

Course Code	PCA20D02J	Course Name	CYBER SECURITY	Course Category	D	Discipline Elective Course	L	T	P	C
							3	0	2	4

Pre-requisite Courses	Nil	Co-requisite Courses	Nil	Progressive Courses	Nil
Course Offering Department	Computer Applications	Data Book / Codes/Standards	Nil		

Course Learning Rationale (CLR):	The purpose of learning this course is to,	Learning	Program Learning Outcomes (PLO)
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CLR-1 :	Have an overview of cyber crime scenario and legal perspective on cyber crime.	1 Thinking (Bloom)	2 Proficiency (%)	3 Attainment (%)	1 Knowledge	2 Thinking	3 Solving	4 Reasoning	5 Skills	6 Teamwork	7 Reasoning	8 Thinking	9 Self Directed Learning	10 Digital Competence	11 Reasoning	12 Engagement	13 	14 Skills	15 Learning
CLR-2 :	Understand different types of cyber attacks																		
CLR-3 :	Understand about tools and methods used in cyber crime.																		
CLR-4 :	Understand the need of cyber laws																		
CLR-5 :	Understand and know how cyber forensics is used in cyber crime investigations																		
CLR-6 :	Create/ setup methodologies for understand and avoid becoming victims of cyber crime																		

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	At the end of this course, learners will be able to:	Level of Thinking (Bloom)	Expected Proficiency (%)	Expected Attainment (%)	Disciplinary Knowledge	Critical Thinking	Problem Solving	Analytical Reasoning	Research Skills	Team Work	Scientific Reasoning	Reflective Thinking	Self-Directed Learning	Multicultural Competence	Ethical Reasoning	Community Engagement	ICT Skills	Leadership Skills	Life Long Learning
CLO-1 :	Identify different classification of cybercrimes.	3	80	70	L	H	H	H	H	M	-	H	M	H	-	H	H	-	M
CLO-2 :	Apply the logic of Performing cyber forensics.	3	85	75	M	M	H	H	H	-	-	M	M	M	-	H	M	-	L
CLO-3 :	Analyze about the various kinds of vulnerabilities and scanning them.	3	75	70	M	M	H	H	H	-	-	M	M	L	-	H	M	-	H
CLO-4 :	Apply the various types of firewalls to effective ensure security of the premises	3	85	80	L	L	H	H	H	M	-	M	L	H	M	H	M	-	-
CLO-5 :	Identify and solve Web Treats for Organizations: The Evils and Perils	3	75	70	H	H	H	H	H	L	-	M	H	L	L	H	-	L	-
CLO-6 :	Apply tools and methods of cyber-crime concepts to solve security problems & Learn about providing Security solutions	3	85	80	L	H	H	H	H	H	-	M	M	L	H	H	-	L	-

Duration (hour)	15	15	15	15	15
S-1	SLO-1	Cybercrime definition and origins	Proxy Servers- Anonymizers	The Legal Perspectives	Historical Background of Cyber forensics, Digital Forensics Science
S-2	SLO-1	Cybercrime and information security	Phishing- Password Cracking	Need of Cyberlaw:	The Need for Computer Forensics- Cyber forensics and Digital Evidence
S-3	SLO-1	Classifications of cyber crime-	Keyloggers and Spywares-	The Indian Context	Forensics Analysis of Email, Digital Forensics Lifecycle
S-4-5	SLO-1	Lab 1: Cyber security attacks- case study Submission	Lab 4: TCP / UDP connectivity using Netcat	Lab 7 : Demonstrate how to provide secure data storage,	Lab 10: Perform an experiment how to use dumpsec
					Lab 13:Setup a honey pot on network.

				secure data transmission and for creating digital signatures (GnuPG)		
S-6	SLO-1	Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000	Virus and Worms	The Indian IT Act	Chain of Custody Concept, Network Forensics	Social Media Marketing: Security Risk and Perils for Organization
S-7	SLO-1	A global Perspective on cybercrimes	Steganography	Digital Signature and the Indian IT Act	Approaching a Computer Forensics Investigation	Social Computing and the Associated Challenges for Organizations
S-8	SLO-1	How criminal plan the attacks	DoS -DDoS Attacks	Amendments to the Indian IT Act	Computer Forensics and Steganography	Protecting People's Privacy in the Organization
S-9 to S-10	SLO-1	Lab 2: Cyber security attacks- case study Submission	Lab 5: TCP / UDP connectivity using Netcat	Lab 8 : Demonstrate how to provide secure data storage, secure data transmission and for creating digital signatures (GnuPG)	Lab 11: Perform an experiment how to use dumpsec	Lab 14: Monitor the honey pot on network.
S-11	SLO-1	Social Engineering- Cyber stalking	SQL Injection, Buffer Over Flow	Cybercrime and Punishment	Relevance of the OSI 7 Layer Model to the Computer Forensics and Social Networking Sites	Organizational Guidelines for Internet Usage
S-12	SLO-1	Cybercafe- Cybercrimes- Botnets	Attacks on Wireless Networks, Phishing	Cyberlaw	The Security/Privacy Threats	Safe Computing Guidelines
S-13	SLO-1	Attack vector- Social Engineering- Cloud Computing	Identity Theft (ID Theft)	Technology and Students: Indian Scenario	Forensics Auditing, Anti Forensics	Computer Usage Policy Incident Handling
S-14 to S-15	SLO-1	Lab 3: TCP scanning using NMAP Port scanning using NMAP	Lab 6: Perform an experiment to demonstrate sniffing of router traffic by using the tool Wireshark	Lab 9: Perform an experiment to sniff traffic using ARP Poisoning	Lab 12: Implementing the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL v2/v3) and Transport Layer Security (TLS v1) network protocols	Lab 15: Demonstrate intrusion detection system (ids) using any tool (snort or any other s/w)

Learning Resources	1. Cyber Security Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives by Nina Godbole and SunitBelpure, Publication Wiley 2. Anti-Hacker Tool Kit (Indian Edition) by Mike Shema, Publication McGraw Hill. 3. Nina Godbole, Information Systems Security, Wiley India, New Delhi 4. Cyrus Piekari, Anton Chuvakin, "Security Warrior", 2nd ed , Oreilly Publishers, 2005.
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Learning Assessment											
Level	Bloom's Level of Thinking	Continuous Learning Assessment (50% weightage)								Final Examination (50% weightage)	
		CLA – 1 (10%)		CLA – 2 (10%)		CLA – 3 (20%)		CLA – 4 (10%)#			
		Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice	Theory	Practice
Level 1	Remember	20%	20%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	20%	20%
	Understand										
Level 2	Apply	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
	Analyze										
Level 3	Evaluate	10%	10%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	10%	10%
	Create										
	Total	100 %		100 %		100 %		100 %		100 %	

CLA – 4 can be from any combination of these: Assignments, Seminars, Tech Talks, Mini-Projects, Case-Studies, Self-Study, MOOCs, Certifications, Conf. Paper etc.,

Course Designers		
Experts from Industry	Experts from Higher Technical Institutions	Internal Experts
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