

第二次作业思路讲解





熟悉Eigen矩阵运算



●QR分解

https://zhuanlan.zhihu.com/p/84415000

●Cholesky分解

https://blog.csdn.net/qq_41564404/article/details/88085073

具体编程形式:对于求解 Ax = b 其中A, b已知。

对于A: Matrix double, Dynamic, Dynamic A = Matrix double, 100, 100>::Random()

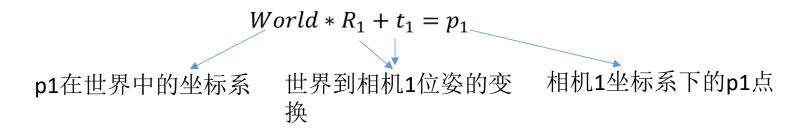
QR求解: x = A. colPivHouseholderQr().solve(b)

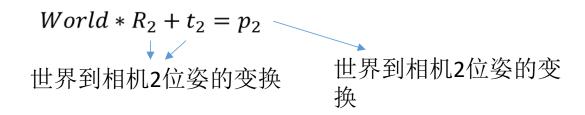
Cholesky求解: x = A.1d1t().solve(b)



几何运算练习

●题目中给到的旋转形式是四元数 (从世界到自身)





旋转的表达



●旋转矩阵的表示

$$[e_1, e_2, e_3] \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{bmatrix} = [e'_1, e'_2, e'_3] \begin{bmatrix} a'_1 \\ a'_2 \\ a'_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

坐标系1下和坐标系2下表示同一个向量

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} e_1^T e'_1 & e_1^T e'_2 & e_1^T e'_3 \\ e_2^T e'_1 & e_2^T e'_2 & e_2^T e'_3 \\ e_3^T e'_1 & e_3^T e'_2 & e_2^T e'_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a'_1 \\ a'_2 \\ a'_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

R 结合正交 基的性质

$$q_1 = [\varepsilon_1, \eta_1]^T$$
 $q_2 = [\varepsilon_2, \eta_2]^T$

按照四元数的乘法运算规则,将结果改写成向量形式

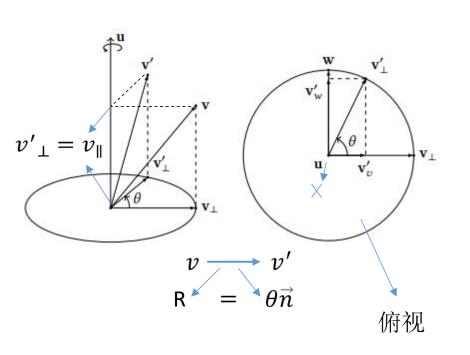
P57 3.23 3.24

对比

$$q_1^+ q_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \eta_1 + \varepsilon_1^{\wedge} & \varepsilon_1 \\ -\varepsilon_1^T & \eta_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_2 \\ \eta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

罗德里格斯公式的证明





$$1、 v' = v'_{\perp} + v'_{\parallel}$$
 模长

$$2, \quad v'_{\parallel} = (uv)u = v_{\parallel}$$

3.
$$\mathbf{v}'_{\perp} = \mathbf{v}'_{v} + \mathbf{v}'_{w}$$

$$= \cos(\theta)\mathbf{v}_{\perp} + \sin(\theta)\mathbf{w}$$

$$= \cos(\theta)\mathbf{v}_{\perp} + \sin(\theta)(\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}_{\perp})$$

4.
$$\mathbf{v}' = (\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v})\mathbf{u} + \cos(\theta)(\mathbf{v} - (\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v})\mathbf{u}) + \sin(\theta)(\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v})$$

$$v_{\perp} = v - v_{\parallel}$$

四元数运算性质的验证



$$p' = qpq^{-1} = q^{+}p^{+}q^{-1}$$

$$= q^{+}q^{-1^{\oplus}}p.$$

$$q^{+}q^{-1^{\oplus}} = \begin{bmatrix} \eta + \varepsilon^{\wedge} & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^{T} & \eta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \eta + \varepsilon^{\wedge} & -\varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^{T} & \eta \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\|q\|^{2}}$$

$$p' = qpq^{-1} = q^{+}q^{-1^{\oplus}}p = \begin{bmatrix} \eta + \varepsilon^{\wedge} & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^{T} & \eta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \eta + \varepsilon^{\wedge} & -\varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^{T} & \eta \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\|q\|^{2}}$$



感谢各位聆听 Thanks for Listening

