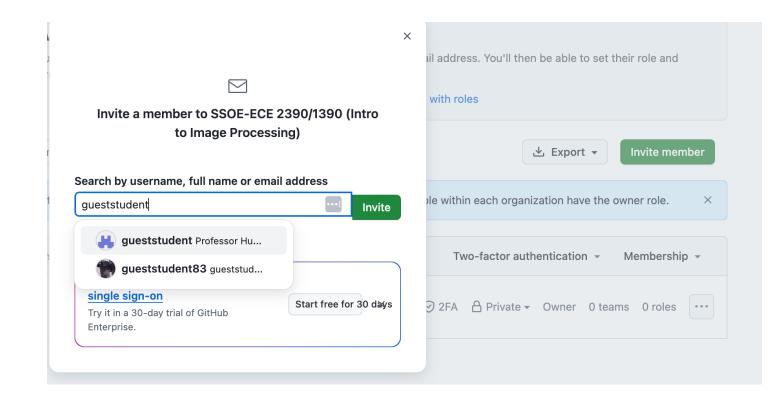
Introduction to GitHub Teams/Organizations/Classroom

Git Organization for course

https://github.com/SSOE-ECE1390



Companies search your GitHub!

- Chose your GitHub username appropriately (and professionally)
- Private vs Public Repos

Homework 0

- Install VS-Code
 - https://code.visualstudio.com/
 - Add extensions for
 - GitHub Pull Requests (the official GitHub one)
 - GitHub Classroom
 - Python Language Support

Homework 0

- Python 3.12 (not 3.13)
 - Create dedicated virtual env
 - install:
 - opency-python
 - matplotlib
 - numpy
 - mediapipe

Homework 0

Clone the assignment repo (link found in canvas)

How this works with the org:

https://github.com/orgs/SSOE-ECE1390

- Creates a fork of the template repo (assignment) with your Git name. E.g. homework0_huppertt
- Make edits, commit, and push your assignment to GitHub
 - Either within VS-code or command line, etc
 - If you want to change/update your answer, send a new commit to GitHub.
 - We will grade based on what is on GitHub and (when appropriate) make comments/grading as push requests into your repo

Group Project

https://github.com/SSOE-ECE1390

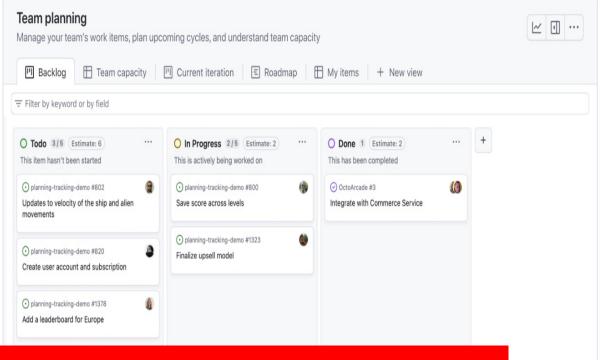
- Once you accept the first homework assignment and link it to your GitHub account, I can add you to the organization group.
- Once you have a team for your project, then one person from will create a new Team within the organization. Then add the other members of the team
- Create a Project in your team
- Create a Repo in your team

Team planning • GitHub

Manage your team's work items, plan upcoming cycles, and understand team capacity

Project name

ExampleTeam_Planning



In the semester project, you will use this to assign tasks and to document who did what for the project!

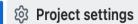


GitHub Projects

- Not actual code
- Milestones/tasks /roadmaps
- Might refer to management of multiple repos as part of a larger project

← Settings





A Manage access

Custom fields

+ New Field

- Status
- Sub-issues progress
- Priority
- Size
- ½3 Estimate
- C Iteration
- Start date
- End date

Project settings

Project name

ExampleTeam

Short description

Virtual WebCam Project for ECE1390/2390

README

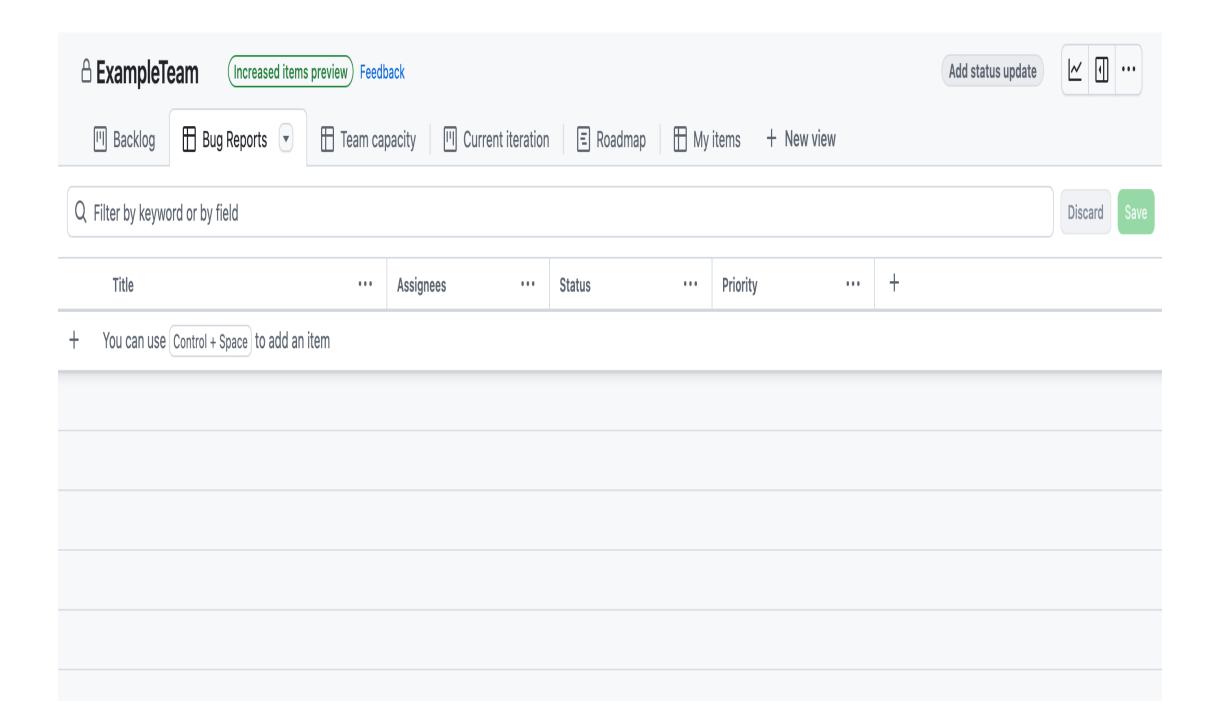
Write Preview

 $\mathsf{B} \quad I \quad \sqsubseteq \; \leftrightarrow \; \varnothing \quad \sqsubseteq \; \leftrightarrows \; \leftrightarrows \;$



Virtual WebCam Project

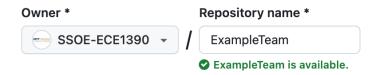
A virtual webcam is a software program that re-broadcasts a video feed allowing modifications of the video. This project will build a virtual webcam to allow modification of a live camera feed into Zoom, which will allow the user to add visual effects onto the video.



Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? <u>Import a repository.</u>

Required fields are marked with an asterisk (*).

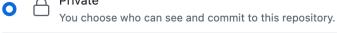


Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about congenial-parakeet?

Description (optional)

Example Project Repo for VirtualWebCam

\bigcirc	Image: section of the content of the	Public Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.
	_	Privato



Initialize this repository with:

Add a README file

This is where you can write a long description for your project. Learn more about READMES.

Add .gitignore

.gitignore template: None 🔻

Choose which files not to track from a list of templates. Learn more about ignoring files.

Choose a license

License: MIT License ▼

A license tells others what they can and can't do with your code. Learn more about licenses.

This will set \mathcal{P}_{main} as the default branch.

GitHub Repos

- Is the actual code
- You will have one main repo for your project; however, you will create branches from this repo such that each group member can work on their part of the code.
- I would like to see push requests and code review (for ECE 2390 groups, this is a requirement).

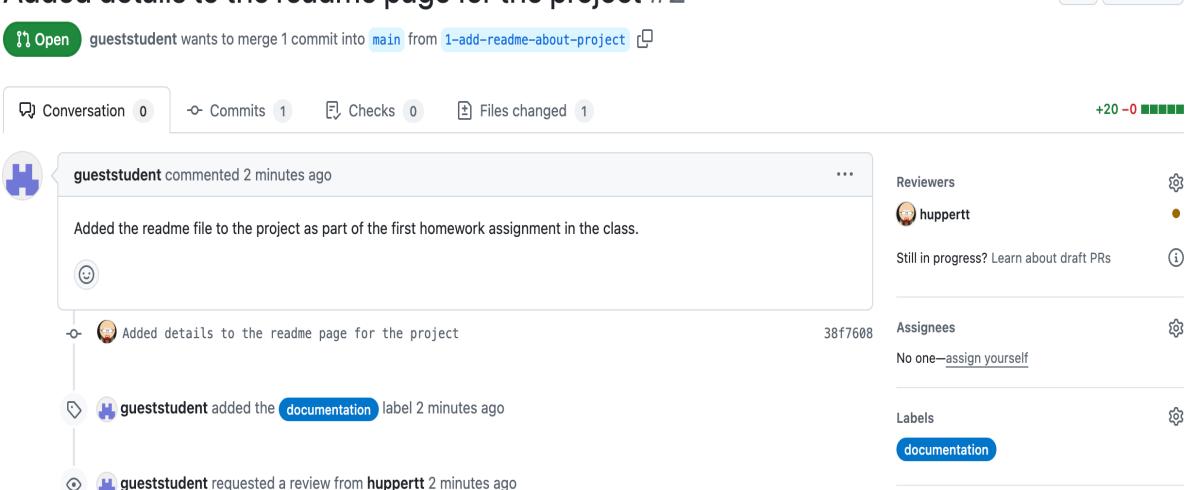
Creating a fork, making edits, and requesting review for a pull request

- 1) In the GitHub ORG site on your team, select the parent repo and create a fork

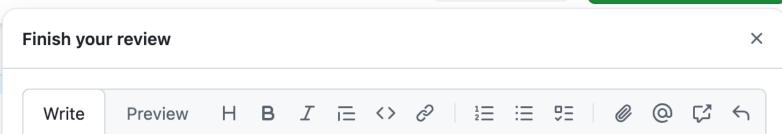
 This creates a copy in YOUR GitHub account that only you have access to
- Clone this repo from your account and make any edits. Commit and push the changes to your account.
- 3) When done, on the repo on your account, open a pull request. Add details about the changes. Select a reviewer for the request.
- 4) The reviewer will then get a notice that a pull request has been created and is ready for review. They can make comments and send back or approve and merge the request.

<> Code ▼

Added details to the readme page for the project #2



```
1
       # ExampleTeam
       Example Project Repo for VirtualWebCam
    + Brief Description:
 4
    + The goal of this project is to build a virtual webcam to allow manipulations of
       live-video feeds from a webcam to be used in Zoom
 6
    +
    + Team Members:
    + Dr Huppert (huppert1@pitt.edu)
    + The class TA (<a href="mailto:someone@pitt.edu">someone@pitt.edu</a>)
10 🕂
      huppertt (Pending)
      Add GuestStudent@pitt.edu
        Reply...
11
    +
12
    + Proposed project specs:
    + * Background replacement (greenscreen)
13
14
           Include feature to change background of video
```



Leave a comment

- Markdown is supported Paste, drop, or click to add files
- Comment

Submit general feedback without explicit approval.

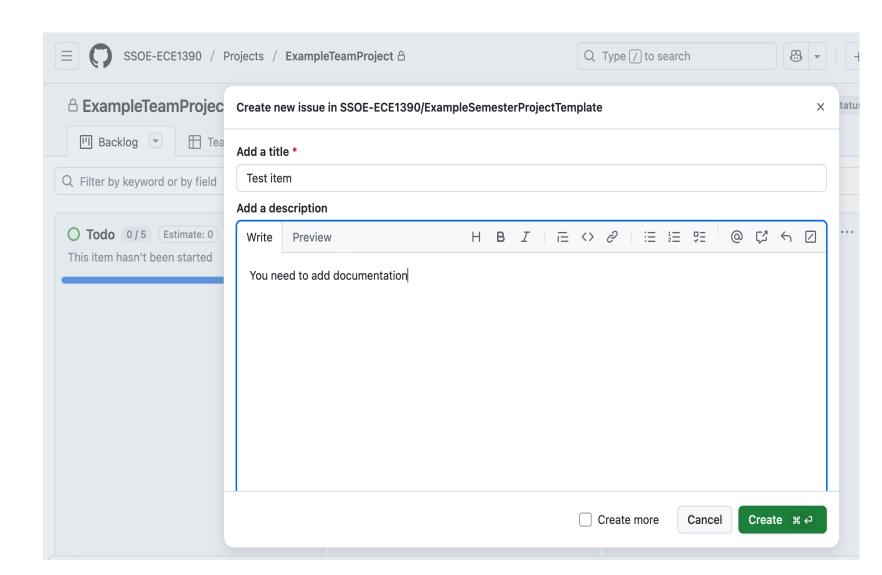
Approve

Submit feedback and approve merging these changes.

Request changes

Submit feedback that must be addressed before merging.

In the Project, create an issue by adding it to the workflow

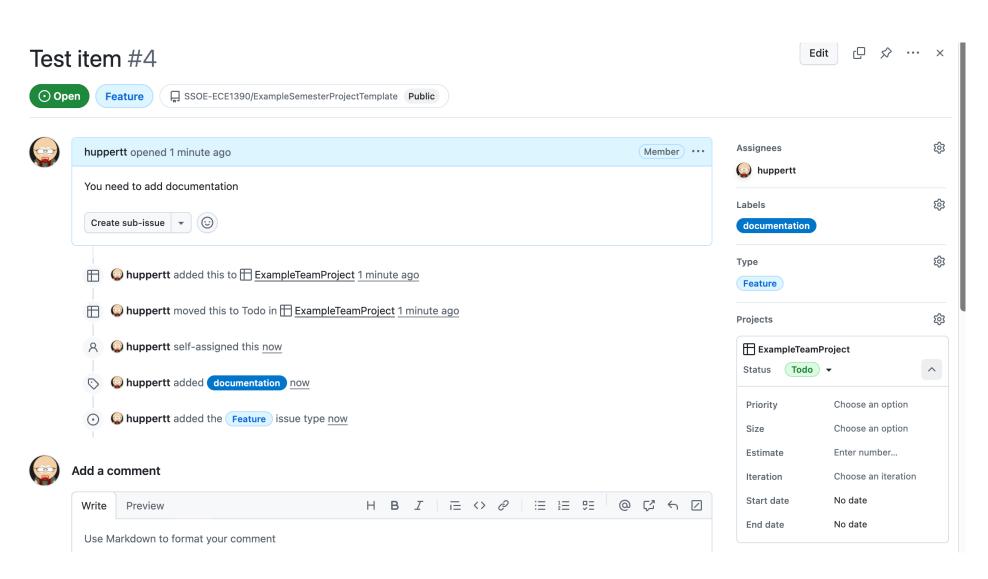


Once created, you can open the issue and add more details

Assign to a person on the team

Add info about what type of issue this is

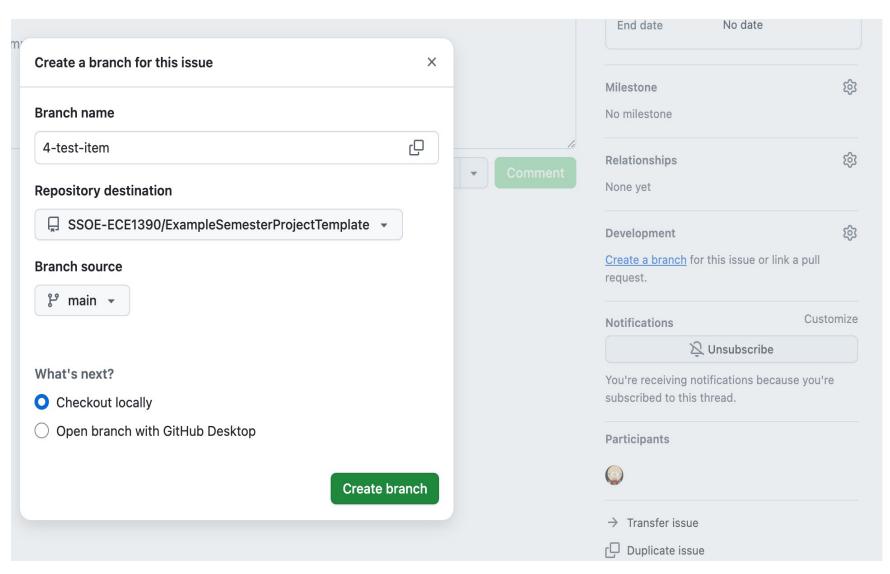
Add comments or attach files



At the bottom, you can create a branch or assign it to an existing pull request.

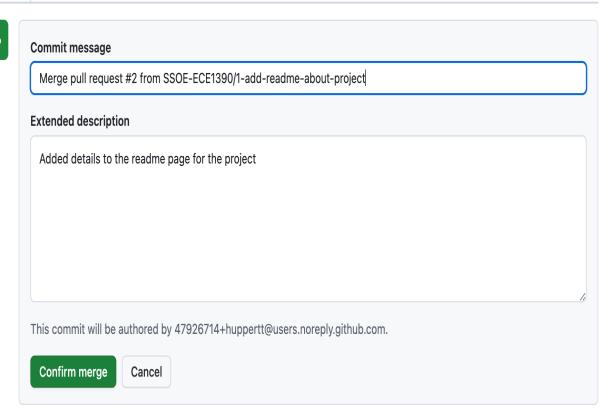
Branches – stay with the Org account. These are sub-repos

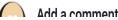
Forks – your local GitHub. These are copies of the repo.



If you are working with branches, you need to switch the branch you are working on, make edits, and then eventually merge with a pull request.

If you are working with forks, you need to clone the fork, make edits, and then eventually merge with a pull request.





Once an issue is completed, move it to the DONE category.

If you close an issue, it disappears (which is fine if you aren't tracking issues), but companies often want to save documentation of such changes.

