FareIt Malware Analysis using static and dynamic method

What is FareIt?

This form of malware was discovered in 2012, but has continued modifying throughout the years to bypass anti-virus protection. It is an information stealer that targets FTP credentials, email passwords and browser stored passwords. During dynamic analysis, it is observed all of the above being performed after the malware disabled local security tools.

How it is spreading to the crowd?

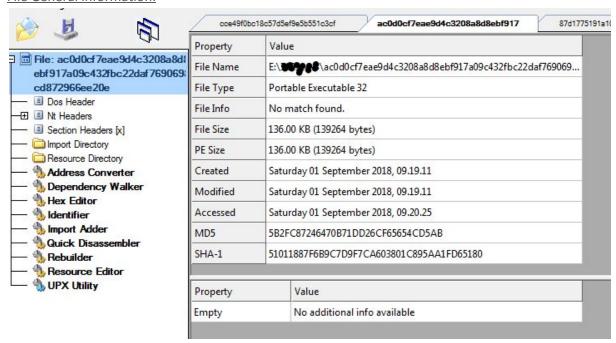
The most recent Fareit malware threat is being distributed via a phishing attack. A phishing attack is an email with a malicious link or attachment, designed to make you click on those links/attachments. This most recent phishing attack includes malicious executable disguised as a DOC, XLS, ISO, PPT file attachment, which includes the malware. Once the user downloads the Attachment, their computer becomes infected and the malware scans for any credentials that may be of value. This may range from banking information, various account login credentials, administrative credentials, etc.



Fareit Static Analysis:

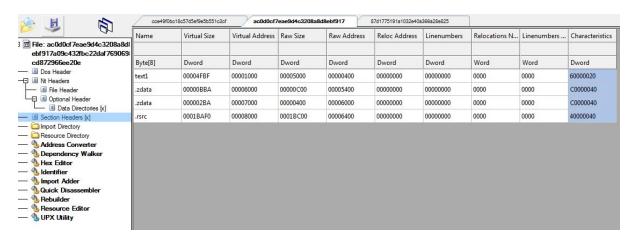
SHA256: ac0d0cf7eae9d4c3208a8d8ebf917a09c432fbc22daf7690698cd872966ee20e

File General information:



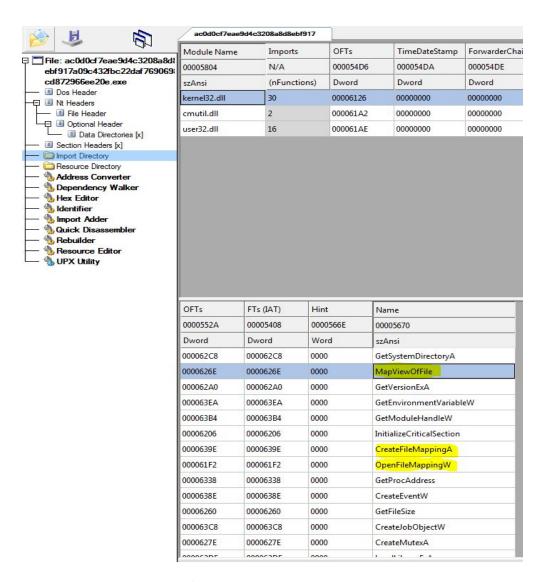
 No information related to Company Name, File Description, Legal Copyright, Product Version ext. (suspicious)

File Section headers:



Odd looking Non-Standard sections name: text1, odata, .wdata (suspicious)

File Import Directory:

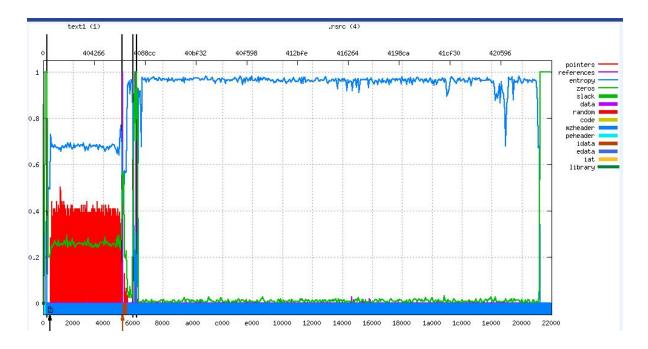


• It is importing some functions related to File mapping.

MapViewOfFile: Maps a view of a file mapping into the address space of the calling process. CreateFileMappingA: Creates or opens a named or unnamed file mapping object for a specified file.

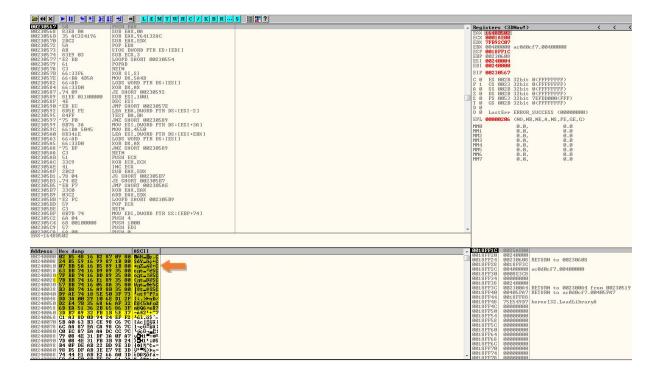
OpenFileMappingW: Opens a named file mapping object.

File Heu:

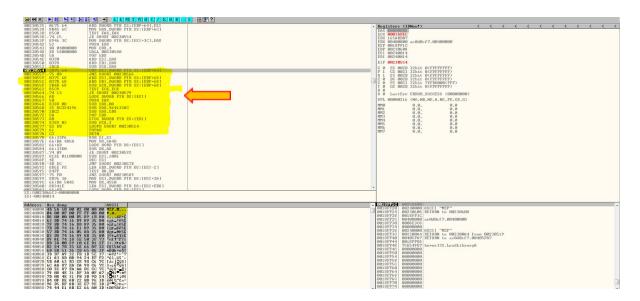


• File's Resource section is very large and dens, probably having encrypted data

I have opened same file in ollyDbg and found that file is putting encrypted data to Hex Dump



Now the data will get decrypted by a decryption loop:



Here is the decryption loop code:

002B0554	3B75 64	CMP ESI,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+64]
002B0557	75 0D	JNZ SHORT 002B0566
002B0559	0375 68	ADD ESI,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+68]
002B055C	037D 68	ADD EDI, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+68]
002B055F	2B4D 68	SUB ECX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+68]

```
        002B0562
        85C9
        TEST ECX,ECX

        002B0564
        74 13
        JE SHORT 002B0579

        002B0566
        AD
        LODS DWORD PTR DS:[ESI]

        002B0567
        50
        PUSH EAX

        002B0568
        83E8 0A
        SUB EAX,0A

        002B056B
        35 AC324196
        XOR EAX,964132AC

        002B0570
        2BC2
        SUB EAX,EDX

        002B0572
        5A
        POP EDX

        002B0573
        AB
        STOS DWORD PTR ES:[EDI]

        002B0574
        83E9 03
        SUB ECX,3

        002B0577
        ^E2 DB
        LOOPD SHORT 002B0554

        002B0579
        61
        POPAD
```

It decrypt's an executable file SHA 1: bb5d9b8aee93ef92cea52849b17f57bb4e3c0306

Behavior of the base file is suspicious itself, which is dropping another executable into the memory dump.

FareIt Dynamic analysis:

I have executed the file into safe environment and found some results:

After execution I have gathered data of file's Properties -> Strings -> strings and found some suspicious looking string form there:

• String Related to Passwords, Hostname

```
31 HostName
32 PortNumber
33 UserName
34 Password
```

• Strings related to embedding a executable file in tempbuffer.dat

```
50
    %APPDATA%\.purple\accounts.xml
51 %TEMP%\tempbuffer.dat
52 MZP
53 This program must be run under Win32
54 CODE
55 DATA
56
   BSS
57 .idata
58 .reloc
59 P.rsrc
60 .idata
61 .reloc
62 P.rsrc
63 Char
64 Byte
```

• Found Functions related to Find first file, Excessive number of FindFirstFile calls (suspicious)

```
313 FindFirstFileW
314 FindNextFileW
```

• Found functions related to Hashing. (suspicious)

```
345 CryptAcquireContextA
346 CryptCreateHash
347 CryptHashData
348 CryptGetHashParam
349 CryptDestroyHash
350 CryptReleaseContext
```

The CryptCreateHash function initiates the hashing of a stream of data.

• Function to get keyboard layout.

354 GetKeyboardLayoutList

• Having Strings related to Browsers, email applications, Chat applications.

```
469 MozillaBased

521 InternetExplorer

534 Server
535 Outlook

652 Skype
653 Telegram
654 D877F783D5*,map*
```

655 %appdata%\Telegram Desktop\tdata\

• Having Strings Related to bit coin wallet related keywords.

```
620 %APPDATA%\
621
    wallet.dat
622 \wallet.dat
623
     electrum.dat
624
    \electrum.dat
625
     .wallet
626
     \.wallet
    %APPDATA%\MultiBitHD
627
628 mbhd.wallet.aes
629
     \MultiBitHD\
630
    \mbhd.wallet.aes
631
    \mbhd.checkpoints
632 mbhd.checkpoints
633 \mbhd.spvchain
634
     mbhd.spvchain
635
    \mbhd.yaml
636 mbhd.yaml
637
    wallet path
638 Software\monero-project\monero-core
639
    \Monero\
640
     .address.txt
641
    .keys
642 strDataDir
    Software\Bitcoin\Bitcoin-Qt
643
644 \BitcoinBitcoinQT\wallet.dat
645 CPU Model:
646 jjjjjjjj
647 UTC+
648 Ajj
649 Coins
650 Coins\Electrum
651
    %appdata%\Electrum\wallets\
```

• Having some base64 encoded strings:

Before decryption

```
809 U29mdHdhcmVcTWljcm9zb2Z0XFdpbmRvd3NcQ3VycmVudFZlcnNpb25cVW5pbnN0YWxs
810 RGlzcGxheU5hbWU=
811 U29mdHdhcmVcTWljcm9zb2Z0XFdpbmRvd3NcQ3VycmVudFZlcnNpb25cVW5pbnN0YWxsXA==
812 RGlzcGxheVZlcnNpb24=
```

After decryption

```
809 Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\UninstallDisplayName
810 Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Uninstall\
```

• Got a suspicious URI(which is malware repo categorized) (malicious connection)

```
916 system-check.xyz/index.php
```

Probably saving all credentials to below file.

919 PasswordsList.txt

• Probably creating a JSON object to post data through the above URI

```
923 ip-api.com/json
924 "query":"
925 "countryCode":"
926 ip.txt
927 System.txt
928 reportdata=<info
929 </info
930 <pwds
```

From the above Strings, it does have a credential stealing + bitcoin related data stealing properties. Those are same as Fareit malware family.

Because of its anti-analysis feature I am not able to execute the malware to its full potential. But above analysis is enough to prove sample as a Fareit malware family.