# **Dimmer circuit**

## **Project Description:**

The **Dimmer Circuit** project controls the brightness of a light bulb using an Arduino board and a potentiometer. The potentiometer allows the user to adjust the voltage level, which is mapped to control the brightness of the bulb. The circuit uses PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) to regulate the power sent to the bulb. The brightness level is also displayed on the Serial Monitor for real-time feedback.

## **Components Used:**

### 1. Arduino Uno (or any compatible Arduino board):

- Basic Details: The Arduino is a microcontroller board based on the ATmega328P. It is used for controlling electronic projects and is equipped with digital and analog pins.
- Working Principle: It takes input from sensors and processes it using the built-in microcontroller to output control signals to actuators like motors, LEDs, or in this case, a light bulb.
- **Application:** The Arduino in this project reads the potentiometer input, maps it, and controls the brightness of the bulb.

#### 2. Light Bulb:

- Basic Details: A standard light bulb (incandescent or LED) is used to demonstrate brightness control.
- Working Principle: The bulb works by converting electrical energy into light and heat. In this project, PWM signals control the amount of current supplied to the bulb, adjusting its brightness.
- **Application:** Used in home lighting systems to save energy or create adjustable ambiance lighting.

#### 3. Potentiometer:

- **Basic Details:** A potentiometer is a variable resistor that can be adjusted to change the resistance in a circuit. It typically has three terminals: two connected to the power and ground, and one that acts as the wiper.
- Working Principle: The wiper adjusts the resistance in the circuit, changing the voltage and allowing the Arduino to read the value and map it to the brightness level.
- Application: Often used in volume controls, light dimmers, and adjustable sensors.

#### 4. Resistor:

o **Basic Details:** A resistor limits the current in a circuit.

- Working Principle: Resistors follow Ohm's law (V = IR), where the voltage across the resistor is proportional to the current through it. In this project, it may be used for the safety of the components.
- Application: Used in almost every circuit to limit current and ensure the safe operation of electronic components.

## **Working Principle:**

- 1. The potentiometer is adjusted by the user, which changes the voltage level that the Arduino reads on the analog input pin (A0).
- 2. The Arduino maps this value (0-1023) to a range (0-255), suitable for controlling the PWM output.
- 3. The PWM signal on pin D9 controls the brightness of the bulb by adjusting the duty cycle. A higher duty cycle means more power to the bulb, making it brighter.
- 4. The brightness value is printed on the Serial Monitor to show the user the current brightness level.

## **Applications of the Project:**

- 1. **Home Lighting Systems:** This dimmer circuit can be used in home lighting systems to adjust the brightness of lights based on the desired ambiance or energy-saving requirements.
- 2. **Theatrical Lighting:** In stage lighting setups, dimmer circuits are used to adjust the lighting intensity for performances.
- 3. **Energy Efficiency:** By dimming lights when full brightness is not needed, this project helps in reducing power consumption.
- 4. **Automated Systems:** The project can be integrated into smart home systems, where the brightness can be controlled via sensors or mobile apps.