Gem5 Lab 3: Cache Optimization

Fall, 2020

Due: This lab is to be completed during your time slots. After you are done, submit everything to github classroom.

The purpose of this assignment is to supplement your knowledge about trade-offs behind the design of caches, alongside intuition about their relative performance.

Cloud Access

You can connect to the cloud Linux server (**2440.cs.uh.edu**) with any ssh client during your time slot. Alternatively, you can use your own computer with Oracle Virtualbox. Keep in mind in the Linux server that we provide, gem5 is installed under /opt/gem5. In the Oracle Virtualbox disk image, it is installed under /home/gem5/gem5.

Windows ssh client

https://mobaxterm.mobatek.net/download.html https://www.putty.org/

Mac OS

Mac OS has a built-in SSH client.

Android

https://android.md/2019/05/10/5-best-android-ssh-clients/

Cache design trade-off

You will use bzip2 as the benchmarks in this lab.

The execution of gem5 provides the output file "stats.txt" under folder "m5out" (default, or into your defined directory). We can find miss rates of L1 DCache, L1 ICache and L2 Cache in the file, for instance,

system.cpu.dcache.overall_miss_rate::total 0.002790 # miss rate for overall accesses system.cpu.icache.overall_miss_rate::total 0.000004 # miss rate for overall accesses

...

From statics above, the L1 DCache has a 0.2790% miss rate, L1 ICache 0.0004%, and etc.

You can also find stats about number of cache accesses, hits and misses in "stats.txt".

Use config.ini to find cache configuration information such as latency for both Icache and Dcache. For instance, below shows icache latency of 2 cycles.

```
[system.cpu.icache]
type=Cache
...
assoc=2
...
data_latency=2
```

Deliverable: Given an L1 miss penalty of 6 cycles, L2 miss penalty of 50 cycles, and one cycle cache hit/instruction execution, use configuration parameter as above and calculate the CPI for each benchmark by following equation.

$$CPI = 1 + \frac{(IL1.miss_num + DL1.miss_num) \times 6 + L2.miss_num \times 50}{Total_Inst_num}$$

Optimize CPI for bzip2 benchmark

If we repeat the previous experiment, with a different configuration, we will find that many factors can influence the performance of program and cache hierarchy. By exploring the design space and trying different configurations, we will try to find an optimal configuration of cache which provides the best performance (i.e. **lowest CPI**).

You should explore the trade-offs between different factors, which include <u>associativity</u>, <u>block</u> <u>size</u>, <u>and size allocation for L1 instruction cache and L1 data cache</u> (they may have unequal size).

Given a two-level cache hierarchy, 512KB available for L1 cache (for L1 d-cache and i-cache together) and 4MB available for L2 cache.

Keep in mind from the class note, L1 caches often have relatively small size and are optimized for speed. L2 cache often has much larger size and higher associativity. Caches with larger size and higher associativity are slower (hit latency).

The experiments should be done with simulation of **100 million** instructions. It may take about 15 minutes to complete simulation of 100 million instructions using the server that we provide. Only in case it takes too long to complete (for instance, more than 40 minutes)), you can pick a different number. It is preferred to be more than 50 million. If you use a number different from 100 million, please state it in the lab report.

Experiment with cache associativity, block size, and size allocation for L1 instruction cache, and L1 data cache. Run Gem5 simulation with following cache configurations.

		L1 icache	L1 dcache	L2 cache
Setting 1	Large L1, direct map	256 KB, direct map	256 KB, direct map	8MB, 8 way associate
Setting 2	Small L1, direct map	32 KB, direct map	32 KB, direct map	8MB, 8 way associate
Setting 3	L1, 2 way	64KB, 4 way	64KB, 4 way	4MB, 16 way
Setting 4	L1, 8 way	64 KB, 8 way	64 KB, 8 way	4MB, 16 way

	Total Instruction count	IL1 misses	DL1 misses	L2 misses	L1 miss penalty	L2 miss penalty	IPC
Setting 1							
Setting 2							
Setting 3							
Setting 4							

Q1: Which con	figuration achieve the lowest CPI for	r the benchmark?
Submit		
The statistics oconfig.ini unde Note that you n	ining the answers for the questions, natural output files generated by the simulator output m5out	les for all your experiments. To make e submitted using the table below:
	Name of stats.txt	Name of config.ini
Experiment for setting 1		
Experiment for setting 2		
Experiment for setting 3		
Experiment for setting 4		
cd [your git git add "*" git commit -	For submitting files to github Shub repository location] -m "Logisim lab3" gin master	