

Course Code	PCS21E07J	Course Name	STATISTICAL DATA ANALYTICS	Course Category	D	Discipline Elective Course	L	T	P	C
							3	0	2	4

Pre-requisite Courses	Nil	Co-requisite Courses	Nil	Progressive Courses	Nil
Course Offering Department	Computer Science		Data Book / Codes/Standards	Nil	

Course Learning Rationale (CLR):		The purpose of learning this course is to,		
CLR-1 :	Familiarize the concepts of design experts			
CLR-2 :	Understand the various advantages of statistical analysis			
CLR-3 :	Examine the basis of response methodologies			
CLR-4 :	Understanding optimality and filtering error rate			
CLR-5 :	Acquire the latest knowledge of split plot design and custom design			

Learning			Program Learning Outcomes (PLO)														
1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Thinking	Efficiency	Attainment (%)	Knowledge	Understanding	Applying	Reasoning	Skills										

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	At the end of this course, learners will be able to:	Level of Thinking (Bloom)	Expected Proficiency (%)	Expected Attainment (%)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
CLO-1 :	Identify the process of standard deviation, sampling distribution	3	80	70	L	H	-	H	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CLO-2 :	Analyze and specify factorial design and basis of levels of design	3	85	75	M	H	L	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CLO-3 :	Design various responses, Behnken Design and optimization techniques.	3	75	70	M	H	M	H	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CLO-4 :	Develop Plackett - Burman Design and Taguchi Outer Array Design	3	85	80	M	H	M	H	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CLO-5 :	Perform by applying Plotting Split - plot Design and Simplex Lattice Design	3	85	75	H	H	M	H	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Duration(Hour)	15	15	15	15	15	15
S-1	SLO-1	Introduction to Design Experiment	Introduction to Factorial Design	Introduction to response Surface Methodology	Introduction to Computer Generated Design's	Introduction to Split - Plot Design
	SLO-2	Strategy of Experimentation	Factorial Design Basic Principles	The method of Steepest Ascent	Optimal Design's	Plotting Split - plot Design
S-2	SLO-1	Guidelines for Designing Experiments	The advantage of Statistical Analysis	Analysis of Second - Order Response Surface	Methods in Optimal Design	Whole Plot and Subplot Design's
	SLO-2	Measures of Central Tendency	Power calculation of Factorial Design	Characterizing the Response Surface	An irregular Experimental Region	Other Variation on Split-plot Design
S-3	SLO-1	The Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode	2 Level Method in Power Calculation	Ridge Surface	An Non-Standard Size Requirements	Split- plot Design for more than 2 factors
	SLO-2	Introduction to Dispersion Measurement	Entering data and its Responses	Canonical Model in Ridge Surface	Design of Optimality Criteria	Custom Design
S-4 to S-5	SLO-1	Laboratory1: Experiment on Measures of Central Tendency	Laboratory4: Experiment on How to Enter the Response data.	Laboratory 7: Experimental Design for Fitting Ridge system	Laboratory10: Experiment on Optimal Design	Laboratory 13: Experiment on Split - Plot Method
S-6	SLO-1	Dispersion Variability	Estimating the Model Parameters	Multiple Response Approaches	Robust Parameter Design	Analysis of Custom Design
	SLO-2	The Range	Analysis of Data	Formal Optimization	Taguchi Outer Array Design	Blank Spreadsheet Design
S-7	SLO-1	The Quartile	Process of Data	Formal Optimization Methods	Combined Array Design	Historical Data - The Introduction
	SLO-2	The Variance and its Populations	Introduction to 2K Factorial Design	Formal Optimization in multiple Response	Method in Combined Array Design	A Peculiarity on Pasting Data
S-8	SLO-1	The Standard Deviation	The 2 - Level Design	Design for First - Order Model	Progration of errors	Selection of process order and Linear
	SLO-2	Root mean Deviation	The 3 - Level Design	Design for Second - Order model	Filtering errors Rate	Combined Mixture Model

Duration(Hour)		15	15	15	15	15
S-9 to S-10	SLO-1	Laboratory 2: Experiment on Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode.	Laboratory 5: Pre - Analysis of Effects via Data Sorts and Scatter Plots	Laboratory 8: Experiment on Central Composite Design(CCD)	Laboratory 11: Experiment on Taguchi Outer Array Design	Laboratory14: Optimal (Custom) Design in Split - Plot
S-11	SLO-1	Symmetry	Design Projection's for Normal Probability Plot	Central Composite Design	Evolutionary Operation	Process of Combined Mixture Model
	SLO-2	Skewness	Data Transformation in Factorial Design	Spherical CCD	Plackett - Burman Design	Factorial With Mixed - level
S-12	SLO-1	Kurtosis	Duplicate Measurements on the Response data	The Box - Behnken Design	Method in PB Design	Simplex Lattice Design
	SLO-2	Sampling Method	The composite design for 2 & 3 Factor's	Cuboidal Region of Interest for Box - Behnken Design	Design Matrix for Plackett - Burman	Simplex Lattice Design for Optimized Texture
S-13	SLO-1	Sampling Distribution	Choosing Effects to Model	Other Designs in BB Design	Various steps in Screening Design	Introduction of Optimal Design
	SLO-2	The central Limit Theorem.	Pareto Chart and its Plotting	2 - Variable Response Surface	PB design for Medium Optimization	Optimal Design for Combined mixture process Design
S-14 to S-15	SLO-1	Laboratory3: Experiment on Symmetry, Skewness, Kurtosis. (SSK)	Laboratory6: Experiment on Regular 2 - Level Factorial Design	Laboratory 9: Experiment design for Box - Behnken Design	Laboratory12: Experimental Design for Box - Behnken Design.	Laboratory 15: Experiment on Simplex Lattice Design

Learning Resources	1. Richard Petersen - Linux : The Complete Reference ,Sixth edition .	3. Richard Stevens .W (1999), UNIX Network Programming, Volume II, Prentice Hall, New Delhi (UNIT IV&5).
	2. Richard Stevens .W & Stephen Rago (2005), Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi (UNIT I,2 & 3).	4. Stephen A.Rago (1993), Unix System V Network Programming, Addison Wesley, New York.

Learning Assessment											
Bloom's Level of Thinking		Continuous Learning Assessment (50% weightage)								Final Examination (50% weightage)	
		CLA – 1 (10%)		CLA – 2 (10%)		CLA – 3 (20%)		CLA – 4 (10%)#			
		Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice
Level 1	Remember	20%	20%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
	Understand										
Level 2	Apply	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
	Analyze										
Level 3	Evaluate	10%	10%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
	Create										
	Total	100 %		100 %		100 %		100 %		100%	

CLA – 4 can be from any combination of these: Assignments, Seminars, Short Talks, Mini-Projects, Case-Studies, Self-Study, MOOCs, Certifications, Conf. Paper etc.,

Course Designers		
Experts from Industry	Experts from Higher Technical Institutions	Internal Experts
Mr. S. Karthik, Assistant Consultant, Tata Consultancy Services	Dr.S.Sasikala, Associate Professor and Head, Dept. of Computer Science, University of Madras	Dr.S.P.Angelin Claret
		Dr. Kalpana