# CDC 500 Cities: Healthcare Access, Behaviors, and Health Outcomes

Stat 198 Final Project

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# Description of Data

(Include description of how you edited the data)

## Research Questions

- 1) Do cities with a greater lack of healthcare access have poorer mental health and/or physical health outcomes?
- 2)Does healthcare access, mental health, and/or physical health outcomes vary by state?

#### Variables of Interest

### **Explanatory Variables:**

- 1) Healthcare Access for Adults (18+): Percent of City Population that Lacks Insurance, Percent of City Population with visits to doctor for routine checkup within the past year, Percent of City Population who have high blood pressure and are taking medicine for high blood pressure control.
- 2) Geographic Distribution by State

#### Response Variables:

- 1) Behavior for Adults (18+): Percent of city population currently smoking, percent of city population currently reporting binge drinking habits, percent of city population reporting No leisure-time physical activity
- 2) Health Outcomes for Adults (18+): Percent of city population with coronary heart disease, percent of population diagnosed with diabetes, percent of city population with kidney disease

# Linear Regressions

#### Regressions for Healthcare Access and Behaviors Variables

#### Fit with Interaction Variables

1) Access Variables vs. Smoking

```
int_access_smoking_fit <- linear_reg() %>%
  set_engine("lm") %>%
  fit(smoking ~ insurance + visits_to_doctor + medicine_high_bp + (insurance * visits_to_doctor) + (ins
int_access_smoking_fit_aug <- augment(int_access_smoking_fit$fit)</pre>
tidy(int_access_smoking_fit) %>%
  print()
## # A tibble: 7 x 5
##
   term
                                       estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
     <chr>>
                                          <dbl>
                                                   <dbl>
                                                             <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                                        88.9
                                                 24.0
                                                               3.70 2.41e- 4
## 2 insurance
                                         0.872
                                                  0.417
                                                               2.09 3.71e- 2
                                                              -5.90 6.95e- 9
## 3 visits_to_doctor
                                        -2.13
                                                  0.362
## 4 medicine_high_bp
                                        -0.756
                                                  0.463
                                                              -1.63 1.03e- 1
                                                               3.59 3.69e- 4
## 5 insurance:visits_to_doctor
                                         0.0227
                                                  0.00634
## 6 insurance:medicine_high_bp
                                        -0.0414
                                                  0.00628
                                                              -6.58 1.25e-10
## 7 visits_to_doctor:medicine_high_bp
                                        0.0299
                                                  0.00667
                                                               4.48 9.60e- 6
glance(int_access_smoking_fit)$adj.r.squared %>%
  print()
## [1] 0.5691301
  2) Access Variables vs. Binge Drinking
int_access_binge_drinking_fit <- linear_reg() %>%
  set_engine("lm") %>%
  fit(binge_drinking ~ insurance + visits_to_doctor + medicine_high_bp + (insurance * visits_to_doctor)
int_access_binge_drinking_fit_aug <- augment(int_access_binge_drinking_fit$fit)
tidy(int_access_binge_drinking_fit) %>%
  print()
## # A tibble: 7 x 5
##
   term
                                         estimate std.error statistic p.value
     <chr>>
                                            <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                                                               -7.40 6.26e-13
                                       -132.
                                                  17.8
## 2 insurance
                                         -0.125
                                                    0.309
                                                               -0.406 6.85e- 1
                                                                8.98 6.70e-18
## 3 visits_to_doctor
                                          2.41
                                                    0.268
## 4 medicine_high_bp
                                          2.54
                                                    0.344
                                                                7.38 7.12e-13
## 5 insurance:visits_to_doctor
                                         -0.00655
                                                    0.00470
                                                               -1.39 1.64e- 1
## 6 insurance:medicine_high_bp
                                          0.00686
                                                    0.00466
                                                                1.47 1.42e- 1
## 7 visits_to_doctor:medicine_high_bp
                                         -0.0401
                                                    0.00495
                                                               -8.10 4.93e-15
glance(int_access_binge_drinking_fit)$adj.r.squared %>%
  print()
## [1] 0.3488416
  3) Access Variables vs. Physical Activity
int_access_physical_activity_fit <- linear_reg() %>%
  set_engine("lm") %>%
  fit(physical_activity ~ insurance + visits_to_doctor + medicine_high_bp + (insurance * visits_to_doct
int_access_physical_activity_fit_aug <- augment(int_access_physical_activity_fit$fit)
tidy(int_access_physical_activity_fit) %>%
  print()
```

```
##
                                       estimate std.error statistic
    term
                                                                        p.value
##
    <chr>>
                                         <dbl>
                                                   <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                                      55.1
                                                20.8
                                                             2.64 0.00845
                                                           5.42 0.0000000972
## 2 insurance
                                      1.96
                                                 0.361
## 3 visits_to_doctor
                                     -1.47
                                                 0.313
                                                            -4.69 0.00000361
## 4 medicine_high_bp
                                                 0.402
                                                           -1.85 0.0646
                                     -0.744
## 5 insurance:visits_to_doctor
                                      0.000790 0.00549
                                                           0.144 0.886
                                                            -4.72 0.00000317
## 6 insurance:medicine_high_bp
                                     -0.0257
                                                 0.00545
## 7 visits_to_doctor:medicine_high_bp 0.0271
                                                 0.00578
                                                             4.68 0.00000373
glance(int_access_physical_activity_fit)$adj.r.squared %>%
 print()
```

## [1] 0.8488063

#### Regressions for Healthcare Access and Health Outcomes

#### Fit with Interaction Variables

4) Access Variables vs. Heart Disease

```
int_access_heart_disease_fit <- linear_reg() %>%
  set_engine("lm") %>%
  fit(heart_disease ~ insurance + visits_to_doctor + medicine_high_bp + (insurance * visits_to_doctor)
int_access_heart_disease_fit_aug <- augment(int_access_heart_disease_fit$fit)</pre>
tidy(int_access_heart_disease_fit) %>%
 print()
## # A tibble: 7 x 5
##
                                      estimate std.error statistic p.value
    term
##
     <chr>>
                                          <dbl>
                                                 <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                      <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                                      23.9
                                                 4.94
                                                             4.84 1.74e- 6
                                                             4.10 4.79e- 5
## 2 insurance
                                                 0.0857
                                       0.352
## 3 visits_to_doctor
                                      -0.480
                                                 0.0743
                                                            -6.46 2.70e-10
## 4 medicine_high_bp
                                      -0.289
                                                 0.0952
                                                             -3.04 2.52e- 3
                                                 0.00130
                                                             1.84 6.67e- 2
## 5 insurance:visits_to_doctor
                                       0.00239
                                                             -6.04 3.19e- 9
## 6 insurance:medicine_high_bp
                                                 0.00129
                                      -0.00780
```

glance(int\_access\_heart\_disease\_fit)\$adj.r.squared %>%
 print()

#### ## [1] 0.6667498

5) Access Variables vs. Diabetes

## 7 visits\_to\_doctor:medicine\_high\_bp 0.00767

```
int_access_diabetes_fit <- linear_reg() %>%
  set_engine("lm") %>%
  fit(diabetes ~ insurance + visits_to_doctor + medicine_high_bp + (insurance * visits_to_doctor) + (in
int_access_diabetes_fit_aug <- augment(int_access_diabetes_fit$fit)
tidy(int_access_diabetes_fit) %>%
  print()
```

0.00137

5.59 3.80e- 8

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 5
    term
                                     estimate std.error statistic p.value
                                               <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
    <chr>>
                                        <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
                                                           6.12 1.97e- 9
## 1 (Intercept)
                                     69.9
                                              11.4
## 2 insurance
                                      0.975
                                              0.198
                                                          4.92 1.22e- 6
```

```
-6.25 9.40e-10
## 3 visits_to_doctor
                                      -1.07
                                                 0.172
## 4 medicine_high_bp
                                                 0.220
                                                            -6.36 4.72e-10
                                      -1.40
                                      -0.00935
                                                 0.00301
                                                            -3.10 2.03e- 3
## 5 insurance:visits_to_doctor
## 6 insurance:medicine_high_bp
                                                            -0.493 6.22e- 1
                                      -0.00147
                                                 0.00299
## 7 visits_to_doctor:medicine_high_bp 0.0230
                                                 0.00317
                                                             7.24 1.87e-12
glance(int_access_diabetes_fit)$adj.r.squared %>%
  print()
```

#### ## [1] 0.7110294

6) Access Variables vs. Kidney Disease

```
int_access_kidney_disease_fit <- linear_reg() %>%
  set_engine("lm") %>%
  fit(kidney_disease ~ insurance + visits_to_doctor + medicine_high_bp + (insurance * visits_to_doctor)
int_access_kidney_disease_fit_aug <- augment(int_access_kidney_disease_fit$fit)
tidy(int_access_kidney_disease_fit) %>%
  print()
```

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 5
##
    term
                                       estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
     <chr>>
                                          <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                              <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
                                      22.9
                                                              9.16 1.63e-18
## 1 (Intercept)
                                                 2.50
                                                              4.56 6.44e- 6
## 2 insurance
                                       0.198
                                                 0.0435
## 3 visits_to_doctor
                                      -0.361
                                                 0.0377
                                                             -9.57 6.10e-20
## 4 medicine_high_bp
                                      -0.372
                                                 0.0483
                                                             -7.70 8.53e-14
## 5 insurance:visits_to_doctor
                                       0.000243 0.000661
                                                              0.368 7.13e- 1
## 6 insurance:medicine_high_bp
                                      -0.00297
                                                 0.000655
                                                             -4.53 7.40e- 6
                                                              9.28 6.23e-19
## 7 visits_to_doctor:medicine_high_bp 0.00646
                                                 0.000696
glance(int_access_kidney_disease_fit)$adj.r.squared %>%
  print()
```

## [1] 0.6193093

#### Regression With Most Correlated Variables

## ANOVA Testing

Initial Visualizations

Does (Insert Variable) Have Variation Across States?