	Issues and Challenges in Data mining	Linear Discriminant Analysis	Pattern Evaluation Methods	Multi Layer Feed Forward Neural Network	Scalable Clustering Algorithms		
S-19	I	Applications of Data Mining	LDA Continued	From Association anlaysis to correlation analysis	Back Propagation	Applications of Data Mining in Finance		
0.00	2.5	Case Study: Weather Data	LDA for p=1	Comparison of Pattern Evaluation Measures	Inside the Black Box- Back Propagation	Applications of Data Mining in Business		
S-20	SLO-2	Case Study – Discussion	LDA for p>1	Discussion on Different Algorithms	Neural Network –Perceptron Example	Applications of Data Mining in Social Networks		
S 21-	SLO-1 SLO-2		Lab 6: Predict the probability of occurrence with logistic regression.	Lab 9: Visualize association rules,	Lab 12: Classification using	Lab 15: Demonstrate hierarchical clustering on iris data		

24	<b>RStudio</b>		graph			Stock Market Prediction
Learning Resources	1. 2.	그는 사람들이 얼마나 살아가지 않는 얼마를 가는 것이 아름이 가장하는 것이 그 사람이 없다면 하는 것이 없었다.	ng Techniques", Univeristy Press ata Mining: Concepts and Techniques", Third Edition, hers	3. 4.	Introdu Yanch	James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie and Robert Tibshirani,(2013), "An action to Statistical Learning with Applications in R", Springer ang Zhao, "R and Data Mining: Examples and Case Studies" ang@rdatamining.com, http://www.RDataMining.com

Learning A	ssessment			-		-13-1	Diff. Inc.				
Level	Bloom's Level		Final Examination								
	of Thinking	CLA - 1 (10%)		CLA - 2 (10%)		CLA -	3 (20%)	CLA-	4 (10%)#	(50% weightage)	
	of filliking	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice
Level 1	Remember	20%	20%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
LEVELI	Understand			1370	1370	1370	1370	13 78			13 /0
Level 2	Apply	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Level 2	Analyze		20 /0	2070		20 /8	20 /0	2070	20 /6	20 /0	20 /0
Level 3	Evaluate	10%	10%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
	Create	10 /6	10%	15%		1376	1376	1576	13 76	13 /0	13 /6
	Total	100	0 %	100	% (	10	0 %	10	0 %	10	0 %

# CLA – 4 can be from any combination of these: Assignments, Seminars, Tech Talks, Mini-Projects, Case-Studies, Self-Study, MOOCs, Certifications, Conf. Paper etc.,

Course Designers		
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