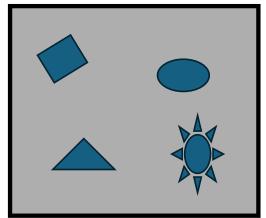
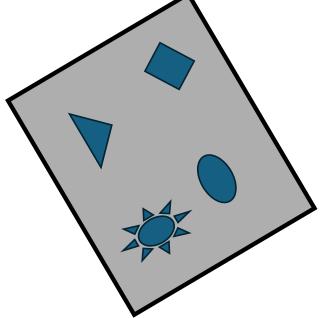


#### Affine transform

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_0 & y_0 \\ x_1 & y_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ x_n & y_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x'_0 & y'_0 \\ x'_1 & y'_1 \\ x'_2 & y'_2 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ x'_n & y'_n \end{bmatrix} * R + T$$

Corresponding pairs

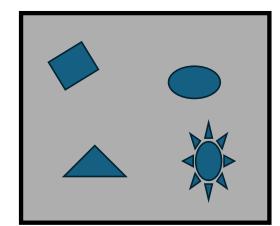


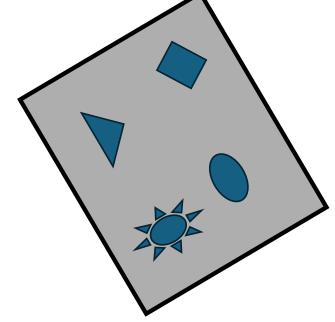


#### Affine transform

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_0 & y_0 & 1 \\ x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x_n & y_n & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x'_0 & y'_0 & 1 \\ x'_1 & y'_1 & 1 \\ x'_2 & y'_2 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x'_n & y'_n & 1 \end{bmatrix} * R'$$

$$R' = \begin{bmatrix} a & c & 0 \\ b & d & 0 \\ \Delta x & \Delta y & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$





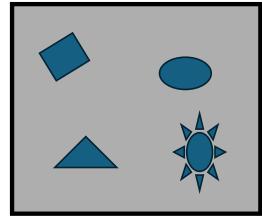
#### Affine transform

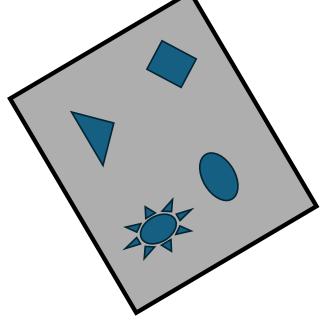
$$A = B * R'$$

$$B^{-1} * A = R'$$

$$(B^T * B)^{-1} * B^T * A = R'$$

$$R' = \begin{bmatrix} a & c & 0 \\ b & d & 0 \\ \Delta x & \Delta y & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$





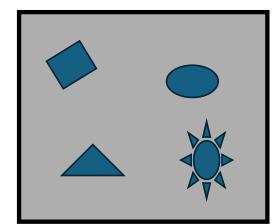
# Rigid-body transform

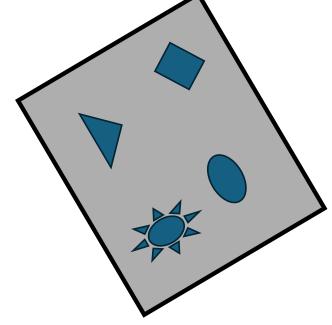
$$A = B * R'$$

$$R_{rigid}' = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & \sin(\theta) & 0 \\ -\sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) & 0 \\ \Delta x & \Delta y & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{stretch}' = \begin{bmatrix} k_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & k_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & \sin(\theta) & 0 \\ -\sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) & 0 \\ \Delta x & \Delta y & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{sheer}{}' = \begin{bmatrix} k_x & k_{xy} & 0 \\ k_{yx} & k_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & \sin(\theta) & 0 \\ -\sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) & 0 \\ \Delta x & \Delta y & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Same as affine





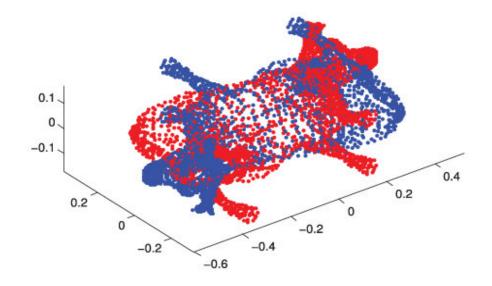
### ICP (iterative closest point)

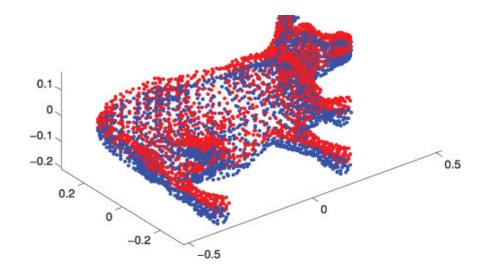
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_0 & y_0 & 1 \\ x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x_n & y_n & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x'_0 & y'_0 & 1 \\ x'_1 & y'_1 & 1 \\ x'_2 & y'_2 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x'_n & y'_n & 1 \end{bmatrix} * R'$$

Initial Guess of correspondence (lst1,lst12)

#### While():

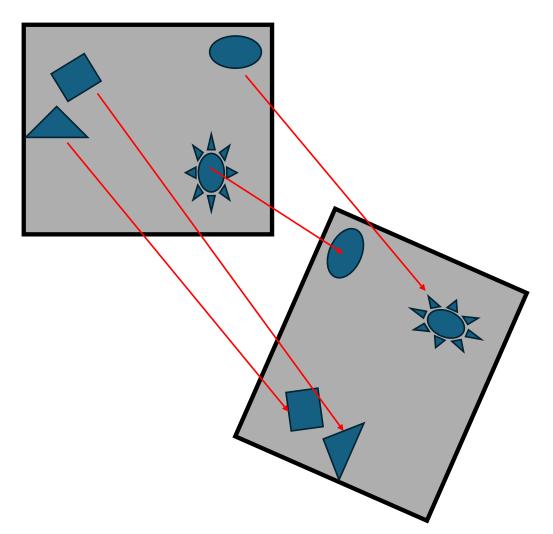
A(lst1) = R \* B(lst2)
Calculate transform
Apply transform
Remove bad points
update correspondence (lst1,lst12)



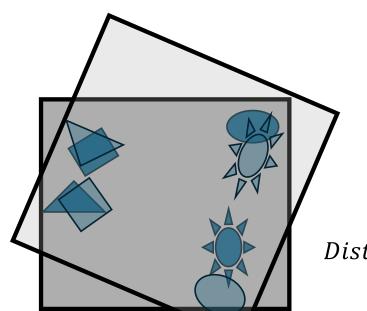


### ICP (iterative closest point)

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_0 & y_0 & 1 \\ x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x_n & y_n & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x'_0 & y'_0 & 1 \\ x'_1 & y'_1 & 1 \\ x'_2 & y'_2 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x'_n & y'_n & 1 \end{bmatrix} * R'$$



# ICP (iterative closest point)

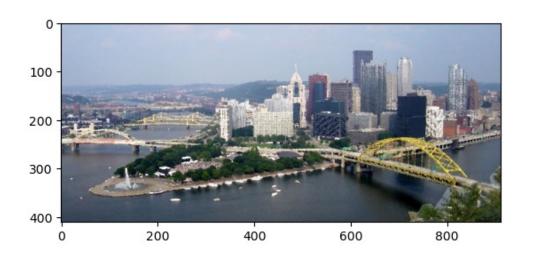


Distance = 
$$\sqrt{(x - x')^2 + (y - y')^2}$$

Distance = 
$$\sqrt{(x - x')^2 + (y - y')^2 + (shape - shape')^2}$$

#### **Color information**

- Dominant color
  - Most prominent color in a region around point



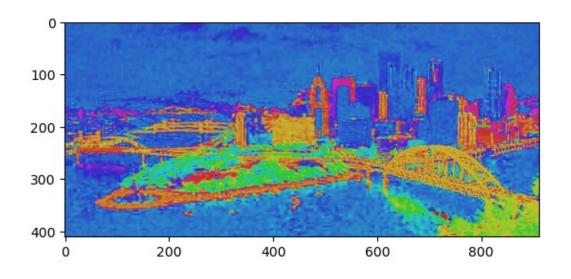
Grab pixels in kernel around point

Bin to histogram or k-means cluster

Report largest bin

#### **Color information**

- Scalable color
  - Convert to HSV → hue



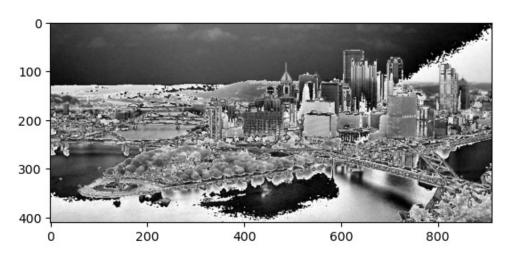
Convert to HSV

Discard S and V channels

Report Hue

#### **Color layout description**

- Spatial color information around point
  - Convert to YCrCb format
  - Discrete Cosine Transform



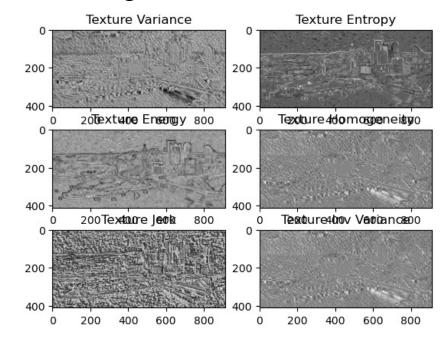
Convert to YCrCr (brightness (luma), Blue-luma, Red-luma)

Run a DCT on brightness

Report DCT coefficients

#### **Statistical Texture Descriptors**

- Compute the statistical properties in a region
  - Variance (<x^2>)
  - Jerk (<x^3>)
  - Homogeneity <1/(1+|x|)>
  - Inverse Var <1/(x^2)>
  - Entropy <prob\*log(prob)>
  - Energy <prob^2>



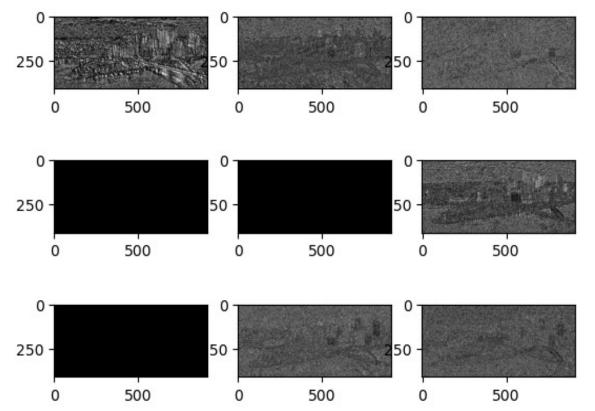
#### **Texture Energy Descriptors**

Convolution kernels

```
[1 4 6 4 1] (ridge)
[-1 -2 0 +2 +1] (edge)
[-1 0 2 0 -1] (spot)
[+1 -4 +6 -4 +1] (ripple)
[-1 +2 0 -2 +1] (wave)
```

#### **Texture Energy Descriptors**

- Convolution kernels
  - 4 x 4
  - discard symmetric
  - = 9 terms



#### **Structured Texture Descriptors**

- Convolution kernel is texture sample
  - Regional correlation with texture sample

