The equations below are a typeset version of the equations contained in the script 'Initialise.R', used to initialise and parametrise the model.

$$(1) n_f = 50$$

$$(2) s^j = \frac{1}{n_f} \forall j \in n_f$$

(3)
$$k = 18000$$

$$(4) k^j = Ks^j \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(5) w = 1$$

$$(6) u = 0.8$$

$$kappa = 0.25$$

$$(8) c = u\kappa k$$

(9)
$$\kappa_L = 0.065$$

$$(10) \Omega = 0.5$$

(11)
$$\Omega_c^j = \Omega \qquad \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(12) p_k = (1+\Omega)w$$

$$(13) K = kp_k$$

(14)
$$K^j = Ks^j \qquad \forall j \in n_f$$

$$\delta = 0.015$$

(16)
$$p_c^j = (1 + \Omega^j)w \qquad \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(17) i = \delta k$$

$$(18) W_k = wi$$

$$(19) y = c + i$$

$$(20) i^j = is_j \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(21) c_d = c$$

$$(22) c_d^j = c_d s^j \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(23) Y = c_d \overline{p_c} + i p_k$$

$$(24) C^j = s^j p_c^j c_d \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(25) N_c = c_d + \kappa_L \kappa k (1 - \delta)$$

$$(26) W_c = N_c w$$

$$(27) W_c^j = W_c s^j \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(28) CF^j = C^j - W_c^j \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(29) YD = c_d \overline{p_c}$$

$$(30) Lev = 0.6$$

$$(31) L = Lev * K$$

$$(32) L^j = Ls^j \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(33) r_0 = 0.0125$$

(34)
$$\theta = \delta$$

$$\gamma = 0.44$$

(36)
$$int^{j} = i^{j}p_{k} - \theta L^{j} + \gamma CF^{j} \qquad \forall j \in n_{f}$$

(37)
$$gap^{j} = C^{j} - W_{c}^{j} - \theta L^{j} - \gamma CF^{j} \qquad \forall j \in n_{f}$$

(38)
$$r_L^j = \frac{(gap^j - (int^j - \gamma CF^j))}{L^j} \qquad \forall j \in n_f$$

(39)
$$\mu_2 = \frac{\overline{-CF^j r_0 + CF^j r_L^j}}{(L^j - \theta L^j + p_k i^j - (int^j - \gamma CF^j))(r_L^j + \theta)}$$

$$(40) CAR = 0.12$$

$$(41) E_b = CARL$$

$$(42) E_{fk} = 0$$

$$(43) D = L - E_b$$

$$(44) D_f^j = 0 \forall j \in n_f$$

(45)
$$D_h = D - \sum_{j=1}^{n_f} (D_f^j)$$

$$(46) E_{fc}^j = K^j + D_f^j - L^j \forall j \in n_f$$

$$(47) \alpha_1 = 0.8$$

(48)
$$\alpha_2 = \frac{YD - alpha1 * YD}{D_h + E_b \sum_{i=1}^{n_f} (D_f^i)}$$

(49)
$$V_h = D_h + \sum_{j=1}^{n_f} (D_f^j) + E_b$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0.76$$

$$\chi = 0.75$$

$$(54) Div_b = \overline{r_L^j} L$$

$$(55) Div_{fk} = ip_k - W_k$$

(56)
$$Pr_{fc}^{j} = C^{j} - W_{c}^{j} - i^{j}p_{k} + (K^{j} - \delta k^{j}p_{k} + i^{j}p_{k} - K^{j}) - r_{L}^{j}L^{j}$$
 $\forall j \in n_{f}$

$$(57) Div_{fc}^j = Pr_f c^j \forall j \in n_f$$

(58)
$$\beta_1 = \frac{\overline{r_L^j L^j + \theta L^j}}{\overline{CF^j}}$$

(59)
$$\beta_2 = 0.06$$

$$(60) r_d = r_0$$

(61)
$$Q^{j} = CF^{j}/(\delta + r_{d}) \qquad \forall j \in n_{f}$$

(62)
$$p_k^{s,j} = p_k + \left(1 - \frac{int^j - \gamma CF^j}{i^j p_k}\right)\theta + r_d \frac{r_L^j}{\theta + r_d} p_k \qquad \forall j \in n_f$$

(63)
$$\mu_1 = -\frac{\overline{\left(\left(p_k + \left(1 - \frac{(int^j - \gamma CF^j)}{(i^j p_k)}\right) \frac{r_L^j p_k}{\theta + r_d}\right) (k^j - \delta k^j) - Q^j\right)}}{\overline{(i^j p_k)^2}} \quad \forall j \in n_f$$

(64)
$$p_k^{d,j} = \frac{Q^j - \mu_1 (i^j p_k)^2}{k^j - \delta k^j} \qquad \forall j \in n_f$$

opt = 1.1

(66) pes = 0.9

 $(67) \varepsilon = -1.1$

 $(68) \eta = -50$

 $(69) \rho = 0.5$

 $\tau = 47$

 $(71) \lambda_2 = 0.12$

 $\phi_g = 1$

(73) $\phi_{b1} = 0.6$

 $(74) \sigma = 2.8$

 $\phi_{b2} = 0.9$

 $\phi_{div} = 7$