

Project Proposal

due October 11, 2021 by 11:59 PM

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October 11, 2021

Load Packages

```
library(tidyverse)
library(readxl)
library(tinytex)
```

Load Data

```
STAT_198_Food_Security_Dataset <-
  read_excel("~/R/Team-E-T/data/STAT 198 Food Security Dataset.xlsx", sheet = "County Projections")
```

Introduction and Data, including Research Questions

The persistent issue of food insecurity is a complex but important factor in a person's well-being and nutrition, and is an important social determinant of health. It's defined by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations as lack of "regular access to enough safe and nutritious food for normal growth and development and for an active and healthy life."

There are a variety of factors that have the potential to impact food security. Our project aims to determine the extent to which other variables have the ability to predict the state of food insecurity among North Carolinian counties using a number of related variables that address employment, meal price, education level, and urbanization. We furthermore hope to explore the true impact that COVID-19 has had on North Carolina's state of food insecurity and childhood food security across North Carolina's counties.

Our data directly related to food insecurity and employment, as well as employment, in 2019 (pre-COVID-19) and 2021 (post-COVID-19) was sourced from Feeding America, the United States' largest hunger relief organization, that compiles national, state, and local data on food insecurity as a part of the organization's "Map the Meal Gap" and "Coronavirus and Food Security" Research Initiatives.

Our data related to education level and urbanization in North Carolinian counties was sourced from the USDA's Economic Research Service and the results of the American Community Survey from 2015 to 2019. The results for these variables for each North Carolinian county were combined into one Excel sheet and programmed for use in R.

STAT 198 Food Security Dataset

Variables Description:

County: North Carolina County each row refers to.

2019 FI Percent: Percent of County Residents Identified as Food Insecure in 2019

2019 Child FI Percent: Percent of County Residents under 18 years old Identified as Food Insecure in 2019

2021 FI Percentage: Percent of County Residents Identified as Food Insecure in 2021

2019-2021 FI Percent Change: Change in Percent of County Residents Identified as Food Insecure from 2019 to 2021

2019-2021 Unemployment Change: Change in Percent of County Residents Identified as Unemployed from 2019 to 2021

2021 Child FI Percent: Percent of County Residents under 18 years old Identified as Food Insecure in 2021

2019-2021 Child FI Percent Change: Change in Percent of County Residents under 18 years old Identified as Food Insecure from 2019 to 2021

2019 Cost per Meal : Estimated Cost per County of the Cost of a Meal from 2019 to 2021

2013 Rural-urban Continuum Code: 2013 Country Designation of Degree of Urbanization and Adjacency to a Metro Area

2013 Urban Influence Code: 2013 Country Designation of Size of Largest City/Town and Adjacency to a Metro Area

Less than HS Diploma, 2015-9, Percent: 2015-9 Estimate of County Residents with Less than a High School Diploma in Education

Only HS Diploma, 2015-9, Percent: 2015-9 Estimate of County Residents with only a High School Diploma in Education

Some College Education Completed, 2015-9, Percent: 2015-9 Estimate of County Residents with Some College Education Completed

College Degree Obtained, 2015-9, Percent: 2015-9 Estimate of County Residents with an Associates, Bachelor's, or other Degree Obtained

Glimpse

```
glimpse(STAT_198_Food_Security_Dataset)
```

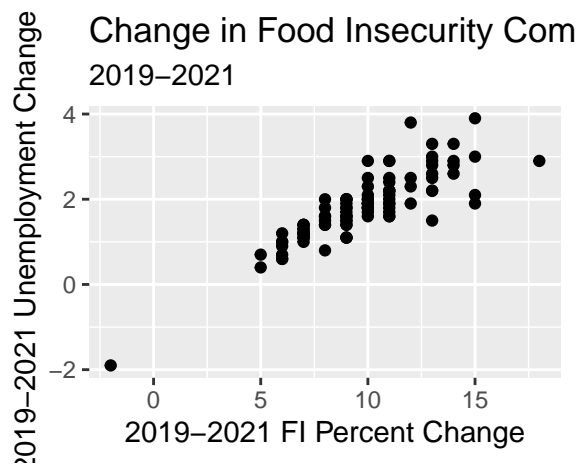
```
## Rows: 100
## Columns: 15
## $ County                <chr> "Alamance", "Alexa~
## $ `2019 FI Percent`     <dbl> 0.137, 0.143, 0.18~
## $ `2019 Child FI Percent` <dbl> 0.192, 0.195, 0.26~
## $ `2021 FI Percentage`  <dbl> 0.153, 0.160, 0.19~
## $ `2019-2021 FI Percent Change` <dbl> 11, 12, 5, 14, 7, ~
## $ `2019-2021 Unemployment Change` <dbl> 2.1, 2.3, 0.7, 2.9~
## $ `2021 Child FI Percent` <dbl> 0.217, 0.222, 0.28~
## $ `2019-2021 Child FI Percent Change` <dbl> 13, 14, 4, 13, 8, ~
## $ `2019 Cost per Meal`  <dbl> 3.15, 2.92, 2.83, ~
```

```
## $ `2013 Rural-urban Continuum Code`      <dbl> 3, 2, 9, 6, 7, 8, ~
## $ `2013 Urban Influence Code`            <dbl> 2, 2, 10, 4, 10, 7~
## $ `Less than HS Diploma, 2015-9, Percent` <dbl> 13.694117, 17.6091~
## $ `Only HS Diploma, 2015-9, Percent`    <dbl> 27.65582, 38.65881~
## $ `Some College Education Completed, 2015-9, Percent` <dbl> 33.81207, 29.52250~
## $ `College Degree Obtained, 2015-9, Percent` <dbl> 24.83799, 14.20957~
```

```
view(STAT_198_Food_Security_Dataset)
```

Data Analysis Plan

Outcome variable: Food Security Predictor variables : Employment, Education, Rural-Urban Continuum, Cost per Meal.



The interest of this visualization is to identify if there's a correlation between one of our variable, the change in unemployment rates and the change in food insecurity.

Note the statistical method(s) that you believe will be useful in answering your question(s).

Statistical methods:

Hypothesis testing Correlation Regression

What results from these specific statistical methods are needed to support your hypothesized answer?)