

Final Report

due November 16, 2021 by 11:59 PM

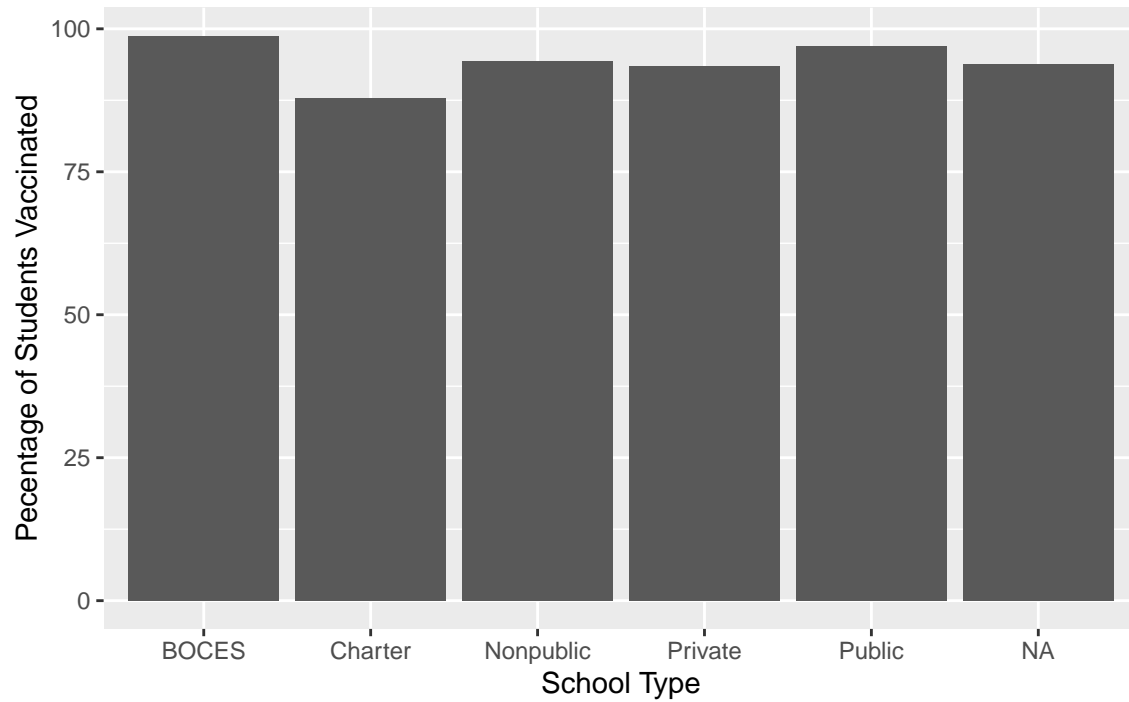
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11/16/21

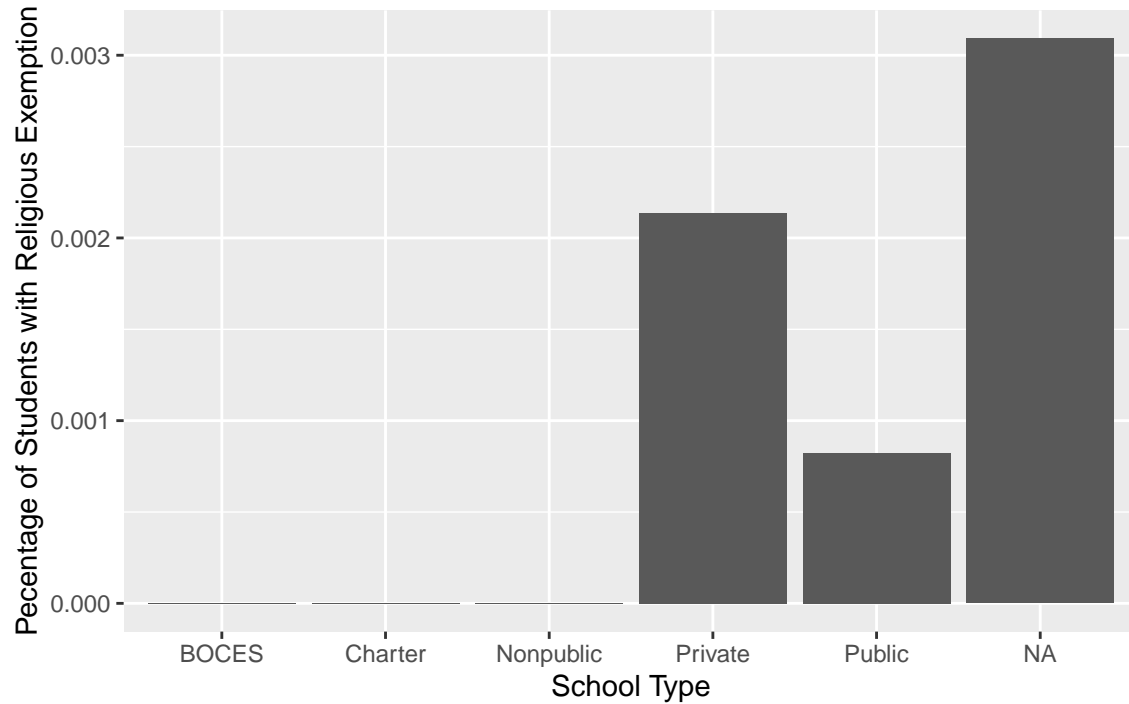
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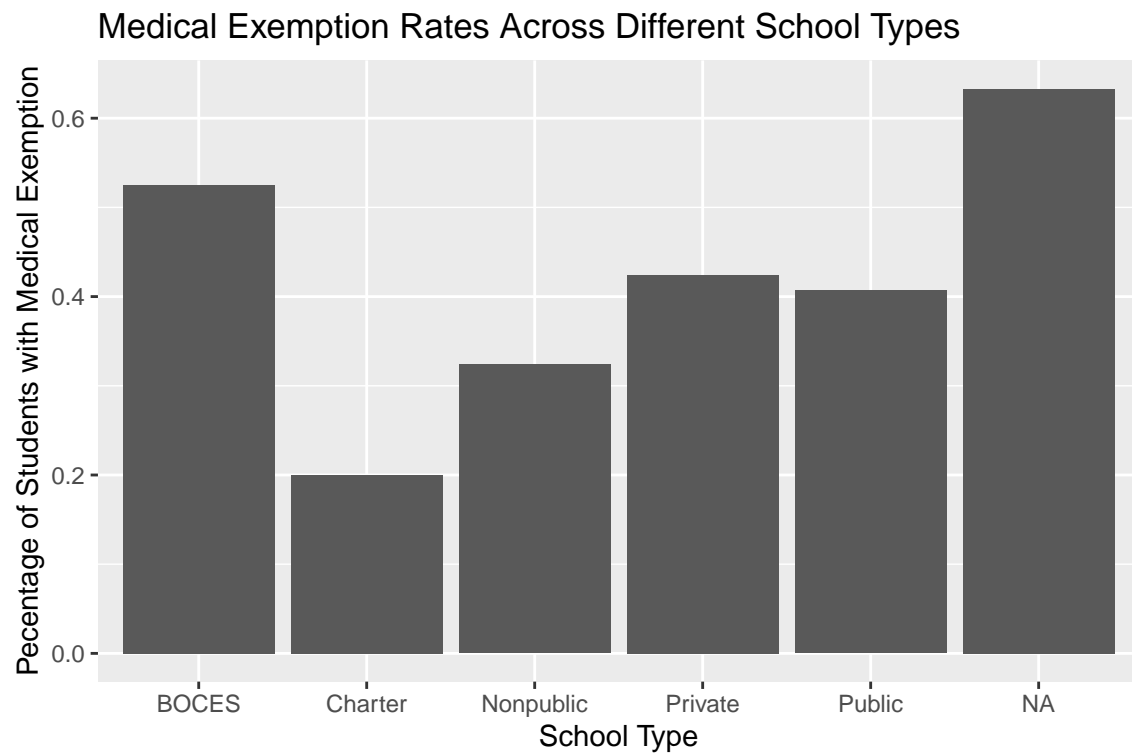
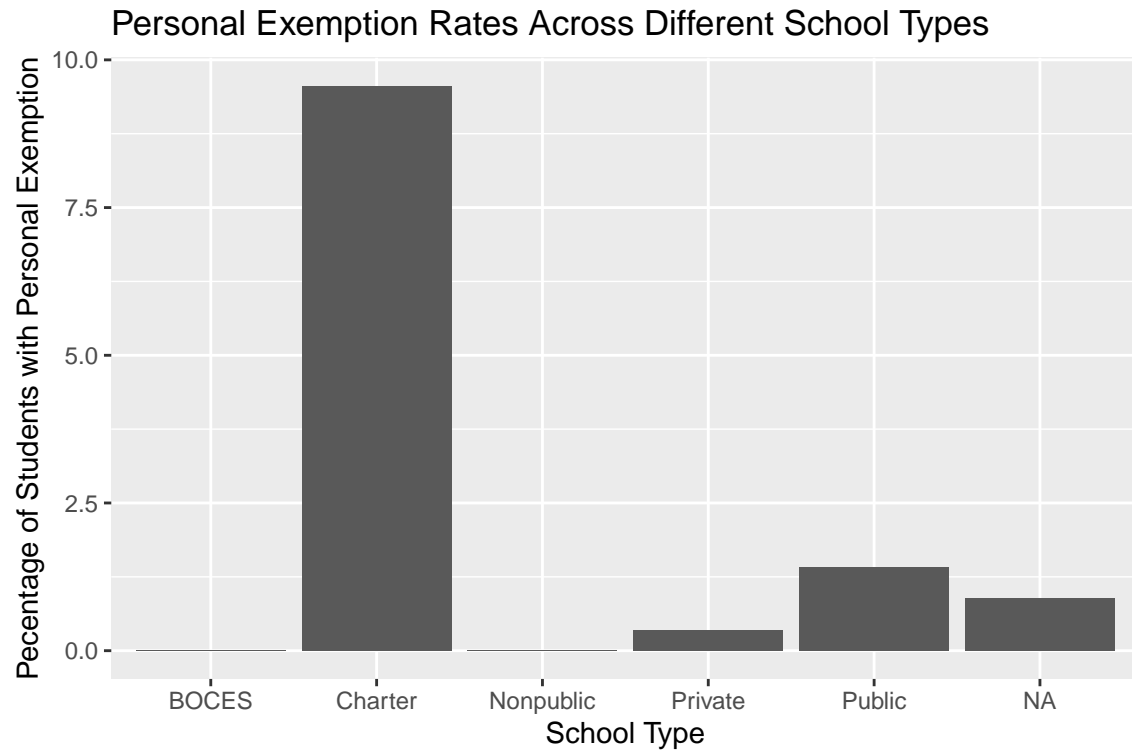
Exploratory Data Analysis

Measles Vaccination Rates Across Different School Types



Religious Exemption Rates Across Different School Types

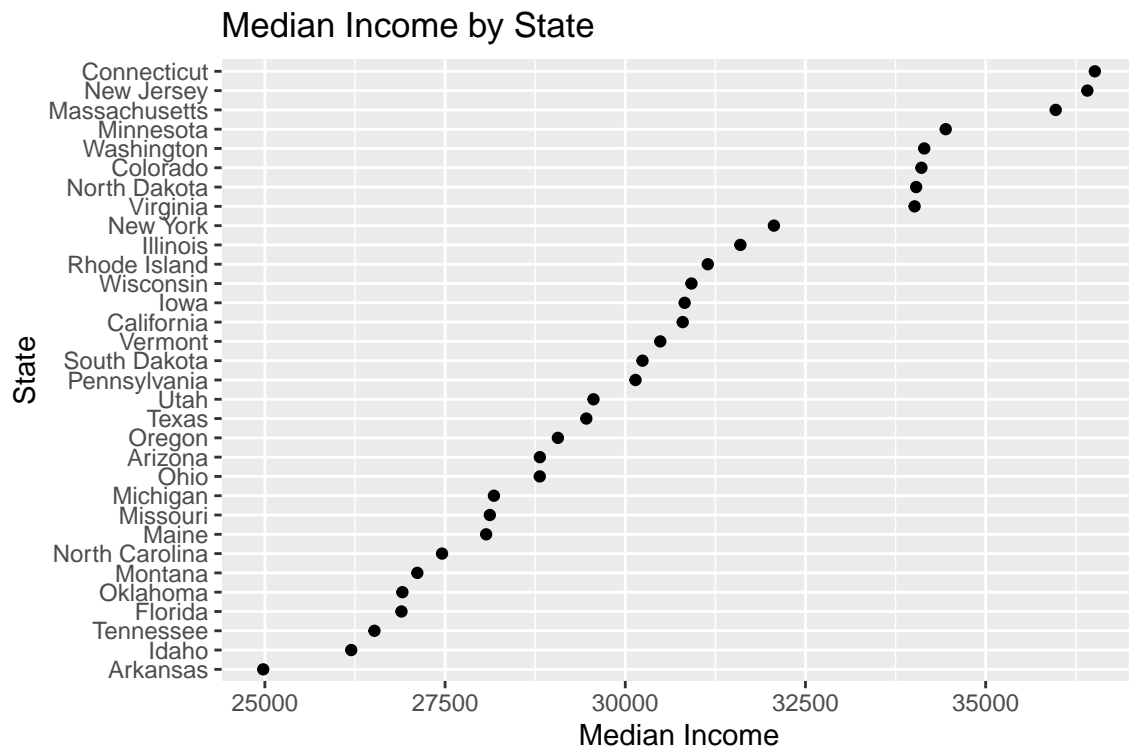




A scatter plot showing the relationship between the state (y-axis) and the vaccination rate (x-axis). The y-axis lists 30 US states, ordered from highest to lowest vaccination rate. The x-axis represents the vaccination rate, ranging from 80 to 98. The data points show a strong positive correlation, with states like Illinois and Massachusetts having the highest rates (above 97%) and Arkansas having the lowest (around 80.5%).

State	Vaccination Rate (approx.)
Illinois	97.5
Massachusetts	97.4
Pennsylvania	97.3
North Carolina	97.2
Connecticut	97.1
New York	96.8
Iowa	96.5
New Jersey	96.2
Utah	95.8
South Dakota	95.5
Tennessee	95.2
Rhode Island	94.8
Montana	94.5
Virginia	94.2
Texas	93.8
Missouri	93.5
North Dakota	93.2
Florida	92.8
Arizona	92.5
Maine	92.2
Michigan	91.8
Oklahoma	91.5
Minnesota	91.2
Wisconsin	86.8
Idaho	82.8
Arkansas	80.5

[illegible]



T-Tests and ANOVA

```
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## state      25  516286   20651   320.7 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals 39479 2542092     64
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: measles3$realrate by measles3$type
## t = -11.702, df = 2610.6, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Private and group Public is not equal
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -4.126435 -2.941957
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Private mean in group Public
##           93.47576           97.00995

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: measles4$realrate by measles4$type
## t = -11.423, df = 219.45, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Charter and group Public is not equal
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -10.617019 -7.492476
## sample estimates:
```

```
## mean in group Charter mean in group Public
##          87.95521          97.00995

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: measles5$realrate by measles5$type
## t = -6.5532, df = 279.42, p-value = 2.704e-10
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Charter and group Private is not equal
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -7.178836 -3.862267
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Charter mean in group Private
##          87.95521          93.47576
```

Regression Analysis

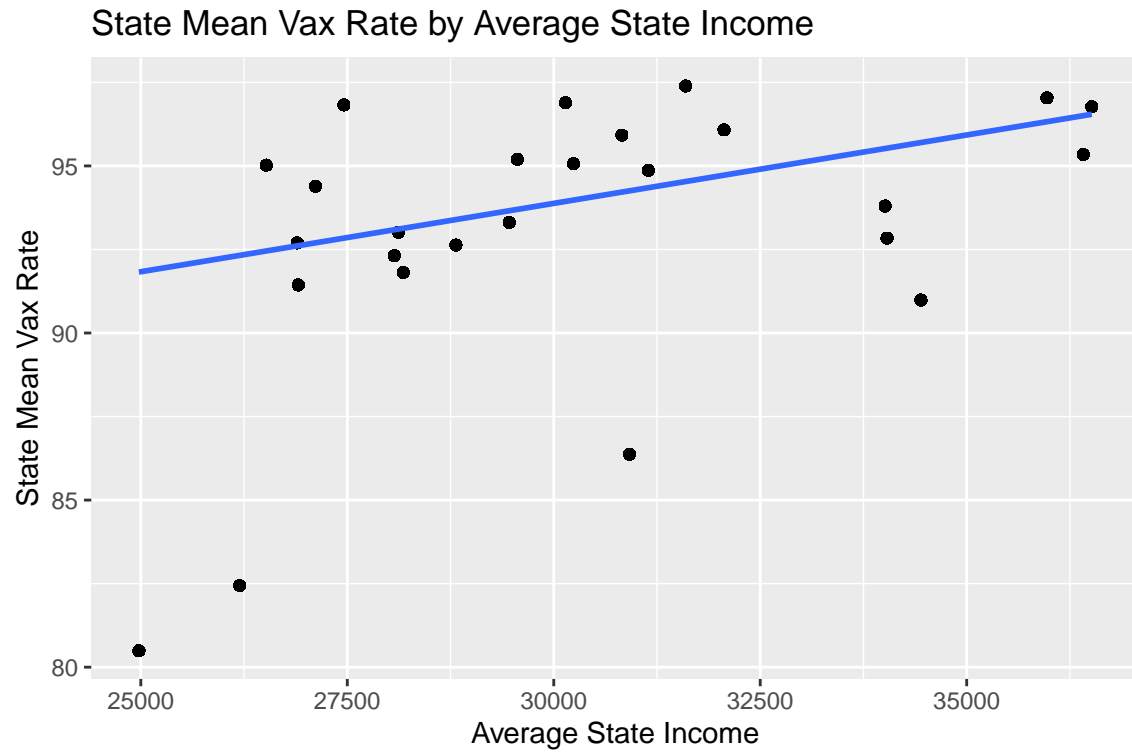
```
##
## Call: glm(formula = cbind(numvaxx, unvaxx) ~ statefac, family = binomial,
## data = measles)
##
## Coefficients:
##          (Intercept)          statefacArizona          statefacFlorida
##              1.4042              1.2150              1.2178
##          statefacIllinois          statefacIowa          statefacMaine
##              2.3379              1.8029              1.3066
##          statefacMichigan          statefacMinnesota          statefacMontana
##              1.1680              1.2123              0.9553
##          statefacNew Jersey          statefacNorth Carolina          statefacNorth Dakota
##              1.8859              1.9320              1.2772
##          statefacPennsylvania          statefacRhode Island          statefacSouth Dakota
##              2.1153              1.7268              2.0056
##          statefacTennessee          statefacUtah          statefacVirginia
##              1.5194              1.6913              1.2396
##
## Degrees of Freedom: 28126 Total (i.e. Null); 28109 Residual
## (11347 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Null Deviance: 316100
## Residual Deviance: 177000 AIC: 255100

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = cbind(numvaxx, unvaxx) ~ statefac, family = binomial,
## data = measles)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -154.356   -0.709    0.554    1.628   12.531
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    1.404174   0.004625  303.61  <2e-16 ***
## statefacArizona    1.214998   0.014364   84.58  <2e-16 ***
## statefacFlorida    1.217824   0.009317  130.71  <2e-16 ***
```

```

## statefacIllinois      2.337924    0.006160   379.54    <2e-16 ***
## statefacIowa          1.802922    0.009551   188.76    <2e-16 ***
## statefacMaine         1.306578    0.026213    49.84    <2e-16 ***
## statefacMichigan      1.167997    0.011350   102.91    <2e-16 ***
## statefacMinnesota     1.212345    0.013802    87.84    <2e-16 ***
## statefacMontana       0.955268    0.011123    85.88    <2e-16 ***
## statefacNew Jersey    1.885880    0.017059   110.55    <2e-16 ***
## statefacNorth Carolina 1.931960    0.015660   123.37    <2e-16 ***
## statefacNorth Dakota  1.277233    0.033663    37.94    <2e-16 ***
## statefacPennsylvania  2.115323    0.016716   126.54    <2e-16 ***
## statefacRhode Island  1.726839    0.048012    35.97    <2e-16 ***
## statefacSouth Dakota  2.005628    0.050716    39.55    <2e-16 ***
## statefacTennessee     1.519426    0.016118    94.27    <2e-16 ***
## statefacUtah          1.691345    0.010156   166.54    <2e-16 ***
## statefacVirginia      1.239632    0.013847    89.53    <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 316104  on 28126  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 177040  on 28109  degrees of freedom
##    (11347 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 255099
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
##
## parsnip model object
##
## Fit time:  1.8s
##
## Call:
## stats::lm(formula = statemean ~ estimate, data = data)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)      estimate
##    8.160e+01    4.092e-04
##
## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'

```



Equation for predicting state mean vax rate: $\hat{y} = 81.60 + 0.0004092 * x_i$