Q.1 Tokenize the given text into sentences and words.

```
pip install nltk
     Requirement already satisfied: nltk in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (3.2.5)
     Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from nltk)
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
nltk.download('punkt')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk data]
                   Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
     True
text = "The Department of Information Technology at Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College, Ghatkop
word_tokenize(text)
     ['The',
      'Department',
      'of',
      'Information',
      'Technology',
      'at',
      'Ramniranjan',
      'Jhunjhunwala',
      'College',
      ٠,٠,
      'Ghatkopar',
      'Mumbai',
      'was',
      'established',
      'in',
      '2007',
      ٠٠',
      'The',
      'Department',
      'offers',
      'both',
      'undergraduate',
      '(',
      'B.Sc',
      ١٠',
      'IT',
      ')',
      'and',
      'postgraduate',
      '(',
```

'M.Sc',

```
٠٠',
      'IT',
      ')',
      'programmes',
      ٠٠',
      'The',
      'M.Sc',
      'IT',
      'programme',
      'was',
      'introduced',
      'in',
      'the',
      'year',
      '2016',
      '.'1
sent_tokenize(text)
     ['The Department of Information Technology at Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College, Ghatkopa
      'The Department offers both undergraduate (B.Sc.',
      'IT) and postgraduate (M.Sc.',
      'IT) programmes.',
      'The M.Sc IT programme was introduced in the year 2016.']
```

Q.2 Pos tag each word to display its grammatical information

```
from nltk.chunk.regexp import tag_pattern2re_pattern
import matplotlib
matplotlib.use('Agg')
import nltk
nltk.download('averaged perceptron tagger')
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk import pos tag
def chunking(text, grammar):
   word_tokens = word_tokenize(text)
   # label words with part of speech
   word_pos = pos_tag(word_tokens)
   # create a chunk parser using grammar
   chunkParser = nltk.RegexpParser(grammar)
   # test it on the list of word tokens with tagged pos
   tree = chunkParser.parse(word pos)
   for subtree in tree.subtrees():
        print(subtree)
```

```
sentence = 'the little yellow bird is flying in the sky'
grammar = "NP: {<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>}"
chunking(sentence, grammar)
     [nltk data] Downloading package averaged perceptron tagger to
     [nltk_data]
                     /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data]
                   Package averaged perceptron tagger is already up-to-
     [nltk data]
                       date!
     (S
       (NP the/DT little/JJ yellow/JJ bird/NN)
       is/VBZ
       flying/VBG
       in/IN
       (NP the/DT sky/NN))
     (NP the/DT little/JJ yellow/JJ bird/NN)
     (NP the/DT sky/NN)
```

Q.3 Apply chunking to extract the following sentence from the given text. The Department offers both undergraduate (B.Sc. IT) and postgraduate (M.Sc. IT) programmes.

```
import nltk
locs = [('Omnicom', 'IN', 'New York'),
            ('DDB Needham', 'IN', 'New York'),
            ('Kaplan Thaler Group', 'IN', 'New York'),
            ('BBDO South', 'IN', 'Atlanta'),
            ('Georgia-Pacific', 'IN', 'Atlanta')]
query = [e1 for (e1, rel, e2) in locs if e2=='Atlanta']
print(query)
def ie preprocess(document):
       sentences = nltk.sent tokenize(document)
       sentences = [nltk.word tokenize(sent) for sent in sentences]
       sentences = [nltk.pos tag(sent) for sent in sentences]
sentence = [("The", "Department"), ("offers", "both"), ("undergraduate", "(B.Sc. IT)"),
... ("and", "postgraduate"), ("(M.Sc. IT)", "programmes")]
grammar = "NP: {<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>}"
cp = nltk.RegexpParser(grammar)
result = cp.parse(sentence)
print(result)
     ['BBDO South', 'Georgia-Pacific']
       The/Department
       offers/both
       undergraduate/(B.Sc. IT)
       and/postgraduate
       (M.Sc. IT)/programmes)
```

Q. 4 After chunking (Q. 3), POS tag the sentence and search for the information about programs B.Sc. IT and M.Sc. IT using POS taggers and Regular Expression.

```
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('averaged perceptron tagger')
     [nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data] Downloading package averaged perceptron tagger to
     [nltk data]
                     /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data]
                   Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-
     [nltk data]
                       date!
     True
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk import pos tag
# convert text into word_tokens with their tags
def pos_tagging(text):
 word tokens = word tokenize(text)
  return pos tag(word tokens)
pos tagging('The Department offers both undergraduate (B.Sc. IT) and postgraduate (M.Sc. IT)
     [('The', 'DT'),
      ('Department', 'NNP'),
      ('offers', 'VBZ'),
      ('both', 'DT'),
      ('undergraduate', 'NN'),
      ('(', '('),
      ('B.Sc', 'NNP'),
      ('.', '.'),
      ('IT', 'NNP'),
      (')', ')'),
      ('and', 'CC'),
      ('postgraduate', 'NN'),
      ('(', '('),
      ('M.Sc', 'NNP'), ('.', '.'),
      ('IT', 'NNP'),
      (')', ')'),
      ('programmes', 'NNS')]
```

Q.5 Display the parser tree for the Noun Phrase for the chunk derived in Q. 4

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import nltk
import string
import re
```

```
def ie_preprocess(document):
       sentences = nltk.sent tokenize(document) [1]
       sentences = [nltk.word_tokenize(sent) for sent in sentences] [2]
       sentences = [nltk.pos tag(sent) for sent in sentences]
sentence = [("The", "Department"), ("offers", "both"), ("undergraduate", "(B.Sc. IT)"),
... ("and", "postgraduate"), ("(M.Sc. IT)", "programmes")]
grammar = "NP: {<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>}"
cp = nltk.RegexpParser(grammar)
result = cp.parse(sentence)
print (result)
     (S
       The/Department
       offers/both
       undergraduate/(B.Sc. IT)
       and/postgraduate
       (M.Sc. IT)/programmes)
```

Q.6 Get the Bog of words for the given text and display the word with its frequency.

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
text = "The Department of Information Technology at Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College, Ghatkop
CountVec = CountVectorizer(ngram range=(1,1), stop words='english')
Count data = CountVec.fit transform([text])
cv dataframe=pd.DataFrame(Count data.toarray(),columns=CountVec.get feature names())
print(cv dataframe)
        2007
              2016
                    college
                            department
                                              sc technology
                                                              undergraduate
                                        . . .
           1
                 1
                          1
                                      2
                                               3
                                                                                 1
                                         . . .
     [1 rows x 19 columns]
```

Q. 7 Remove the stop words from the BOW that is retrieved in Q. 6.

```
nltk.download('punkt')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
                   Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data]
     True
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
nltk.download('stopwords')
     [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data]
                   Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
     True
stop_words = set(stopwords.words("english"))
sentence = "The Department of Information Technology at Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College, Gha
words = nltk.word tokenize(sentence)
without_stop_words = [word for word in words if not word in stop_words]
print(without_stop_words)
     ['The', 'Department', 'Information', 'Technology', 'Ramniranjan', 'Jhunjhunwala', 'Colle
```

Q.8 Stem the Words of Q. 7

```
import nltk
nltk.download('punkt')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                   Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     True
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
text = 'The Department of Information Technology at Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College, Ghatkop
# Tokenize the string
tokens = word_tokenize(text)
print(tokens)
#=> ['fish', 'fishing', 'fishes', 'fisher', 'fished', 'fishy']
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
stems = [stemmer.stem(w) for w in tokens]
print(stems)
```

```
['The', 'Department', 'of', 'Information', 'Technology', 'at', 'Ramniranjan', 'Jhunjhunv ['the', 'depart', 'of', 'inform', 'technolog', 'at', 'ramniranjan', 'jhunjhunwala', 'co]
```

*Q 9 .Find and display Lemma for the words that are retrieved in Q. 7 using lemmatization. *

```
import nltk
nltk.download('punkt')
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
import nltk
nltk.download('wordnet')
     [nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data]
                   Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data]
                  Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
     True
# Define the sentence to be lemmatized
sentence = "The Department of Information Technology at Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College, Gha
# Tokenize: Split the sentence into words
word list = nltk.word tokenize(sentence)
print(word list)
#> ['The', 'striped', 'bats', 'are', 'hanging', 'on', 'their', 'feet', 'for', 'best']
# Lemmatize list of words and join
lemmatized_output = ' '.join([lemmatizer.lemmatize(w) for w in word_list])
print(lemmatized output)
#> The striped bat are hanging on their foot for best
```

```
['The', 'Department', 'of', 'Information', 'Technology', 'at', 'Ramniranjan', 'Jhunjhunv
** Q. 10 Find the synonym and antonym of words 'establish' and 'introduce'.**
           9 # Lemmatize list of words and join
import nltk
nltk.download('wordnet')
from nltk.corpus import wordnet
synonyms = []
antonyms = []
for syn in wordnet.synsets("establish"):
 for l in syn.lemmas():
    synonyms.append(1.name())
    if 1.antonyms():
      antonyms.append(1.antonyms()[0].name())
print(set(synonyms))
     [nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
                   Unzipping corpora/wordnet.zip.
     {'demonstrate', 'base', 'ground', 'install', 'set_up', 'show', 'plant', 'establish', 'ir
     {'abolish', 'disprove'}
print(set(antonyms))
```

{'abolish', 'disprove'}

