Using Linear Regression to Develop a Sustainable Housing Community

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Outline

- **★** Business Problem
- **★** Data
- **★** Methods
- * Results
- **★** Conclusions

Business Problem



- A result of the Covid pandemic is that people are now spending more time in their yards
- ★ The real estate development group, Steady, has approached us to help design a community of homes for outdoor living
- ★ Steady wishes to build the community of homes in the most temperate zone of King County, Seattle.

Data

- ★ Data is from the King County Housing Dataset from Kaggle.
- ★ Includes homes sold between May 2014 and May 2015, features 21 columns, and over 21,000 entries.
- ★ The dataset contains categorical and numerical columns, with data types of integers, objects, and floats.

Column Names and Descriptions for King County Data Set

id - Unique identifier for a house

date - Date house was sold

price - Sale price (prediction target)

bedrooms - Number of bedrooms

bathrooms - Number of bathrooms

sqft_living - Square footage of living space in the home

sqft_lot - Square footage of the lot

floors - Number of floors (levels) in house

waterfront - Whether the house is on a waterfront

view - Quality of view from house

condition - How good the overall condition of the house is. Related to maintenance of house. See the King County Assessor Website for further explanation of each condition code

grade - Overall grade of the house. Related to the construction and design of the house. See the King County Assessor Website for further explanation of each building grade code

sqft_above - Square footage of house apart from basement

sqft_basement - Square footage of the basement

yr built - Year when house was built

yr_renovated - Year when house was renovated

zipcode - ZIP Code used by the United States Postal Service

lat - Latitude coordinate

long - Longitude coordinate

sqft_living15 - The square footage of interior housing living space for the nearest 15 neighbors

sqft_lot15 - The square footage of the land lots of the nearest 15 neighbors

Methods

Data **Engineering**

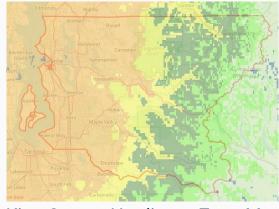
3 columns were constructed: hardiness zones ('zones'), square footage of lawn as a percent of total lot size ('sqft_lawn_prct'), and square footage of lawn as a percent of total lot size for the nearest 15 homes ('sqft_lawn_prct15').

Modeling

For modeling OLS regression was used and two values were looked at in the summary: R-squared and p-value.

Validating the Model

The performance of our model it was cross-validated using a train test split using scikit learn

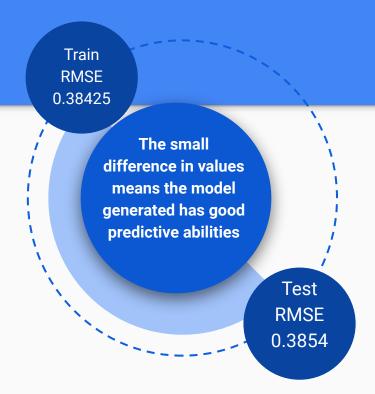


King County Hardiness Zone Map

Results

Model 4 has the highest r-squared value at 0.546

'sqft_lawn_prct', 'sqft_living', 'sqft_living15', 'bedrooms', 'grade_Excellent', 'view_EXCELLENT', 'grade_Luxury', 'view_NONE'



\$10,000 increase in price

\$5400 increase in square foot of living

\$4200 increase in square foot of living

value of the home

More lawn space does decrease the value of the home

What does this mean for our client, Steady?

Conclusions

\$5400

Build Larger Homes

For each \$10,000 increase in price for the home we see a \$5,400 increase in value of the square foot of living

We also want to warn Steady that increasing lawn size does decrease home value.

\$4200

That all homes built be larger

For each \$10,000 increase in price for the 15 nearest homes we also see a \$4200 increase in square foot of living for the 15 nearest homes.

- We advise that all homes built be of consistent size
- All homes built should be large (~2000 square feet)

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Excellent views and excellent grades

Homes with excellent views and excellent grades in general increase the value of the home.

- custom design
- high quality cabinet work, wood trim
- and highest quality materials.

Thank You!

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