Homework 1

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Link to the Github repository

Due: Fri, Jan 26, 2024 @ 11:59pm

Please read the instructions carefully before submitting your assignment.

- 1. This assignment requires you to:
 - Upload your Quarto markdown files to a git repository
 - Upload a PDF file on Canvas
- 2. Don't collapse any code cells before submitting.
- 3. Remember to make sure all your code output is rendered properly before uploading your submission.

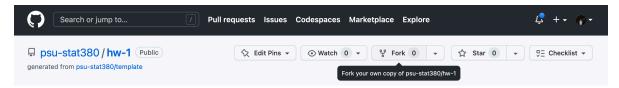
Please add your name to the the author information in the frontmatter before submitting your assignment.

Question 1



In this question, we will walk through the process of *forking* a git repository and submitting a *pull request*.

1. Navigate to the Github repository here and fork it by clicking on the icon in the top right



Provide a sensible name for your forked repository when prompted.

2. Clone your Github repository on your local machine

```
$ git clone <<insert your repository url here>>
$ cd hw-1
```

3. In order to activate the R environment for the homework, make sure you have renv installed beforehand. To activate the renv environment for this assignment, open an instance of the R console from within the directory and type

```
renv::activate()
```

Follow the instrutions in order to make sure that renv is configured correctly.

- 4. Work on the *reminaing part* of this assignment as a .gmd file.
 - Create a PDF and HTML file for your output by modifying the YAML frontmatter for the Quarto .qmd document
- 5. When you're done working on your assignment, push the changes to your github repository.
- 6. Navigate to the original Github repository here and submit a pull request linking to your repository.

Remember to include your name in the pull request information!

If you're stuck at any step along the way, you can refer to the official Github docs here

Question 2

```
• 30 points
```

Consider the following vector

```
my_vec <- c(
    "+0.07",
    "-0.07",
    "+0.25",
    "-0.84",
    "+0.32",
    "-0.24",
    "-0.97",
    "-0.36",
    "+1.76",
    "-0.36"
)
```

For the following questions, provide your answers in a code cell.

1. What data type does the vector contain?

```
# It contains character data
```

1. Create two new vectors called my_vec_double and my_vec_int which converts my_vec to Double & Integer types, respectively,

```
my_vec_double <- as.double(my_vec)
my_vec_int <- as.integer(my_vec)</pre>
```

- 1. Create a new vector my_vec_bool which comprises of:
 - TRUEif an element in my_vec_double is ≤ 0
 - FALSE if an element in ${\tt my_vec_double}$ is ≥ 0

```
my_vec_bool <- c()
for (x in 1:length(my_vec_double)) {
   if (my_vec_double[x] > 0) {
      my_vec_bool[x] <- T
   }
   else {
      my_vec_bool[x] <- F
   }
}</pre>
```

How many elements of `my_vec_double` are greater than zero?

```
# 4
```

1. Sort the values of my_vec_double in ascending order.

```
correct_order <- order(my_vec_double)
my_vec_double <- my_vec_double[correct_order]</pre>
```

Question 3



In this question we will get a better understanding of how R handles large data structures in memory.

1. Provide ${\tt R}$ code to construct the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & \dots & 100 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & 16 & 25 & \dots & 10000 \end{bmatrix}$$

```
⚠ Warning
A <- matrix(
 c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9),
 nrow=3,
 ncol=3,
 byrow=T
)
    [,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,]
       1
            2
[2,]
        4
            5
                 6
[3,]
            8
       7
                 9
row1 <- c(1:100)
row2 <- row1^2
B <- matrix(</pre>
 c(row1,row2),
 nrow=2,
 ncol=length(row1),
 byrow=T
)
     [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12] [,13] [,14]
[1,] 1
                                                    10
                 3 4 5
                                6 7
                                          8
                                               9
                                                          11
                                                                12
                          25
[2,]
       1
            4
                 9
                    16
                               36
                                   49
                                         64
                                              81
                                                   100
                                                         121
                                                               144
                                                                     169
                                                                           196
     [,15] [,16] [,17] [,18] [,19] [,20] [,21] [,22] [,23] [,24] [,25] [,26]
[1,]
        15
             16
                   17
                         18
                               19
                                     20
                                           21
                                                 22
                                                       23
                                                             24
                                                                   25
[2,]
      225
            256
                  289
                        324
                              361
                                    400
                                          441
                                                484
                                                      529
                                                            576
                                                                  625
                                                                        676
     [,27] [,28] [,29] [,30] [,31] [,32] [,33] [,34] [,35] [,36] [,37] [,38]
[1,]
        27
             28
                   29
                         30
                               31
                                     32
                                           33
                                                 34
                                                       35
                                                             36
                                                                   37
                              961 1024 1089 1156 1225
[2,]
      729
            784
                  841
                        900
                                                          1296
                                                                1369
     [,39] [,40] [,41] [,42] [,43] [,44] [,45] [,46] [,47] [,48] [,49] [,50]
             40
                   41
                         42
                               43
                                     44
                                           45
                                                 46
                                                       47
                                                             48
[1,]
[2,] 1521 1600 1681
                      1764 1849 1936 2025 2116 2209 2304 2401 2500
     [,51] [,52] [,53] [,54] [,55] [,56] [,57] [,58] [,59] [,60] [,61] [,62]
       51
             52
                   53
                         54
                               55
                                     56
                                           57
                                                 58
                                                       59
                                                             60
                                                                   61
                                                                        62
[2,] 2601 2704 2809 2916 3025 3136 3249 3364 3481 3600 3721 3844
```

```
[,63] [,64] [,65] [,66] [,67] [,68] [,69] [,70] [,71] [,72] [,73] [,74]
[1,]
         63
                64
                       65
                              66
                                     67
                                            68
                                                   69
                                                          70
                                                                 71
                                                                        72
                                                                               73
                                                                                      74
[2,]
      3969
             4096
                    4225
                            4356
                                  4489
                                          4624
                                                 4761
                                                        4900
                                                               5041
                                                                     5184
                                                                            5329
                                                                                    5476
                                  [,79]
                                                                     [,84]
                                                                            [,85]
      [,75]
            [,76]
                    [,77]
                           [,78]
                                         [,80]
                                               [,81]
                                                       [,82]
                                                              [,83]
                                                                                   [,86]
         75
                76
                       77
                              78
                                     79
                                            80
                                                   81
                                                          82
                                                                 83
                                                                        84
                                                                               85
[1,]
                                                                                      86
[2,]
      5625
             5776
                    5929
                           6084
                                  6241
                                          6400
                                                 6561
                                                        6724
                                                               6889
                                                                     7056
                                                                            7225
                                                                                    7396
      [,87]
            [,88]
                    [,89]
                           [,90]
                                  [,91]
                                         [,92]
                                                [,93]
                                                       [,94]
                                                              [,95]
                                                                     [,96]
                                                                            [,97]
                                                                                   [,98]
[1,]
         87
                88
                       89
                              90
                                     91
                                            92
                                                   93
                                                          94
                                                                 95
                                                                        96
                                                                               97
                                                                                      98
[2,]
      7569
             7744
                     7921
                           8100
                                  8281
                                          8464
                                                 8649
                                                        8836
                                                               9025
                                                                     9216
                                                                             9409
                                                                                    9604
      [,99]
            [,100]
[1,]
         99
                100
[2,]
             10000
       9801
Tip
Recall the discussion in class on how R fills in matrices
```

In the next part, we will discover how knowledge of the way in which a matrix is stored in memory can inform better code choices. To this end, the following function takes an input n and creates an $n \times n$ matrix with random entries.

For example:

```
generate_matrix(4)
```

```
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
[1,] 2.0542648 0.08078202 -1.6265563 1.9874738
[2,] -1.7403692 0.02103011 0.9440185 0.2071361
[3,] -0.2449517 0.55199875 0.6260041 1.4016325
[4,] 0.8953322 0.16265631 -2.1974268 0.5522514
```

Let M be a fixed 50×50 matrix

```
M <- generate_matrix(5000)
mean(M)</pre>
```

[1] 0.0002103701

2. Write a function row_wise_scan which scans the entries of M one row after another and outputs the number of elements whose value is ≥ 0 . You can use the following starter code

```
row_wise_scan <- function(x){
    n <- nrow(x)
    m <- ncol(x)

# Insert your code here

count <- 0
for(i in 1:n){
    for(j in 1:m){
        if(x[i,j]>0){
            count <- count + 1
        }
    }
}
return(count)
}</pre>
```

[1] 12502182

3. Similarly, write a function col_wise_scan which does exactly the same thing but scans the entries of M one column after another

```
col_wise_scan <- function(x){
   count <- 0
   n <- nrow(x)
   m <- ncol(x)

# Insert your code here</pre>
```

```
for(j in 1:n){
    for(i in 1:m){
        if(x[i,j]>0){
            count <- count + 1
        }
    }
}

return(count)
}</pre>
```

[1] 12502182

You can check if your code is doing what it's supposed to using the function here¹

4. Between col_wise_scan and row_wise_scan, which function do you expect to take shorter to run? Why? I expect col_wise_scan to be shorter because the function is iterating through a single vector rather than switching vectors every time.

```
library(tidyverse)
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ------ tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr 1.1.4 v readr
                                2.1.5
v forcats 1.0.0
                    v stringr
                                1.5.1
                  v tibble
v ggplot2 3.4.4
                                3.2.1
v lubridate 1.9.3
                    v tidyr
                                1.3.0
          1.0.2
v purrr
-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()
               masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become errors
sapply(1:100, function(i) {
   x <- generate_matrix(100)</pre>
   row_wise_scan(x) == col_wise_scan(x)
}) %>% sum == 100
```

[1] TRUE

¹If your code is right, the following code should evaluate to be TRUE

5. Write a function time_scan which takes in a method f and a matrix M and outputs the amount of time taken to run f(M)

```
time_scan <- function(f, m){
   initial_time <- Sys.time() # Write your code here
   f(m)
   final_time <- Sys.time() # Write your code here

   total_time_taken <- final_time - initial_time
   return(total_time_taken)
}</pre>
```

Provide your output to

```
list(
    row_wise_time = time_scan(row_wise_scan, M),
    col_wise_time = time_scan(row_wise_scan, M)
)

$row_wise_time
Time difference of 1.741782 secs
$col_wise_time
Time difference of 1.952778 secs
Which took longer to run? ::: {.cell}
# row_wise_scan()
```

:::

- 6. Repeat this experiment now when:
 - M is a 100×100 matrix
 - M is a 1000×1000 matrix
 - M is a 5000×5000 matrix

What can you conclude? I can conclude that a column wise scan is going to be faster than a row wise scan.

Appendix

Print your R session information using the following command

sessionInfo()

R version 4.2.2 (2022-10-31 ucrt)

Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
Running under: Windows 10 x64 (build 22621)

Matrix products: default

locale:

- [1] LC_COLLATE=English_United States.utf8
- [2] LC_CTYPE=English_United States.utf8
- [3] LC_MONETARY=English_United States.utf8
- [4] LC_NUMERIC=C
- [5] LC_TIME=English_United States.utf8

attached base packages:

[1] stats graphics grDevices datasets utils methods base

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):

[1]	compiler_4.2.2	fastmap_1.1.1	cli_3.6.2	htmltools_0.5.7
[5]	tools_4.2.2	rstudioapi_0.15.0	yam1_2.3.8	rmarkdown_2.25
[9]	knitr_1.45	jsonlite_1.8.8	xfun_0.41	digest_0.6.34

[13] rlang_1.1.3 renv_1.0.3 evaluate_0.23