

Final Report

due November 16, 2021 by 11:59 PM

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11/12/2021

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Warning in system("timedatectl", intern = TRUE): running command 'timedatectl'
## had status 1

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --

## v ggplot2 3.3.5      v purrr 0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.5       v dplyr 1.0.7
## v tidyr 1.1.4        v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 2.0.2        v forcats 0.5.1

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(tidymodels)
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'tune':
##   method          from
##   required_pkgs.model_spec parsnip

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidymodels 0.1.4 --

## v broom      0.7.9      v rsample      0.1.0
## v dials      0.0.10     v tune         0.1.6
## v infer      1.0.0      v workflows    0.2.4
## v modeldata  0.1.1      v workflowsets 0.1.0
## v parsnip    0.1.7      v yardstick    0.0.8
## v recipes    0.1.17

## -- Conflicts ----- tidymodels_conflicts() --
## x scales::discard() masks purrr::discard()
## x dplyr::filter()   masks stats::filter()
## x recipes::fixed()  masks stringr::fixed()
## x dplyr::lag()      masks stats::lag()
## x yardstick::spec() masks readr::spec()
## x recipes::step()   masks stats::step()
## * Learn how to get started at https://www.tidymodels.org/start/
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
#setwd("/home/guest/R/project01")
```

```
#working directory is different based on user, just comment out the below line if you renamed the proje
# to anything else that's not save-the-best-for-last
```

```

setwd('/home/guest/save-the-best-for-last')

student <- readr::read_csv("data/student-mat.csv")

## Rows: 395 Columns: 33

## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (17): school, sex, address, famsize, Pstatus, Mjob, Fjob, reason, guardi...
## dbl (16): age, Medu, Fedu, traveltime, studytime, failures, famrel, freetime...

##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
student_binger <- student %>%
  mutate(binger = ifelse(sex == "F", ifelse(Dalc >= 3, 1, 0), ifelse(Dalc >= 4, 1, 0)))

student_binger$binger = factor(student_binger$binger, levels = c(1, 0), labels = c("Yes", "No"))
student_binger$binger = relevel(student_binger$binger, ref = "No")

student_logit <- student_binger %>%
  mutate(urban = ifelse(address == "U", 1, 0)) %>%
  mutate(famlarge = ifelse(famsize == "GT3", 1, 0)) %>%
  mutate(parents_together = ifelse(Pstatus == "T", 1, 0)) %>%
  mutate(mother_secondary = ifelse(Medu >= 3, 1, 0)) %>%
  mutate(father_secondary = ifelse(Fedu >= 3, 1, 0)) %>%
  mutate(school_support = ifelse(schoolsup == "yes", 1, 0)) %>%
  mutate(family_support = ifelse(famsup == "yes", 1, 0)) %>%
  mutate(extra_tutoring = ifelse(paid == "yes", 1, 0)) %>%
  mutate(alcoholic = ifelse(binger == "Yes", 1, 0))

student_logit_fit <- logistic_reg() %>%
  set_engine("glm") %>%
  fit(binger ~ urban + famlarge + parents_together + mother_secondary + father_secondary + school_support)

tidy(student_logit_fit, conf.int=TRUE, exponentiate = TRUE)

## # A tibble: 9 x 7
##   term                estimate std.error statistic  p.value conf.low conf.high
##   <chr>                <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)         0.0447    0.913    -3.41    0.000660 0.00630    0.235
## 2 urban               0.930    0.529    -0.137   0.891    0.351    2.92
## 3 famlarge            0.764    0.468    -0.576   0.565    0.312    2.00
## 4 parents_together    0.771    0.673    -0.387   0.699    0.232    3.53
## 5 mother_secondary    1.26    0.546    0.426   0.670    0.436    3.77
## 6 father_secondary    0.952    0.511   -0.0965  0.923    0.353    2.65
## 7 school_support      1.14    0.660    0.198   0.843    0.254    3.68
## 8 family_support      0.800    0.486   -0.459   0.646    0.315    2.16
## 9 extra_tutoring      3.84    0.511    2.63    0.00847  1.48    11.3

#Clearing Missing Data
missingval <- is.na(student)
head(missingval)

##   school sex age address famsize Pstatus Medu Fedu Mjob Fjob reason

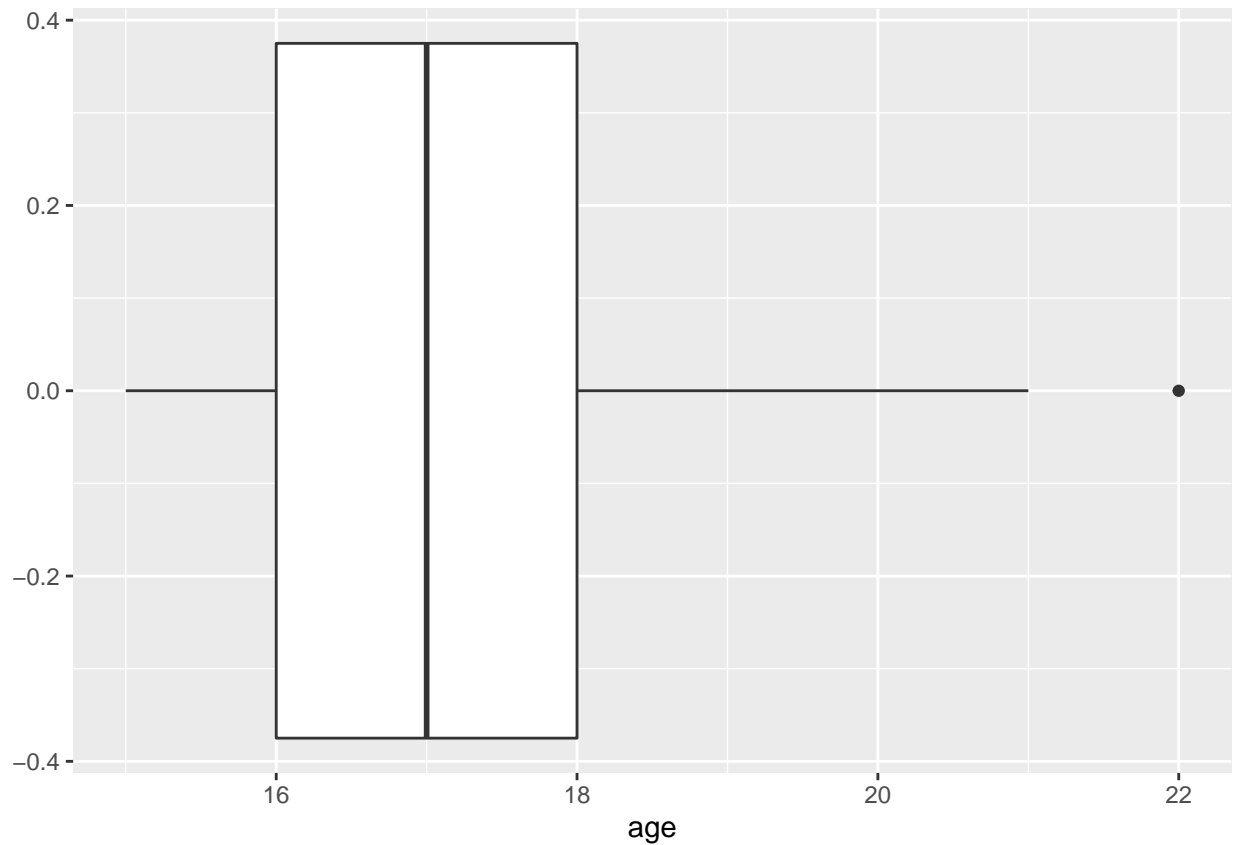
```

```
## [1,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [2,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [3,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [4,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [5,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [6,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##      guardian traveltime studytime failures schoolsup famsup paid activities
## [1,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [2,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [3,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [4,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [5,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [6,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##      nursery higher internet romantic famrel freetime goout Dalc Walc health
## [1,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [2,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [3,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [4,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [5,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [6,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##      absences G1 G2 G3
## [1,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [2,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [3,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [4,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [5,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [6,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

As you can see from this quick check. There are no missing values in our data. Therefore we can move on with further analysis and no clearing of variables needs to be done. I put only the head of the data because it was too long to visually see the whole thing however it is all false.

#Data Wrangling There are two big questions that we want answered with this data set: whether a students average alcohol consumption is correlated with their family circumstances and whether alcohol consumption has an effect on student life. Lets first look at some geographics of our students.

```
student%>%
  ggplot(aes(x = age)) +
  geom_boxplot()
```



We can see from the data that the average age of the students tested was about 17 and there was an out liar at age 22.

```
table(student$age)
```

```
##
##  15  16  17  18  19  20  21  22
##  82 104  98  82  24   3   1   1
```

```
table(student$school)
```

```
##
##  GP  MS
## 349  46
```

```
table(student$sex)
```

```
##
##   F   M
## 208 187
```

```
table(student$address)
```

```
##
##   R   U
##  88 307
```

```
table(student$famsize)
```

```
##
## GT3 LE3
```

```
## 281 114
table(student$Pstatus)

##
##   A   T
## 41 354

table(student$Medu)

##
##   0   1   2   3   4
##  3 59 103  99 131

table(student$Fedu)

##
##   0   1   2   3   4
##  2 82 115 100  96

table(student$Mjob)

##
## at_home  health  other services  teacher
##      59      34      141      103      58

table(student$reason)

##
##   course      home      other reputation
##    145      109      36      105

table(student$guardian)

##
## father mother  other
##   90   273   32

table(student$famsup)

##
## no yes
## 153 242

table(student$internet)

##
## no yes
## 66 329
```