## Full Stack Development with AI

# Lab 6.4 – Iterative Control Flow with Python

## **Lab Overview**

In this lab, you will learn how to work with the iterative control flow statements for and while in Python through some basic to intermediate programming exercises.

## **Exercise 1 – Multiplication Table**

Write a program that asks user to input a positive integer. Thereafter, the program should print out the multiplication table of the integer from 1 to 10.

Use the while statement and for statement to write two different versions of the program.

Sample Input	Sample Output
2	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20
13	13, 26, 39, 52, 65, 78, 91, 104, 117, 130

**Post Exercise Thoughts:** Briefly explain which statement is more suitable for solving this problem. Observe that certain computational problems lend themselves naturally to the use of the for loop. But recall that the while loop is the most generic iterative control flow in any programming language.

## Exercise 2 - Find Any Digit

Write a program to print out the n<sup>th</sup> digit, starting from the left, of any positive integer input by the user. If the requested n<sup>th</sup> digit inputted by the user is invalid, the program should print out an appropriate error message.

You are **NOT** allowed to treat the input as string.

Sample Input	Sample Output
2345, 0	Error: Digit position must be greater than 0
2345, 1	2
2345, 2	3
2345, 3	4
2345, 4	5
2345, 5	Error: Digit position is more than the number of digits.
56789543257899, 4	8

#### Exercise 3 – The World of Triangles

Write a program to draw a triangle with asterisks on the screen. The program should:

- 1. Prompt the user to input the base in units.
- 2. Compute the height of the triangle using the formula (base + 1)/2 and output the height to user.
- 3. Draw a triangle of the respective base and height on the screen using asterisks.
- 4. For example, if user input a base of 9 units, the program should compute the height as 5 units and then draw this triangle using asterisks. See the sample output below.

#### Sample Program Run:

## **Exercise 4 – Prime Factorisation**

Prime factors of a positive integer greater than 1 are the prime numbers that divide that integer exactly, without leaving a remainder. The process of finding these prime numbers is called prime factorisation. A prime number itself is defined as a positive integer greater than 1 that has no positive divisors other than 1 and itself.

Write a program to generate the prime factors of any positive integer greater than 1.

Sample Input	Sample Output
2	2
48	2 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 3
255	3 x 5 x 17
9001	9001
67786531	17 x 443 x 9001

-- End of Lab --