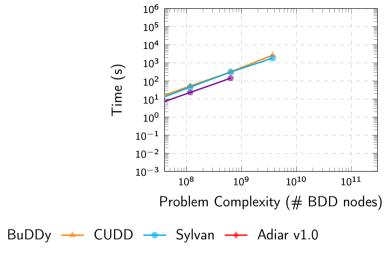
Predicting Memory Demands of BDD Operations using Maximum Graph Cuts

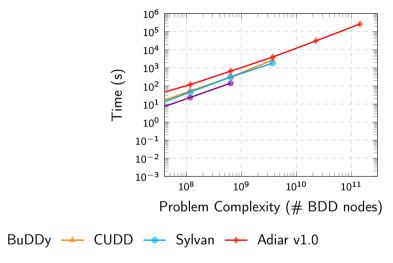
Steffan Christ Sølvsten and Jaco van de Pol

ATVA 2023

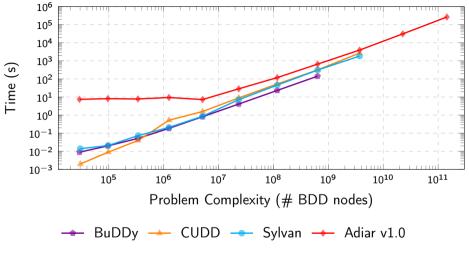




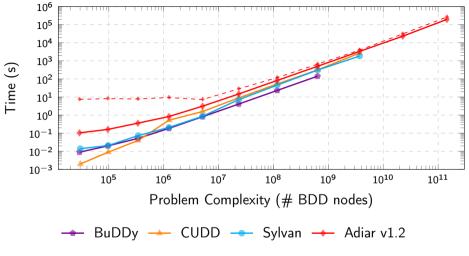
Running Time to solve *N-Queens* problems.



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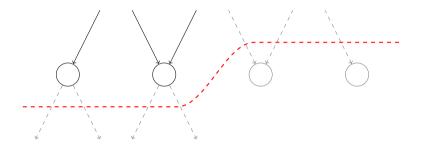


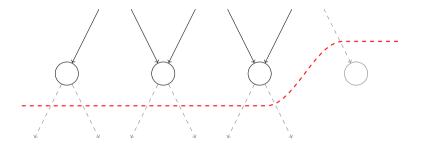
Running Time to solve *N-Queens* problems.

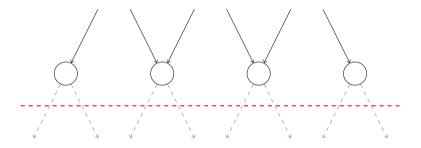




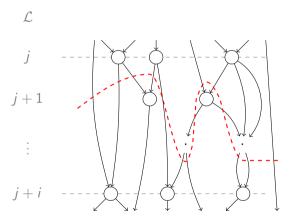




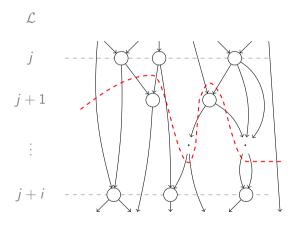




i-level cut



i-level cut

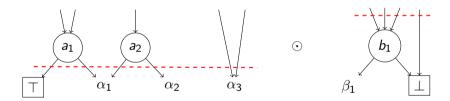


Lemma (Sølvsten, Van de Pol 2023) The maximum i-level cut problem is in P for $i \in \{1, 2\}$.

Theorem (Lampis, Kaouri, Mitsou 2011) The maximum i-level cut problem is NP-complete for $i \ge 4$.

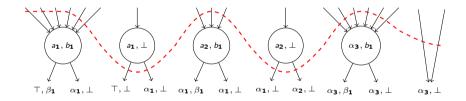
Theorem (Sølvsten, Van de Pol 2023) Given maximum 2-level cuts size C_f for f and C_g for g, the maximum 2-level cut for $f \odot g$ is less than or equal to $C_f \cdot C_g$.

Proof.



Theorem (Sølvsten, Van de Pol 2023) Given maximum 2-level cuts size C_f for f and C_g for g, the maximum 2-level cut for $f \odot g$ is less than or equal to $C_f \cdot C_g$.

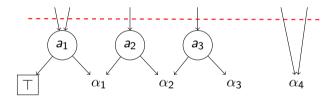
Proof.



Lemma (Sølvsten, Van de Pol 2023)

The maximum 2-level cut for f is at most $\frac{3}{2}$ larger than its maximum 1-level cut.

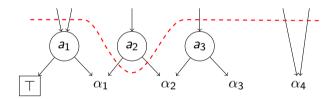
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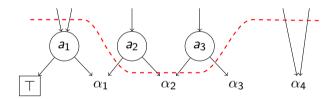
Proof.



Lemma (Sølvsten, Van de Pol 2023)

The maximum 2-level cut for f is at most $\frac{3}{2}$ larger than its maximum 1-level cut.

Proof.



		+ Ŏ	WHI
		Overhead	Precision
1-level cut	:	1.0%	69.2%
2-level cut	:	3.3%	86.3%

Possible to process a

1.1 GiB BDD

with only

128 MiB Memory



Running Time

Adiar v1.0 : 56.5 hours

Verification of the 15 smallest EPFL circuits.



Running Time

Adiar v1.0 : 56.5 hours

Adiar v1.2 : $4.0 \text{ hours } (-93\%)^1$

Verification of the 15 smallest EPFL circuits.

¹ 52.1 of these hours were saved on just verifying the sin circuit alone.

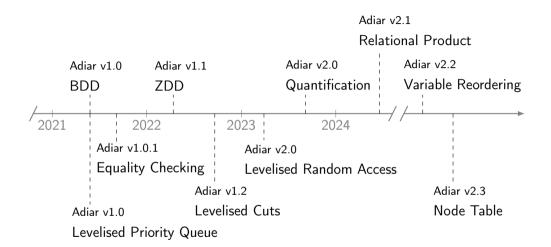
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Adiar

- github.com/ssoelvsten/adiar
- ssoelvsten.github.io/adiar





	¥≡	+ Č			2
	Sufficient?	Overhead	Memory ²	Disk R/W	Transition Cost
DF ▶ Adiar (프 ▶ 号)	×	3×	_	2×	_
DF Adiar (🌉 🛢)	~	_	$3 \times$	$2\times$	_
DF → Adiar 1.0	X ¹	_	_	_	$\Omega(N \log N)$
State Pattern (프 → ()	✓ 4	\sim 20% 3	2×	_	$\Omega(N)$
i-level cut (🌉 / 🛢)	✓ 4	1%	_	_	_

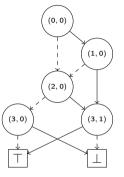
Comparison of possible solutions.

¹There can be a gap between when depth-first runs out of memory and Adiar 1.0 has no overhead.

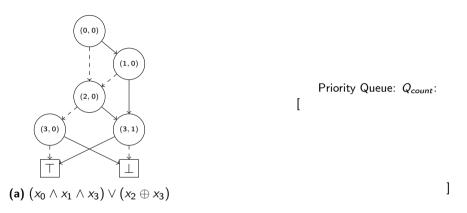
 $^{^{\}mathbf{2}}$ Decreasing the memory dedicated to an external memory data structure impacts its performance.

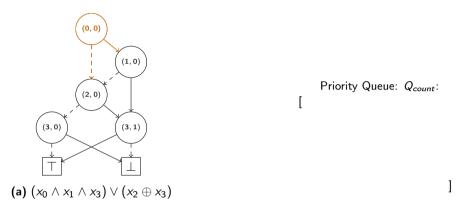
³Runtime polymorphism adds a 20% to 30% overhead [Stroustrup].

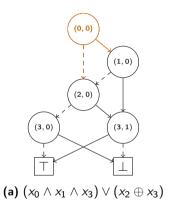
⁴This solves the gap¹; a *non-trivial* integration with depth-first algorithms can cover tiny cases.



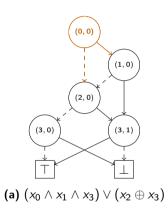
(a) $(x_0 \land x_1 \land x_3) \lor (x_2 \oplus x_3)$



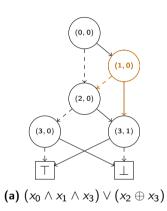




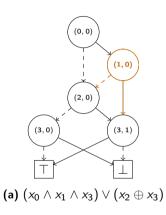
Priority Queue:
$$Q_{count}$$
:
$$[((0,0) \xrightarrow{\top} (1,0), 1), ((0,0) \xrightarrow{\bot} (2,0), 1),$$

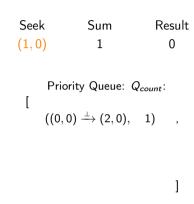


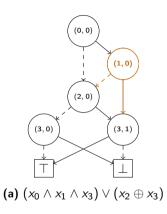
Seek (1,0)	Sum 0	Re	sult 0
])]	riority Queue: Q ,	1)	,
			1



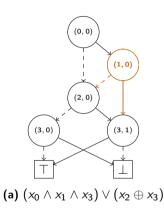
Seel (1, 0		Res	sult O
[Priority Queue: $((0,0) \xrightarrow{\top} (1,0),$ $((0,0) \xrightarrow{\bot} (2,0),$	1)	,
			1

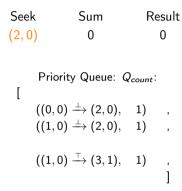


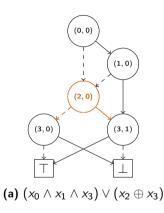


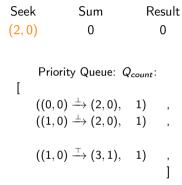


Seek Sum Result
$$(1,0)$$
 1 0 $(1,0)$ $\stackrel{}{=} 1$ 0 $(1,0)$ $\stackrel{}{=} (2,0)$ $\stackrel{}{=} (1,0)$ $\stackrel{}{=} (1,0)$











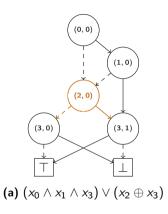
Seek Sum Result
$$(2,0)$$
 1 0

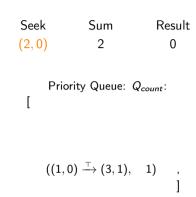
Priority Queue: Q_{count} :

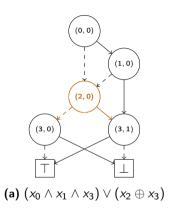
[

 $((1,0) \xrightarrow{\top} (2,0), 1)$,

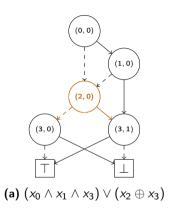
 $((1,0) \xrightarrow{\top} (3,1), 1)$,



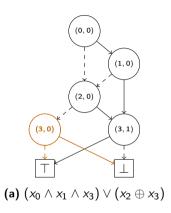




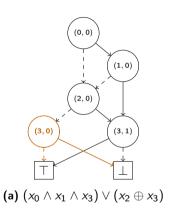
Seek (2,0)	Sum 2	Resul 0
Pric [ority Queue: G	?count∶
((1,	$0) \xrightarrow{\perp} (3,0),$ $0) \xrightarrow{\top} (3,1),$ $0) \xrightarrow{\top} (3,1),$	2) , 1) , 2)]

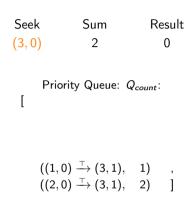


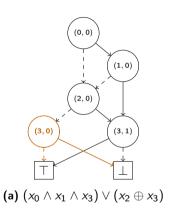
Seek (3,0)	Sum 0	Resul 0
Prio [ority Queue:(Q _{count} :
((1,	$0) \xrightarrow{\perp} (3,0),$ $0) \xrightarrow{\top} (3,1),$ $0) \xrightarrow{\top} (3,1),$	2) , 1) , 2)]

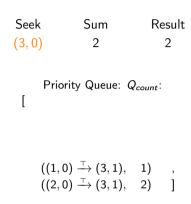


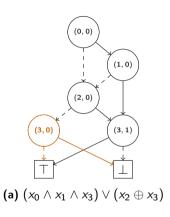
Seek (3,0)	Sum 0	Resu 0	ıl
Prio [rity Queue: (Q _{count} :	
((1,	$0) \xrightarrow{\perp} (3,0),$ $0) \xrightarrow{\top} (3,1),$ $0) \xrightarrow{\rightarrow} (3,1),$	2) , 1) , 2)]	

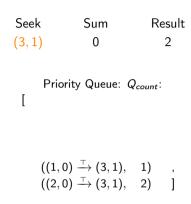


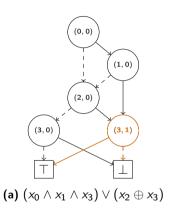


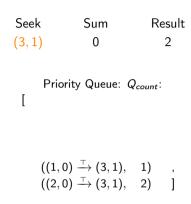


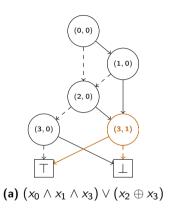


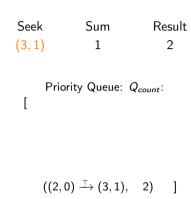


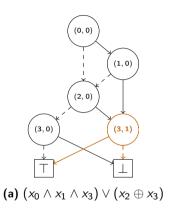


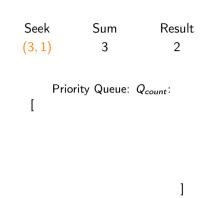


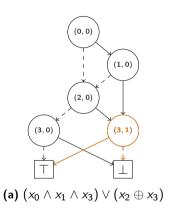


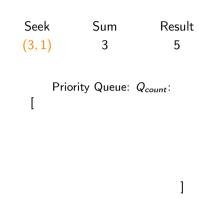


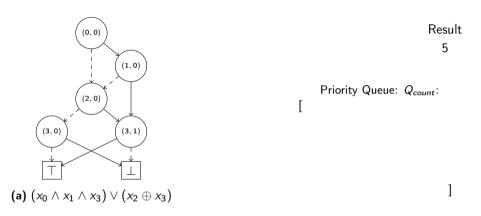












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