NAME: REYA JESLYN SAHAYA SAMUEL ROLL NO.: 2210110505

PRACTICE LAB ASSIGNMENT 2

1. Write a program to read 10 integers. Display these numbers by printing three numbers in a line separated by commas.

CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()

int main()

int a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, t, j;

printf("Enter 10 integers")/a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j;

scanf("%d%d%d%d%d%d%d%d%d%d%d%d%d%d, \n%d, \n%d, \n%d, \n%d, \n, d, \
```

```
student@HP-280-G3-MT: ~/Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd
/home/student
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls
Abhinav KL Lab Assignment
                                                  q10.c
                                     Programmes
                                                         q22.c
                                                                 q6.c
                            prog1.c
                                     010
                                                  q1.c
                                                         q2.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q1.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter 10 integers5
10
2
3
4
б
7
8
9
1
  10, 2,
  4, 6,
  8, 9,
  tudent@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$
```

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2. WAP to enter the temperature of a city in Fahrenheit Degree and convert it into Centigrade Degrees.

```
CODE
```

```
#include<stdio.h>

void main()
{
    float f, c;
    printf("Enter the temperature of a city in Fahrenheit Degree")/f;
    scanf("%f%f", &f, &c);
    c = (f-32)*(0.55556);
    printf("Enter the temperature of a city in Fahrenheit Degree")/f;
    scanf("%f%f", &f, &c);
    c = (f-32)*(0.55556);
    printf("The Celsius Degree Conversion is %f", c);
}

rection of the temperature of a city in Fahrenheit Degree")/f;

scanf("%f%f", &f, &c);
    c = (f-32)*(0.55556);

printf("The Celsius Degree Conversion is %f", c);
}
```

ROLL NO.: 2210110505

3. WAP to print the ASCII value of a character that is being entered by the user.

CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char c;
    printf("Enter any character to find out its ASCII value")/c;
    scanf("%c", &c);
    printf("The ASCII value of %c = %d", c, c);
    return 0;
}
```

```
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop

student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd

/home/student

student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop

student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls

a.out Assignment -07 Recurssion.pdf lab 2 q3.c

student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q3.c

student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out

Enter any character to find out its ASCII value5

The ASCII value of 5 = 53student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$
```

ROLL NO.: 2210110505

4. WAP to print the digit at one's place in any number entered by the user.

CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int n, a;
  printf("Enter any number")/n;
  scanf("%d%d", &n, &a);
  a = n%10;
  printf("The digit at ones place in the number you entered is %d", a);
  return 0;
}
```

```
🔞 🖨 📵 student@HP-280-G3-MT: ~/Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd
/home/student
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls
Abhinav KL Lab Assignment
                          div
                                    Programmes
                                                q1.c
                                                       q2.c
                                                             q6.c
                                                                   q8.c
a.out
                           prog1.c
                                    q10.c
                                                q22.c q4.c
                                                             q7.c
                                                                   q9.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q4.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter any number435
./a.out
The digit at ones place in the number you entered is 5student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Des
ktop$
```

ROLL NO.: 2210110505

5. WAP that displays the size of every data type (int, long int, unsigned int, float, double, long double, char).

CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>
                                                  int integerType;
int main()
                                                  long int longintegerType;
                                                 6 unsigned int unsignedintegerType;
                                                  float floatType;
                                                8 double doubleType;
                                                 long double longdoubleType;
                                                  char charType;
int integerType;
                                                                  of int is: %ld", sizeof(integerType
                                                  printf("The size of long int is:
printf("The size of unsigned int
long int longintegerType;
                                                         "The size of double is:
                                                  printf("The size of long double
unsigned int unsignedintegerType;
                                                  printf("The size of char is: %ld", sizeof(charType)
                                                  return 🛭 ;
float floatType;
double doubleType;
long double longdoubleType;
char charType;
printf("The size of int is: %ld", sizeof(integerType));
printf("The size of long int is: %ld", sizeof(longintegerType));
printf("The size of unsigned int is: %ld", sizeof(unsignedintegerType));
printf("The size of float is: %Id", sizeof(floatType));
printf("The size of double is: %ld", sizeof(doubleType));
printf("The size of long double is: %ld", sizeof(longdoubleType));
printf("The size of char is: %ld", sizeof(charType));
return 0;
```

SS of the OUTPUT

```
🔊 🗐 📵 student@HP-280-G3-MT: ~/Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd
/home/student
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls
a.out Assignment -07 Recurssion.pdf lab 2 Q3 q3.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q5.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
The size of int is: 4The size of
                                   long int is: 8The size of unsigned int is: 4The
size of float is: 4The size of double is: 8The size of long double is: 16The si
ze of char is: 1student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$
```

<mark>ld</mark>", sizeof(longin

, sizeof(floatType

, sizeof(doubleTy

ld", sizeof(lon

sizeof(un

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6. Write a program to read a character in upper case and then print it in lower case.

CODE

```
1#include<
#include<stdio.h>
                                                 2 int main()
int main()
                                                 4 char uppei
                                                 5 int ascii;
                                                 6printf("T)
                                                 8ascii = upperChar;
char upperChar, lowerChar;
                                                 9 lowerChar = ascii + <mark>32</mark>;
                                                10 printf("The lower case version of the
int ascii;
                                                11 return 🛭 ;
printf("Type any letter in caps")/upperChar;
scanf("%c%c%d", &upperChar, &lowerChar, &ascii);
ascii = upperChar;
lowerChar = ascii + 32;
printf("The lower case version of the letter is %c", lowerChar);
return 0;
```

```
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd
/home/student
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls
a.out Assignment -07 Recurssion.pdf lab 2 Q3 q3.c Q5 q5.c q6.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q6.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Type any letter in capsG
./a.out
The lower case version of the letter is gstudent@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$
```

ROLL NO.: 2210110505

7. Write a program to calculate the sum of all the digits in a number. A number must be a five-digit number only.

For Example: If input number = 12345

Output: 15

```
CODE
                                         int n, a, b, c, d, e, sum ;
printf("Enter any 5-digit number")/n;
scanf("%d%d%d%d%d%d%d", &n, &a, &b, &c, &d, &e, &sum);
#include<stdio.h>
                                          b = (n/1000) - (a*10); 

  c = (n/100) - (a*100) - (b*10); 

  d = (n/10) - (a*1000) - (b*100) - (c*10); 
int main()
                                         sum = a + b + c + d + e;
printf("The sum of all the digits in the five digit number entered is %d", sum);
                                         return 0;
int n, a, b, c, d, e, sum ;
printf("Enter any 5-digit number")/n;
scanf("%d%d%d%d%d%d%d", &n, &a, &b, &c, &d, &e, &sum);
a = n/10000;
b = (n/1000) - (a*10);
c = (n/100) - (a*100) - (b*10);
d = (n/10) - (a*1000) - (b*100) - (c*10);
e = n%10;
sum = a + b + c + d + e;
printf("The sum of all the digits in the five digit number entered is %d", sum);
return 0;
```

```
student@HP-280-G3-MT: ~/Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd
/home/student
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls
Abhinav KL Lab Assignment
                                     Programmes
                                                 q1.c
                                                        q2.c
                                                              q4.c
                                                                     q7.c
                                                                           q9.c
a.out
                           prog1.c
                                     q10.c
                                                 q22.c
                                                        04
                                                               q6.c
                                                                     q8.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q7.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter any 5-digit number53789
./a.out
    sum of all the digits in the five digit number entered is 32student@HP-280-
G3-MT:~/Desktop$
```

ROLL NO.: 2210110505

8. If a four-digit number is input through the keyboard, write a program to obtain the sum of the first and last digit of this number.

CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>

tht nain()

{
    tht n, a, d, sum;
    printf("Enter any 4-digit number")/n;
    scanf("%dxdxdxd", &n, &a, &d, &sum);
    d = n&i0;
    sum :
    printf("The sum of the first and last digit in the four digit number entered is %d", sum);
    return 0;

}

int n, a, d, sum;

printf("Enter any 4-digit number")/n;

scanf("%d%d%d%d", &n, &a, &d, &sum);

a = n/1000;

d = n%10;

sum = a + d;

printf("The sum of the first and last digit in the four digit number entered is %d", sum);

return 0;

}
```

```
🔞 🖨 🗊 student@HP-280-G3-MT: ~/Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd
/home/student
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls
Abhinav KL Lab Assignment
                           div
                                     Programmes
                                                 q1.c
                                                        q2.c
                                                              q8.c
a.out
                           prog1.c
                                     q10.c
                                                 q22.c
                                                        q6.c
                                                              q9.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q8.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter any 4-digit number5481
./a.out
The sum of the first and last digit in the four digit number entered is 6student
@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$
```

ROLL NO.: 2210110505

9. If the total selling price of 15 items and the total profit earned on them is input through the keyboard, write a program to find the cost price of one item.

CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>

void main()

{

toat sp, p, cp;

printf("enter the total selling price of 15 objects and total profit earned on then respectively ")/sp, p;

scanf("%f%f%f", &sp, &p, &cp);

printf("Enter the total selling price of 15 objects and total profit earned on them respectively
")/sp, p;

scanf("%f%f%f", &sp, &p, &cp);

cp = (sp - p)/15;

printf("The cost price of one item is %f", cp);

}
```

```
🔞 🖃 📵 student@HP-280-G3-MT: ~/Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd
/home/student
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls
Abhinav KL Lab Assignment
                           div
                                    Programmes
                                                 q1.c
                                                        q2.c
                                                              q9.c
a.out
                           prog1.c
                                    q10.c
                                                 q22.c
                                                        q6.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q9.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter the total selling price of 15 objects and total profit earned on them resp
ectively 1000
50
./a.out
The cost price of one item is 63.333332student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$
```

ROLL NO.: 2210110505

10. The distance between two cities (in km.) is input through the keyboard. Write a program to convert and print this distance in meters, feet, inches and centimeters.

CODE

```
/oid main()
#include<stdio.h>
                                   float n, m, f, i, cm;
                                  printf("Enter the distance between two ci
scanf("紫作紫作紫作", &n, &m, &f, &i, &cm);
m = n * 1000;
f = n * 3280.8399;
i = n * 39370.0787;
                                                      tance between two cities in kilometres")/n;
void main()
                                   cm = n * 100000;

cm = n * 100000;

printf("The distance in metres is %f \nThe distance in feet is %f \nThe distance in inches is %f \nThe distance in centimetres is %f", m, f, i, cm);
float n, m, f, i, cm;
printf("Enter the distance between two cities in kilometres")/n;
scanf("%f%f%f%f%f", &n, &m, &f, &i, &cm);
m = n * 1000;
f = n * 3280.8399;
i = n * 39370.0787;
cm = n * 100000;
printf("The distance in metres is %f \nThe distance in feet is %f \nThe distance in inches is %f
\nThe distance in centimetres is %f", m, f, i, cm);
}
```

```
🔞 🖨 📵 student@HP-280-G3-MT: ~/Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ pwd
/home/student
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~$ cd Desktop
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ls
Abhinav KL Lab Assignment
                                     Programmes
                                                 q1.c
                                                        q2.c
                                     q10.c
a.out
                           prog1.c
                                                 q22.c
                                                        q6.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ gcc q10.c
student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter the distance between two cities in kilometres5
./a.out
The distance in metres is 5000.000000
The distance in feet is 16404.199219
The distance in inches is 196850.390625
The distance in centimetres is 500000.000000student@HP-280-G3-MT:~/Desktop$
```