

Exploratory Analysis of Data for Airbnb Listings in NYC

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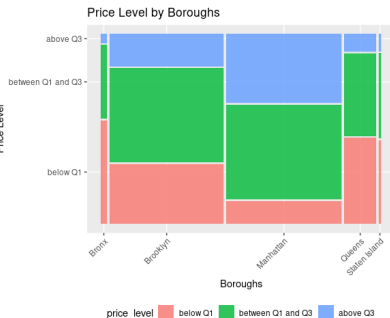
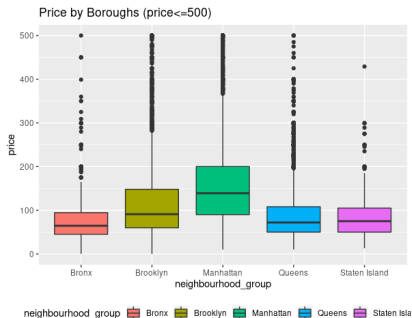
Introduction

- ▶ Data: Airbnb New York City open data collected from 2019, with 48,895 listings and 16 variables.
- ▶ Goals:
 - ▶ Identify most influential factors for price/popularity
 - ▶ Examine heterogeneity across boroughs and neighbourhoods
 - ▶ Recommend best location and name for airbnb

Data Processing

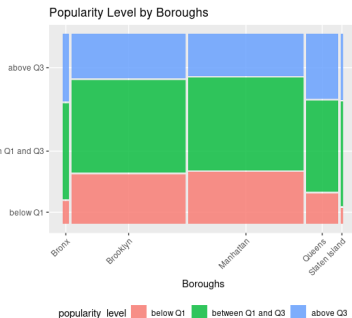
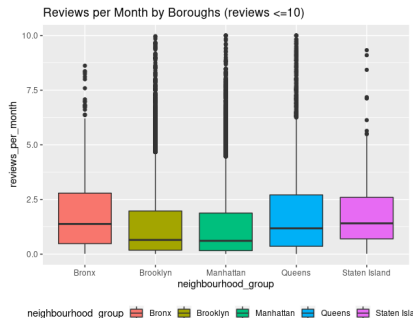
- ▶ Remove 14 observations with *minimum_nights* > 365
- ▶ *Price*: the lowest non-zero value is 10, added 5 to 0's and take natural logarithm
- ▶ *Reviews per Month*: missing values are set to 0, since last review dates are missing and total number of reviews are 0 and take natural logarithm
- ▶ *Last Review*: group by years from 2019 (e.g. 2019 -> 0; 2018 -> 1, etc.)
- ▶ *availability_365*: create a new variable *available_spec* to indicate whether the value is 0

EDA - Heterogeneity across Boroughs (Price)



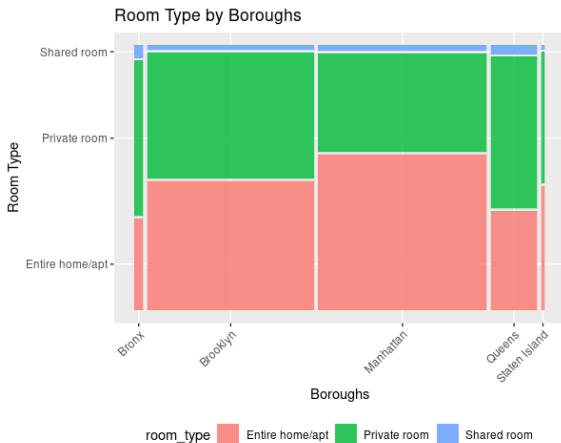
- ▶ Generate 3 price levels:
“below Q1”, “between Q1 and Q3”, “above Q3”
- ▶ Pearson’s Chi-squared test: $p\text{-value} < 2.2e-16$

EDA - Heterogeneity across Boroughs (Popularity)



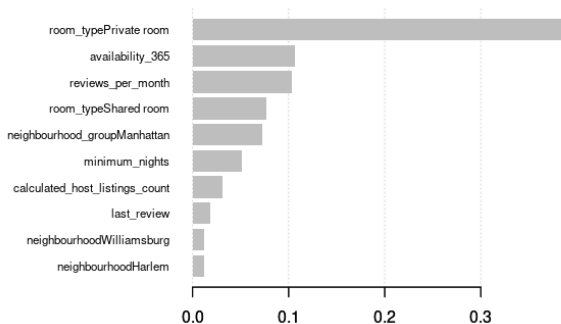
- ▶ Generate 3 popularity levels:
“below Q1”, “between Q1 and Q3”, “above Q3”
- ▶ Pearson’s Chi-squared test: $p\text{-value} < 2.2e-16$

EDA - Heterogeneity across Boroughs (Room Type)



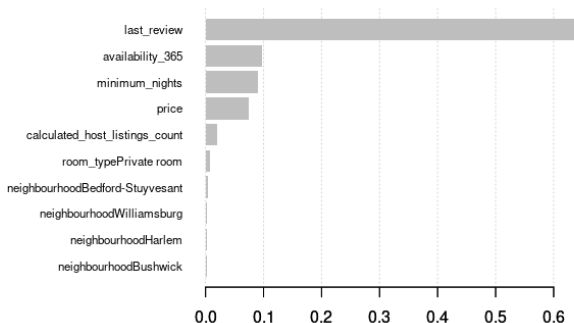
► Pearson's Chi-squared test: $p\text{-value} < 2.2e-16$

EDA - XGBoost for Important Variables (Price)



- The most influential factors for price of airbnb include: room type (private room), availability, monthly reviews, boroughs (Manhattan), etc.

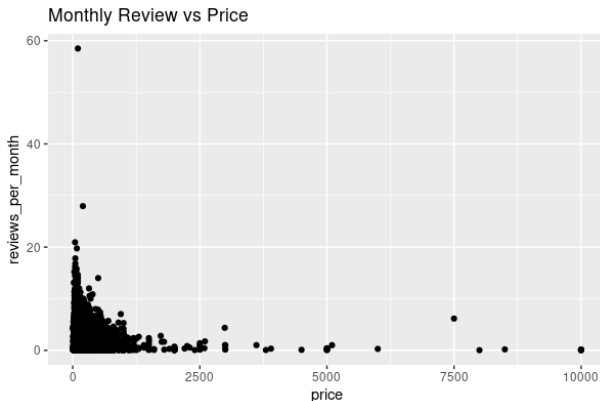
EDA - XGBoost for Important Variables (Popularity)



- The most influential factors for popularity of airbnb include: last review (in years from 2019), availability, minimum nights, price, etc.

EDA - Price and Popularity

- ▶ From XGBoost outputs, price and popularity are closely related, both being an important variable of the other.
- ▶ The plot below shows a negative correlation between them:



- ▶ We may consider model them as a bivariate response.

Response of Interest: Price and Popularity

Choosing a Meaningful Measure of Popularity

Heterogeneity across Neighbourhoods/Boroughs

Spatial Correlation

Predictors of Interest

Possibly Unreliable Predictors

Modeling

Price and Popularity: Bivariate Mixed Effects Regression

Did We Miss Spatial Correlation Within Neighbourhoods?

Text Analysis for Listing Names

Further Work